Appendix I2 Rathfarnham to City Centre Core Bus Corridor Feasibility Study and Options Assessment Report

I2 Rathfarnham to City Centre Core Bus Corridor Feasibility Study and Options Assessment Report

The Rathfarnham to City Centre Core Bus Corridor Feasibility Study and Options Assessment Report is available from the NTA BusConnects Website, and can be accessed by clicking on the links below:

• Rathfarnham to City Centre Core Bus Corridor Feasibility Study and Options Assessment - Main Report

https://busconnects.ie/wp-content/uploads/2022/03/162061-rep-006-cbc-main-report-final-rev-b-25062018.pdf

• Rathfarnham to City Centre Core Bus Corridor Feasibility Study and Options Assessment - Concept Drawings

https://busconnects.ie/wp-content/uploads/2022/03/162061-9301.pdf

• Architectural Heritage Overview of the Rathfarnham to Rathmines CBC – Main Report

https://busconnects.ie/wp-content/uploads/2022/03/rathmine-cbc-architecturaloverview-220217.pdf

• Architectural Heritage Overview of the Rathfarnham to Rathmines CBC - Figures

https://busconnects.ie/wp-content/uploads/2022/03/figures-1-8compressed.pdf Project Rathfarnham to City Centre Core Bus Corridor

Report Title

CBC FEASIBILITY STUDY AND OPTIONS ASSESSMENT REPORT

December 2017

Client
National Transport Authority





DBFL Consulting Engineers and Transportation Planners

Document Control

Job Title:	Rathfarnham to City Centre Core Bus Corridor
Job Number:	p162061
Report Ref:	p162061-Rep-006 Route Options Assessment Main Report
Author:	Mark Kelly
Reviewed by:	Robert Kelly
Date:	December 2017

Distribution: National Transport Authority DBFL Consulting Engineers

Revision	Issue Date	Description	Prepared	Reviewed	Approved
1 st Working Draft	07/11/2016	Client Review	MK	RK	TJ
2 nd Working Draft	07/12/2016	Client Review	MK	RK	ТЈ
3rd Working Draft	28/02/2017	Client Review	MK	RK	ТЈ
4th Working Draft	22/08/2017	Client Review	MK	RK	ТЈ
Final Draft	24/11/2017	Client Review	МК	RK	τJ
Final	08/12/2017	CBC Feasibility Study and Options Assessment Report	МК	RK	τJ
Final Rev A	12/12/2017	CBC Feasibility Study and Options Assessment Report	МК	RK	τJ
Final Rev B	25/06/2018	CBC Feasibility Study and Options Assessment Report	МК	RK	τJ

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report presents the route options assessment work undertaken for the Rathfarnham to Christchurch Core Bus Corridor (CBC) scheme and makes a recommendation on a preferred route.

<u>Core Bus Network</u>

The proposed scheme forms part of the planned Core Bus Network which was identified for the region in the Greater Dublin Area (GDA) Transport Strategy 2016-2035. The CBN is set out as representing 'the most important bus routes in the region, and are generally characterised by a high frequency of bus services, high passenger volumes and with significant trip attractors located along the route'.

The Rathfarnham – City Centre corridor generally aligns with the Marley Park – Rathmines corridor as one of the 16 radial bus corridors forming the Core Bus Network: which also comprises of the following:

- Clontarf East Wall;
- M1/ M50 Dublin Port Tunnel;
- Clongriffin Artane Fairview;
- Swords Airport Drumcondra;
- Ballymun Phibsboro;
- Finglas Phibsboro;
- Blanchardstown Cabra Stoneybatter;
- Lucan Palmerstown Kilmainham;
- Liffey Valley Ballyfermot;
- N7/Clondalkin Crumlin;
- Tallaght Walkinstown Crumlin;
- Tallaght Rathfarnham Terenure;
- Marley Park Rathmines;
- Bray/N11 UCD Donnybrook;

- Dun Laoghaire Blackrock Ballsbridge; and
- Ringsend Pearse Street.

CBC Scheme Objectives

The following scheme specific objectives have been set for the Rathfarnham CBC scheme:

- Deliver the on-street infrastructure necessary to provide continuous priority for bus movements along the Core Bus Corridor. This will mean enhanced bus lane provision on the corridor, removing current delays in relevant locations and enabling the bus to provide a faster alternative to car traffic along the route, making bus transport a more attractive alternative for road users. It will also make the bus system more efficient, as faster bus journeys means that more people can be moved with the same level of vehicle and driver resources; and
- Provide any cycle facilities along the route that are required under the Greater Dublin Area Cycle Network Plan (published by the NTA, 2013) to the target Quality of Service(s) specified therein and to give consideration to further providing cycle facilities along sections of the route where they may be not expressly required under the Cycle Network Plan.

The Study Area

The proposed Rathfarnham to City Centre Core Bus Corridor (CBC) will serve a transport corridor with several key destinations along, or close to, the route. These include Rathfarnham Castle and numerous education facilities as well as the villages of Rathfarnham, Terenure, Rathgar & Rathmines.

The corridor is already a busy transport artery, with additional capacity required to cater for the travel growth predicted. While a BRT solution may serve a portion of the route in the long term, Core Bus services can provide an attractive primary public transport service for the short and medium term and will act as a feeder to widen the BRT catchment in the long term.

It is not practical that the proposed scheme would directly serve all destinations within the broader corridor, and maintain a core scheme objective of journey time reduction and reliability. As such, the introduction of proposed scheme will also result in a rationalisation of the wider bus network and service provision within the corridor. This network rationalisation will both complement the proposed scheme and improve overall transport accessibility and level of service provision for existing and new public transport users which include those using other Core Bus Corridors as identified in the GDA Transport Strategy (2016 - 2035). The study area considered, and the subsections into which it was divided is illustrated in Figure (i) below.

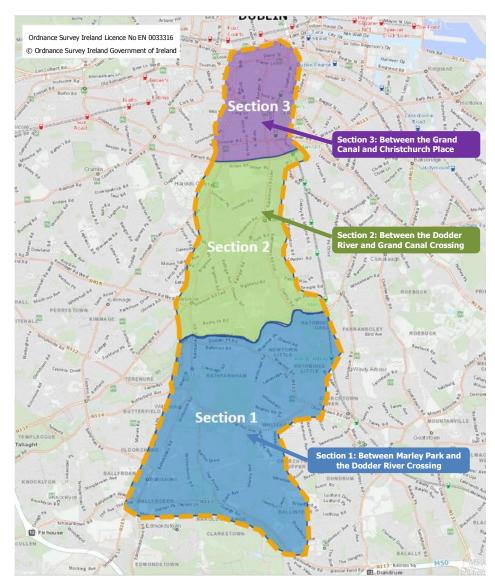


Figure (i): Study Area Sections

Route Options Assessment Methodology

A two-stage assessment was adopted:

- An initial 'Stage 1' high-level route options assessment or 'sifting' process which appraised routes in terms of ability to achieve scheme objectives and whether they could be practically delivered; and
- Routes which passed this initial stage were taken forward to a more detailed Stage 2 assessment.

At the start of the Stage 1 assessment, an initial 'spiders web' of potential route options that could accommodate a CBC was identified for each study area section. Route options considered in the Stage 1 assessment are illustrated in **Figure (ii)** below.



Figure (ii): Spiders Web of Route Options

individual merits, routes were also assessed relative to each other enabling some routes to be ruled out if more suitable alternatives existed.

This stage 1 assessment focused on engineering constraints together with a desktop study, identifying high-level environmental constraints and an analysis of population catchments.

The Stage 2 assessment comprised a more detailed qualitative and quantitative assessment, using criteria established to compare route options. The first step in the Stage 2 assessment was to combine shorter route options which passed the Stage 1 assessment, to form longer end-to-end routes within each study area section.

Following this, an initial indicative scheme for each route option was determined based on the specific constraints along the route [e.g. bus lane in each direction with cycle lanes (where appropriate), bus lane in each direction, bus lane in one direction only etc.]. In particular constrained locations, a number of variant scheme options were considered and assessed as necessary.

The indicative scheme for each route option was then progressed to a 'Multi-Criteria Analysis (MCA) which evaluated the route options under the following main assessment criteria:

- Economy;
- Integration;
- Accessibility and Social Inclusion;
- Safety; and
- Environment.

An appreciation of the constraints and opportunities within the study area, as well as the defined project objectives, led to the establishment of project-specific route options assessment sub-criteria under each of the 5 main criteria listed above. Table (i) presents a summary of the CBC assessment criteria and associated sub criteria used as part of the Stage 2 detailed route options assessment process. The assessment criteria are described further in Section 4 of this report.

Assessment Criteria	Assessment Sub-Criteria
1. Economy	1a. Capital Cost
	1b. Transport Reliability and Quality (Journey Time)
	1c. Level of Bus Priority Provision
2. Integration	2a. Land Use Policy
	2b. Residential Population and Employment Catchments
	2c. Transport Network Integration
	2d. Cycle Network Integration
	2e. Traffic Network Integration
3. Accessibility & Social Inclusion	3a. Key Trip Attractors (Education/Health/Commercial/Employment)
	3b. Deprived Geographic Areas
4. Safety	4a. Road Safety
	4b. Pedestrian Safety
5. Environment	5a. Archaeology and Cultural Heritage
	5b. Architectural Heritage
	5c. Flora & Fauna
	5d. Soils, Geology & Hydrology
	5e. Landscape and Visual
	5f Air Quality
	5g. Noise & Vibration
	5h. Land Use Character

Table (i): MCA Assessment Criteria

Options Assessment

The routes assessed in the MCA for each of the study area's three sections are summarised in the following paragraphs. Full details of the assessment are presented and discussed in Sections 5,6 & 7 of this report, with the full assessment presented in **Appendix A and Appendix B**.

<u>Study Area Section 1: Grange Road/Nutgrove Avenue junction to Dodder Park</u> <u>Road/Rathfarnham Road junction (Pearse Bridge)</u>

The Core Bus Network, as defined in the 'Transport Strategy for the Greater Dublin Area 2016 - 2035', is characterised by routes with a high frequency of bus services, high passenger volumes and with significant trip attractors along the route. It is along these routes where the demand for travel necessitates and justifies a greater level of infrastructural investment in order to minimise delays to these services.

Therefore, the junction between Nutgrove Avenue & Grange Road represents a natural starting point at southern extent of the Rathfarnham to City Centre CBC, as the anticipated travel demand between this point and the City Centre would justify the level of infrastructure proposed as part of the Transport Strategy for the GDA.

Following the 'Stage 1' sift for the Section 1 study area, the remaining feasible route options were combined to form 3 number cohesive routes as follows (Figure (iii)): -

- Option SA1 via Grange Road, Rathfarnham Road;
- Option SA2 via Grange Road, Rathfarnham Road (Parallel cycle route via Rathfarnham Wood, Castleside Drive); and
- Option SB1 via Nutgrove Avenue, Nutgrove Way, Braemor Road, Dodder Park Road.



Figure (iii): Section 1 Route Options

The results of the assessment reveal that option SA1 offers more benefits over the other two options under assessment. Option SA1 is therefore the preferred route for Section 1 for the following principal reasons: -

- It delivers continuous bus priority in both directions for the entire 1.3km route. The directness of the route also lending itself to shorter journey times;
- Grange Road is one of the poorest performing sections of the existing Quality Bus Network. The proposed interventions at the Nutgrove Avenue junction will deliver enhanced bus services for this catchment which includes residential, leisure, commercial and educational land uses which are heavily reliant on buses to service its public transport needs;
- The scheme will generally provide segregated bus facilities in addition to the existing traffic lanes. However, reallocation of traffic lanes to bus lanes may be necessary at junctions at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity. Bus priority may also impact on left turning capacity at junctions; and
- This route avoids impacting on protected structures/properties which reduces planning risk, scheme costs and construction disruption.

<u>Study Area Section 2: Rathfarnham Road/Dodder Park Road/R112 junction (Pearse Bridge) to Rathmines Road Lower/Grove Road (La Touche Bridge)</u>

Following the 'Stage 1' sift for the Section 2 study area, the remaining feasible route options were combined to form 7 number cohesive routes as follows (**Figure (iv)**): -

- Option CB1 via Rathfarnham Road Rathmines Road (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar Road, Outbound traffic only Rathmines Road);
- Option CB2 via Rathfarnham Road Rathmines Road (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road;
- Option CB3 via Rathfarnham Road Rathmines Road (Outbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road);
- Option CB4 via Rathfarnham Road Rathmines Road Lower (Parallel cycle route via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks);
- Option CB5 via Rathfarnham Road Rathmines Road Lower. A route option via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound bus lane provided on Rathmines Road Lower from Rathmines Road Upper to Military road junction and outbound bus lane provided from Grove Road to Military Road junction);
- Option CB6 via Rathfarnham Road Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathmines Road) (CB6) and;
- Option CB7 via Rathfarnham Road Rathmines Road Lower (Bus lanes via Highfield Road/Rathmines Road Upper) Parallel cycle route via Rathgar Road Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks;





Figure (iv): Section 2 Route Options

Based on the assessment undertaken, option CB4 offers more benefits over the other six options under assessment. Option CB4 is therefore the preferred route for Section 2 for the following reasons: -

- It will provide the shortest inbound and outbound journey times;
- It is ranked one of the highest in terms of Road Safety (No. of turning movements & junctions);
- It provides segregated bus facilities for the majority of the bus corridor;
- It provides segregated cycle facilities for the majority of its route, this includes parallel segregated cycle facilities; and
- Two-way general traffic maintained on Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road Lower.

Study Area Section 3: Richmond Street (La Touche Bridge) to Wexford Street/Cuffe Street/Kevin Street Lower junction.

Following the 'Stage 1' sift for the Section 3 study area, the remaining feasible route options were combined to form 2 number cohesive routes as follows (Figure (v)): -

- Option CC1 via Richmond Street, Camden Street and Wexford Street;
- Option CC2 via Richmond Street, South Circular Road, Clanbrassil Street and New Street South.



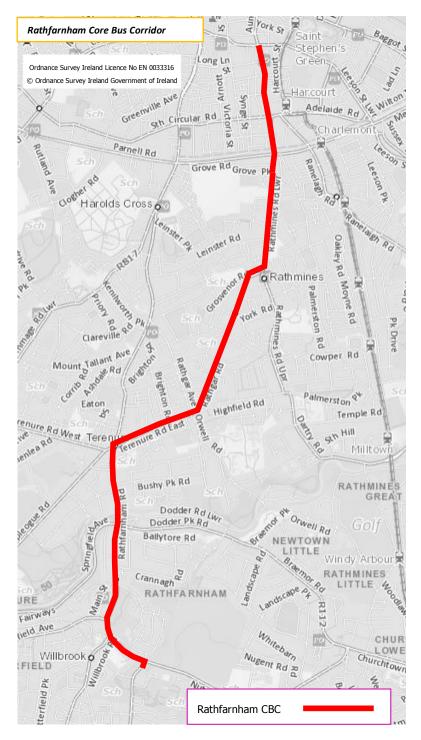
Figure (v): Section 3 Route Options

Based on the assessment undertaken, option CC1 offers more benefits over the other option under assessment. Option CC1 is therefore preferred route for Section 3 for the following reasons: -

- Continuous bus priority is provided in both directions for the the majority of the route delivering increased reliability and shorter journey times. The directness of the route also lending itself to shorter journey times to the destination of the Christchurch area;
- The route avoids impacting on protected structures/properties which reduces planning risk, scheme costs and construction disruption;
- The environmental impact of delivering the scheme would be minimal as the proposals could generally be delivered within the existing road reservation; and
- The route provides parallel segregated cycle facilities on Heytesbury Street which aligns with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for the Primary Cycle Route 9.

The Emerging Preferred Route

Based on the findings of the route options assessment process, an emerging preferred route for the CBC scheme has been identified, as presented in Figure (vi) below, and is described in the following paragraphs.





The emerging preferred CBC scheme commences/terminates on Grange Road at Loreto Terrace to the south of Grange Road/Nutgrove Avenue junction. To facilitate bus priority (in both directions) a new left turn slip lane will be provided on Grange Road/Nutgrove Avenue for inbound bus only traffic travelling from Grange Road.

The provision of bus lanes and cycle lanes on Grange Road between Nutgrove Avenue junction and Willbrook Road junction will require road widening to the north into Rathfarnham Castle grounds.

Adjustments to the Grange Road/Willbrook Road junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction. In the inbound direction, the left turn lane onto Willbrook Road will be reallocated to a bus lane to provide a bus priority up to the stop line on approach to the junction on Grange Road. The 'ahead' lane will be replaced by a combined straight & left lane. In the outbound direction, the 'ahead' lane will be reallocated to a bus lane onto Willbrook Road will be right turning lane onto Willbrook Road will be will be replaced by a combined straight & right lane. Cycle tracks (in both directions) will also be provided between these two signal controlled junctions aligning with Secondary route 10B/SO4, as identified in the CNP.

Continuous bus priority in both directions will be facilitated along Grange Road between the Willbrook Road/Grange Road junction and the Butterfield Avenue/Rathfarnham Road junction. In the outbound direction, the 'nearside ahead' lane on Rathfarnham Road will be reallocated to a bus lane to provide a bus lane up to the stop line on approach to the junction. Cycle lanes (in both directions) will also be provided between these two signal controlled junctions aligning with Primary route 10 as identified in the CNP.

Continuous bus priority in both directions will be facilitated along the Rathfarnham Road between the Butterfield Avenue/Rathfarnham Road junction and Rathfarnham Road/Main Street/Castleside Drive junction. Cycle lanes (in both directions) will also be provided between these two signal controlled junctions aligning with Primary route 10 as identified in the CNP. The CBC proposals along this section can be achieved within the existing road reservation.

Segregated bus facilities on Rathfarnham Road between Main Street and Dodder Park Road will require land acquisition of a portion of front gardens from residential properties on the east side of the road. It is proposed to provide a parallel cycle route (mixed/shared street) via Brookvale Downs to connect with the Dodder Greenway.

Upgrades to the Dodder Park Road/Rathfarnham Road junction are required in the outbound direction. The southbound 'ahead' lane will be replaced by a combined straight & left lane. Left turning vehicles from Rathfarnham Road to Dodder Park Road will have to yield for buses in the inside lane. The existing outbound cycle lane will be removed. A shared pedestrian/cycle facility is to be provided to the west of the junction to create a link to the proposed two-way cycle bridge on the western side of Pearse Bridge.

In order to overcome the pinch point at Pearse Bridge and to provide continuous bus facilities in conjunction with cycle facilities, a 3m wide two-way cycle bridge on the west side of the bridge is proposed. To maintain the same cross section (which includes bus lanes and cycle lanes – 19m wide) to the north of Pearse Bridge land acquisition will be required from the front curtilages of a number of residential properties.

The CBC service will run along Rathfarnham Road between the Dodder Park/ Rathfarnham Road/R112 junction and Terenure Road East/Rathfarnham Road (Terenure Village). Continuous bus priority in both directions will be facilitated along the Rathfarnham Road between the Dodder Park Road/Rathfarnham Road junction and Terenure Road East/Rathfarnham Road (Terenure Village).

Adjustments to the Rathfarnham Road/Bushy Park Road junction layout are required to facilitate an inbound bus lane on approach to the junction. In the outbound direction, the `ahead' traffic lane will be reallocated to a bus lane to provide a bus lane to the stop line on approach to the junction at Rathdown Park. The right turn lane onto Rathdown Park will also be replaced by a combined straight & right lane.

Adjustments to the Rathfarnham Road/Terenure North/Terenure Road East junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction and to facilitate the right turn for buses onto Terenure Road East. It will not be possible to accommodate an inbound bus lane bus lane for the first 100m of Terenure Road East due to the proximity of adjacent protected properties and as such the bus lane may need to share with general traffic.

Cycle facilities will also be provided along the Rathfarnham Road route to align with Primary Route 10 as identified within the CNP. Continuous bus priority in both directions will be facilitated along the remainder of Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, and Rathmines Road Lower to the crossing at the Grand Canal at La Touche Bridge. The following junctions:

- Rathgar Road/Leicester Avenue/Frankfort Avenue junction; Rathmines Road Lower/Castlewood Avenue junction;
- Rathmines Road Lower/Leinster Road junction; and
- Rathmines Road Lower/Grove Road/Richmond Street junction,

will all need their nearside traffic lanes to be reallocated to bus lanes (due to the proximity of adjacent properties) and as such, left turning vehicles will now need to yield for buses in the nearside lane.

Cycle facilities will also be provided along the Terenure Road East and Rathgar Road CBC route to align with Primary Route 10/SO3 as identified within the CNP.

Through Rathmines Village, cyclists will be catered for via parallel cycle routes as proposed via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks. Mixed or shared street cycle facilities are feasible along Charleville Place and Grosvenor Lodge due to width constraints, low traffic volumes and low vehicle speeds. This cycle route option requires land acquisition from the edge/perimeter of Cathal Brugha Barracks Football pitch. The proposed cycle route will travel through Cathal Brugha Barracks along an existing internal roadway (10m width at pinch point), however there will be no requirement for the land acquisition of buildings which would compromise architectural heritage. Permissive access will need to be arranged through the barracks lands. A new cycle bridge is also proposed, crossing the Grand Canal to Martin Street. A 30km/h zone is proposed along Rathmines Road Lower between Grosvenor Road and Grove Road to provide a safer environment for cyclists who choose to use the bus lanes on Rathmines Road Lower instead of the segregated parallel cycle route.

The CBC service will run in both directions between Richmond Street/Rathmines Road Lower junction and Wexford Street/Cuffe Street/Kevin Street Lower junction.

It is proposed to provide continuous bus priority in both directions along the route with the exception of a 75m section of Richmond Street and a 60m section of Wexford Street where segregated bus priority in the southbound direction is not achievable. The existing contra-flow bus lane on Richmond Street will continue to be used. This route option comprises of Secondary Cycle Route 10 along Camden Street/George's Street, Primary Route 7 along Dame Street and Primary Route 9 along Heytesbury Street from the GDA Cycle Network Plan. Cyclists will be catered for via a parallel cycle route via Martin Street/Heytesbury Street/Bride Street. Due to width constraints, a mixed or shared street will be only feasible along the Martin Street. The proposed construction of a parallel cycle route on Heytesbury Street/Bride Street aligns entirely with Primary Route 9 and will connect with the new bridge proposed in Section 2. Segregated cycle facilities are also proposed on Harrington Street to link the Clonskeagh to City Centre cycle scheme with the parallel cycle route.

Concept Scheme Design Summary

Cost Estimate

A high-level cost estimate has been prepared based on the concept scheme design and a number of assumptions regarding the scheme details. As such the proposed Rathfarnham to City Centre Core Bus Corridor scheme infrastructure is anticipated to be in the region of €40-48 million excluding VAT.

Journey Time Benefits

Through the provision of increased bus priority infrastructure, the proposed scheme would improve both the overall journey times for buses along the route and their journey time reliability. A review of the available comparable journey time data along the route demonstrates that issues currently being experienced by buses could be addressed by the proposed scheme.

To create an accurate journey time comparison, an amalgamation of the existing 15 (Ballycullen Rd. towards Clongriffin) and 16 (Ballinteer towards Dublin Airport) Dublin Bus Services journey times was prepared. The section of the 16 bus route under consideration is from the existing inbound bus stop 1329 'St. Mary's Boys School' (on Grange Road) to bus stop 1336 'Fergus Road' (on Rathfarnham Road) and from the 15 bus route the existing inbound bus stop 1163 'Olney Crescent' (on Terenure Place) to bus stop 1354 'Peter Row'. In the outbound direction, the section of the 15 bus route under consideration is from the existing bus stop 7579 'Cuffe Street' to bus stop 1299 'Terenure Library' (on Terenure Place) and from the 16 bus route the existing outbound bus stop 1299 'Fergus Road' (on Rathfarnham Road) to bus stop 1305 'Willbrook Road'.

Through the provision of increased bus priority infrastructure, the proposed scheme would improve both the overall journey times for buses along the route and the journey time reliability. A review of available journey time data along the route illustrates the issues that will be largely addressed by the proposed scheme.

Currently, journey times for the combined 15 & 16 bus routes between Grange Road/Nutgrove Avenue junction and Wexford Street/Cuffe Street junction during the core hours of bus operation (07:00 – 19:00) are observed to vary between 18 minutes and 26 minutes in the inbound direction and between 14 minutes and 28 minutes in the outbound

direction (see **Figure 8.2** and **Figure 8.3** for further detail). The variation in journey times is most likely due to the lack of bus priority on large sections of the route and subsequent turbulence caused by traffic congestion, as well as long passenger boarding times at stops (due to requirements for driver interaction).

As such, the journey times outside of these hours, when traffic volumes and passenger volumes are lower, are more reflective of the journey times which could be achieved through a combination of the proposed bus priority infrastructure improvements, better enforcement of bus lanes and the introduction of cashless fares. In other words, the proposed infrastructure would effectively create an uncongested network for buses.

Currently, after 19:00 in the evening, the inbound journey time is observed to reduce to between 14 minutes and 18 minutes. Similarly, outbound journey times are seen to reduce to between 13 minutes and 21 minutes. For both inbound and outbound journey times after 19:00, the overall journey time is seen to drop by up to 8 minutes in the inbound direction and 7 minutes with the variance between the upper and lower limits halved for each direction.

Similarly, comparing the average speed of buses in the peak and off-peak hours it can be seen that the average speed for buses along the route is consistently higher at night, in uncongested conditions, compared to the morning peak hour where congestion slows the progression of buses (see **Figure 8.4** and **Figure 8.5** for further detail). This further illustrates the benefits improved bus priority will bring to buses operating along the proposed route.

The analysis of the average speed data for the 15 & 16 Dublin Bus Services suggests that for both inbound and outbound bus services the delays (slower speeds) are being experienced at/on approaches to the following junctions: -

- Terenure Road East/Rathfarnham Road junction (Terenure Village);
- Leinster Road/Rathmines Road Lower junction;
- Camden Street Upper/Charlotte Way junction;
- Rathgar Road/Grosvenor Road/Rathmines Road Lower junction (Rathmines Garda Station); and
- Terenure Road East/Rathgar Road/Orwell Road junction (Rathgar Village);

In conclusion, the provision of new and extended bus lanes, with improved bus priority along the proposed CBC route, in addition to the introduction of cashless fares, would enable buses to travel with improved journey times and greater journey time reliability. The extent of these benefits will be confirmed and quantified at the next design stage.

Next Steps

This report has identified an emerging preferred route for the bus infrastructure along this Core Bus Corridor for which a concept design has been developed.

The next project stage (The development of a Preliminary Design) will further refine and update the initial concept design along the route. Further account will be taken of likely public transport service levels, particularly the bus service patterns and any changes to the overall bus network which may arise from the separate bus network review process. The proposals will be amended, if and as required, to integrate any resultant changes. The Preliminary Design will define the final practically achievable scheme for the CBC, taking into account more detailed studies of constraints, impacts and environmental assessment required at a local level.

Prior to finalisation of the CBC scheme design, a public consultation process will be undertaken, with inputs and feedback received incorporated where practical and appropriate to do so.

This Preliminary Design will form the basis of the planning consent process for the scheme, which will require a development consent application to be made directly to An Bord Pleanala, due to the nature and extent of the proposed works.

1.0 INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

1.1 Preamble

- 1.1.1 This report presents the principle findings of the detailed route options assessment work undertaken for the Rathfarnham to City Centre Core Bus Corridor scheme (hereafter referred to as the 'proposed scheme') following which a recommendation on a preferred route is made.
- 1.1.2 This route options assessment report describes the detailed assessment of potential viable route options within the study area identified for the proposed scheme against established assessment criteria

1.2 Report Structure

- 1.2.1 The route option assessment process and corresponding report structure are detailed below: -
 - Section 1 This initial section provides an introduction and background to the planned Core Bus Network;
 - Section 2 The strategic transport policy context which has led to the identification of a need for the delivery of the Rathfarnham CBC is outlined. The objectives for the proposed scheme are presented;
 - Section 3 The proposed Study Area and associated three sub-sections are described identifying key constraints and opportunities, the integration of the Rathfarnham CBC with the wider public transport network and its compatibility with other road users;
 - Section 4 The structure and methodology for identifying and assessing the feasibility of the various route options is discussed in this section including:-
 - the identification of study area sections where practical route options were considered and presentation of the 'spiders web' network of potential route options;

- the selection and determination of initial criteria for screening and assessing technically feasible route options, based on distinct, projectspecific objectives; and
- the definition of assessment criteria.
- Section 5 details the route option assessment for Section 1 of the Study Area;
- Section 6 details the route option assessment for Section 2 of the Study Area;
- Section 7 details the route option assessment for Section 3 of the Study Area;
- Section 8 The preferred route for the proposed scheme is identified and described, the cost estimate for the proposed scheme is outlined and the journey time benefits are defined; and
- Section 9 The next steps for the project are set out in this section.

1.3 Core Bus Network

- 1.3.1 One of the principal additions to the latest (2016 2035) NTA Transport Strategy for the GDA was the introduction of a 'Core Bus Network' (CBN) identified for the region. The CBN is set out as representing 'the most important bus routes in the region, and are generally characterised by a high frequency of bus services, high passenger volumes and with significant trip attractors located along the route. The identified core network comprises sixteen radial bus corridors, three orbital bus corridors and six regional bus corridors. While this network represents the core high frequency bus routes, it is supplemented by other bus services operating on lower frequency routes and by local buses running on other routes.
- 1.3.2 The Core Bus Network will serve significant origins and destinations in the Dublin Metropolitan Area and throughout the GDA, particularly those locations not directly served by rail and light rail. It will also provide greater opportunity for reliable and convenient interchange with these services.

- 1.3.3 In order to ensure an efficient, reliable, and effective bus system, it is intended, as part of the Strategy, to develop the Core Bus Network to achieve, as far as practicable, continuous priority for bus movement on the portions of the Core Bus Network within the Metropolitan Area. This will mean enhanced bus lane provision on these corridors, removing current delays on the bus network in the relevant locations and enabling the bus to provide a faster alternative to car traffic along these routes, making bus transport a more attractive alternative for road users. It will also make the overall bus system more efficient, as faster bus journeys means that more people can be moved with the same level of vehicle and driver resources'.
- 1.3.4 The Rathfarnham City Centre corridor generally aligns with the Marley Park Rathmines corridor as one of the 16 radial bus corridors forming the Core Bus Network: which also comprises of the following:
 - Clontarf East Wall
 - M1/ M50 Dublin Port Tunnel
 - Clongriffin Artane Fairview
 - Swords Airport Drumcondra
 - Ballymun Phibsboro
 - Finglas Phibsboro
 - Blanchardstown Cabra Stoneybatter

- Liffey Valley Ballyfermot
- Tallaght Walkinstown Crumlin
- Tallaght Rathfarnham Terenure
- Bray/N11 UCD Donnybrook
- Dun Laoghaire Blackrock Ballsbridge
- Ringsend Pearse Street
- Lucan Palmerstown Kilmainham



Figure 1.1: 2035 Core Bus Network - Radial Corridors (Source NTA Transport Strategy for the GDA 2016 – 2035)

1.3.5 The combined Core Bus Network (CBN) comprising, Radial, Orbital & Regional corridors as well as the 2035 Bus Rapid Transit Network is illustrated in Figure 1.2.

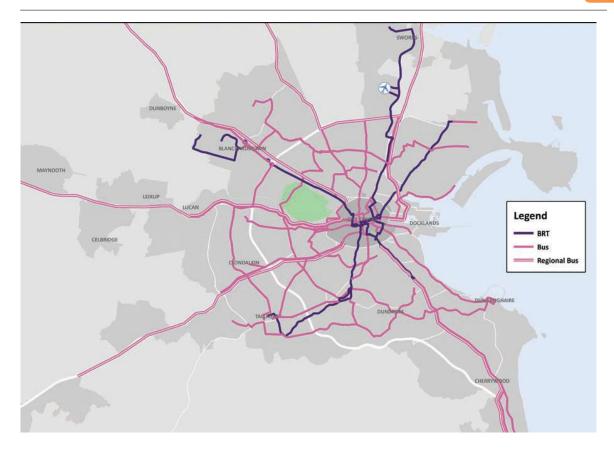


Figure 1.2: 2035 Core Bus Network (Source NTA Transport Strategy for the GDA 2016 – 2035)

1.3.6 The brief for the subject study has been developed as a result of the identification of the CBN in the Strategy. Whilst, the study focuses on the Rathfarnham – City Centre radial route, potential interchange with orbital corridors has also been considered.

2.0 TRANSPORT PLANNING AND POLICY CONTEXT

2.1 Introduction

2.1.1 This section of the report will provide an overview of the national, regional, and local transportation policy relevant to the Rathfarnham CBC scheme. These documents provide the policy framework for the development of an improved bus corridor between Rathfarnham and the City Centre. Relevant extracts from the documents are outlined in this section and commentary provided where necessary.

2.2 Greater Dublin Area Transport Strategy 2016-2035

- 2.2.1 The GDA Transport Strategy 2016-2035 outlines transport vision and objectives to '*contribute to the economic, social and cultural progress of the Greater Dublin Area by providing for the efficient, effective and sustainable movement of people and goods*'. The current strategy was adopted in April 2016 as an update to the original 2012 draft strategy. One of the principal amendments to the Strategy was the introduction of a 'Core Bus Network' (CBN) which was identified for the region and has been discussed previously in **Section 1.3** above.
- 2.2.2 The *Outer Orbital Movement* Study & the *Inner Orbital Study* (both published by the NTA in September 2015) informed the development of the updated Transport Strategy and focussed on distinct areas with a view to determining the most appropriate form of transport 'solution' to serve these areas.
- 2.2.3 The Outer Orbital Movement Study investigated the connection of 5 key centres within the Dublin area namely; Swords, Blanchardstown, Tallaght, Dundrum & Dun Laoghaire. The connections between Dundrum and Dun Laoghaire and Dundrum to Tallaght are of most relevance to the Rathfarnham CBC with a number of options considered as part of the Outer Orbital study traversing the subject study area.
- 2.2.4 The Inner Orbital Study focussed on a study area between the M50 and the City Centre, from Finglas to Rathmines, forming a half ring shape around Dublin City Centre. It was recommended that 2 additional orbital bus routes be introduced

to serve the study area as shown in **Figure 2.1** below. This includes the provision of a 'long orbital bus route' from Churchtown/ Rathfarnham to Finglas and from Rathmines to Glasnevin.

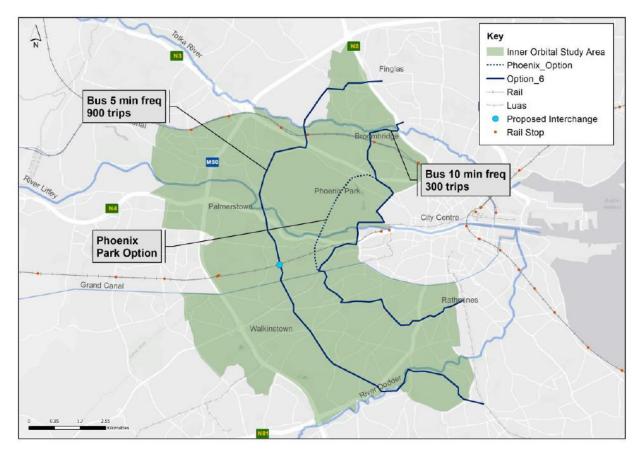


Figure 2.1: Inner Orbital Study Area and Proposed Orbital Bus Routes

2.3 Integrated Implementation Plan 2013 – 2018

- 2.3.1 The NTA published the Integrated Implementation Plan 2013 2018 in February 2014. This report sets out the short-term infrastructure investment programme for the Greater Dublin Area for a five-year period up to 2018 including in investment in existing bus services.
- 2.3.2 The proposals in relation to Bus investment are encompassed in four investment themes:
 - 1) Bus Fleet Investment;
 - 2) Bus Stop and Shelter Provision;

- 3) General Bus Network Improvements; and
- 4) Bus Rapid Transit Schemes.
- 2.3.3 Investment themes 2 & 3 are of most relevant to the subject scheme. More specifically, the Integrated Implementation Plan proposes the following measures in relation to bus network improvements:
 - Further development of a quality bus network appropriate to serve the needs of the GDA;
 - Seeking to achieve, as far as practicable, continuous inbound priority and the maximum possible outbound priority on key bus routes into Dublin City Centre;
 - Enhancing bus priority at other urban locations in the GDA;
 - Seeking enhanced bus prioritisation at signalised traffic junctions in the GDA;
 - Improving the level of interchange facilities between services and with other transport modes;
 - Creation of bus hubs or bus focal points in key urban locations in the GDA; and
 - *Reducing the level of bus layover and parking in central urban areas.*
- 2.3.4 These measures will provide an interim transport solution in the shorter term, pending the development of a higher capacity rail solution, such as a New Metro North amongst others.

2.4 Dublin City Centre Transport Study

2.4.1 The Dublin City Centre Transport Study has been prepared to integrate the transport policies and proposals of Dublin City Council (DCC) and the National Transport Authority (NTA) and inform an agreed framework for strategic investment. The study proposes the following relevant measures to improve the operation, management and efficiency of the bus network within Dublin City: -

- To maximise the performance of the bus network by ensuring that sufficient road capacity and junction priority are provided to allow buses to operate efficiently, with reliable and predictable journey times; and
- To further optimise the routing of the bus corridors through the City Centre area, improving interchange arrangements and optimising the efficiency of the service.

2.5 Infrastructure & Capital Investment 2016 – 2021: Medium – Term Exchequer Framework

2.5.1 The 'Medium Term Exchequer Framework' was published by the Department of Public Expenditure and Reform (DEPR) in September 2015. It presented the findings of a Government-wide review of infrastructure and capital investment policy and outlined the Government's commitment to ensuring that the country's stock of infrastructure is capable of facilitating economic growth. The investment programme included proposed expenditure of €3.6 billion on public transport which included *'further upgrading of Quality Bus Corridors'* amongst other items.

2.6 Dublin City Council Development Plan (2016 – 2022)

- 2.6.1 The current Development Plan for Dublin City Council came into effect on 21st October 2016 and contains some objectives in relation to bus travel which are of general relevance to the Scheme such as:
 - To support improvements to the city's bus network and related services to encourage greater usage of public transport in accordance with the objectives of the NTA's strategy and the Government's 'Smarter Travel' document.
 - To facilitate and support measures proposed by transport agencies to enhance capacity on existing public transport lines and services, to provide/improve interchange facilities and provide new infrastructure.

• To review future strategic provision of bus depots/garages in the city in consultation with Dublin Bus and the NTA.

2.7 South Dublin County Council Development Plan 2016 - 2022

- 2.7.1 The current Development Plan for South Dublin County Council came into effect on 12th June 2016 and generally seeks to 'ensure an integrated strategy for transport and mobility that enhances access and movement within and through the County, while promoting change, in favour of sustainable modes.'
- 2.7.2 It is a stated Action of the Plan to 'work with the NTA to secure the extension and expansion of the Core Bus Network and other bus services to serve new areas of employment, housing and tourism potential, whilst also improving the efficiency and frequency of services within more established areas'.

2.8 Dun Laoghaire Rathdown County Council Development Plan 2016 - 2022

2.8.1 The current Development Plan for Dun Laoghaire Rathdown County Council was adopted on 16th March 2016 containing a policy '*to co-operate with the NTA and other relevant agencies to facilitate the implementation of the Bus Network measures as set out in the NTA's 'Greater Dublin Area Draft Transport 2016-2035' and to extend the bus network to other areas'.*

2.9 Greater Dublin Area Cycle Network Plan

- 2.9.1 In August 2013, the NTA published the Greater Dublin Area Cycle Network Plan. Following a period of consultation with the public and various stakeholders it was officially adopted and published in early 2014. The plan undertook a review of existing cycle facilities in the GDA and sets out the strategy for the development of an integrated cycle network for the future.
- 2.9.2 The plan identified that the existing Rathfarnham QBC corridor between Marley Park and Rathfarnham would form part of the secondary cycle network (Routes

S04, S06 & S10B). The existing dual carriageway section of Rathfarnham Road north to Terenure Village will form Primary Route 10. This primary route runs along Terenure Road East and via Rathgar & Rathmines.

- 2.9.3 The western sections of the study area primarily comprise of secondary cycle links such as S04, S10D & S10E whilst there are also a number of primary orbital routes such as S05 (Dun Laoghaire to Tallaght via Grange Downs), S03 (Dodder Greenway) and S01 (Grand Canal Premium Cycle Route).
- 2.9.4 It is therefore important that any upgrade to bus priority infrastructure within the subject Rathfarnham CBC study area takes cognisance of the objectives of the Plan and, where practical, provides cycle infrastructure to the appropriate level and quality of service (as defined by the NTA National Cycle Manual) required for the identified routes.

2.10 Policy Conclusion

2.10.1 The various studies discussed in the preceding sub-sections set out the transport planning policy context and need for the proposed scheme. The need for the scheme is predominantly borne out of the need to provide a higher quality bus service, than currently exists, to serve the Rathfarnham corridor in the short to medium term.

2.11 CBC Scheme Objectives

- 2.11.1 Having regard to the findings of the transport planning and policy context for the proposed CBC's in the GDA, the following objectives have been established for the Rathfarnham CBC Corridor:
 - Deliver the on-street infrastructure necessary to provide continuous priority for bus movements along the Core Bus Corridor. This will mean enhanced bus lane provision on the corridor, removing current delays in relevant locations and enabling the bus to provide a faster alternative to car traffic along the route, making bus transport a more attractive alternative for road

users. It will also make the bus system more efficient, as faster bus journeys means that more people can be moved with the same level of vehicle and driver resources; and

 Provide any cycle facilities along the route that are required under the Greater Dublin Area Cycle Network Plan (published by the NTA, 2013) to the target Quality of Service(s) specified therein and to give consideration to further providing cycle facilities along sections of the route where they may be not expressly required under the Cycle Network Plan.

3.0 STUDY AREA

3.1 Introduction

- 3.1.1 This section of the report focusses on the study area for the scheme and the characteristics of the three sub sections of this area in terms of physical features, opportunities and constraints as well as identifying potential for integration with other travel modes and road users.
- 3.1.2 Arising from the transport policy context the broad study area identified for the proposed scheme is illustrated in Figure 3.1 below. Generally speaking, the study area was taken to include roads of the existing Rathfarnham QBC corridor, but extends beyond this in places to consider potentially feasible route options. The study area is generally bounded to the south by Taylors Lane and Grange Road and to the north by the River Liffey. The western and eastern borders of the study area are generally an offset of 200m from feasible route options.

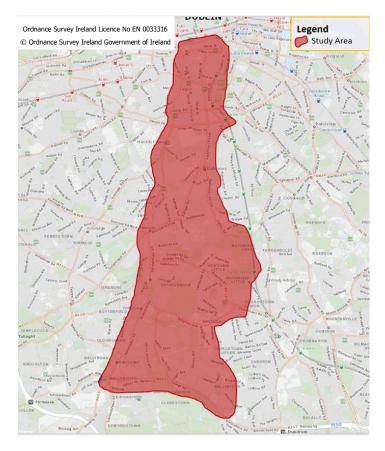


Figure 3.1: Proposed Scheme Study Area

3.2 Study Area Sections

- 3.2.1 The study area has been divided into three more manageable sub sections to simplify the assessment process as illustrated below in **Figure 3.2**: -
 - Section 1 From the southern boundary of the study area to the River Dodder;
 - Section 2 From the River Dodder to the Grand Canal; and
 - Section 3 From the Grand Canal to the River Liffey.

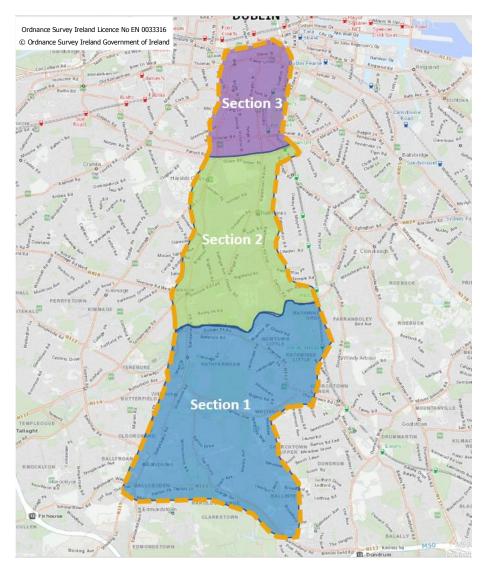


Figure 3.2: Study Area Sections

Section 1 – From the Southern Boundary of the study area to the River Dodder

3.2.2 The land-use along the corridor south of the River Dodder is predominantly residential in nature. However, a large proportion of the section is covered in leisure areas with a number of educational sites. There is employment and a retail centre at Nutgrove. Section 1 also includes three village centres at Ballyboden, Rathfarnham and Churchtown. A description of the characteristics of the different routes in this section is presented below:



Figure 3.3: Section 1 Study Area

SW1: Stone Mason's Way and Section of Broadford Road; Lidl to Dargle View

3.2.3 This is a single carriageway,2 lane road (8m-9m including advisory cycle lane). An off-road Pedestrian/cycle track is available Northbound for 100m from the R882 junction. Advisory cycle lanes and footpaths are available on both sides for the remainder of the corridor. Most footpaths along the corridor are separated from carriageway by verge ranging from 1- 4m wide. There is on-street parking available on the western side in the vicinity of Scoil Naithi. The Dublin Bus services along this route are 14, 14C, 75, 116 and 161.

SW2: Broadford Road

3.2.4 This is a single carriageway with 2 lanes (9m-9.5m including advisory cycle lane). Advisory cycle lanes and footpaths are available on both sides, separated from carriageway by verges ranging from 2 - 4m wide. There is a large green area on the western side. The Dublin Bus services along this route are 14, 14C, 75 and 161.

SW4: Barton Road East

3.2.5 This is a single carriageway 2 lane road (8m-9m wide including advisory cycle lane). An advisory cycle lane is available on the Southern side, and an off-road cycle track is available on the northern side at the start of the link (from Grange junction 85m) which then changes to an advisory cycle lane. Footpaths are available both sides and separated from the carriageway by verges ranging from 1.5 - 2m wide. Dublin Bus does not currently service this route. The route is set in a suburban residential area.

SW5: Nutgrove Way; Nutgrove Shopping Centre

3.2.6 This is a single carriageway road from the roundabout junction at Barton road (9m wide, 2 lane carriageway), with a footway (2m wide) provided on both sides. The carriageway widens past Nutgrove travelling Northbound to c. 16m providing four general traffic lanes. The route is set in a suburban residential area. Footpaths are provided on both sides, separated from carriageway by verges ranging from 1- 2m wide. Dublin Bus services along this route are 75 and 161.

SW6: Barton Road East Extension

3.2.7 This is a single carriageway 2 lane road (8m-9m wide including advisory cycle lanes). An advisory cycle lane is available on the Southern side and an off-road cycle track is available on the northern side. Footpaths are available on both sides and separated from carriageway by verges ranging from 2 - 3m wide. The route is set in a suburban residential area and Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW8: Barton Road Extension

3.2.8 This is a single carriageway 2 lane road (7.5m-8m wide) with footways and verges (4.0-4.5m wide) provided on both sides of the road for half of the link. For the remainder of the link there is a footpath and a verge on the northern side (4m), and a green area Southern side. On street parking is present. The route is set in a suburban residential area and Dublin Bus does not currently service this route.

SW9: Grange Road; Between Taylor's Lane and Barton Road

3.2.9 The route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 6.7-7m flares/widens at junction). The carriageway widens on approach to the Taylor's lane junction (13.2-13.7m). Footpaths are available on the western side for the entire link, whilst footpaths are intermittently provided on the eastern side. Grass verges/areas are provided both sides intermittently. The Priory Estate wall bounds the western side of the carriageway. The Dublin Bus services along this route are 16 and 16C.

SW10: Grange Road; Between Barton Road West and Nutgrove Avenue

3.2.10 This is a single carriageway 2 lane road with footways available on both sides between Barton Road and Nutgrove Ave, separated from the carriageway by grass verges on the eastern side. Verges (with early mature to mature trees) are present along the route. A pinch point exists in the vicinity of Heatco's Stoves & Fireplaces by Convent Lane and Loreto College. Along the route, cottages and the front gate/wall of Loreto College and Convent (adjacent) are all protected structures. The route is set in a suburban residential area. The Dublin Bus services along this route are 16 and 16C.

SW11: Grange Road; Between Grange Road West and Stone Mason's Way

3.2.11 The route is a single carriageway 2-4 lane road with footways on both sides (approx. 10.3-13.2m). There are bus lanes for part of the link in both directions. To the east of the Grange Road junction in the vicinity of the Eden pub, the bus lane starts/terminates for outbound (eastbound) and inbound (westbound) direction, respectively. At the junction with Grange Wood the bus lane starts/terminates for inbound (westbound) and outbound (eastbound) bound direction, respectively. The route is set in a suburban residential area. The Dublin Bus services along this route are 16, 16C, 116 and 161.

SW12: Taylor's Lane; Between Grange Road West and Whitechurch Road

3.2.12 The route is a single carriageway 3 lane road (approx. 13.3 - 13.6m wide including cycle lanes, widening at junction). The bus lane travelling outbound (eastbound) starts approx. 120m after the Whitechurch junction. There is no bus lane provided for westbound traffic. The route is set in a suburban residential area. There is a car park present between St. Enda's Park and the junction of Taylor's Lane / Grange Road. Dublin Bus services along this route are 116 and 161.

SW12(a): Whitechurch Rd; Between Willbrook Estate and Taylor's Lane

3.2.13 Single carriageway road with a footway available on one side of the route (6.2-6.5m wide). There is a large green area located on the western side in the vicinity of Whitecliff, and a grass verge/trees along the route towards Sarah Curran Avenue. There are no cycle or bus lanes present. The route is set in a suburban residential area. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW13: Sarah Curran Avenue

3.2.14 The route is a narrow single carriageway 2 lane road (5.7 - 6.2m), with narrow intermittent footways. There are no cycle or bus facilities present. The route is set in a suburban residential area and Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW14: Taylor's Lane; Between Whitechurch Road and Glendoher Drive

3.2.15 The route is a single carriageway 3 lane road with footways on both sides (approx. 13.0 - 13.3m). There are bus lanes available for part of the link in both directions. Bus lanes begin midway along the link (at the Topaz garage) and travel in opposite directions. The route is set in a suburban residential area. Dublin Bus services along this route are 15B, 61 and 161.

SW15: Taylor's Lane; Between Ballyboden Road and Glendoher Drive

3.2.16 The route is a single carriageway 3 lane road (approx. 13m). There is a bus lane along the southern side of the carriageway along this section. The route is set in a suburban residential area. There are wide footpaths available along the north side of the carriageway and a narrow footpath on the southern side of the carriageway. There is on-street parking available outside the Costcutter shop. Cycle lanes are present on both sides of the carriageway. Dublin Bus services along this route are 15B, 61 and 161.

SW16: Glendoher Drive

3.2.17 The route is a single carriageway (7.0 - 7.4m), with narrow footways / grass margins on both sides (combined width 2.8 - 3.0m). The route is set in a suburban residential area. Large verges/green area are available on both sides of the road at the end of the section approaching Ballyboden Rd/Ballyroan Rd junction (footpath & verge approx. 7m wide). On-street car parking is available. Dwellings are located within 7.5 - 8m of back of footway. This is a residential culde-sac, secluded and circuitous route. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW17: Ballyboden Road

3.2.18 This is a single carriageway 2 lane road (7.8 - 8.5m including cycle lanes). At the approach to junction at Ballyroan Road, the carriageway widens (8.5 -12m) to two general traffic lanes northbound and one southbound. The initial 200m section benefits from large pedestrian footways on the eastern side (4-6m width) accompanied by large household driveways. The route is set in a suburban residential area. On-street parking is available in a number of locations on paved areas. Cycle lanes are present on both sides of the carriageway. Dublin Bus services along this route are 15B and 61.

SW18: Glendoher Road

3.2.19 Glendoher Road is a single carriageway 2 lane road, ranging from 7.2 - 7.5m in width, with footways available on both sides, separated from the carriageway by grassed verges. On-street car parking is present. Dwellings are located within 7.5 - 8m of back of footway. The route is set in a suburban residential area. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW20: Willbrook Estate

3.2.20 Willbrook Estate is a single carriageway 2 lane road, ranging from 8 - 8.2m in width, with footways available on the northern side, separated from the carriageway by grassed verges. There are no cycle or bus facilities present. The route is set in a suburban residential area. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW21: Whitechurch Road; Between Willbrook Estate and Ballyboden Road

3.2.21 Whitechurch Road is a single carriageway 2 lane road, ranging from 5.3 - 6.5m in width, with footways available on the western side and intermittently on the eastern side of the carriageway. There are no cycle or bus facilities present. The route is set in a suburban residential area. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW22: Ballyboden Road; Between Glendoher Road and Whitechurch Road

3.2.22 This is a single carriageway 3 lane road (approx. 10 - 11m wide) with footways on both sides of the route. The bus lane travelling northbound starts some 50m after Ballyroan Road junction and terminates approx. 100m before Whitechurch junction. There is no bus lane provided for southbound (outbound) traffic. A southbound on-road mandatory cycle lane is present. The route is set in a suburban residential area. The only Dublin Bus service along this route is the 61.

SW23: Willbrook Road

3.2.23 This route is a narrow single carriageway 2 lane road (6-7m wide) with narrow footways. The route is set in a suburban residential area. Advisory cycle lanes are available on both sides of the carriageway. The only Dublin Bus service along this route is the 61.

SW24: Nutgrove Avenue; Between Grange Road and Loreto Row

3.2.24 This route is a narrow single carriageway 3 lane road. The route is set in a suburban residential area (approx. 8.6 - 10.6m wide). There is currently a bus lane travelling in the inbound direction. An off-road cycle track is present in the eastbound/outbound direction (exception by Nutgrove Court Apartments). An off-road cycle track is available in the westbound/inbound direction from Loreto Abbey junction to Grange Road. Footpaths are present on both sides of the carriageway. The Rathfarnham Castle Park wall is located on the northern side of the carriageway. Dublin Bus services along this route are 16, 16C, 17, 61 and 75.

SW25: Nutgrove Avenue; Between Loreto Row and Nutgrove Way

3.2.25 This route is a narrow single carriageway 3 lane road (approx. 9-13m). The route is set in a mainly suburban residential area. There is currently a bus lane travelling westbound/inbound direction. Footpaths are available on both sides of the carriageway. A number of commercial properties are located adjacent to the

footpath on the northern side of the road. On-street parking is available on the northern side of the carriageway at Nutgrove Court. Off road cycle tracks and footpaths are present on both sides of the carriageway. Dublin Bus services along this route are 17, 61 and 75.

SW26: Section of Nutgrove Avenue

3.2.26 This route is a narrow single carriageway 3 lane road (approx. 9.2m wide). The route is set in a suburban residential area. Footpaths are present on both sides of the carriageway. There is currently a bus lane travelling in the inbound direction. Off road cycle tracks and footpaths are present on both sides of the carriageway. Dublin Bus services along this route are 17, 61 and 75.

SW27(a): Whitehall Road

3.2.27 This is a single carriageway road including advisory cycle lane (approx. 10.0-10.2m wide), set within a residential suburban area. Footpaths are available on both sides of the carriageway. There are no bus facilities at present and Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW27(b): Whitehall Road

3.2.28 This is a single carriageway road 2 lane road (5.8 -8.0m wide), set within a residential suburban area. Footpaths are available on both sides of the carriageway. There are no bus facilities at present and Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW28: Nutgrove Avenue

3.2.29 This is a single carriageway 3 lane road (9.3-9.4m wide) set within a residential suburban area. Off road cycle tracks and footpaths are present on both sides of the carriageway. The Bus lane start in either direction at the Church of the Good Shepherd. Dublin Bus services along this route are 17, 61 and 161.

SW28(a): Whitebarn Road

3.2.30 This route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 4.9 - 6.3m wide), with footways available on both sides. There are no cycle or bus facilities present. The route is set in a suburban residential area. Residents generally have parking within their property boundaries. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW29: Section of Churchtown Road Upper

3.2.31 This is a four-lane carriageway approximately 15m wide (2 lanes in each direction), with an off-road cycle track and footway available on both sides. The route is set in a suburban residential area. Dublin Bus services along this route are 17, 61 and 161.

SW30: Braemor Road; Between Nutgrove Avenue and Whitehall Road

3.2.32 Braemor Road is a single carriageway 2 lane road, ranging from 7.5 - 8m in width, with off road cycle tracks and footways available on either side. Footpaths are separated from the carriageway by grassed verges. The route is set in a suburban residential area. The Dublin Bus services along this route are 14 and 14C.

SW31: Churchtown Road Upper; Between Whitehall Road and Landscape Road

3.2.33 This Route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (9 - 9.2m), with footways available on either side. The footpaths are separated from the carriageway by grassed verges. There are no cycle or bus facilities present. The route is set in a suburban residential area. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW31(a): Churchtown Road Upper

3.2.34 This route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (8.7-9.5m wide), with footways available on either side. Footpath separated from the carriageway by grassed verges. There are no cycle or bus facilities present. The route is set in a suburban

residential area. Residents generally have parking within property boundaries. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW32: Landscape Road

3.2.35 This road is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 8.3 - 8.6m wide), with footways available on both sides located in a suburban residential area. On-street parking is available for the commercial properties. There are no cycle or bus facilities present. The route is set in a suburban residential area. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW33: Hillside Drive; Between Whitehall Road and Castle Golf Club

3.2.36 This road is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 9.0 - 9.2m wide), with footways available on either side. Footpaths are separated from the carriageway by grassed verges. Residents generally have parking within their property boundaries. There are no cycle or bus facilities present. The route is set in a suburban residential area. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW34: Braemor Road; Between Whitehall Road and Woodside

3.2.37 Braemor Road is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 9.1 - 9.3m wide), with off road cycle tracks and footways available on both sides. The route is set in a suburban residential area. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW35: Oakdown Road

3.2.38 This road is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 4.9 - 6.3m wide), with footways available on both sides. Residents generally have parking within property boundaries. The route is set in a suburban residential area. Residents generally have parking within property boundaries. The route is used as an access to the Church of the Good Shepherd. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW36: Woodside

3.2.39 This Route is a single carriageway 2 lane road, approx. 9m in width, with footways available on either side. The route is set within a suburban residential area. Residents generally have parking within their property boundaries. There is a significant level difference of over 10m between the adjacent route links. There are no cycle or bus facilities present. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW103: Braemor Park

3.2.40 This road is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 6.5-7.8m), with narrow footways. There are no cycle or bus lanes present. The route is set in a suburban residential area. Residents generally have parking within their property boundaries. The route was used as an access to Mount Carmel Hospital. Dublin Bus services this route with the 14 and 14C.

SW38: Dodder Park Road; Between Woodside Road and Rathfarnham Road

3.2.41 Dodder Park Road is a single carriageway (9.0-9.2m wide including advisory cycle lane) 2 lane road, on road cycle lanes and footways available on either side. The footpath is separated from the carriageway by a grassed verge. The route is set in a suburban residential area. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW39: Hillside Drive; Between Whitehall Road and Castle Golf Club

3.2.42 The route is located within a suburban residential area. This Route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (6.0-6.2m), with footways available on either side. The footpaths are separated from the carriageway by grassed verge. Residents generally have parking within property boundaries. The route is set in a suburban residential area. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW40: Rathfarnham Road

3.2.43 This route ranges in carriageway width from 14m (2 General Traffic lanes including cycle lane) to 17m (2 General Traffic and 2 Bus lanes with no cycle lanes). There is a retaining wall present on parts of the route. The route passes through Rathfarnham Village Centre. There are significant level differences between the driveway of properties on both sides of the existing road. Dublin Bus services along this route are 15B, 16, 16C and 17.

SW41: Orwell Road; Between Churchtown Road and Orwell Park

3.2.44 This route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (6.6-12.6m wide), with footways available on both sides of the carriageway, except for the section from Churchtown Road through Milltown Golf Course which has footpath on the eastern side only. The route is set in a suburban residential area. Dublin Bus services along this route are 14 and 14C (around Mount Carmel Hospital only). A bridge over the Dodder River is present along the route.

SW41(a): Churchtown Rd Lower; Churchtown Rd Upper between Whitechurch Road and Orwell Road

3.2.45 This is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 5.0-8.0m), at start of link there is room for only one footpath on the eastern side of the carriageway. There is no cycle or bus lanes present. The route is set in a suburban residential area. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW42: Churchtown Road; Between Orwell Road and Milltown Road

3.2.46 The route is a single carriageway road (approx. 9 - 9.2m wide). A bridge over the Dodder River is present along the route. The route is set in a suburban residential area. There are no cycle or bus facilities present. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

Section 2 – From the River Dodder to the Grand Canal

3.2.47 The land-uses within Section 2 are predominantly residential in nature. However, a large proportion of the section are covered by leisure areas with many educational sites. There is employment and retail centre in Rathmines. Section 2 also includes three village centres at Terenure, Rathgar and Rathmines.

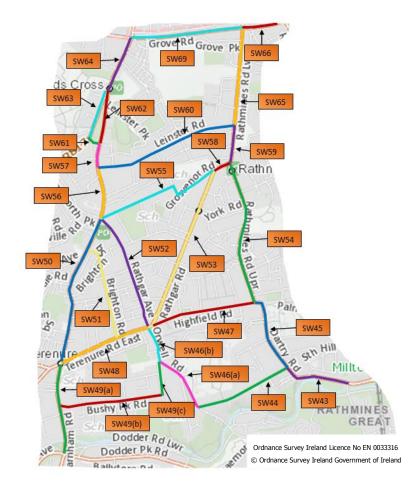


Figure 3.4: Section 2 Study Area

- 3.2.48 Section 2 of the study area includes individual buildings & streets of significant heritage value including a proposed Architectural Conservation Areas (ACA) for the Rathmines District, as set out in the DCC Development Plan.
- 3.2.49 A description of the characteristics of the different routes in this section is presented overleaf.

SW43: Milltown Road; Between Churchtown Road & Dartry Road

3.2.50 The route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 7.2 - 11.4m wide) with footways available on both sides, set within a suburban residential area. No bus or cycle lanes are present. Dublin Bus services this route with the 142.

SW44: Milltown/Dantry Road

3.2.51 The route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 6.3 - 8.1m wide) with footways available on both sides, set within a suburban residential area. No bus or cycle lanes are present. Dublin Bus services this route with the 142.

SW45: Dartry Road

3.2.52 Dartry Road is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 8.5-10.5m wide), with footways available on both sides, set within a suburban residential area with a large student accommodation complex present. No bus or cycle lanes are available. Dublin Bus services this route with the 142.

SW46: Orwell Road; between Orwell Park and Rathgar Village

3.2.53 The route is a single carriageway road 2 lane road (approx. 6.25-11.2m wide) with footways available on both sides, set in a suburban residential area with Stratford College being adjacent on the western side of the route. The northern end of the route approaches Rathgar Village Centre from the south. No bus or cycle lanes are present. Dublin Bus services this route with the 14, 14C and 15B.

SW46(b): Orwell Road (between Zion Park and Rathgar Village)

3.2.54 The route is a single carriageway road 2 lane road (approx. 9-9.3 wide) with footways available on both sides, set in a suburban residential area with Stratford College being adjacent on the western side of the route. The northern end of the

route approaches Rathgar Village Centre from the south. No bus or cycle lanes are present. Dublin Bus services this route with the 14, 14C and 15B.

SW47: Highfield Road

3.2.55 The route is a single carriageway road 2 lane road (approx. 5.6 - 7.0m wide) with footways available on both sides, set in a suburban residential area. No bus or cycle lanes are present. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW48: Terenure Road East

3.2.56 The carriageway along this route varies from 2 lanes to 4 lanes, ringing in width from (7.8-12.0m). The route connects Terenure Village Centre with Rathgar Village Centre and is generally set in a suburban residential area. The route is used as an access for St. Joseph's School and St. Joseph's Church. There are bus lanes available along part of the link in both directions. In the vicinity of Brighton Road, bus lanes start/terminate for inbound (eastbound) and outbound (westbound) direction, respectively. At the junction with Orwell Road, bus lanes both start/terminate for outbound (westbound) and inbound (eastbound) direction respectively. Advisory cycle lanes are provided along sections of the route. There are no bus lanes available. On-street parking is available at Rathgar village. Dublin Bus services this route with the 15, 15A, 65 and 65B.

SW49: Rathfarnham Road

3.2.57 This is predominately a single carriageway 3 lane road (10.6-11.6m wide). There is a bus lane available for majority of the link travelling inbound, the bus lane terminates on the approaches to the junctions along the route. The route is set in a mix of a suburban area and Terenure Village Centre. Advisory cycle lanes are provided along the route. The route is used as an access for the Terenure Synagogue. The southern end of the route crosses the Dodder via Pearse Bridge. Dublin Bus services this route with the 16, 16C and 17.

SW50: Harold's Cross Road

3.2.58 This is a single carriageway 3 lane road for most of the route (10.6-11.6m wide). The route is surrounded by a suburban environment and also encompasses Terenure Village Centre. This link has been separated into 3 sections. The first section of link has an advisory cycle lane northbound and bus lane southbound starting at Mick Dowling's shop and terminating at the bus stop entering Terenure Village. The second section, from Mick Dowling's shop to the signalised crossing at Ashdale Road has an advisory cycle lane both sides of road. The third section to the north of Ashdale Road includes on-road mandatory cycle lane on both sides of the road briefly before changing to bus lane northbound and advisory cycle lane southbound to/from Harold's Cross/Rathgar Rd junction. Dublin Bus services this route with the 16, 16C, 17 and 49.

SW51: Brighton Road

3.2.59 The route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 6.0 - 8.5m wide), with residential frontage and dedicated parking provided along the street for the residents. Footways are available on both sides, however there are no bus or cycle lanes are present. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW52: Rathgar Avenue

3.2.60 This route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 5.7 - 8.5m wide) with residential frontage and dedicated parking provided along the street for the residents. Footways are available on both sides of the route. The route is set in a mix of a suburban residential area and also encompasses Rathgar Village Centre. The route is used as an access for Rathgar National School. No bus or cycle lanes are provided. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW53: Rathgar Road

3.2.61 This road is a single carriageway 3 lane road (approx. 10.0 - 11.3m wide). There is a bus lane available for majority of the link travelling in the northbound direction (bus lane terminates on some 80m before Grosvenor Rd junction). The route is set in a residential urban environment. Footways are available on both sides with one on-road mandatory cycle lane provided. The route connects Rathgar Village Centre with Rathmines Village Centre. There is indented 'on-street' parking available. Dublin Bus services this route with the 14, 14C, 15, 15A, 15B, 65 and 65B.

SW54: Rathmines Road Upper

3.2.62 The route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 8.0-10.6m wide). The route is set in a mix of a residential urban environment and also encompasses Rathmines Village Centre. Footways are available on both sides however there are no cycle or bus lanes provided. There is indented 'on-street' parking provided along the route. Dublin Bus services this route with the 140 and 142.

SW55: Kenilworth Square, Kenilworth Road and Grosvenor Road

3.2.63 The route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 8.0-9.5m wide) with footways available on both sides, set in a suburban residential area. There are no cycle or bus lanes provided. On-street parking is present along the route. The route is used as an access for Kenilworth Square and a Baptist Church. Dublin Bus services this route with the 18, 83 and 83A.

SW56: Harold's Cross Road; Between Kenilworth Square north and Leinster Road

3.2.64 The route is a single carriageway (approx. 8.0-9.5m wide) 3 lane road. There is a bus lane for approximately half of the link travelling in the northbound direction (bus lane terminates some 140m before Leinster Rd junction). The route is set in a residential urban environment. Footways are available on both sides with one outbound advisory cycle lane provided. There is indented 'on-street' parking available. Dublin Bus services this route with the 16, 16C, and 49.

SW57: Harold's Cross Road; Between Leinster Road and Harold's Cross Park

3.2.65 This is a single carriageway road with 2-3 lanes along the route (approx. 9.0-12.6m wide). There is an inbound (northbound) bus lane available for half the link (bus lane starts some 80m before Leinster Rd junction). There is a pinch point present approaching the existing junction with Leinster Road (13.8m wide). The route is set in a mix of a residential and commercial urban environment. Footways are available on both sides with one advisory cycle lane provided available. There is indented 'on-street' parking. Dublin Bus services this route with the 16, 16C, and 49.

SW58: Rathgar Road; between Grosvenor Road and Rathmines Road

3.2.66 The route is a single carriageway 4 lane road (approx. 16.5m wide). The route is set in the urban form of Rathgar Village. Footways are available on both sides with two advisory cycle lanes provided. Dublin Bus services this route with the 14, 14C, 15, 15A, 15B, 18, 65, 65B, 83 and 83A.

SW59: Rathgar Road; Between Rathmines Rd Upper and Leinster Road

3.2.67 The route is a single carriageway (approx. 10.5m wide) 2-3 lane road (approx. 10.5m wide). There is a bus lane for half of the route in the inbound direction (bus lane starts some 50m after Castlewood Ave junction). The route is set in the urban form of Rathmines Village Centre. Footways are available on both sides on the route. An advisory cycle lane is available southbound prior to start of bus lane northbound. Dublin Bus services this route with the 14, 14C, 15, 15A, 15B, 65, 65B, 83, 83A, 140 and 142.

SW60: Leinster Road

3.2.68 This is a single carriageway route (9.5-11.5m wide), with footways available along both sides. The route is set in a suburban residential area. No bus or cycle lanes are present. On street parking is provided along the route. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW61: Harold's Cross Road; South of Harold's Cross Park

3.2.69 The route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 8.5 -10.3m wide including on-street parking). The route is set in a mainly commercial urban environment. No bus or cycle lanes are present. On street parking is provided along the route. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW62: Harold's Cross Road; Eastern side of Harold's Cross Park

3.2.70 The route is a single carriageway (approx. 8.5 -10.3m) which changes from 4 lanes (2 General Traffic Lanes and 2 Bus Lanes) to 3 lane road (2 General Traffic Lane to 1 Bus Lane). The route is set in a mix of a residential and commercial urban environment. There is no footpath on the eastern side of roadway along the park. An advisory cycle lane (140m) is provided outbound/southbound and terminates on approach to bus lane. There is indented 'on-street' parking available. Dublin Bus services this route with the 16, 16C, and 49.

SW63: Kimmagh Road / Harold's Cross Road

3.2.71 The route is a single carriageway (approx. 6.8-8.3m wide including advisory cycle lanes) 2 lane road, which widens to 3 lanes (2 General Traffic Lane to 1 Bus Lane inbound/northbound) on approach to junction at Harold's Cross (20m). The route is set in a mix of a residential and commercial urban environment. Advisory cycle lanes and footways are available on both sides of the carriageway. There is indented 'on-street' parking. Dublin Bus services this route with the 9 and 54A.

SW64: Harold's Cross Road; Between Our Lady's Hospice & Parnell Road

3.2.72 The route is a single carriageway, 4 lane road for the majority of the route (approx. 9.7-13.6m wide). There are existing bus lanes in both directions, both southbound/outbound and northbound/inbound bus lanes terminate at St. Clare's Primary School and 60m before Parnell Road junction respectively. An advisory cycle lanes commence where the bus lanes terminate. The route is set in a mixed urban environment. The route is used as an access for Our Lady's Hospice, St. Claire's School and both office and residential blocks. Dublin Bus services this route with the 9, 16, 16C, 49 and 54A.

SW65: Rathmines Road; Between Leinster Road and Grove / Canal Road

3.2.73 The route is a single carriageway 3 lane road (approx. 10.2m). There is an existing bus lane in the northbound direction (terminating on approach to the junctions). The route is set in the urban form of Rathmines Village Centre. Footways are available of both sides on the route. An advisory cycle lane is available southbound. Dublin Bus services this route with the 14, 14C, 15, 15A, 15B, 65, 65B, 83, 83A, 140 and 142.

SW66: Canal Road

3.2.74 This is a single carriageway road (9m-15.3m wide) with a flared approach to junctions at both ends of link. There are footways and mandatory cycle lanes available along both sides. No bus lanes are present along the route. The route is set in a mixed urban environment. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW69: Grove Road

3.2.75 This is a single carriageway route (8.9m-10.6m wide) with footways and mandatory cycle lanes provided along both sides of the route. The route is set in a mixed city centre environment. No bus lanes are present along the route. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW102: Bushy Park Road

3.2.76 This is a single carriageway route (6.8-9.2m wide), with footways available along both sides. The route is set in a suburban residential area. No bus or cycle lanes are present. The route is used as an access to High School, Zion Parish School, Zion Court (Church) and the Church of the Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. Dublin Bus services this route with the 15B.

SW103: Zion Road

3.2.77 Single carriageway route, with footways available along both sides (6.2-7.7m wide). The route is set in a suburban residential area. No bus or cycle lanes are present. The route is used as an access to High School, Zion Court (Church) and Stratford College. Dublin Bus services this route with the 15B.

Section 3 – From the Grand Canal to the River Liffey

3.2.78 The study area for this sub section of the route encompasses the City Centre area. Existing residential land uses dominate the initial south-western section from the Grand Canal to the River Liffey of Section 3. The existing land-use varies in the eastern portion of Section 3 considerably, as one enters the City Centre area and includes pockets of residential, retail, office, other commercial and educational / institutional uses such as the Dublin Institution of Technology, Dublin Castle, the Temple Bar Area, the Grafton Street shopping district, Camden Street and Harcourt Street.



- 3.2.79 The City Centre study area includes individual buildings & streets of significant heritage value including several Architectural Conservation Areas (ACAs). Major landmarks include:
 - Architectural Landmark Buildings (inter alia, St. Patrick's Cathedral, Christchurch Cathedral, Dublin Castle, numerous Churches & Friary's);
 - Protected bridges (Robert Emmet Bridge) and streetscapes; and
 - the zone of archaeological potential that surrounds the historic core of Dublin City (DU018-020).
- 3.2.80 A description of the characteristics of the different roads in this section are presented in the paragraphs below:

SW67: Charlemont Street

3.2.81 This is a single carriageway 3 lane road (12.5-15.0m wide). This route has a northbound bus lane as well as footways & mandatory cycle lanes along both sides of the carriageway. The route is set in an office / commercial city centre environment. There is indented 'on-street' parking provided. Dublin Bus services this route with the 44 and 61.

SW68: Richmond Street South

3.2.82 This is a single carriageway route with footways and mandatory cycle lanes provided along both sides of the route. A southbound/outbound bus lane is present for part of the route (8.9m-10.6m wide). The route is set in a commercial city centre environment with the Portobello College adjacent to the southern end of the route. The route crosses the Grand Canal via the La Touche Bridge. Dublin Bus services this route with the 14, 14C, 15, 15A, 15B, 65, 65B, 83, 83A, 140 and 142.

SW70: Clanbrassil Street Upper

3.2.83 This is a single carriageway, 2-3 lane road (10.8m-15.4m wide). A bus lane is provided for 75m inbound/northbound with footways and mandatory cycle lanes also provided along both sides of the route. The route contains the Robert Emmet Bridge and the limestone walls on the northern side of the bridge which are protected structures. The route is set in a commercial city centre environment. There is indented 'on-street' parking. Dublin Bus services this route with the 9, 16, 16C, 49 and 54A.

<u>SW71: South Circular Road; Between Clanbrassil Street Upper and Richmond</u> <u>Street South</u>

3.2.84 This is a single carriageway 3 lane road (9.0m-13.5m wide). Bus Lanes begin in both directions at junction between Emor St and South Circular Road. Footpaths are available on both sides of the road and no cycle lane provided along the route. The route is set in a primarily residential city centre environment. There is on street parking present. Dublin Bus services this route with the 9, 16, 16C, 68, 68A and 122.

SW72: Harcourt Road; Between Richmond Street South and Charlemont Street

3.2.85 There is a one-way 3-4 lane single carriageway road with footways on both sides of the carriageway (10.7-14.2m wide). There are no bus or cycle lanes present. The route is set in an office / commercial city centre environment. Dublin Bus services this route with the 44 and 61.

SW73: Camden Street Upper; Between Harcourt Road and Charlotte Way

3.2.86 There is a single carriageway, 4 lane road (approx. 13.8 - 14.4m wide). It has a one-way traffic northbound/inbound with a mandatory cycle lane. There is a Contra Flow Bus and cycle lane southbound/outbound with footways on both sides of the route. Currently there is only one general traffic lane on this link

travelling northbound towards Wexford Street into City Centre. The route is set in a commercial city centre environment. Dublin Bus services this route with the 9, 14, 14C, 15, 15A, 15B, 16, 16C, 44, 61, 65, 65B, 68, 68A, 83, 83A, 120, 140 and 142.

SW74: Harcourt Street; between Charlotte Way and Harcourt Road

3.2.87 This is a one-way route with two southbound/inbound general traffic lanes (approx. 6m wide) and two-way tram lanes. Harcourt Luas Station is situated on this link. There are no cycle or bus lanes present. The route is set in an office / commercial city centre environment. Dublin Bus services this route with the 44 and 61.

SW75: Charlotte Way; Between Camden Street and Harcourt Street

3.2.88 This is a one-way carriageway (approx. 11-12.6m wide) with a mandatory cycle lane. There are 3-4 lanes flared approaches to the junction. There are no cycle or bus lanes present. The route is set in an office/commercial city centre environment. Dublin Bus services this route with the 44 and 61.

SW76: Camden Street/Wexford Street

3.2.89 Single carriageway 2- 4 lane road (approx. 13.8 -14.4m wide). There is a bus lane travelling northbound starting at the Grantham Street junction and terminating at the Camden Row Junction (BoBo's restaurant). There is an advisory cycle lane at the beginning of link. The bus lane travelling southbound starts after the Camden Place Junction and terminates at the junction with Charlotte Way. There is on street parking and loading bays present along the route. The route is set in a commercial city centre environment. Dublin Bus services this route with the 9, 14, 14C, 15, 15A, 15B, 16, 16C, 44, 61, 65, 65B, 68, 68A, 83, 83A, 120, 140 and 142.

SW77: Harcourt Street

3.2.90 This is a one-way (northbound) single carriageway (5.6 - 7.5m including advisory cycle lane). The route also encompasses a two-way tram lane (Harcourt Street to St. Stephen's Green Stop). There are a large number of parked garda vehicels by the Garda Station. The route is set in a commercial/office city centre environment. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW78: Castle Street

3.2.91 This is a one-way single carriageway (5.3-7.6m wide including on-street parking) with footways on both sides of the carriageway. There are no cycle or bus facilities present. Dublin Castle is located adjacent to the route. On street car parking and coach parking facilities alternate between both sides of the carriageway. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW80: Cuffe Street; Between Harcourt Street and Mercer Street Upper

3.2.92 This route encompasses 4 general traffic lanes and a central median with footways and advisory cycle lanes on both sides of the carriageway (approx. 16.7m wide including median). There are no bus lanes present. The Luas Green line operates adjacent to the route. The route is set in a mixed-use city centre environment. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW81: Cuffe Street; between Mercer Street Upper and Wexford Street

3.2.93 This route encompasses 4 general traffic lanes, a central median with footways and advisory cycle lanes on both sides of the carriageway (approx. 16.7m wide including median). There are no bus lanes present. The Luas Green line is adjacent to the route. The route is set in a mixed city centre environment. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW82: Aungier Street; Between Cuffe Street and Longford Street Great

3.2.94 This route encompasses 3 lanes with footways on both sides on the carriageway(approx. 10.6-12.1m wide including cycle lanes). There is an outbound Bus lane starting at Dublin Business School. In addition there is an advisory cycle lane northbound/outbound and also southbound/inbound on approach to Dublin Business School. There are small indented loading bays present along the route. The route is set in a commercial city centre environment. Dublin Bus services this route with the 9, 14, 14C, 15, 15A, 15B, 16, 16C, 44, 65, 65B, 68, 68A, 83, 83A, 122, 140 and 142.

SW83: Aungier Street; Between Longford Street Great and St. Stephens Street Upper

3.2.95 This is a carriageway road (approx. 9.0-10.3 including cycle lanes) with 2 lanes with footways and advisory cycle lanes on both sides of the carriageway. There are no bus lanes on this section of road. The route is set in a commercial city centre environment. Dublin Bus services this route with the 9, 14, 14C, 15, 15A, 15B, 16, 16C, 44, 65, 65B, 68, 68A, 83, 83A, 122, 140 and 142.

SW84: Stephens Street Upper

3.2.96 This is a one-way street encompassing 2 lanes, with an advisory cycle lane Street (50m length) on approach to junction with Aungier (approx. 6.6-8.8m wide). There are no bus lanes on this section of road. The route is set in a mixed city centre environment. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW85: Longford Street Great

3.2.97 This is a one-way street between Aungier Street and Longford Lane, whilst it is two-way between Longford Lane and Stephen Street Upper. The carriageway width ranges from 6.0-6.5m which includes on-street parking. The route is set in a mixed city centre environment. There are no cycle or bus facilities present. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

<u>SW86: Georges Street Great South; Between Stephens Street Lower and Dame</u> <u>Street</u>

3.2.98 This route has two general traffic lanes, one northbound bus lane and a southbound cycle lane (approx. 8.2-12.9m wide). Footways are available on both sides of the route. The route is set in a mixed city centre environment. Dublin Bus services this route with the 9, 14, 14C, 15, 15A, 15B, 16, 16C, 65, 65B, 68, 68A, 83, 83A, 122, 140 and 142.

SW87: Dame Street; Between Georges Street Great and Christchurch Place

3.2.99 This is a single carriageway road with 2 traffic lanes, footways and advisory cycle lanes on both sides of the carriageway (approx. 9.5 - 13.5m including cycle lanes). Amenities such as Temple Bar, the Olympia Theatre and Dublin Castle are adjacent to the route. The route is set in a mixed city centre environment. Dublin Bus services this route with the 13, 27, 40, 49, 54A, 56A, 69, 79, 79A, 123, 150, 151 and 747.

SW88: Lord Edward Street

3.2.100 This route encompasses (approx. 12m wide including cycle lanes) with 2 traffic lanes. There are also advisory cycle lanes and footways on both sides of the carriageway. The route is set in a mixed city centre environment. Dublin Castle is located adjacent to the route. Dublin Bus services this route with the 13, 27, 40, 49, 54A, 56A, 77A, 123, 150, 151 and 747.

SW89: Christchurch Place

3.2.101 This route has 4 general traffic lanes (approx. 14m wide including cycle lanes). There are advisory cycle lanes and footways on both sides of the carriageway. The route is set in a mixed city centre environment. Christchurch Cathedral is located adjacent to the route. Dublin Bus services this route with the 13, 27, 40, 49, 54A, 56A, 77A, 123, 150, 151 and 747.

<u>SW90: Nicholas Street/Patrick Street; Between Christchurch Place and Bull Alley</u> <u>Street</u>

- 3.2.102 This route is a dual carriageway road approx. 16.0 24.0m wide including median & cycle lanes. The configuration ranges from 4-6 lanes with footways on both sides. There is a bus lane and advisory cycle lane available northbound/inbound between Bull Alley Street and Bride Street. A mandatory cycle lane is available northbound for the rest of the link and no bus lane.
- 3.2.103 An advisory cycle lane is also available in southbound/outbound direction. There is no bus lane provided in the southbound direction. The route is set in a mixed city centre environment. Dublin Bus services this route with the 27, 49, 54A, 56A, 77A, 123, 150 and 151.

SW91: Patrick Street; Between Bull Alley Street and Kevin Street Upper

- 3.2.104 The route encompasses a 4-lane configuration of one bus lane and a general traffic lane inbound and 2 general traffic lanes outbound (approx. 12.0 17.0m wide including median & cycle lanes) with footways on both sides. A narrow substandard cycle lane is provided adjacent to the bus lane northbound/inbound.
- 3.2.105 An advisory cycle lane is available southbound with no bus lane. The route is set in a mixed city centre environment. St. Patrick's Cathedral is adjacent to the route. Dublin Bus services this route with the 13, 27, 40, 49, 54A, 56A, 77A, 123, 150, 151 and 747.

SW92: Clanbrassil Street Lower, New Street South

3.2.106 This route encompasses 3-5 lane road between Kevin Street and Daniel Street with footways available on both sides (approx. 12.0-17.0m including median &

cycle lanes). There is a cycle lane available northbound/inbound for first 130m of link. The bus lane northbound starts at the Mace Shop, whilst the cycle lane northbound terminates in the vicinity of Lombard Street West.

3.2.107 There is an advisory cycle lane southbound with no bus lane. The route is set in a mixed city centre environment. Dublin Bus services this route with the 49 and 54A.

SW93: Werburgh Street; Between Christchurch Place and Castle Street

3.2.108 This is a one-way route (4.3-6.8m) 1 lane road from Christchurch Place to Werburgh Street (outbound) with footways on both sides on the route (4.3-6.8m). The route is set in a mixed city centre environment Dublin Bus services this route with the 27, 56A, 77A, 150 and 151.

SW94: Werburgh Street/Bride Street; Between Castle Street and Bull Alley Street

3.2.109 This is a one-way route between Castle Street and Bride Road, whilst it is a twoway between Bride Road and Bull Alley Street. There are footways on both sides on the route. There is a southbound mandatory cycle lane available for the entire link. Whilst there is a northbound mandatory cycle lane available between Bride Road and Bull Alley Street. A pinch point exists at the northern section of the link in the vicinity of Leo Burdock (Chip Shop) and the adjacent properties. The route is set in a mixed city centre environment. Dublin Bus services this route with the 27, 56A, 77A, 150 and 151.

SW95: Golden Lane

3.2.110 This is a single carriageway 2-way street with footways on both sides (9m-9.1m wide). There is on street car parking available on both the northern and southern side o the carriageway. There are no bus or cycle lanes present. The route is set in a mixed city centre environment. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW96: Bull Alley Street

3.2.111 This is a one-way (westbound) single carriageway street with a contra-flow cycle lane available along the northern side of the route. There are footways on both sides of the route and the route is approx. (10.2-10.3m wide). There are no bus lanes present along the route. The route is set in a mainly residential city centre environment. The route is adjacent to St. Patrick's Park. There is both vehicle and coach parking available along the southern edge of the route. Dublin Bus does not service this route.

SW97: Bride Street (between Bull Alley St and Kevin St Upper)

3.2.112 This route varies in width from approx. 9.4 - 13.4m (including cycle lane) and has footways on both sides. There is a bus lane available in the outbound/southbound direction and a mandatory cycle lane available inbound/northbound. The route is set in a mainly residential city centre environment. The route is adjacent to St. Patrick's Cathedral and Park and the National Archives of Ireland. Dublin Bus services this route with the 27, 56A, 77A, 150 and 151.

SW98: Kevin St Upper; Between Bride Street and Patrick Street

3.2.113 This route has two general traffic lanes and cycle lanes in both directions. Westbound, there are two lanes which splits into two routes for straight and left turning vehicles. There is also a westbound cycle lane which terminates for westbound cyclists however continues for southbound cyclists. There is a eastbound cycle lane provided along the entire length. There are footways on both sides of the carriageway and no bus lanes. The route is set in a mixed city centre environment. Dublin Bus services this route with the 27, 56A, 77A, 150 and 151.

3.3 Physical Constraints and Opportunities

- 3.3.1 There are a number of constraints and opportunities, both natural (i.e. existing natural environment) and physical (the built environment), which may constrain route options for the proposed scheme within the defined study area. These include:
 - Marley Park;
 - St. Enda's Park;
 - River Dodder;
 - Grand Canal (including protected structures);
 - Luas Greenline;
 - River Liffey;
 - DIT Aungier Street;
 - Existing and committed future development along the route, in particular in the City Centre, much of which has significant heritage value, including particular Architectural Conservation Areas;
 - Rathfarnham Castle and grounds;
 - Terenure Village Centre;
 - Rathgar Village Centre;
 - Rathmines Village Centre;
 - Existing monuments along the route;
 - Street trees and other natural features along the route;
 - Existing urban and sub-urban roads and street network;
 - Bridges at identified natural constraints;
 - Availability of land in urban and suburban areas;
 - Public Parks; and
 - The need to maintain traffic flow for all modes during construction.
- 3.3.2 The aforementioned constraints will be examined and addressed through the route option assessment process detailed later in this report.

3.4 Integration with Existing and Proposed Public Transport Network

- 3.4.1 One of the objectives of the proposed scheme is to enhance interchange between the various modes of public transport operating in the city, both now and in the future. Route options within the study area have therefore been developed with this in mind and, in so far as possible, provide for interchange with existing and planned future transport services, including:
 - Luas Greenline and Luas Cross City;
 - The proposed Lucan Luas Line;
 - The proposed Clongriffin to Tallaght and Blanchardstown to UCD BRT/Swiftway routes;
 - The proposed inner and outer orbital bus routes; and
 - Existing Dublin Bus services at numerous locations along the route.
- 3.4.2 The Clongriffin Tallaght BRT is of particular relevance to the Rathfarnham CBC route. The CBC route should complement the BRT service but should not duplicate the potential routing of the Clongriffin Tallaght BRT route which is prossibly via Harold's Cross as per the Transport Strategy for the GDA (2016 2035) and as illustrated in Figure 1.2 of this report. This will be discussed further in Section 6.1 of this report.

3.5 Compatibility with Other Road Users

- 3.5.1 A key objective of the proposed scheme is to improve pedestrian and cyclist facilities along the route. In general, segregated facilities will be proposed for these modes along the Primary Cycle Network. The scheme will provide for cycle facilities along the routes that are required under the Greater Dublin Area Cycle Network Plan (published by the NTA, 2013) to the target Quality of Service(s) specified therein.
- 3.5.2 Where it is considered impractical to construct pedestrian or cycle facilities along a particular section of the CBC route (and it is considered inappropriate to reroute the bus), such facilities will need to be provided along a suitable alternative route.
- 3.5.3 There may be locations where segregated cycle facilities cannot be provided along the CBC route and there is no suitable rerouting alternative. In this

instance, it may be possible for cyclists to share with vehicles in the bus lane. However, such proposals need careful consideration and design to ensure the safety of cyclists, with additional mitigation measures, such as speed restrictions for vehicles in bus lanes being applied.

3.5.4 General traffic will be maintained along the CBC corridor although it is inevitable that there will be impacts on traffic capacity along the route associated with the reallocation of road space to the bus lanes and the introduction of turning movement restrictions. Reductions in traffic carrying capacity of the road network need however to be considered in the context of the overall significant increase in efficiency and reliability of the bus services that will be achieved.

4.0 ROUTE OPTION ASSESSMENT STRUCTURE & METHODOLOGY

4.1 Assessment Process

- 4.1.1 This section of the report presents the structure and methodology used for the assessment of route options within the study area. A two-stage assessment was adopted:
 - An initial 'Stage 1' high-level route options assessment or 'sifting' process which appraised routes in terms of ability to achieve scheme objectives (as outlined in Section 2.11) and whether they could be practically delivered; and
 - Routes which passed this initial stage were taken forward to a more detailed 'Stage 2' multi criteria assessment.
- 4.1.2 As outlined in Section 3 above and illustrated in Figure 3.2, the study area has been divided into 3 sub sections to simplify the assessment process:-
 - Section 1 Marley Park to Dodder River Crossing
 - Section 2 Between the Dodder River and Grand Canal crossings; and
 - **Section 3** Grand Canal to Christchurch Place.
- 4.1.3 The northern extent of the study area has been assumed as being the junction between Nicholas Street/Christchurch Place/High Street.
- 4.1.4 The assessment process is illustrated Figure 4.1 below.

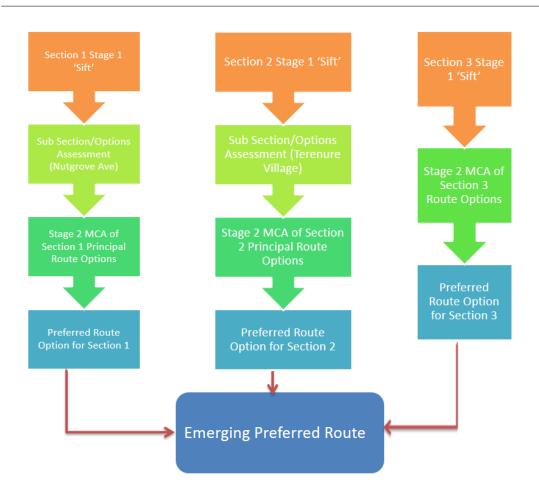


Figure 4.1: Route Options Assessment Process

4.2 Assessment Structure

- 4.2.1 The assessment of the route options is structured in a manner whereby the Stage 1 and Stage 2 option assessment are conducted for each Section of the Study area before proceeding to the assessment for the following section. The sections are addressed in a south - north direction from Grange Road with this direction taken to be `inbound' and the opposite direction classified as `outbound'.
- 4.2.2 As there are a large number of potential 'end-to-end' routes within the study area, these routes have been subdivided into shorter links/sections for the purposes of the 'Stage 1' route options sifting process. Following the initial route sifting process, the remaining routes have been combined to form longer routes/connections where possible.

4.2.3 The 'Stage 1' route options sifting process assesses potential route options within the study area at a high level against the appraisal criteria described in the following sections. **Figure 4.2** below presents the initial range of potential route options or 'Spiders Web' of route connections identified for the study area.

4.3 Route Option Assessment Methodology Stage 1: Sifting

- 4.3.1 Within the study area, several corridors exist which could potentially deliver the primary scheme objectives. A 'Spiders Web' (**Figure 4.2**) illustrating these potential corridors was developed to enable a sifting exercise to be undertaken on the individual links within the study area to determine: -
 - (i) If they could meet the identified schemes objectives; and
 - (ii) if bus priority could be reasonably delivered along them. Bus priority would take the form of segregated facilities or where this may not be achieveable due to physical constraints, ITS measures such as queue relocation or advanced signalling.
- 4.3.2 The identification of these initial route options took cognisance of the physical constraints and opportunities present and the ability to integrate with other public transport modes (Section 4.4). Of relevance in developing the spiders-web was the potential for the road or route sections to facilitate fast and reliable journey times and thereby be able to practically accommodate bus priority.
- 4.3.3 At the Stage 1 'sifting' stage, the initial 'spiders-web' of route options was narrowed down using a high level qualitative method based on professional judgement and a general appreciation for existing physical conditions/constraints within the study area from available survey information and site visits. This exercise identified route options that would either not achieve the scheme objectives or would be subject to significant cost and/or impact to achieve these objectives (e.g. excessive land-take).
- 4.3.4 Conversely, some route options may fail the Stage 1 assessment as a result of not satisfying the scheme objectives in relation to bus services but may be considered at a later stage to provide for diversion of traffic or cycle facilities in conjunction with bus services on an alternative route. Further to this, some routes

not identified as part of the 'Spiders Web' within or outside the study area may be used alternative routes for cyclists in conjunction with bus services along a different route.

- 4.3.5 This assessment stage focused on engineering constraints, as identified by the findings of both the desktop study and site audits, thereby considering: -
 - Technical feasibility;
 - Transport planning implications; and
 - Environmental issues.
- 4.3.6 Within the cohesive route options, there are a number of scheme options which have been considered owing to the generally constrained nature of sections of the routes. The majority of scheme options considered are concentrated in the vicinity of the following sections:
 - Nutgrove Avenue
 - Terenure Cross
 - Pearse Bridge at the River Dodder Crossing
 - Rathgar & Rathmines
- 4.3.7 The resulting study areas spiders-web of potential stage 1 route options is presented in **Figure 4.2**. These adopted routes are discussed in further detail in section 5, 6 and 7 of this report.



Figure 4.2: Spiders Web of Route Options

4.4 Stage 2: Route Options Assessment – Detailed Assessment

- 4.4.1 Following completion of the 'Stage 1' assessment, the remaining routes have been combined to form cohesive 'end to end' routes where possible and progressed to Stage 2 of the assessment process. It should be noted that certain route options which pass the Stage 1 assessment may not taken forward to the Stage 2 assessment as they may be isolated links which do not combine with other route options to form cohesive routes.
- 4.4.2 This stage comprised a more detailed qualitative and quantitative assessment, using criteria established to compare route options.
- 4.4.3 The 'Guidelines on a Common Appraisal Framework for Transport Projects and Programmes' published by the Department of Transport, Tourism, and Sport (DTTAS), March 2016, requires schemes to undergo a 'Multi-Criteria Analysis' (MCA) under the following criteria: -
 - Economy;
 - Integration;
 - Accessibility and Social Inclusion;
 - Physical Activity;
 - Safety; and
 - Environment.
- 4.4.4 An appreciation of constraints and opportunities within the study area as well as the defined project objectives, led to the establishment of project-specific route options assessment criteria.
- 4.4.5 These were tailored to have commonality to the Common Appraisal Framework guidelines where practical.
- 4.4.6 The physical activity criterion, added recently to the Common Appraisal Framework, relates to the health benefits derived from using different transport modes. The subject scheme options under consideration relate to the same mode of travel (bus). As such, this criterion will not produce any relative differences

between the options. Therefore, this criterion will not be applied in the multi – criteria assessment for the subject scheme.

- 4.4.7 The physical benefits associated with the scheme will be quantified as part of a future Cost Benefit Analysis.
- 4.4.8 **Table 4.1** presents a summary of the assessment criteria and sub criteria used as part of the 'Stage 2' detailed route options assessment process.

Assessment Criteria	Assessment Sub-Criteria
1. Economy	1a. Capital Cost
	1b. Transport Reliability and Quality (Journey Time)
	1c. Level of Bus Priority Provision
2. Integration	2a. Land Use Policy
	2b. Residential Population and Employment Catchments
	2c. Transport Network Integration
	2d. Cycle Network Integration
	2e. Traffic Network Integration
3. Accessibility & Social Inclusion	3a. Key Trip Attractors
	(Education/Health/Commercial/Employment)
	3b. Deprived Geographic Areas
4. Safety	4a. Road Safety
	4b. Pedestrian Safety
5. Environment	5a. Archaeology and Cultural Heritage
	5b. Architectural Heritage
	5c. Flora & Fauna
	5d. Soils, Geology & Hydrology
	5e. Landscape and Visual
	5f Air Quality
	5g. Noise & Vibration
	5h. Land Use Character

Table 4.1: Assessment Criteria

4.4.9 In applying these criteria to the assessment process, it is clearly recognised that for different sections of the study area corridor, greater emphasis may need to be applied to some criterion over others in terms of their significance and influence on the route selection process. In some instances, certain criteria such as Residential & Employment catchments, will be identical between route options. As such, these will not be specifically assessed in such cases.

<u>1.</u> <u>Economy</u>

a. Capital Cost

4.4.10 Capital cost estimates consist of both the indicative infrastructure cost estimate and land acquisition costs. The methodology used in determining these costs, standardised to per-kilometre rates, is described below.

i. Indicative Infrastructure Cost Estimate

- 4.4.11 This sub-criterion is established to assess route options for their likely capital infrastructure cost. Each route option has been assessed relative to the nature and extent of infrastructure requirements to deliver the scheme objectives. In order to evaluate route options, a degree of initial outline design has been undertaken for some routes to inform infrastructure requirements. Infrastructure costs include:-
 - **Carriageway:** whether potential re-alignment (i.e. re-alignment of the carriageway) is necessary and the extent of new or existing pavement reconstruction works required;
 - **Drainage:** the extent to which additional drainage works, or modification of existing drainage networks is required;
 - Services/Utilities: the extent of utility service protection or relocation works required;
 - **Lighting:** whether existing public lighting would need to be replaced or a new public lighting system required along a particular route option;
 - **Structures:** whether the introduction of the proposed scheme on a route would require existing structures to be modified or replaced and consideration of any new structures to be provided;
 - **Construction traffic management:** an assessment of the extent of the likely traffic management measures (e.g. potential diversion of traffic away from the route) required to construct the proposed scheme along routes; and

- **Cycle route infrastructure:** The practicality and extent of works required to accommodate cycle route infrastructure along route options.
- 4.4.12 For the purposes of the route options assessment, a high-level cost estimate has been prepared for each type of construction i.e. upgrade to existing bus lanes within existing reservation, widening of existing reservation including boundary treatment and/or land acquisition etc.

ii. Land Acquisition Cost Estimate

- 4.4.13 This criterion evaluates the likely costs associated with land acquisition and associated boundary/accommodation works for each route option. The assessment takes consideration of: -
 - The number of adjacent public/commercial/residential/industrial properties, from which land acquisition would be required as well as the extent (area) of land acquisition likely to be necessary; and
 - The costs associated with boundary/accommodation works.
- 4.4.14 For the purposes of route options comparison and assessment, the extent of land acquisition required for each route option is calculated by developing an outline design for each option based on ordnance survey mapping available, and applying the following assumed typical scheme characteristics: -
 - 3.0 m wide Bus lane;
 - 3.0 m wide Traffic Lane in areas with posted speed limit less than 60 km/h;
 - 3.25 m wide Traffic Lane in areas with posted speed limit greater than 60 km/h;
 - 2.0 m Footpath;
 - 2.0 m Cycle Track (1 way) where such a provision is required for a Primary Route based on the GDA Cycle Network Plan;
 - 1.75m Cycle Track (1 way) where such a provision is required for a Secondary Route based on the GDA Cycle Network Plan; and

- 3.5m Cycle Track (2 way).
- Shared running between cyclists and motorists where vehicular speeds and volumes permit such a regime as per the National Cycle Manual guidance.
- 4.4.15 Outline designs prepared for some route options also considered any specific constraints and tailored the above assumptions where appropriate to practically minimise land-take without compromising on the overall scheme objectives to maximise bus priority. It should be noted that where the lane provisions above are not achievable in both directions alternative routing for cyclists and/or separation of inbound/outbound bus and traffic lanes have been designed.
- 4.4.16 The areas of land-take required are presented as being either public land or private land. For the purposes of comparing route options, public land is generally defined as the space between physical boundaries on either side of a road (e.g. property boundary wall to property boundary wall). Areas outside the road reservation are assumed to be private land except where it is clear that it is owned by a public entity (e.g. a public park). Any private land that may be located within the road reservation, but are not clearly private land, are considered as public areas as part of this methodology. This exercise has been based on a combination of available Ordnance Survey mapping, topographical survey and site measurements.
- 4.4.17 The methodology typically adopted in calculating the land acquisition costs is very site specific (value of the property, costs of acquiring and moving to a new property etc.). However, for the purpose of this assessment, a high-level assessment methodology has been used to develop a cost per square metre (sqm) for private land acquisition based on valuations carried out by TII (RPA) for other public transport projects. Using this information, a rate of €1,500/sqm has been applied to route options to derive an indicative cost for private land-take for all route options.
- 4.4.18 For the purposes of this assessment, no cost has been assumed for public land acquisition.

b. Transport Reliability and Quality of Service

4.4.19 This criterion assesses route options in terms of the degree to which transport reliability and quality of service is likely to be achieved, with associated economic benefits. The assessment considers the following attributes: -

i. Journey Time

- 4.4.20 The extent to which journey time savings, and associated economic benefits, for public transport services, including the CBC, can be achieved on a route. This would be practically achieved through the extent to which any or all of the following measures can be implemented:-
 - Enhancement of existing bus and / or provision of new bus priority along road links;
 - Provision of bus priority through junctions (preferably through signal controlled junctions);
 - Local upgrading of road sections to provide more carriageway space and therefore, additional capacity;
 - Use of traffic signals to provide virtual priority where fully segregated facilities are not practically achievable (e.g. bus priority signalling);
 - Removal of 'pinch points' for bus services and traffic along the route; and
 - Rationalisation of existing bus stops in terms of location, indentation (i.e. ability to provide laybys to avoid blockage of bus lanes) and spacing.
- 4.4.21 Journey times for each route option have been calculated by comparing the time required by a bus to travel between common start and end points on each route. Where both the start and end points are not the same for each route option (e.g. at the start/end of the route/the scheme terminus), the journey time is calculated between one common point and the end of the route. The following assumptions have been made in calculating the comparative journey times along route options:-
 - Operational speed (free-flow) of 50 kph in suburban areas and 30 kph in City Centre areas;

- Dwell time of 20 seconds per stop on average (assumes introduction of cashless fares as part of the CBC/Bus Service upgrade programme in the Greater Dublin Area); and
- Delay of 15 seconds per junction on average (assumes buses stop at every second junction i.e. 30 second delay at every second junction).
- 4.4.22 These assumptions assume dedicated bus priority infrastructure or free-flowing traffic conditions along a route section by direction of travel. Where the indicative scheme determined for a route suggests that this is not practically achievable, modified speeds and delay assumption are applied as appropriate. These additional delays are estimated based on available queue length information, automatic vehicle location information from Dublin Bus and estimates of the impact of traffic management measures (such as bus priority signalling). Delays at junctions and stops include delays associated with deceleration /acceleration to/from a stationary position.

ii. Number of Signalised Junctions

4.4.23 The number of signalised junctions along each route have been compared. Regardless of the level of practical or feasible bus priority provided at signalised junctions, there will always be an element of delay to buses associated with signalised junctions, even with the most efficient signalling system being provided. While it is impossible to completely avoid signalised junctions on any route option, this risk of potential delay has been considered when comparing route options. This feeds into the overall journey time calculations as indicated above.

c. Level of Bus Priority Provision

4.4.24 The level of bus priority achievable along route options has been considered and compared. The level of priority is predominantly concerned with the degree to which road space can practically be allocated to buses, the amount of protection afforded to this priority (i.e. segregation) and the provision at junctions such as

bus lanes at the stop line. This feeds into the overall journey time calculations as indicated above.

2. Integration

a. Land-Use Policy

- 4.4.25 This criterion identifies the extent to which a route would encourage or support planned development and provide for economic opportunities; whether particular route options offer synergies with other urban enhancement proposals and whether route options afford the potential to regenerate particular streets or quarters.
- 4.4.26 The interaction of routes with Local Area Plans (LAPs), masterplans or specific objectives in the County Development Plans are also considered under this criterion where they propose specific transport related objectives or policies.

b. Residential Population and Employment Catchments

i. Residential Population Catchments

4.4.27 This criterion compares the existing residential populations within 5 and 10 minute walk catchments from existing bus stops on routes and is representative of the number of potential users for a particular route option. The assessment does not quantitatively assess the future populations of zoned, but yet undeveloped residential development lands along route options. The analysis involved extracting 2011 population statistics from the Central Statistics Office (CSO) 'small areas' dataset. GeoDirectory was used to assist in calculating the proportional figures for the population within the specific contour bands for each of the routes. This information was subsequently used to calculate the population living within the contours.

ii. Employment Population Catchments

4.4.28 This criterion compares the existing employment populations within a 10 minute walk catchment. The analysis involved extracting information from the 2011 POWSCAR (Place of Work, School, or College - Census of Anonymised Records)

data, which contains data on employment and school goers within specific areas. The areas used for the analysis were taken from the NTA's multi-modal transport model of the Greater Dublin Area and correspond to the zones defined in the model. These zones are effectively modified Central Statistics Office (CSO) boundaries. GeoDirectory was used to assist in calculating the proportional figures for the employment units within the specific contour bands for each of the routes. This information was subsequently used to calculate the number of people working within the contours. As with the residential population catchments, the assessment does not quantitatively assess the future populations of zoned, but yet undeveloped commercial development lands along route options.

4.4.29 It should be noted that in the case of route options which converge with other CBC, BRT or other public transport corridors the residential and employment population served by these different corridors have been deducted to avoid duplication of population figures.

c. Transport Network Integration

4.4.30 This criterion identifies the extent to which route options would maximise wider public transport usage and reach in terms of facilitating efficient interchange between transport modes (e.g. Luas, DART, rail stations, public (other CBC) and private bus operators & Dublinbikes). Linked to this, is the availability of space at potential interchange locations for facilities such as cycle parking areas, covered interchange areas, safe walking areas to and from stops, kiss-and-ride etc.

d. Cycle Network Integration

4.4.31 This criterion is established to assess route options for the practicality of achieving cycle track segregation and their potential to integrate high quality cycle facilities. The assessment considers the following: -

i. Compatibility with the GDA Cycle Network Plan

4.4.32 This criterion considers whether a route option forms part of the GDA Cycle Network Plan, with routes where CBC and designated Cycle Routes overlap given a higher designation in terms of benefits arising where cycle infrastructure can be provided as part of the proposed scheme. In some instances, however it may be more appropriate to provide a parallel cycle track off the CBC route. Consideration is also given to cycle routes intersecting with the CBC route.

ii. Quality of Infrastructure for Cyclists

4.4.33 The quality of cycle provision practically achievable on route options has been assessed. For comparison purposes, the highest level of practical cycle provision achievable on each route has been determined and compared between route options.

e. Traffic Network Integration

- 4.4.34 A comparative assessment of the expected traffic impact of each option has been undertaken for routes formed by combining route options which remain from the previous assessment stages. This assessment was undertaken based on professional judgement and an understanding of traffic conditions in the Study Area established following traffic surveys undertaken.
- 4.4.35 This represents a high-level assessment of the traffic impact of the route options considered in the Stage 2 Multi Criteria Analysis (MCA). The anticipated traffic impact expected to be incurred by motorists using private vehicles as a result of the different route options will be assessed. The dis-benefit experienced by motorists in respect of reduced junction capacity and restricted movements will be considered. To this end, data gathered, such as traffic count surveys, is also used to establish the likely traffic impacts.

3. Accessibility and Social Inclusion

a. Key Trip Attractors

- 4.4.36 This assessment criterion identifies key trip attractors located within approximate 15 minute walk catchments which would generate significant demand for the CBC service but would not be otherwise picked up by either the employment or residential catchment analysis. For the purposes of this assessment the following land-uses have been considered as key trip attractors:
 - Education (schools and universities);
 - Commercial centres (shopping centres, town centres etc.);
 - Healthcare (hospitals);
 - Employment (business parks, large office developments etc.); and
 - Leisure (parks, sports grounds etc.)

b. Deprived Geographic Areas

4.4.37 The possible impact of the route options on deprived areas including RAPID (Revitalising Areas by Planning, Investment and Development) areas according to the Pobal Deprivation Index was investigated.

<u>4.</u> <u>Safety</u>

a. Road Safety

- 4.4.38 Generally, the introduction of CBC will result in a reduction in road incidents due to people switching from private car to public transport. However, the reduction in incidents is unlikely to differ between various route options, particularly over the short sections being investigated as part of this assessment.
- 4.4.39 Therefore, for the purposes of comparing route options, the number of junctions along the route has been used as a proxy for road safety. The number of junctions is effectively a measure of the number of potential conflicts on the route and therefore a measure of the potential for a collision.

4.4.40 The type of movement required by the bus at junctions on the route is also considered with routes where turning movements (either left or right) are required being assigned a lower ranking in terms of safety.

b. Pedestrian Safety

4.4.41 This criterion assesses the safety of passengers accessing the stops along the route. This is predominantly concerned with the proximity of bus stops to crossing facilities and the presence of footpaths along desire lines to bus stops.

<u>5. Environmental</u>

4.4.42 The scope and methodology for the environmental assessment was established by considering what environmental aspects are likely to be impacted and are therefore of importance in evaluating the route options. A list of the environmental topics considered is outlined in **Table 4.2** overleaf.

Aspect	Rationale
	Included in Environmental Assessment
5.a./5.b.	The provision of CBC infrastructure has the potential to impact on the
Archaeological,	archaeological, architectural and cultural heritage environment. At this stage
Architectural and	of the assessment process, a conservative approach has been adopted in
Cultural Heritage	assessing the potential for impact and this is further described below.
5.c. Flora and Fauna	The provision of CBC infrastructure has the potential to impact on flora and
	fauna.
5.d. Soils, Geology &	The provision of CBC infrastructure has the potential to impact on soil and
Hydrology	geology as a result of land-take and possible ground excavation (including
	potential to encounter ground contamination).
	In relation to Hydrology, the provision of CBC infrastructure has the potential
	to impact on surface water bodies as a result of land-take (with particular
	emphasis on floodplains and flood zones).
5.e. Landscape and	The provision of CBC infrastructure has the potential to impact the
Visual	townscape/streetscape along the CBC route.
5.f Air Quality	The provision of CBC infrastructure has the potential to impact the air quality
	along the CBC route.
5.g. Noise & Vibration	The provision of CBC infrastructure has the potential to impact the noise
	environment along the CBC route.
5.h. Land Use	The provision of CBC infrastructure has the potential to impact on land use
Character	character through land-take, severance or reduction of viability which
	prevents or reduces it from being used for its intended use.
	Scoped out of Environmental Assessment
Agronomy	Given the urban/suburban nature of the proposed scheme and the
	assumption that the CBC will run on predominantly existing road
	infrastructure this aspect is not considered to be relevant to the assessment.
Hydrogeology	Hydrogeology is not considered to be a determining factor in the selection of
	the preferred route option. Also at this stage of the design process it is not
	possible to determine the quality, type or duration of these impacts,
	particularly as the location and type of structures e.g. underpasses, bridges
	etc. is unknown.
Property/Land	This aspect has been considered separately as part of the Economy criterion
Acquisition	in the overall multi-criteria analysis commensurate with the information
	available at the route option assessment stage.
Socio-economics	Elements of socio-economics such as journey times, catchment analysis,
	transport integration, quality of service for cyclists etc. are assessed under
	other non-environmental criteria and will be considered as part of the multi-
	criteria analysis.
Table 4	2: Environmental Aspects Considered

Table 4.2: Environmental Aspects Considered

4.4.43 When preparing the Environmental Impact Assessment Report (EIAR) for the preferred route and scheme design, the environmental topics which have been

a/b. Archaeological, Architectural and Cultural Heritage

- 4.4.44 As mentioned previously a conservative approach has initially been adopted in undertaking the route options assessment in relation to the archaeological, architectural and cultural heritage environment. The constraints comprise Recorded Monuments and Protected Structures (RMPs) within 50m of each CBC route section, extending to 250m in greenfield areas. Sites of archaeological and cultural heritage merit and sites of architectural heritage merit which are directly intersected by the CBC route sections are also included within the scope of this assessment.
- 4.4.45 As a result, the assessment effectively evaluates the potential for impact on architectural heritage from façade to façade which provides for a comparative and qualitative evaluation of Protected Structures along route sections, in particular along heavily developed sections such as those identified within the City Centre.
- 4.4.46 Whilst the CBC route will primarily travel on existing established road networks, the City Centre, Rathgar and Rathmines areas of the study area have greater potential that adjacent structures and buildings will be impacted by the proposed scheme (while acknowledging that the designation of, and protection afforded to a Protected Structure is not restricted to the structure itself but to all elements within its curtilage, e.g. coal cellars and boundary elements). An architectural heritage desktop study was undertaken to investigate the feasibility of developing the CBC route from Rathfarnham to Rathmines. The selection of a viable route options in these areas will involve the running of the CBC service in the vicinity of numerous Protected Structures irrespective of which route section is preferred (archaeological, architectural and cultural heritage is only one of the proposed scheme will seek to avoid and minimise impacts on architectural heritage.

c. Flora & Fauna

- 4.4.47 The provision of bus priority infrastructure has the potential to impact on flora & fauna.
- 4.4.48 A broad assessment of the likely impacts of each of the route options on the key ecological receptors was undertaken, with an indication as to which, if any, of these were likely to be significant, and at what geographical level. The impacts were compared to allow an order of preference to be determined.
- 4.4.49 Features considered included the following:
 - Records of rare or protected plant species;
 - Records of protected fauna;
 - Identified designated ecological areas and other areas of ecological importance including ecological corridors and areas of green infrastructure; and
 - Watercourses and fisheries waters.

d. Soils, Geology & Hydrology

- 4.4.50 The provision of bus priority infrastructure has the potential to impact on soil and geology as a result of land-take and possible ground excavation (including potential to encounter ground contamination).
- 4.4.51 Attributes (and impacts) assessed for each route option included the following (where relevant):
 - Historic land use and potential contamination;
 - Geology / Areas of Geological Significance;
 - Soil quality, drainage characteristics and range of agricultural uses of soil along each route corridor; and
 - Potential implications for existing quarry or mining activities and future extractable reserves.
- 4.4.52 The impact at each geographic level was compared to allow an order of preference to be determined. The provision of bus priority infrastructure has the potential to impact on surface water bodies as a result of land-take (with

particular emphasis on floodplains and flood zones). Attributes (and impacts) assessed for each route option included the following (where relevant):

- watercourses crossed by each route corridor and potential impact on water quality arising from re-alignment works;
- discharge to receiving waters and drainage network;
- aquatic ecological sites close to and downstream of water crossings;
- surface water abstraction close to and downstream of water crossings;
- established amenity value of surface waters traversed by each route corridor, and
- potential increase (or reduction) in flood risk to existing properties.
- 4.4.53 The impact at each geographic level was compared to allow an order of preference to be determined.

e. Landscape & Visual

- 4.4.54 The provision of bus priority infrastructure has the potential to impact the townscape/streetscape along the route.
- 4.4.55 The assessment comprised the compilation of a desktop understanding of:
 - the landscape/townscape, its character and features;
 - the visual environment, including the location of residential and other properties and views over the landscape;
 - the landscape planning context, including landscape designations, open spaces, identified views and prospects, etc.; and
 - relationship with protected structures, conservation areas, national monuments etc.
- 4.4.56 The impact at each geographic level was compared to allow an order of preference to be determined.

f. Air Quality

- 4.4.57 The provision of bus priority infrastructure has the potential to impact the air quality along the route. The assessment considered each route section, in terms of sensitive receptors and density of development in order to identify the most suitable route from an air quality perspective.
- 4.4.58 The TII guidelines define sensitive receptor locations as: residential housing, schools, hospitals, places of worship, sports centres and shopping areas, i.e. locations where members of the public are likely to be regularly present.
- 4.4.59 The impacts associated with each route option were compared to allow an order of preference to be determined.
- 4.4.60 It is important to note that the proposed route will primarily travel on existing established road networks. For the purposes of this assessment, air quality impact is quantified based on whether the road is moving closer to sensitive receptors i.e. road widening. However, any road widening would result in only marginal impacts to air quality at sensitive receptors and therefore the severity of any air quality impact would be minimal.

g. Noise & Vibration

- 4.4.61 The provision of bus priority infrastructure has the potential to impact the noise environment along the route. The assessment considered each route section, in terms of sensitive receptors and density of development in order to identify the most suitable route from an air quality perspective.
- 4.4.62 The TII guidelines define sensitive receptor locations as: residential housing, schools, hospitals, places of worship, sports centres and shopping areas, i.e. locations where members of the public are likely to be regularly present.
- 4.4.63 The impacts associated with each route option were compared to allow an order of preference to be determined.
- 4.4.64 Similar to air quality, noise & vibration impact is quantified based on whether the road is moving closer to sensitive receptors i.e. road widening. However, any

road widening would result in only marginal impacts to air quality at sensitive receptors and therefore the severity of any air quality impact would be minimal.

h. Land Use Character

4.4.65 The provision of bus priority infrastructure has the potential to impact on land use character through land-take, severance or reduction of viability which prevents or reduces it from being used for its intended use.

4.5 Route Options Summary Table

- 4.5.1 For each study area section, a route options summary table in Project Appraisal Balance Sheet (PABS) format has been prepared which collates and summarises the appraisal of route options under each of the assessment criterion.
- 4.5.2 The route options summary table for each study area section is presented in **Appendix A, B & C**, for Sections 2 and 3, respectively.
- 4.5.3 For each individual assessment criterion considered, routes have been relatively compared against each other based on a five-point scale, ranging from having significant advantages to having significant disadvantages over other route options. For illustrative purposes, this five-point scale is colour coded as presented in **Table 4.3**, with advantageous routes graded to 'dark green' and disadvantaged routes graded to 'dark red'.

Colour	Description
	Significant advantages over the other options
	Some advantages over other options
	Neutral compared to other options
	Some disadvantages over other options
	Significant disadvantages compared to other options

Table 4.3: Route Options Colour Coded Ranking Scale

- 4.5.4 The extent of reporting may vary between each study area section and the route options being assessed, depending on the significance attached to specific criterion in terms of route differentiation.
- 4.5.5 At the end of each individual route options assessment, an overall Multi Criterion Appraisal (MCA) table is provided, bringing together each of the individual criterion assessments.
- 4.5.6 This is then summarised for each study area section under the main assessment criterion as set out in **Table 4.1**.
- 4.5.7 A qualitative appraisal of the conclusions from the route options assessment is then provided, highlighting the key issues considered in determining recommended route options ('preferred' and in some instances, where applicable, 'next preferred'). It should be noted that a balanced approach is taken when assessing the preferred routes. All criteria are considered in undertaking the assessment and a lower ranking on one criterion, for example, will not necessarily mean that the route is not suitable.

5.0 SECTION 1 ROUTE OPTION ASSESSMENT

5.1 Section 1 – Introduction

5.1.1 When assessing route options for Section 1 of the study area, generally there are three principal routes between Marley Park and the Dodder crossing namely via Stone Mason's Way, Grange Road and Ballyboden Road as illustrated in Figure 5.1 below. Each of these routes currently carry less frequent bus services which converge at Nutgrove Avenue in the vicinity of the junction with Grange Road.



Figure 5.1: Principal Routes for Section 1

5.1.2 The Core Bus Network, as defined in the 'Transport Strategy for the Greater Dublin Area 2016 – 2035', is characterised by routes with a high frequency of bus services, high passenger volumes and with significant trip attractors along the route. It is along these routes where the demand for travel necessitates and justifies a greater level of infrastructural investment in order to minimise delays to these services.

- 5.1.3 Therefore, the junction between Nutgrove Avenue & Grange Road represents a natural starting point at southern extent of the Rathfarnham to City Centre CBC as the anticipated travel demand between this point and the City Centre would justify the level of infrastructure proposed as part of the Transport Strategy for the GDA.
- 5.1.4 In addition to the principles of the Core Bus Network as set out above, the Strategy also states that the Core Network corridors, such as Rathfarnham to City Centre, shall be 'supplemented by other bus services operating on lower frequency routes' with multiple origins such as the routes via Stone Mason's Way, Grange Road & Ballyboden Road. There are also several options between these 3 routes which primarily serve the residential catchments of the villages of Ballyboden, Rathfarnham and Nutgrove (SW 1 23). These route options have not been taken forward to the Stage 1 assessment as a result.
- 5.1.5 Whilst these routes form part of the Study Area they will not be considered to form part of the Rathfarnham to City Centre CBC proposals as the level of infrastructural investment required could not be justified in terms of travel demand at present.
- 5.1.6 The assessment process for Section 1 has been outlined in Section 4 of this report. In this Section of the report it is proposed to set out the two-stage assessment procedure and the results for the section of the study area between Grange Road/Nutrove Avenue & the Dodder Crossing. Route options which passed the initial Stage 1 Assessment were progressed to the Stage 2 Assessment.
- 5.1.7 However, before undertaking a full Stage 2 multi- criteria assessment of route options there are a number of scheme options which have been considered owing to the generally constrained nature of certain sections of the study area. A number of scheme options have been subjected to an initial comparative assessment. The preferred scheme option emerging from this initial assessment

is taken forward to form part of the route options considered as part of the Stage 2 multi – criteria assessment as illustrated in the Figure 5.2 below.

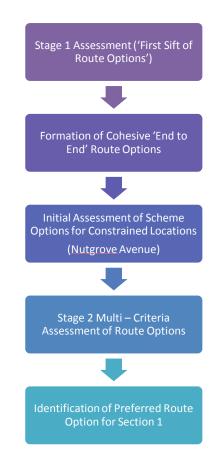


Figure 5.2: Route Option Assessment Stages

5.1.8 The assessment of the options for Section 1 is discussed further in Sections 5.2 & 5.3 below.

5.2 Section 1: Stage 1 - Route Option Assessment

5.2.1 Each of the route options considered as part of the Stage 1 route option assessment for Section 1 are illustrated in **Figure 5.3** below.

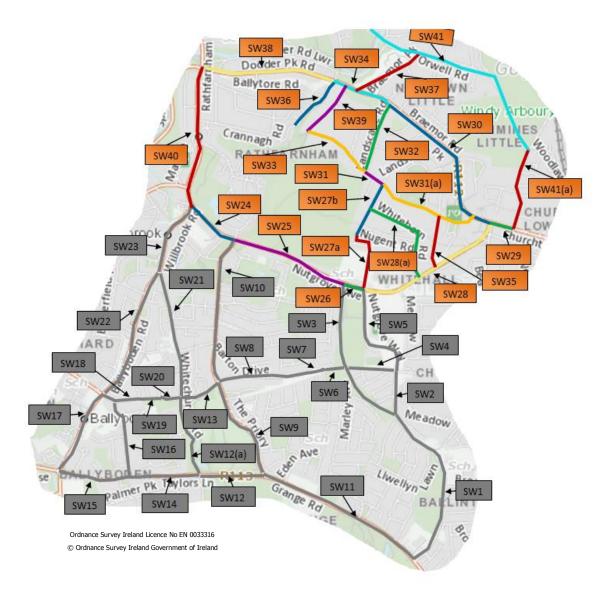


Figure 5.3: Route Options within Section 1 of Study Area

5.2.2 **Table 5.1** below presents a summary of the 'Stage 1' route options sifting process for Section 1.

Route Option	Name / Section	Area Characteristics	Comments	Pass/ Fail
SW24	Grange Road (between Willbrook Rd & Nutgrove Avenue)	 Suburban Off road cycle track outbound St Mary's Boys National School Mature Trees (Rathfarnham Castle) Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. S04) 	This route is a single carriageway 3 lane road (2GT & 1BL) (approx. 8.6-10.6m wide carriageway). There is currently a bus lane travelling in the inbound direction. Full bus priority and segregated cycle facilities may be achievable in the outbound dirction by widening the carriageway mainly on the northern sides. However, this would include encroachment into Rathfarnham Castle Grounds (max width 4.7m, over length of 220m) and would also result in a loss of up to 2-5m from the back gardens from the residential properties on the northern side of Grange Rd (Rathfarnham Wood House No.10,11,12). Full bus priority may be achievable as such this section will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass
SW25	Nutgrove Avenue (between Grange Road & Loreto Row)	 Suburban Off road cycle track Commercial/Retail Young Trees On street parking for residents & customers Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. S04) 	This route is a single carriageway 3 lane road (2GT & 1BL) (approx. 9 - 13m wide carriageway). There is currently a bus lane travelling inbound direction. Provision of bus priority outbound (eastbound) from Grange Rd junction would result in a loss of up to 4.6m from the front gardens/driveways of the residential properties on the southern side (even house No. 12-50A & 54-92). A number of commercial properties are on the footpath edge on the northern side of the road. Land take would be necessary from the Rathfarnham Scout Den and the brownfield site adjacent to provide fully segregated bus and cycle facilities. The brownfield site is the subject of an approved planning application for a filling station. On-street parking on the northern side of the carriageway for Nutgrove Court will be eliminated. On-street parking for consumers at the shops would also be removed, customers can park in on-street parking places at the green area/sports pitches or new parking area could be provided behind Loreto Court. The reallocation of traffic lanes to bus lanes will be needed to ensure bus priority at junctions for the northbound (inbound) direction which may create capacity constraints. Full bus priority may be achievable as such this section will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass

Table 5.1: Route Option Sifting (Stage 1) Summary – Section 1

Route Option	Name / Section	Area Characteristics	Comments	Pass/ Fail
SW26	Nutgrove Avenue (between Loreto Row & Nutgrove Way)	 Suburban Off road cycle track Commercial/Retail Green area (Loreto Park) Early Mature trees Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. S04) 	 This route is a single carriageway 3 lane road (2GT & 1BL) (approx. 9.2m wide carriageway). There is currently a bus lane travelling in the inbound direction. Provision of bus priority outbound/eastbound (20m) from Loreto Row junction would require of up to 4m of landtake from Loreto Park for its entire length of 120m. Bus priority (without cycle lanes 16m) would result in no land take on Loreto Park. Full bus priority may be achievable as such this section will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment. 	Pass
SW27 (a)	Whitehall Road	 Suburban Advisory Cycle lanes Good Shepherd National School Commercial/Retail Feeder cycle route (GDA CNP) 	Single carriageway road (10.0-10.2m) including advisory cycle lane) in residential suburban area. Full bus priority is achievable however, possible encroachment into Hazel Brook Square or Good Shepherd National School. School bus layby may need to be reallocated. Full bus priority may be achievable as such this section will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass
SW27 (b)	Whitehall Road	 Suburban No Cycle lanes Good Shepherd National School Feeder cycle route (GDA CNP) 	Single carriageway road 2 lane road (approx. 5.8-8.0m wide carriageway), residential suburban area. Limited potential to widen road over much of its length. Full bus priority cannot be achievabled due to the close proximity to the protected structure "The bottle tower" (5m from footpath edge). Due to the constraints along the route and the route being circuitous; it is not a feasible option and will not be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment. However, this route option may be considered appropriate for traffic diversions and/or cycle routes as part of subsequent schemes progressed to the Stage 2 Assessment	Fail
SW28	Nutgrove Avenue	 Suburban Off road cycle track in both directions Church of the Good Shepherd Young – Early Mature Trees Retail Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. S04) 	Single carriageway 3 lane (2 general traffic, 1 bus lane) (approx. 9.3-9.4m wide carriageway). Bus lane start in either direction at the Church of the Good Sheppard in this suburban area with residential and retail uses. Full bus priority in both directions is achievable, provision of full bus priority (including on-road mandatory cycle lane) in both directions would result in a loss of up to 4m from residential properties. A number of the residential buildings are some 5.6m from the footpath, therefore land take will be required from both sides of the carriageway. Full bus priority may be achievable as such this section will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass
SW28(a)	Whitebarn Road	 Suburban No cycle lanes Residential Young Trees No provision for cycle route (GDA CNP) 	This road is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 4.9- 6.3m wide carriageway), with footways available on either side. Residents generally have parking within property boundaries. Bus priority will require tree removal along half of the route. The road is residential in nature and the alignment is not suitable for a CBC, as a result, it is not a feasible option and will not be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Fail

		Table 5.1: Route Option	n Sifting (Stage 1) Summary – Section 1	
Route Option	Name / Section	Area Characteristics	Comments	Pass/ Fail
SW29	Churchtown Rd Upper	 Urban Off road cycle track in both directions Retail Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. SO4) 	This is a four lane carriageway approximately 15m wide (2 lanes in each direction), raised adjacent cycle track and footway available on both sides. Bus priority may be achievable by reducing the width of the general traffic lanes and widening the carriageway however this would also include encroachment into residential driveway/front gardens. Reallocation of traffic lanes from general traffic to buses may be needed to ensure priority at junctions. Full bus priority may be achievable as such this section will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass
SW30	Braemor Road (between Nutgrove Avenue & Whitehall Rd)	 Suburban Off road cycle track in both directions Retail Young Trees in verge along route. Mature Tress in open green area. Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. SO4) 	Braemor Road is a single carriageway 2 lane road, ranging from 7.5-8m in width, with raised adjacent cycle tracks and footways available on either side. Footpath separated from the carriageway by grassed verge. Bus priority may be achievable in both directions by reducing the width of the general traffic and utilising the verges (removal of young trees) on the corridor. Full bus priority may be achievable as such this section will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass
SW31	Churchtown Road Upper (between Whitehall Rd & Landscape Rd)	 Suburban Residential No cycle lanes Young trees Feeder cycle route (GDA CNP) 	This route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (9-9.2m wide carriageway), with footways available on either side. Footpath separated from the carriageway by grassed verge. Bus priority may be achievable in both directions by reducing the width of the general traffic and widening into the verges (removal of semi/mature trees) on the corridor. Bus priority will require young tree removal and relocating of overhead power supply, but it is a feasible option and will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass
SW31(a)	Churchtown Road Upper (between Braemor Road and Landscape Park)	 Suburban Residential No cycle lanes Semi/mature trees No provision for cycle route (GDA CNP) 	This Route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 8.7- 9.5m wide carriageway), with footways available on either side. Footpath separated from the carriageway by grassed verge. Bus priority may be achievable in both directions by reducing the width of the general traffic and widening into the verges (removal of semi/mature trees) on the corridor. Bus priority may be achieved, as such this route will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass
SW32	Landscape Road	 Suburban Retail Commercial No cycle lanes Semi/mature trees Feeder cycle route (GDA CNP) 	This Route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 8.3- 8.6m wide carriageway), footways either side, suburban residential area. Bus priority may be achievable in both directions by reducing the width of the general traffic and widening the carriageway however this would include encroachment into residential driveway/front gardens and the removal of a number of on-street parking for commercial properties. Some houses have steps to entrance directly from road level, which would present difficulties for widening and land acquisition. As a result, it is not a feasible option and will not be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Fail
SW33	Hillside Drive (between Whitehall Rd & Castle Golf Club)	 Suburban Residential No cycle lanes Semi/mature trees Feeder cycle route (GDA CNP) 	This road is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 9.0- 9.2m wide carriageway), with footways available on either side. Footpath separated from the carriageway by grassed verge. Residents generally have parking within property boundaries. Bus priority will require tree removal. The road is residential in nature and the alignment is not suitable for a CBC. As a result, it is not a feasible option and will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Fail

Route	Name / Section	Area Characteristics	Comments	Pass/
Option	Nume / Section	Area characteristics	comments	Fail
SW34	Braemor Road (between Whitehall Rd & Woodside)	 Suburban Off road cycle lanes Young – Mature Trees Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. SO4) 	Braemor Road is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 9.1-9.3m wide carriageway), with off road cycle tracks and footways available on either side. Bus priority may be achievable in both directions by reducing the width of the general traffic and widening into footpaths on both sides of the carriageway. Full bus priority may be achievable as such this section will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass
SW35	Oakdown Road	 Suburban Residential No cycle lanes Young Trees Church No provision for cycle route (GDA CNP) 	This road is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 4.9- 6.3m wide carriageway), with footways available on either side. Residents generally have parking within property boundaries. Bus priority will require land acquisition from The Church of Good Sheppard and removal of trees along the route. The road is residential in nature and the alignment is not suitable for a CBC. Due to the aforementioned constraints, this route will not be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Fail
SW36	Woodside	 Suburban Residential No cycle lanes Semi/mature trees No provision for cycle route (GDA CNP) 	This Route is a single carriageway 2 lane road, approx.9m in width, with footways available on either side in a Suburban residential area. Residents generally have parking within property boundaries. There is a level difference of over 10m between the route links and there are a number of environmental issues through the green area (removal of trees), as a result it is not a feasible option and will not be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Fail
SW37	Braemor Park	 Suburban Residential No cycle lanes No provision for cycle route (GDA CNP) 	This road is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 6.5- 7.8m wide carriageway), with narrow footways. Bus priority may not be achievable due to the proximity to the adjacent properties (a pinch point of 8.8m exists between Mount Carmel Hospital Boundary Wall and house boundary lines on opposite sides of the carriageway). Provision of one-way bus priority (including cycle lanes) could result in a loss of up to 8m from the residential properties on the eastern side of Braemor Park, leaving the remaining gardens/driveways with only approximately 2-5m between the building line and the roadside boundary. Continuous one-way bus priority would not be feasible along this section due to the excessive land acquisition of residents. Full bus priority will be difficult to achieve as such this section will not be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Fail
SW38	Dodder Park Road (between Woodside Rd & Rathfarnham Rd)	 Suburban Advisory Cycle lane Mature trees No provision for cycle route (GDA CNP No. S04) 	Dodder Park Road is a single carriageway 2 lane road (9.0- 9.2m wide carriageway including advisory cycle lane), footways available on either side. Footpath separated from the carriageway by grassed verge. Bus priority may be achievable in both directions by reducing the width of the general traffic and utilising the verges (removal of semi- mature trees)/green areas on the corridor. Full bus priority may be achievable as such this section will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass

		Table 5.1: Route Option	n Sifting (Stage 1) Summary – Section 1	
Route Option	Name / Section	Area Characteristics	Comments	Pass/ Fail
SW39	Hillside Drive (between Whitehall Rd & Castle Golf Club)	 Suburban Residential No cycle lanes Young and Semi-Mature trees Feeder cycle route (GDA CNP) 	Suburban residential area. This Route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (6.0-6.2m wide carriageway), with footways available on either side. Footpath separated from the carriageway by grassed verge. Residents generally have parking within property boundaries. Provision of bus priority will require tree removal. The road is residential in nature and the alignment is not suitable for a CBC. As a result, it is not a feasible option and will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Fail
SW40	Rathfarnham Rd	 Suburban On-road Mandatory cycle lanes Retail (Rathfarnham Village) Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 10) 	This route ranges in carriageway width from 14m (2 GT lanes including cycle lane) to 17m (2GT & 2 Bus lanes no cycle lanes). Bus priority may be achieved for majority of the link. Necessary removal of on-street car parking at shops/Yellow House pub. Reallocation of traffic lanes from general traffic to buses may be needed to ensure bus priority at junctions (both at Yellow House and entrance to Rathfarnham Village). Bus priority may be achievable; route is therefore carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass
SW41	Orwell Road (between Churchtown Rd & Orwell Park)	 Suburban No cycle lanes Milltown Golf Course Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 11B) 	This Route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 6.6- 12.6m wide carriageway), has footways on either side of the carriageway except for section from Churchtown Road through Milltown Golf Course which has footpath on the eastern side only. Bus priority in both directions may be achievable, however land acquisition would be necessary. Encroachment into Milltown Golf Course (max width 4.7m, over length of 450m). Land take from a number of residential front gardens/driveways would be required (c 6-12 residential properties max 3m). Widening of the bridge over the Dodder (3.5m) is required. Bus priority may be achievable; therefore, carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass
SW41(a)	Churchtown Rd Lower (Churchtown Rd Upper between Whitechurch Rd and Orwell Rd)	 Suburban Residential Windy Arbour Luas No cycle lanes Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 11B) 	This is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 5.0-8.0m wide carriageway). At the start of link there is room for only one footpath on the Eastern side of the carriageway. Provision of full bus lanes may not be achievable due to the proximity to the adjacent properties, a pinch point of 7.75m exists between the boundary lines of properties on opposite sides of the carriageway. Due to the aforementioned constraints along this route, it has not been carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Fail
SW42	Churchtown Rd Lower (between Orwell Rd & Milltown Rd)	 Suburban No cycle lanes Milltown Golf Course Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 11B) 	The route is a single carriageway road (approx. 9-9.2m wide carriageway). Full bus priority may be achievable in both directions by widening the carriageway in the western direction however this would include encroachment into Milltown Golf Course (width ranging from 7-9m, over length of 1km). Bus priority may not be achievable at the end of the link due to a pinch point of 10.5m (bridge width) on Classon Bridge (by The Dropping Well Pub). Widening of Classon bridge is not feasible as it is a listed structure. Due to the extent of land acquisition required and widening of the bridge being unachievable, it is not a feasible option, as such it has not been carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Fail

Table 6.1: Route Option Sifting (Stage 1) Summary – Section 1	Table 6.1:
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5.2.3 Of these twenty-three options considered for Section 1, thirteen (SW 24, 25, 26, 27 (a), 28, 29, 30, 31, 34, 38, 40, 41 & 31(a) were progressed to the next assessment stage. These route options are presented in **Figure 4.4** below.

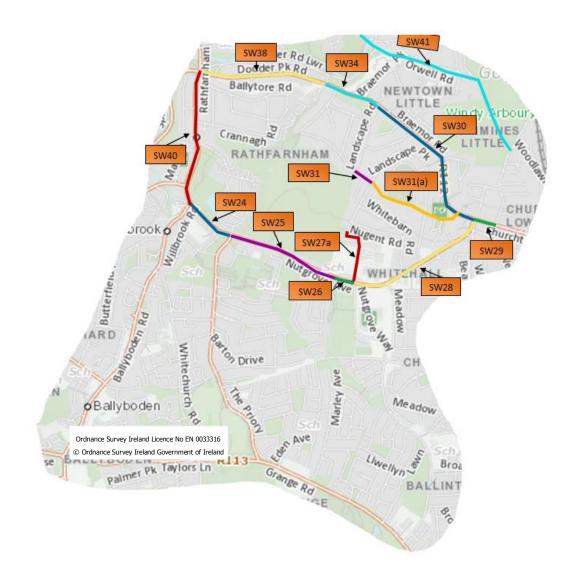


Figure 5.4: Route Options passing Stage 1 'Sift' in Section 1

5.3 Section 1: Stage 2 – Options Assessment

Introduction

5.3.1 Following the 'Stage 1' sift for the Section 1 study area, the remaining 13 route options were combined to form three cohesive route options (SA1, SA2 &SB1) between Grange Road/Nutgrove Avenue junction and the Dodder River crossing as shown in **Figure 5.5** below. It should be noted that certain route options which pass the Stage 1 assessment were not taken forward to the Stage 2 assessment as they were isolated links which do not combine with other route options to form cohesive routes.





- 5.3.2 The following three route options, as identified above, were taken forward:
 - Option SA1 via Grange Road, Rathfarnham Road;
 - Option SA2 via Grange Road, Rathfarnham Road (Parallel cycle route via Rathfarnham Wood, Castleside Drive); and
 - Option SB1 via Nutgrove Avenue, Nutgrove Way, Braemor Road, Dodder Park Road;

- 5.3.3 Within the aforementioned route options, there are two constrained locations which require specific consideration. These scheme options have been brought through an initial assessment to determine the optimum layout for these areas to be included in the principle route options listed above. These sub-options are presented in **Figure 5.6** below:
 - Sub-option NAR Nutgrove Avenue from Grange Road junction travelling southeast (inbound) bound towards Nutgrove Shopping Centre; and
 - Sub-option NAC Nutgrove Avenue travelling northeast (inbound) bound towards Churchtown from Nutgrove Way junction.

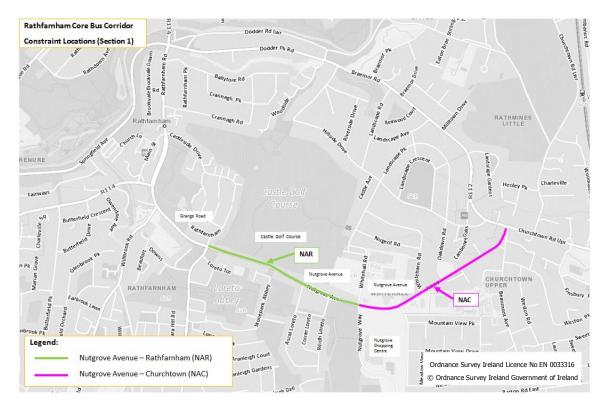


Figure 5.6: Section 1 Subsection Locations

5.3.4 Multi-criteria assessment will be utilised to assess these sub options to determine the optimum layout to be included in the principle route options considered for Section 1. The initial assessment of these constrained locations is outlined below.

Sub-Option NAC – Churchtown

5.3.5 There are two scheme options (NAC1 & NAC2) considered for the section along Nutgrove Avenue between Nutgrove Way and Braemor Road/Churchtown Road Upper which are discussed below. It should be noted that a number of additional variants to the scheme options were considered initially, but were not progressed to the scheme assessment stage as they were not feasible or were less effective than the scheme options taken forward.

Route Option NAC1: Bus lane in both directions & separate cycle route on Whitehall Road, Landscape Park and Landscape Ave.

5.3.6 The route option NAC1, for the section of Nutgrove Ave between the Nutgrove Way junction and the Churchtown Road Upper/Nutgrove Ave junction is presented in **Figure 5.7**. Cyclists will be catered for via a separate cycle route via Whitehall Road, Landscape Park and Landscape Avenue before connecting to cycle facilities on Braemor Road, see **Figure 5.8**.

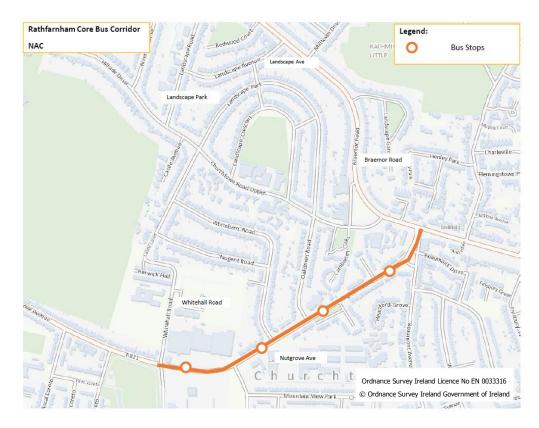


Figure 5.7: Route Option NAC Nutgrove Avenue - Churchtown

- 5.3.7 **Inbound (Northbound):** The CBC service will proceed in a north westerly direction along the Nutgrove Avenue between Nutgrove Avenue and Churchtown Road, segregated bus lane provided.
- 5.3.8 **Outbound (Southbound):** The southbound option follows the same route as northbound, segregated bus lane provided.
- 5.3.9 **Stops:** The number of stops is similar to the existing provision which is illustrated in **Figure 5.7** above.
- 5.3.10 The journey time for this route option from the Nutgrove Way Junction to the Churchtown Road junction is 4 minutes over a distance of approximately 925m.
- 5.3.11 With reference to Figure 5.8, the route option proposals include for the provision of segregated bus facilities in conjunction with two-way traffic for the entire length of Nutgrove Avenue. This will require the removal of the existing substandard two-way cycle facilities, as well as a level of residential land acquisition (approximately 80 sqm i.e. 1m take for 80m length) from residential properties on the southern side of the road.
- 5.3.12 Segregated cycle facilities will be provided by way of a separate route for cyclists via Whitehall Road connecting to cycle facilities on Braemor Road (with the exception of Landscape Park and Landscape Avenue). The creation of this link will require some land residential land acquisition on Whitehall Road, however not to the same extent as the land take that would be required to provide segregated cycle facilities on Nutgrove Avenue as identified for Secondary route S04 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. Due to width constraints along Landscape Park and Landscape Avenue, segregated cycle facilities are not feasible. Nonetheless, due to the nature of these residential roads with low traffic volumes and vehicle speeds, mixed or shared street cycle facilities are feasible.
- 5.3.13 There are three signal controlled junctions along this section of Nutgrove Avenue and 3 signalised pedestrian crossing provided (two crossings between Nutgrove Retail and Office Park and Nutgrove Shopping Centre, and one crossing at the Church of the Good Shepherd).

5.3.14 The option NAC1 proposals are presented in **Figure 5.8**, whilst sample cross sections are presented in **Figure 5.9** below.

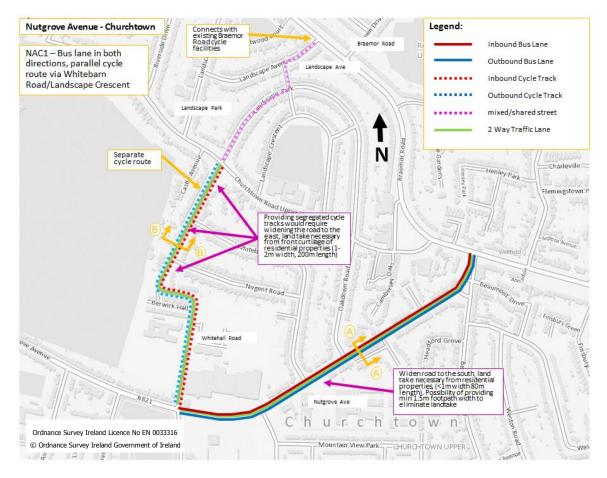


Figure 5.8 Route Option NAC1 Proposal: Nutgrove Avenue - Churchtown

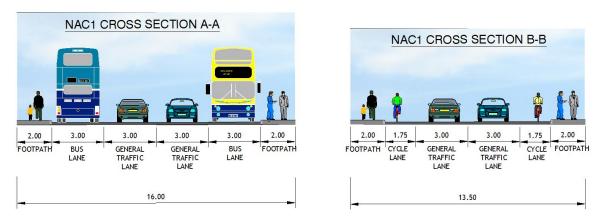


Figure 5.9: Route Option NAC1: Proposed Cross Section of Nutgrove Avenue -Churchtown

- 5.3.15 The following constraints would need to be considered if this route option is progressed:
 - The provision of a cycle route via Whitehall Road does not align with cycle route S09 of the GDA CNP along Nutgrove Avenue. Whitehall Road has been identified as a feeder route however in the CNP.
- 5.3.16 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €4.0 million (€3.3 million infrastructure costs, €0.7 million land acquisition costs).

Route Option NAC2: Inbound traffic lane only on Nutgrove Avenue, with two-way bus and cycle facilities

- 5.3.17 The route option NAC2, for the section of Nutgrove Avenue between the Nutgrove Way junction and the Churchtown Road Upper/Nutgrove Avenue junction. This runs along the same route as NAC1 as illustrated above in Figure 5.7. This option comprises two-way bus and cycle facilities with north-east bound traffic only catered for on Nutgrove Avenue. The existing sub-standard two-way cycle facilities on Nutgrove Way will be upgraded and connected with Braemor Road cycle facilities, as presented in **Figure 5.10**.
- 5.3.18 **Inbound (Northbound)**: The CBC service will proceed in a north westerly direction along the Nutgrove Avenue between Nutgrove Avenue and Churchtown Road, segregated bus lane provided.
- 5.3.19 **Outbound (Southbound):** The southbound option follows the same route as northbound, segregated bus lane provided.
- 5.3.20 **Stops:** The number of stops is similar to the existing provision which is illustrated in **Figure 5.7** above.
- 5.3.21 The journey time for this route option from the Nutgrove Way Junction to the Churchtown Road junction is 4 minutes over a distance of approximately 925m.
- 5.3.22 The route option proposals include the provision of segregated bus facilities in conjunction with one-way traffic for the entire length of Nutgrove Avenue. This will require the upgrading of the existing sub-standard two-way cycle facilities as

well as a larger level of land acquisition (approximately 525sqm i.e. 1.5m take for 350m length) from residential properties on the southern side of the road.

- 5.3.23 Segregated cycle facilities will be provided on Nutgrove Avenue as identified for Secondary route S04 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan.
- 5.3.24 There are three signal controlled junctions along this section of Nutgrove Avenue and 3 signalised pedestrian crossing provided (two crossings between Nutgrove Retail and office Park and Nutgrove Shopping Centre and one crossing at the Church of the Good Shepherd). The proposals would create additional traffic routes/volumes amongst the residential estate roads between Braemor Road and Nutgrove Avenue.
- 5.3.25 The option NAC2 proposals are presented in **Figure 5.10** while a sample cross section is presented in **Figure 5.11** below.

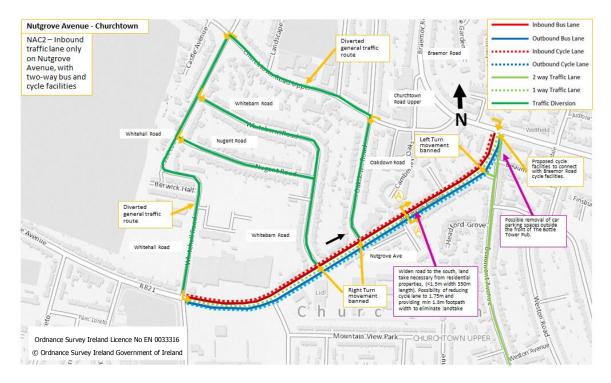


Figure 5.10: Route Option NAC2 Proposal: Nutgrove Avenue – Churchtown.

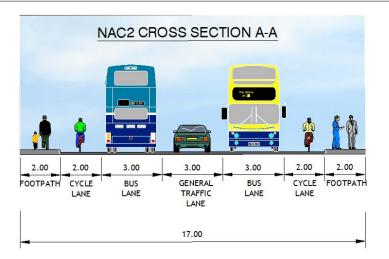


Figure 5.11: Route Option NAC2: Proposed Cross Section of Nutgrove Avenue – Churchtown.

- 5.3.26 The following constraints would need to be considered if this route option is progressed:
 - The introduction of a one-way traffic regime on Nutgrove Avenue would move traffic onto less suitable residential roads and would require upgrades to these roads.
- 5.3.27 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €3.5 million (€2.6 million infrastructure costs, €0.9 million land acquisition costs).

Sub-Option NAC: Scheme Assessment

5.3.28 The 'Initial' route options assessment summary tables for Sub Section NAC are presented in Table 1 of Appendix A. The relative ranking of route options against the scheme assessment sub-criteria are summarised in **Table 5.2** overleaf. Criterion and sub-criterion that produce relatively little differences between the options (Neutral compared to other options in the five-point scale) have not been included in the Scheme options Assessment Summary Tables.

Section NAC Summary (sub criteria) Nutgrove Ave - Churchtown			
Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Option NAC1 Bus lane in both directions & separate cycle route on Whitehall Road, Landscape Park and Landscape Ave.	Option NAC2 Inbound traffic lane only on Nutgrove Avenue, with two-way bus and cycle facilities.
1 Economy	1A Capital Cost		
2 Integration	2D Cycle Network Integration		
	2E Traffic Network Integration		
5 Environment	5E Landscape and Visual		
	5F Air Quality		
	5G Noise & Vibration		
	5H Land Use Character		

Table 5.2: Section NAC Scheme Options Assessment Summary (Sub-Criteria

- 5.3.29 In terms of 'Economy', a differentiator between route options is the capital cost. Route option NAC1 would cost marginally more than NAC2, largely due to the infrastructure costs for the parallel cycle route.
- 5.3.30 In terms of 'Integration', Option NAC2 ranks higher in terms of cycle network integration as it provides segregated cycle facilities in both directions which aligns entirely with Secondary Route SO4 identified in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. Option NAC1 provides a separate alternative cycle route, which does not align with Route 9B. In terms of 'traffic impact', a differentiator between route options would be that option NAC2 which provides for inbound traffic only and would result in a significant traffic impact in terms of movement restrictions and increased traffic/congestion on Nutgrove Avenue. Due to the traffic diversions, there will be an increased level of traffic on the nearby residential roads (Whitehall Road, Whitebarn Road, Churchtown Road Upper, Oakdown Road). The traffic impacts in terms of movement restrictions and increased

traffic/congestion on Nutgrove Avenue (NAC2) will have a greater impact than the impacts on cyclist as a result of a separate alternative cycle route (NAC1).

- 5.3.31 In terms of 'Environment', route option NAC2 is generally considered to be less attractive in terms of potential for environmental impacts in relation to Landscape & Visual, Air Quality and Noise and Vibration due to the increased traffic on residential roads (Whitehall Road, Whitebarn Road, Churchtown Road Upper, Oakdown Road) resulting from the traffic diversions. Restricted access to the retail parks and residential properties due to the provision of one-way traffic on Nutgrove Avenue, has a large impact on Land Use Character.
- 5.3.32 A summary of the assessment and relative ranking of route options against the five main assessment criteria is presented in **Table 5.3** below.

Section NAC Summary Nutgrove Ave - Churchtown					
Appraisal Criteria	Option NAC1 Bus lane in both directions & separate cycle route on Whitehall Road, Landscape Park, and Landscape Ave.	Option NAC2 Inbound traffic lane only on Nutgrove Avenue, with two-way bus and cycle facilities.			
1 Economy					
2 Integration					
5 Environment					

Table 5.3: Section NAC Scheme Options Assessment Summary (Main Criteria)

- 5.3.33 Based on the assessment undertaken, option NAC1 appears to offer more benefits over NAC2. NAC1 is therefore preferred for Nutgrove Ave – Churchtown section of the study area for the following reasons:
 - It requires less private land-take and lower number of residential properties are affected.
 - It has lower traffic impact, option NAC2 which provides for inbound traffic only would have a significant traffic impact in terms of movement restrictions and increased traffic/congestion on Nutgrove Avenue

- It has a lower landscape and visual, air quality and noise & vibration impact when compared to NAC2.
- It has significantly less impact on land-use character.
- 5.3.34 Option NAC1 will therefore form part of the principle route options.

Sub-Option NAR - Nutgrove Avenue/Grange Road – Rathfarnham

5.3.35 There are two scheme options (NAR1 & NAR2) considered for the section along Nutgrove Avenue between Grange Road and Nutgrove Way, which are options are discussed below. It should be noted that a number of additional variants to the scheme options were considered initially but were not progressed to the scheme assessment stage as they were not feasible or were less effective than the scheme options taken forward.

Route Option NAR1: Bus lane in both directions & separate cycle route through the Castle Golf Course and The Good Shepherd National School grounds.

5.3.36 The route option NAR1, which comprises a section of Nutgrove Ave between the Nutgrove Way junction and the Grange Road/Nutgrove Ave junction is presented in **Figure 5.12**. Cyclists will be catered for via the provision of a parallel segregated cycle route through the Castle Golf Club & the Good Shepherd school lands as illustrated in **Figure 5.13**.

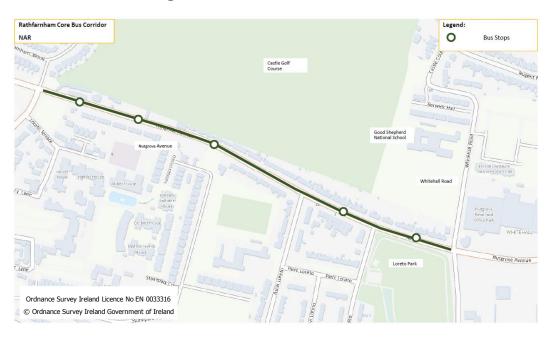


Figure 5.12: Route Option NAR1 Nutgrove Avenue - Rathfarnham

- 5.3.37 **Inbound:** The CBC service will proceed in an easterly direction along Nutgrove Avenue between Grange Road and Nutgrove Way, with a segregated bus lane provided.
- 5.3.38 **Outbound:** The outbound option follows the same route as inbound, with segregated bus lane provided.
- 5.3.39 **Stops:** It is anticipated that the existing number of stops along these routes will be preserved as illustrated in **Figure 5.12**.
- 5.3.40 The journey time for this route option from Nutgrove Way to the Grange Road junction is 3 minutes over a distance of approximately 860m.
- 5.3.41 This section of Nutgrove Avenue is a single carriageway road at present with an inbound bus lane and 2-way cycle facilities provided for the entire length. It is proposed as part of option NAR1 to provide continuous bus priority in both directions. Segregated cycle facilities will be provided via parallel route through the Castle Golf Club & the Good Shepherd school lands as part of Secondary Cycle route SO4. However the proposed removal of inbound segregated cycle facilities on Grange Road does not align strictly with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal to provide these facilities on Nutgrove Avenue.
- 5.3.42 This option would require the land acquisition from the Castle Golf Club & the Good Shepherd school as well as a portion of land from the commercial properties along the northern side of Nutgrove Avenue near Grange Road. In addition the removal of dedicated on street parking for the duplex units adjacent to these properties will be required. This may require the provision of a replacement off street parking area. Possible location for the off-street parking area is an adjacent brownfield site. However, planning permission has been granted on this site for the provision of new filling station (SD15A/0293).
- 5.3.43 There are three signal controlled junctions and 1 signalised pedestrian crossing provided along this section of Nutgrove Avenue.
- 5.3.44 The option NAR1 proposals are presented in **Figure 5.13** while a sample cross section is presented in **Figure 5.14** below.

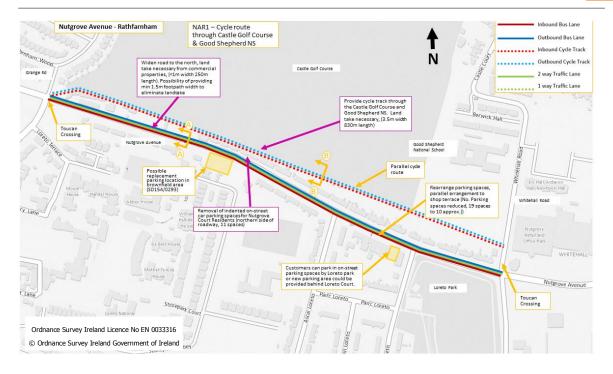


Figure 5.13: Route Option NAR1 Proposal: Nutgrove Avenue – Rathfarnham.

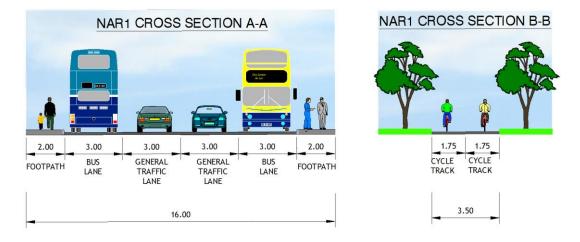


Figure 5.14: Route Option NAR1: Proposed Cross Section of Nutgrove Avenue – Rathfarnham.

5.3.45 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €11.3 million (€6.5 million infrastructure costs, €4.8 million land acquisition costs).

Route Option NAR2: Bus lane in both directions & separate cycle route on Rathfarnham Wood, The Castlelands and Castleside Drive.

The route option NAR2, which comprises a section of Nutgrove Ave between Grange Road junction and Nutgrove Way junction, runs along the same route as NAR1 as illustrated in **Figure 5.12**. Cycle facilities will be provided in the form of a separate mixed/shared street cycle route via Rathfarnham Wood, The Castlelands and Castleside Drive before connecting to cycle facilities on Rathfarnham Road as presented in **Figure 5.15**.

- 5.3.46 **Inbound:** The CBC service will proceed in an easterly direction along Nutgrove Avenue between Nutgrove Way and Grange Road, with a segregated bus lane provided.
- 5.3.47 **Outbound:** The outbound option follows the same route as inbound, with a segregated bus lane also provided.
- 5.3.48 **Stops:** It is anticipated that the existing number of stops along these routes will be preserved as illustrated in **Figure 5.12**.
- 5.3.49 The journey time for this route option from Nutgrove Way to the Grange Road junction is 3 minutes over a distance of approximately 860m.
- 5.3.50 This section of Nutgrove Avenue is a single carriageway road at present with an inbound bus lane and 2-way cycle facilities available for the entire length. It is proposed as part of option NAR2 to provide continuous bus priority in both directions. Segregated cycle facilities will be provided for cyclists via Rathfarnham Wood, The Castlelands and Castleside Drive before connecting to the proposed cycle facilities on Rathfarnham Road. The creation of this link will require some residential land acquisition (residential parking) on The Castlelands (2.0-3.8m width, 50m length).
- 5.3.51 This option would require land acquisition from commercial properties along the northern side of Nutgrove Avenue near Grange Road. In addition to the removal of dedicated on street parking for the duplex units adjacent to these properties. This may require the provision of a replacement off street parking area. The possible location for the off-street parking area is an adjacent brownfield site.

However, planning permission has been granted on this site for the provision of new filling station (SD15A/0293).

- 5.3.52 There are three signal controlled junctions and 1 signalised pedestrian crossing provided along this section of Nutgrove Avenue.
- 5.3.53 The option NAR2 proposals are presented in **Figure 5.15** while a sample cross section is presented in **Figure 5.16** below.

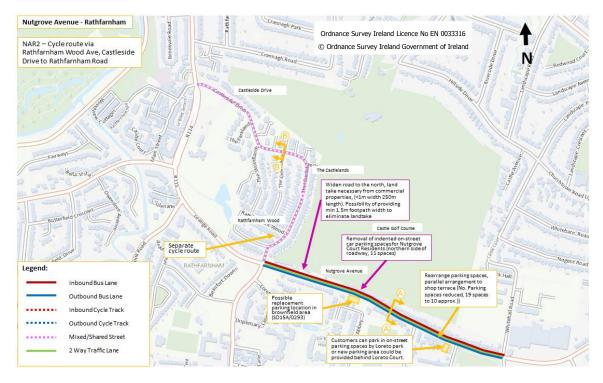
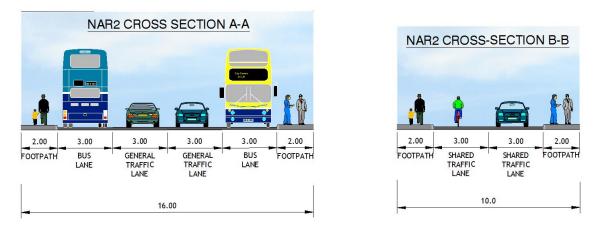
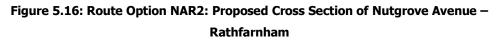


Figure 5.15: Route Option NAR2 Proposals: Nutgrove Avenue – Rathfarnham



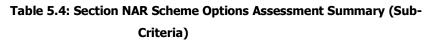


5.3.54 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €4.0 million (€3.3 million infrastructure costs, €0.7 million land acquisition costs).

Sub-option NAR: Scheme Assessment

5.3.55 The 'Initial' route options assessment summary tables for Section NAR are presented in Table 2 of Appendix A. The relative ranking of route options against the scheme assessment sub-criteria are summarised in **Table 5.4** below. Criterion and sub-criterion that produce relatively little differences between the options (Neutral compared to other options in the five-point scale) have not been included in the Scheme options Assessment Summary Tables.

Section NAR Summary (sub - criteria) Nutgrove Ave - Rathfarnham			
Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Option NAR1 Bus lane in both directions & separate cycle route through the Castle Golf Course and The Good Shepherd National School grounds.	Option NAR2 Bus lane in both directions & separate cycle route via Rathfarnham Wood, The Castlelands and Castleside Drive.
1 Economy	1A Capital Cost		
2 Integration	2D Cycle Network Integration		
5 Environment	5C Flora & Fauna		
	5E Landscape and Visual		
	5H Land Use Character		



- 5.3.56 In terms of 'Economy', a primary differentiator between route options is the level of land acquisition that would be required through The Castle Golf Course to provide a segregated cycle route for option NAR1.
- 5.3.57 Option NAR2 provides a separate alternative cycle route along Rathfarnham Wood, The Castlelands, Castleside Drive and connects to Rathfarnham Road, which does not align with Route SO4. However option NAR1 provides a parallel

segregated cycle facility through the Castle Golf course which again does not strictly align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for route SO4, but provides the most direct/segregated route which general follows the direction of the proposed CBC.

- 5.3.58 In terms of 'traffic impact', both options rank similarly with bus lanes provided in both directions for this entire section of Nutgrove Ave. Neither option would be more restrictive than the other in terms of traffic movements.
- 5.3.59 In terms of 'Environment', route option NAR1 is generally considered to be less attractive in terms of potential for environmental impacts in relation to Flora & Fauna and Landscape & Visual, due to the land acquisition of Castle Golf Course with the possible removal of a number of trees (however these could potentially be replaced).
- 5.3.60 A summary of the assessment and relative ranking of route options against the five main assessment criteria is presented in **Table 5.5** below.

Section NAR Summary (main criteria) Nutgrove Ave - Rathfarnham				
Appraisal Criteria	Option NAR1 Bus lane in both directions & separate cycle route through the Castle Golf Course and The Good Shepherd National School grounds.	Option NAR2 Bus lane in both directions & separate cycle route via Rathfarnham Wood, The Castlelands and Castleside Drive.		
1 Economy				
2 Integration				
5 Environment				

Table 5.5: Section NAR Scheme Options Assessment Summary (Main Criteria)

5.3.61 Based on the assessment undertaken, option NAR2 appears to offer more benefits over NAR1. NAR2 is therefore preferred scheme option for the Nutgrove Avenue – Rathfarnham section (sub-option NAR) for the following reasons:-

- It has a comparatively lower Capital Cost;
- It requires less private land-take;
- It has a lower landscape and visual impact when compared to NAR1;
- It has a lower flora and fauna impact; and
- It has a similar impact on land-use character, particularly public amenity.
- 5.3.62 NAR2 will therefore form part of the principal route options.

5.4 Stage 2 Assessment of Principal Route Options

Introduction

5.4.1 As previously mentioned, there are three principal route options considered for section 1 of the study area between the Grange Road/Nutgrove Avenue junction and the Dodder River crossing at Pearse Bridge. These options are discussed below in the following paragraphs.

Principal Route Option SA1: Grange Road – Rathfarnham

5.4.2 Route option SA1 (Figure 5.17), will provide segregated bus lanes between Grange Road/Nutgrove Avenue junction to the Dodder River crossing at Pearse Bridge. Segregated cycle facilities are provided along the CBC route on Grange Road and Rathfarnham Road to just north of the Rathfarham Main Street junction. A parallel cycle route is provided via Brookvale Downs as illustrated in Figure 5.18.

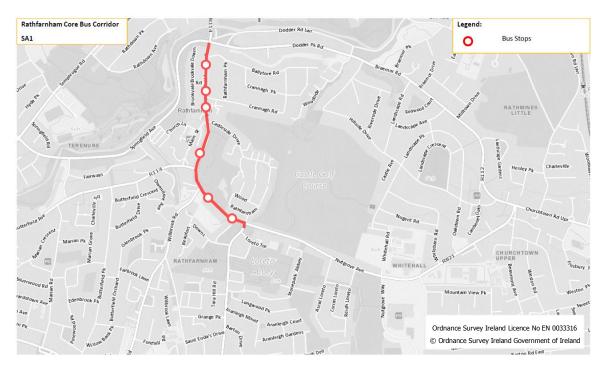


Figure 5.17: Principle Route Option SA1 (Grange Road – Rathfarnham Road)

- 5.4.3 **Inbound (Northbound):** The CBC service will proceed along Grange Road before turning left at the Nutgrove Avenue junction, continuing towards Rathfarnham Village and along Rathfarnham Road to the crossing of the Dodder at Pearse Bridge. A segregated bus lane will be provided for the entire route.
- 5.4.4 **Outbound (Southbound):** The outbound CBC follows the same route as THE inbound CBC. A segregated bus lane will be provided for the entire route.
- 5.4.5 **Stops:** There has been rationalisation of bus stops which are in close proximity to one another (less than 300m) such as the bus stop at Brookvale Road as shown in **Figure 5.17**.
- 5.4.6 The journey time for this route option is 5 minutes over a distance of approximately 1.3km.
- 5.4.1 Cyclists will be catered for via segregated cycle facilities along the majority of the CBC route, aligning with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for Primary/Secondary Route 10. Due to width constraints and to limit the level of land acquisition required on Rathfarnham Road, a parallel cycle route via Brookvale Downs is also proposed.
- 5.4.2 There are five signal controlled junctions and one pedestrian crossings along this route.
- 5.4.3 The option SA1 proposals are presented in **Figure 5.18** while a sample cross section is presented in **Figure 5.19** below.

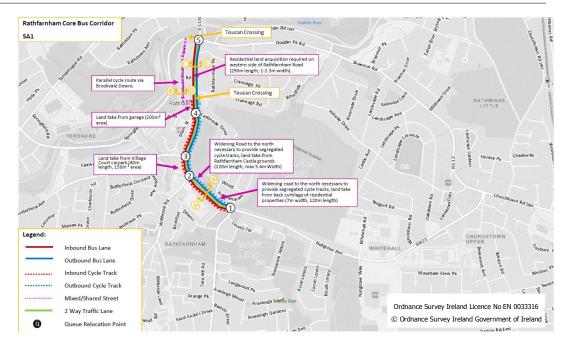
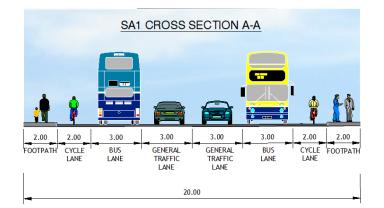


Figure 5.18: Principal route Option SA1 Proposal.



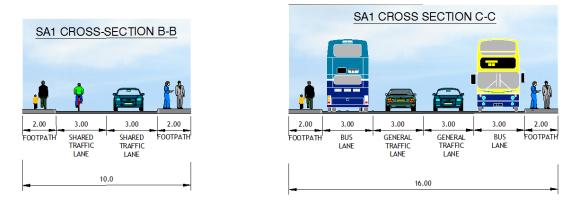


Figure 5.19: Principal route Option SA1 Proposed Cross Section.

Junctions:

5.4.4 There are 5 signalised junctions along this route option, some of which would require upgrading to facilitate bus priority. The location of these junctions are presented in **Figure 5.18** and discussed below:-

1. Grange Road/Nutgrove Avenue: Left turning vehicles from Nutgrove Ave to Grange Road will have to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane before entering a left turn pocket. Left turning vehicles from Grange Road to Rathfanham Wood will have to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane. A new left slip lane will be provided on Grange Road for inbound bus only traffic. There will be a requirement to relocate/provide new traffic signal equipment;

2. Grange Road/Willbrook Road: Adjustments to the existing junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction. In the inbound direction, the left turn lane onto Willbrook Road will be reallocated to a bus lane to ensure bus priority up to the stop line at the junction with Grange Road. The straight-ahead lane will be replaced by a combined straight & left lane. Left turning vehicles will have to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lanes. In the outbound direction, the straight-ahead lane will be reallocated to a bus lane and the right turn lane onto Willbrook Road will be replaced by a combined straight energiate to a bus lane and the right turn lane. There will be a possible requirement to relocate/provide new traffic signal equipment;

3. Butterfield Avenue/Rathfarnham Road: Adjustments to junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction. In the inbound direction, the left turning vehicles from Grange Road to Butterfield Avenue will have to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane before entering a left turn pocket. In the outbound direction, the nearside straight-ahead lane on Rathfarnham Road will be reallocated to a bus lane to provide bus priority up to the stop line at the junction. There will be a requirement to relocate/provide new signal equipment;

4. Rathfarnham Road/Main Street/Castleside Drive: Adjustments to the junction layout are required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction. Left turning vehicles from Rathfarnham Road Ave to Main Street and from Rathfarnham Road to Castleside Drive will have to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane. There will be a requirement to relocate/provide new signal equipment; and

5. Rathfarnham Road/Dodder Park Road: Adjustments to junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes in both directions on approach to the junction. In the inbound direction, left turning vehicles from Rathfarnham Road to Springfield Avenue will have to yield for buses in the nearside lane. In the outbound direction, the straight-ahead lane will be replaced by a combined straight & left lane. Left turning vehicles on Rathfarnham Road to Dodder Park Road will have to yield for buses in the inside lane. Removal of existing outbound cycle lane will be required. A shared pedestrian/cycle facility will be provided to the west of the junction, to create a link to the proposed two-way cycle bridge on the western side of Pearse Bridge. There will be a requirement to relocate/provide new signal equipment.

- 5.4.5 The following constraint would need to be considered if this route option is progressed:
 - Segregated cycle facilities are not provided along a section of Rathfarnham Road, which is identified as Primary Route 10 within the GDA CNP.
- 5.4.6 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €9.6 million (€5.7 million infrastructure costs, €3.9 million land acquisition costs.

Principal Route Option SA2: Grange Road – Rathfarnham

5.4.7 Route option SA2 (Figure 5.20), will provide segregated bus lanes between Grange Road/Nutgrove Avenue junction to the Dodder River crossing at Pearse Bridge. Segregated cycle facilities along the CBC route on Grange Road and Rathfarnham Road to just north of the Rathfarnham Main Street junction. A parallel cycle route is provided via Rathfarnham Wood, Castleside Drive and Brookvale Downs as illustrated in Figure 5.21.



Figure 5.20: Principal route Option SA2 Proposed Cross Section.

- 5.4.8 **Inbound (Northbound):** The CBC service will proceed along Grange Road before turning left at the Nutgrove Avenue junction, continues towards Rathfarnham Village and along Rathfarnham Road to the crossing of the Dodder at Pearse Bridge. A segregated bus lane will be provided for the entire route.
- 5.4.9 **Outbound (Southbound):** The southbound option follows the same route as northbound. Segregated bus lane will be provided for the entire route.
- 5.4.10 **Stops:** There has been rationalisation of bus stops which are in close proximity to one another (less than 300m) such as the bus stop at Brookvale Road as shown in **Figure 5.20**.

- 5.4.11 The journey time for this route option is 5 minutes over a distance of approximately 1.3km.
- 5.4.12 Due to width constraints and to limit the level of land acquisition required on Rathfarnham Road, a parallel cycle route (shared/mixed street) via Rathfarnham Wood, Castleside Drive and Brookvale Downs is proposed, which does not align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for Primary/Secondary Route 10.
- 5.4.13 There are five controlled junctions and one pedestrian crossings along this route.
- 5.4.14 The option SA2 proposals are presented in Figure 5.21 while a sample cross section is presented in Figure 5.22 below.

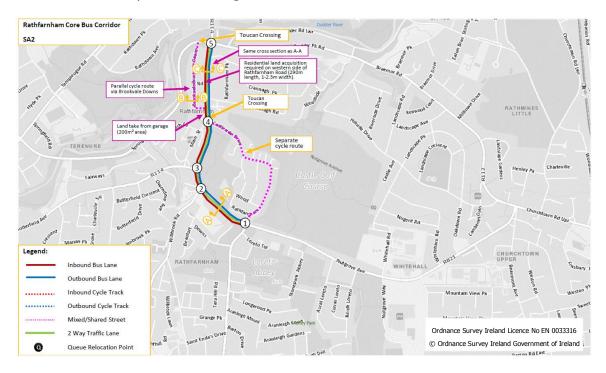


Figure 5.21: Principal Route Option SA2 Proposal.

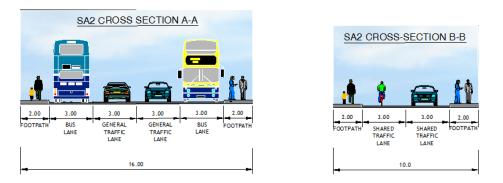


Figure 5.22: Principal Route Option SA2 Proposed Cross Section.

Junctions:

5.4.15 There are 5 signalised junctions along this route option, some of which would require upgrading to facilitate bus priority. The location of these junctions are presented in Figure 5.21 and discussed below:-

1. Grange Road/Nutgrove Avenue: Adjustments to the junction layout arerequired to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction. Left turning vehicles from Nutgrove Ave to Grange Road will have to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane before entering a left turn pocket. Left turning vehicles from Grange Road to Rathfanham Wood will have to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane. A new left slip lane will be provided on Grange Road for inbound bus only traffic. There will be a requirement to relocate/provide new traffic signal equipment;

2. Grange Road/Willbrook Road: Adjustments to the existing junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction. In the inbound direction, the left turning lane onto Willbrook Road will be reallocated to a bus lane to provide a bus lane up to the stop line the junction on Grange Road. The straight-ahead lane will be replaced by a combined straight & left lane. Left turning vehicles will have to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lanes. In the outbound direction, the straight-ahead lane will be reallocated to a bus lane will be reallocated to a bus lane will be reallocated to a bus lane and the right turning lane onto Willbrook Road will be replaced by a combined straight & right lane. There will be a possible requirement to relocate/provide new signal equipment;

3. Butterfield Avenue/Rathfarnham Road: Adjustments to junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction. In the inbound direction, the left turning vehicles on Grange Road to Butterfield Avenue will have to yield for buses and cyclists in the inside lane before entering a left turn pocket. In the outbound direction, the inside straight-ahead lane on Rathfarnham Road will be reallocated to a bus lane

to provide a bus priority up to the stop line at the junction. There will be a requirement to relocate/provide new signal equipment;

4. Rathfarnham Road/Main Street/Castleside Drive: Adjustments to the junction layout are required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction. Left turning vehicles from Rathfarnham Road Ave to Main Street and from Rathfarnham Road to Castleside Drive will have to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane. There will be a requirement to relocate/provide new signal equipment; and

5. Rathfarnham Road/Dodder Park Road: Adjustments to junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes in both directions on approach to the junction. In the inbound direction, left turning vehicles from Rathfarnham Road to Springfield Avenue will have to yield for buses in the nearside lane. In the outbound direction, the straight-ahead lane will be replaced by a combined straight & left lane. Left turning vehicles from Rathfarnham Road to Dodder Park Road will have to yield for buses in the nearside lane. Removal of existing outbound cycle lane will be required. A shared pedestrian/cycle facility will be provided to the west of the junction to create a link to the proposed two-way cycle bridge on the western side of Pearse Bridge. There will be a requirement to relocate/provide new signal equipment.

- 5.4.16 The following constraint would need to be considered if this route option is progressed:
 - Segregated cycle facilities are not provided along the CBC route on Grange Road and Rathfarnham Road, which is identified as the Primary Route 10 of the GDA CNP.
- 5.4.17 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €5.3 million (€4.2 million infrastructure costs, €1.1 million land acquisition costs.

Principal route Option SB1: Grange Road – Rathfarnham via Churchtown

5.4.18 Route option SB1 (Figure 5.23), will provide segregated bus lanes between Grange Road/Nutgrove Avenue junction to Dodder Park Road/Rathfarnham Road junction via Churchtown. Segregated parallel cycle routes provided along Rathfarnham Wood/Castleside Drive and via Whitehall Road/Landscape Park and is illustrated in Figure 5.24 (as per NAR2 & NAC1).



Figure 5.23: Principle Route Option SB1 (Grange Road – Churchtown via Nutgrove)

- 5.4.19 **Inbound (Northbound):** The CBC service will proceed along Grange Road before turning right at the Grange Road/Nutgrove Avenue junction. The CBC service then continues eastbound towards Churchtown via Nutgrove Avenue, turning left onto Braemor Road, and then proceeding onto Dodder Park Road towards Pearse Bridge. A segregated bus lane will be provided for the entire route.
- 5.4.20 **Outbound (Southbound):** The southbound option follows the same route as northbound. A segregated bus lane will be provided for the entire route.
- 5.4.21 **Stops:** It is anticipated that the existing number of stops will be preserved along the route as shown in Figure 5.23.

- 5.4.22 The journey time for this route option is 13 minutes over a distance of approximately 4.1km.
- 5.4.23 It is proposed to provide continuous bus priority in both directions along the entire route.
- 5.4.24 As illustrated in Figure 5.24 (as per NAR2 & NAC1), cyclists will be catered for via parallel segregated cycle facilities via Rathfarnham Wood/Castleside Drive and Whitehall Road/Landscape Park, to limit the level of land acquisition required on Nutgrove Avenue. Mixed or shared street cycle facilities are only feasible along Landscape Park and Landscape Avenue due to the width constraints and the low traffic volumes & vehicle speed These segregated cycle routes do not align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for Secondary Route S04 along Nutgrove Avenue and Braemor Road.
- 5.4.25 There are 8 controlled junctions and 8 pedestrian crossings along this route.
- 5.4.26 The option SB1 proposals are presented in Figure 5.24 while a sample cross section is presented in Figure 5.25 below.

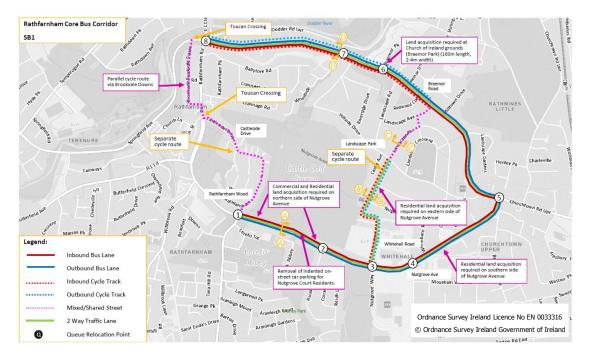


Figure 5.24: Principal Route Option SB1 Proposal

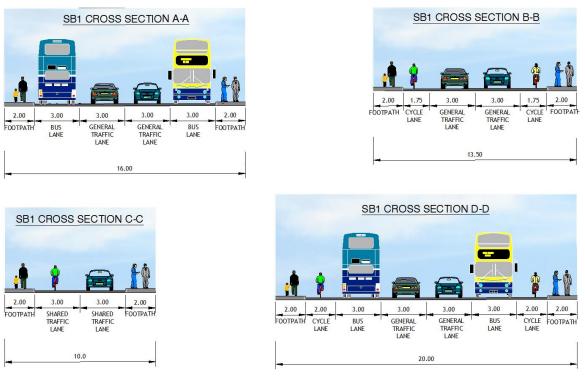


Figure 5.25: Principal Route Option SB1 Proposed Cross Section.

Junctions:

5.4.27 There are 8 signalised junctions along this route option, some of which would require upgrading to facilitate bus priority. The location of these junctions are presented in Figure 5.23 and discussed below: -

1. Grange Road/Nutgrove Avenue: Adjustments to the junction layout are required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction. Left turning vehicles from Nutgrove Ave to Grange Road will have to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane before entering the left lane. Advanced signals will be provided for buses at the junction. There will be a requirement to relocate/provide new signal equipment;

2. Nutgrove Avenue/Loreto Avenue: Adjustments to junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction. In the outbound direction, the left turning vehicles from Nutgrove Avenue to Loreto Avenue will have to yield for buses in the nearside lane. In the inbound direction, the straight-ahead lane on Rathfarnham Road will be reallocated to a bus lane to provide a bus priority lane to the stop line at

the junction. The right turn lane will be replaced by a straight & right lane. Advanced signals will be provided for buses at the junction. Removal of the existing off-road cycle track is required in both directions. There will be a requirement to relocate/provide new signal equipment;

3. Nutgrove Avenue/Nutgrove Way: Adjustments to junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction. In the inbound direction, the left turning vehicles from Nutgrove Avenue to Whitehall Road will have to yield for buses in the nearside lane. The straight-ahead lane will be replaced with a combined straight & right lane. The existing right turn lane will be maintained. In the outbound direction, the nearside straight-ahead lane on Nutgrove Avenue will be reallocated to a bus lane to provide bus priority to the stop line on approach to the junction. Advanced signals will be provided for buses at the junction. Removal of the existing off-road cycle track will be required in both directions. There will be a possible requirement to relocate/provide new signal equipment;

4. Nutgrove Avenue/Meadow Park Avenue: Adjustments to junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction. In the inbound direction, the left turning vehicles from Nutgrove Avenue to Nutgrove Retail and Office Park will have to yield for buses in the nearside lane before entering the left lane. The right turning lane onto Meadow Park Avenue will be replaced with a combined straight & Right lane. Advanced signals will be provided for buses at the junction. The removal of the off-road cycle track will be required in both directions. There will be a possible requirement to relocate/provide new signal equipment;

5. Nutgrove Avenue/Braemor Road: Adjustments to junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes in both directions on approach to the junction. In the inbound direction, left turning vehicles from Nutgrove Avenue to Braemor Road will have to yield for buses in the inside lane (left turn only lane removed). In the outbound, possible reallocation of the nearside straight-ahead lane to bus lane, will be required to provide bus

priority to the stop line at the junction. Advanced signals will be provided for buses at the junction. Removal of the existing off-road cycle track in both directions will be required. There will be a possible requirement to relocate/provide new signal equipment;

6. Braemor Road/Braemor Park: Adjustments to junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes and cycle lanes in both directions on approach to the junction. In the outbound direction, left turning vehicles from Braemor Road to Braemor Park will have to yield for buses and cyclist in the nearside lane. In the inbound direction, right turning vehicles from Braemor Road to Braemor Park will share the straight-ahead lane. There will be a possible requirement to relocate/provide new signal equipment;

7. Braemor Road/Dodder Park Road: Adjustments to junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes and cycle lanes in both directions on approach to the junction. Advanced signals will be provided for buses at the junction. There will be a possible requirement to relocate/provide new signal equipment; and

8. Dodder Park Road/Rathfarnham Road: Adjustments to junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes and cycle lanes in both directions on approach to the junction. Advanced signals will be provided for buses at the junction. There will be a possible requirement to relocate/provide new signal equipment.

- 5.4.28 The following constraint would need to be considered if this route option is progressed:
 - There are no segregated cycle facilities provided along Nutgrove Avenue and a section of Braemor Road, which is identified as secondary Route S04 of the GDA CNP.
- 5.4.29 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €14.6 million (€12.3 million infrastructure costs, €2.3 million land acquisition costs).

Stage 2 Route Options Multi-Criteria Analysis

5.4.30 The 'Stage 2' route options assessment summary tables for the Principle Route Options for Section 1 are presented in Table 3 of Appendix A. The relative ranking of route options against the scheme assessment sub-criteria are summarised in **Table 5.6** below.

Section 1 Summary Sub Criteria				
Grange Road/Nutgrove Avenue junction to Dodder River Crossing				
Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Route Option SA1 Grange Road - Rathfarnham	Route Option SA2 Grange Road – Rathfarnham (Parallel cycle route via Rathfarnham Wood/Castleside Drive)	Route Option SB1 Grange Road - Rathfarnham via Churchtown
1 Economi	1A Capital Cost			
1 Economy	1B Transport Quality & Reliability			
	2A Land Use Policy			
2 Integration	2B Residential Population and Employment Catchments			
	2C Transport Network Integration			
	2D Cycle Network Integration			
	2E Traffic Network Integration			
3 Accessibility & Social Inclusion	3A Key Trip Attractors			
	3B Deprived Geographic Areas			
4 Safety	4A Road Safety			
	4B Pedestrians Safety			
	5A Archaeology & Cultural Heritage			
5 Environment	5B Architectural Heritage			
	5C Flora & Fauna			
	5D Soils, Geology & Hydrology			
	5E Landscape and Visual			
	5F Air Quality			
	5G Noise & Vibration			
	5H Land Use Character			

Table 5.6: Section 1 Options MCA Summary (Sub-Criteria)

- 5.4.31 In terms of 'Economy', the primary differentiator between route options is the length of the routes which have an impact on the Capital Cost and the projected journey times between Grange Road/Nutgrove Ave junction and the Dodder Crossing.
- 5.4.32 In terms of 'Integration', SB1 extend west towards the existing residential areas of Nutgrove & Churchtown which increase the residential and employment catchments. Route option SA1 scores highest in terms of Cycle Network Integration as it includes segregated cycle facilities along the majority of the CBC route (Primary/Secondary Route 01 GDA CNP) while SA2 and SB1 provide separate segregated cycle routes.
- 5.4.33 Route option SB1 ranks higher under the 'Accessibility and Social Inclusion' criterion as the route generally serves more trip attractors along its lengthier route.
- 5.4.34 Under 'Safety' there is relatively little to differentiate, with SA1 & SA2 having a requirement for less right turning movements.
- 5.4.35 In terms of 'Environment', route options SA1 & SB1 are generally considered to be less attractive compared to SA2. In terms of Flora & Fauna and Landscape & Visual, SA1 is less attractive due to the land take at Rathfarnham Castle Grounds (max 4m width, 80m length), while SB1 is less attractive due to the removal of trees on both sides of Braemor Road (large quantity of young trees) and Dodder Park Road (large quantity of mature trees) and the Land take of residential & commercial properties on northern side of Nutgrove Avenue. In terms of Air Quality and Noise & Vibration, SA1 and SB1 are less attractive due to the increased in proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lanes and cycles installed on Grange Road/Rathfarnham Road and Braemor Road. In terms of Land Use Character, SB1 is less attractive due to the level of land take required on Nutgrove Ave (between Grange Road & Nutgrove Way) which would affect the viability of commercial properties from being used for their intended uses.

5.4.36 A summary of the assessment and relative ranking of route options against the six main assessment criteria is presented in Table 5.7 below.

Section 1 Summary Sub Criteria Grange Road/Nutgrove Avenue junction to Dodder River Crossing					
Appraisal Criteria	Route Option SA1 Grange Road - Rathfarnham	Route Option SA2 Grange Road – Rathfarnham (Parallel cycle route via Rathfarnham Wood/Castleside Drive)	Route Option SB1 Grange Road – Rathfarnham via Churchtown		
1 Economy					
2 Integration					
3 Accessibility & Social Inclusion					
4 Safety					
5 Environment					

Table 5.7: Section 1 Options MCA Summary (Main Criteria)

5.4.37 Based on the assessment undertaken, route option SA1 & SA2 offer overall similar benefits over option SB1 primarily because of their directness and economic benefits. However, SA1 achieves more of the Scheme objectives by providing cycle facilities along the majority of the CBC route which are Primary and Secondary Routes (S04 & 10) under the Greater Dublin Area Cycle Network Plan. Therefore SA1, is the preferred route option for the Southern Section for the following reasons:

- It has a comparatively lower Capital Cost;
- It will provide shorter journey times;
- It provides for segregated bus facilities for the entire route; and
- It provides segregated cycle facilities along the majority of the CBC route.
- 5.4.38 Based on the multi-criteria assessment undertaken option SA1 is identified as the preferred route option for Section 1 of the study area between Grange Road/Nutgrove Avenue junction and the Dodder Crossing. Therefore, SA1 will form part of the emerging preferred route.
- 5.4.39 The benefits (of the preferred route SA1) for Section 1 of the study are can be summarised as follows:
 - i. Continuous bus priority in both directions for the entire 1.3km route. The directness of the route lends itself to shorter journey times;
 - ii. Grange Road is one of the poorest performing sections of the existing Quality Bus Network. The proposed interventions at the Nutgrove Avenue junction will deliver enhanced bus services for this catchment area which includes residential, leisure, commercial and educational land uses, which are heavily reliant on the bus to service its public transport needs.
 - iii. The scheme will generally provide segregated bus facilities in addition to the existing general traffic lanes.
 - iv. The CBC proposals avoid impacting on protected structures/properties which reduces planning risk, scheme costs and construction disruption.

6.0 SECTION 2 ROUTE OPTION ASSESSMENT

6.1 Section 2 – Introduction

6.1.1 When assessing route options for Section 2 of the study area, generally there are two principal routes which converge/diverge at Terenure Cross, namely via Harold's Cross and via Rathgar/Rathmines as illustrated in Figure 6.1 below.



Figure 6.1: Principal Routes for section 1

- 6.1.2 There are several route options between these 2 principal routes which primarily serve the residential catchments of the villages of Terenure, Rathgar & Rathmines.
- 6.1.3 The Clongriffin Tallaght BRT is of particular relevance to section 2 of the Rathfarnham CBC route. The CBC route should complement the BRT service but should not duplicate the potential routing of the Clongriffin Tallaght BRT route, which is likely to travel via the Harold's Cross corridor as per the Transport Strategy for the GDA (2016 2035) and identified in Figure 1.2 of this report.

- 6.1.4 The Core Bus Network, as defined in the 'Transport Strategy for the Greater Dublin Area 2016 – 2035', identifies 'Marlay Park – Rathmines' as one of the Core Radial Corridors.
- 6.1.5 Therefore, the subject CBC route should serve Rathmines Village as this is a primary trip attractor on the CBC network. The anticipated travel demand between this point and the City Centre would justify the level of infrastructure proposed as part of the Transport Strategy for the GDA.
- 6.1.6 The assessment process for Section 2 has been outlined in Section 4 of this report. In this Section of the report it is proposed to set out the two-stage assessment procedure and results for the section of the study area between the Dodder Crossing and the Grand Canal. Route options which passed the initial Stage 1 Assessment, with the exception of the 'lower frequency' routes outlined above and those along the potential BRT corridor, were progressed to the Stage 2 Assessment.
- 6.1.7 However, before undertaking a full Stage 2 multi- criteria assessment of route options there are a number of scheme options which have been considered owing to the generally constrained nature of certain sections of the study area. A number of scheme options have been subjected to an initial comparative assessment. An initial assessment of cycle routes options is necessary to determine the optimum option for cycle facilities in conjunction with segregated bus facilities via Rathmines, as it will be difficult to achieve segregated cycle facilities along the same route in Section 2. The preferred scheme option emerging from this initial assessment is taken forward to form part of the route options considered as part of the Stage 2 multi criteria assessment as illustrated in the Figure 6.2 below.



Figure 6.2: Route Option Assessment Stages

6.1.8 The assessment of the options for Section 2 is discussed further in Sections 6.2 & 6.3 below.

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6.2 Stage 1: Route Option Assessment

6.2.1 Each of the route options considered as part of the Stage 1 route option assessment for Section 2 are illustrated in **Figure 6.3** below.

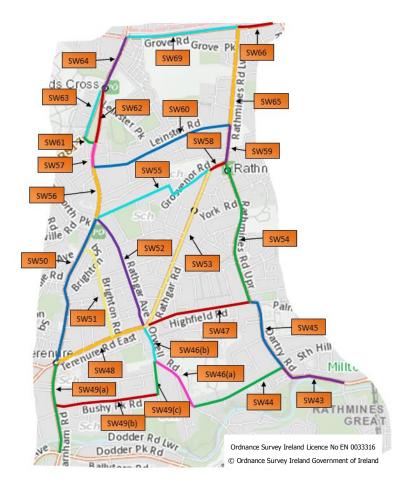


Figure 6.3: Route Options within Section 2 of Study Area

6.2.2 **Table 6.1** below presents a summary of the 'Stage 1' route options sifting process for Section 2.

Route Option	Name / Section	Area Characteristics	Comments	Pass/ Fail
SW43	Miltown Road (between Churchtown Rd & Dartry Rd)	 Suburban No cycle lanes Trees Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. S03) 	The route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 7.2- 11.4m wide carriageway). Bus priority may be achieved by widening into the green area on the southern side, however this would include encroachment into Dodder Park (max width 1.7m, over length of 30m). Land acquisition from residential houses (northern side of the carriageway) may also be required. Possible issues with level differences on each side of the carriageway, which would present difficulties for land acquisition. Bus priority may be achievable in one direction from The Dropping Well Pub to the start of Dartry Road by widening the carriageway mainly on the southern side however this would include encroachment into Dodder Park (max width 5m, over length of 250m).	Fail
			Bus priority may not be achieved at the end of the link due to a pinch point between the building lines of properties on opposite sides of the carriageway. As such it has not been carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	
SW44	Milltown/Dartry Road	 Suburban Residential No cycle lanes Trees Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. S03) 	The route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 6.3 - 8.1m wide carriageway). Bus priority in both directions may not be achievable due to the proximity to the adjacent properties, 10 - 14m exists between the property boundaries on opposite sides of the carriageway. Limited potential to widen road over much of its length. Bus priority will require tree removal, costly land take on both sides of carriageway and relocating of street furniture. It is also a circuitous route; as a result, it is not a feasible option and it has not been carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Fail
SW45	Dartry Road	 Suburban Residential Student Accommodation No cycle lanes Trees Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. S03) 	Dartry Road is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 8.5-10.5m wide carriageway), with footways available on both sides. Bus priority may be achievable in both directions by reducing the width of the general traffic lanes and widening into footpaths on both sides of the carriageway. However, this would include encroachment into residential front gardens/driveways on one side of the carriageway (6m width and 180m length) and into the green area (removal of mature Trees) of Trinity College Halls Accommodation. Bus priority may be achievable; it is therefore carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass
SW46 (a)	Orwell Road (between Orwell Park and Zion Road)	 Suburban No cycle lanes Retail (Rathgar Village) Stratford College Mature Trees Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. S03) 	The route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 6.25- 11.2m wide carriageway). Bus priority may be achievable in both directions by reducing the width of the general traffic lanes and widening into footpaths on both sides of the carriageway. However, this would include encroachment into residential front gardens/driveways (5-9m width and 150m length), and into the green area (removal of mature Trees) between Orwell Road and Rostrevor Road. Due to excessive land take & removal of mature trees required, it has not been carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment. This route may be considered for traffic diversion or cycle route as part of subsequent schemes developed for the Stage 2 Assessment.	Fail

	Table 6.1: Route Option Sifting (Stage 1) Summary – Section 2				
Route Option	Name / Section	Area Characteristics	Comments	Pass/ Fail	
SW46(b)	Orwell Road (between Zion Park and Rathgar Village)	 Suburban No cycle lanes Retail (Rathgar Village) Stratford College Mature Trees Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. S03) 	The route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 9- 9.3m wide carriageway). Bus priority in both direction may not be achievable due to the proximity to the adjacent retail/commercial properties i.e. approx. 13.6m exists between the building lines of properties on opposite sides of the carriageway. However, bus priority in one direction is achievable. Bus priority is achievable in one-direction for the entire link, as such will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass	
SW47	Highfield Road	 Suburban No cycle lanes Retail (Rathgar Village) Christ Church Trees Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP Mo. S03) 	The route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 5.65- 7.0m wide carriageway). Bus priority may not be achievable due to the proximity to the adjacent properties i.e. 14.0- 14.3m exists between the boundary lines of properties on opposite sides of the carriageway. To achieve full bus priority extensive land take from private residential is required along one side of the carriageway for the complete route (max 6m wide strip for a length of 650m, certain locations 3m from either side). Bus priority will require major land acquisition (including removal of trees) and relocating of lamp posts. As a result, it is not a feasible option and is therefore it has not carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Fail	
SW48	Terenure Road East	 Suburban Advisory cycle lanes St Joseph's DNS School St Joseph's Church Retail (Terenure Village & Rathgar Village) On Street Parking Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. S10/S03) 	Carriageway ranges from 2 lanes to 4 lanes (2GT and 1 BL) with carriageway width of 7.8-12.0m. There are bus lanes for part of the link in either directions. By Brighton Road, bus lanes start/terminate for inbound and outbound direction respectively. At the junction with Orwell Road bus lanes both start/terminate for outbound and inbound direction respectively. Advisory cycle lanes are provided along sections of the route with no bus lane. Two-way bus priority and segregated cycle facilities along the entire route may be achievable by reducing the width of the general traffic lanes and widening into footpaths on both sides of the carriageway. However, this would include encroachment into residential front gardens/driveways (max 7.5m width and 615m length) and possibly includes land take of 1.5m from the Synagogue grounds. Bus priority approaching Terenure Cross junction may not be achievable due to the proximity to the adjacent properties, approx. 13.6m exists between the building lines of commercial properties on opposite sides of the carriageway. On-street parking at Rathgar village will have to be removed, however alternative pay and display parking is provided by Rathgar Tennis Club. Bus priority is achievable over the majority of the link, as such will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass	

Route Option	Name / Section	Area Characteristics	Comments	Pass/ Fail
SW49	Rathfarnham Road	 Urban Advisory cycle lanes Pearse Bridge Synagogue Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 10) 	Single carriageway 3 lane road for most of the route (2GT and 1BL) (10.6-11.6m wide carriageway). There is a bus lane for majority of the link travelling inbound directions (bus lane terminates on approach to junctions). To achieve full bus priority and segregated cycle facilities, land take from private residential houses one side of the road is required along the complete route (max 6m wide and length 650m, 3m each side of the road at certain locations). Bus priority may not be achieved at the end of the link due to a pinch point at Pearse Bridge entering Rathfarnham. Widening of the bridge is not feasible as it is a listed structure. The reallocation of traffic lanes from general traffic to buses may be needed to ensure bus priority from the bridge entering the junction. Bus priority is achievable over the majority of the link; therefore, it will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass
SW50	Harold's Cross Road	 Urban Advisory and mandatory cycle lanes Schools Commercial, Retail (Terenure Village) Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 9B) 	Single carriageway 3 lane road for most of the route (2GT and 1BL) (10.6-11.6m wide carriageway). This link has been separated into 3 sections. The first section of link has an advisory cycle lane northbound and bus lane southbound starting at Mick Dowling's shop and terminating at the bus stop entering Terenure village. Second section, from Mick Dowling's shop to signalised crossing at Ashdale Road has an advisory cycle lane both sides of road. The third section to the north of Ashdale Road includes on-road mandatory cycle lane both sides of the road briefly before changing to bus lane northbound and advisory cycle lane southbound to/from Harold's Cross/Rathgar Rd junction. Two-way bus lanes along the entire route may be achievable by reducing the width of the general traffic lanes and widening into footpaths on both sides of the carriageway. However, this would include removal of on-street parking at Terenure Village and encroachment into residential front gardens/driveways (max 6m width and 300-400m length) and encroachment into a number of commercial properties. Pinch point exists after Tesco Metro shop heading inbound, proximity to the adjacent properties approx. 12m. Bus priority is achievable over the majority of the link, therefore will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass

Route Option	Name / Section	Area Characteristics	Comments	Pass/ Fail
SW51	Brighton Rd	 Suburban Residential No cycle lane On-street parking Semi-mature trees Rathgar Methodist Church No designation for cycle route (GDA CNP) 	The route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 6.0 - 8.5m wide carriageway), with residential frontage and dedicated parking provided on the street for the residents. The provision of bus priority would result in the removal of dedicated on-street parking on both sides of the road for the entire route (600m), with no alternative parking location available for residents. It would also result in the removal of a number of semi-mature trees. Due to the aforementioned constraints and limited potential to widen road over much of its length; this option is not feasible, therefore will not be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Fail
SW52	Rathgar Avenue	 Suburban Residential No cycle lane Rathgar National School On-street parking Commercial Retail (Rathgar Village) Feeder cycle route (GDA CNP) 	This route is a narrow single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 5.7-8.5m wide carriageway). Bus priority may not be achievable due to the proximity of adjacent properties. The distance between building lines of properties on opposite sides of the carriageway is 7.7-14.2m, with 7.7m distance between commercial properties exiting Rathgar Village (e.g. between Coman's pub and The 108 pub). Limited potential to widen road over much of its length; as a result, it is not a feasible option, and therefore will not be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment. This route may be considered for traffic diversion or cycle route as part of subsequent schemes developed for the Stage 2 Assessment.	Fail
SW53	Rathgar Road	 Urban On-road mandatory cycle lane Church Indented 'on-street' parking Commercial Retail (Rathgar Village & Rathmines) Primary cycle route (GDA CNP No. S10) 	This road is a single carriageway 3 lane (2GT & 1 BL) road (approx. 10.0-11.3m wide carriageway). There is a bus lane for majority of the link travelling in the northbound directions (bus lane terminates on some 80m before Grosvenor Road junction). Bus priority in both directions (including cycle lanes) is not achievable due to the proximity of the adjacent properties i.e. 16.1-17.7m exists between the building lines of properties on opposite sides of the carriageway. Bus priority would require land acquisition for the entire route (approx. 3.5m wide). Bus priority without cycle lanes is achievable by reducing width of general traffic lanes, utilising cycle lanes and widening onto the footpaths on both sides of the corridor. The reallocation of traffic lanes from general traffic to buses may be required to ensure bus priority at junctions for northbound direction, which it may create junction capacity constraints. The majority of residential properties along Rathgar Road are designated as protected structures. (DCC Development Plan 2026-2022). Bus priority is achievable, therefore option carried forward to Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass

	Table 6.1: Route Option Sifting (Stage 1) Summary – Section 2				
Route Option	Name / Section	Area Characteristics	Comments	Pass/ Fail	
SW54	Rathmines Road Upper	 Urban No cycle lane Green area Park Indented 'on-street' parking Commercial Retail Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 10E) 	The route is a single carriageway 3 lane (2GT & 1BL) road (approx. 8.0-10.6m wide carriageway). Bus priority in both directions may not be achievable due to the proximity to the adjacent properties i.e. 12.7-15.5m exists between the building lines of properties on opposite sides of the carriageway. Bus priority may be achievable in one direction (including cycle lane in other direction) by widening the carriageway. However, this would include encroachment into greenfield site in the vicinity of No.1 Palmerston Vilas (max width 2.3m, over length of 53m) and No.1 Fortfield Terrace (max width 2.3m, over length of 34m). The majority of residential properties along Rathmines Road Lower are designated as protected structures. (DCC Development Plan 2026-2022). Bus priority may be achievable, as such this section will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass	
SW55	Kenilworth Square, Kenilworth Rd, Grosvenor Rd	 Suburban No cycle lanes Residential Green area (playing pitches) Baptist Church On-street parking Trees Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. S02) 	The route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 8.0- 9.5m wide carriageway). Bus priority in both directions may not be achievable due to the proximity to the adjacent properties i.e. 13.6-14.45m exists between the boundary lines of properties on opposite sides of the carriageway. Bus priority would result in the removal of the on-street parking either side of the road for the entire route, which would be difficult to replace within the curtilage of properties, resulting in a number of residents with no alternative parking location. Full bus priority is not feasible. As such this section, will not be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment. This route may be considered for traffic diversion or cycle route as part of subsequent schemes developed for the Stage 2 Assessment.	Fail	
SW56	Harold's Cross Road (between Kenilworth Square north & Leinster Road)	 Urban Advisory cycle lane outbound Church Indented 'on-street' parking Early Mature – Mature Trees Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 9B) 	The route is a single carriageway 3 lane (2GT and 1BL) road for half the route (approx. 8.0-9.5m wide carriageway). There is a bus lane for approximately half the link travelling in the northbound directions (bus lane terminates some 140m before Leinster Road junction). Bus priority including cycle lanes in both directions is not achievable due to the proximity to the adjacent properties i.e. 16m exists between the building lines of properties i.e. 16m exists between the building lines of properties on opposite sides of the carriageway. Bus priority excluding cycle lanes (alternative route for cyclists) is achievable. The reallocation of traffic lanes from general traffic to buses may be needed to ensure bus priority at junctions for the northbound direction, however it may create capacity constraints. Pinch point at the end of the route approaching junction with Leinster Road, however bus priority is achievable over the majority of the route, therefore brought forward to Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass	
SW57	Harold's Cross Road (between Leinster Road & Harold's Cross Park)	 Urban Commercial Retail Advisory cycle lane Indented 'on-street' parking Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 9B) 	Single carriageway 2-3 lanes along route (approx. 9.0- 12.6m carriageway). There is a bus lane for half the link travelling inbound (bus lane starts some 80m before Leinster Rd junction). There is a pinch point approaching and exiting the junction with Leinster Road (13.8m). Bus priority is achievable with the exception of the section of the road in the vicinity of the Church of Our Lady of the Rosary, therefore option carried forward to Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass	

Route	Name / Section	Area Characteristics	Comments	Pass/
Option				Fail
SW58	Rathgar Road (between Walkinstown Rd & Robinhood Rd)	 Urban Commercial Retail Advisory cycle lane Rathmines Village Primary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 10) 	The route is a single carriageway 4 lane road (approx. 16.5m wide carriageway). Bus priority (including cycle lanes) in both directions may not be achievable due to the proximity to the adjacent properties. Bus priority (excluding cycle lanes) can be achieved by reallocation of a traffic lane from general traffic to bus lane and removal of the advisory cycle lanes. Bus priority in one direction (including advisory cycle lane other direction) may be achieved by reallocating a traffic lane to bus lane, reducing width of traffic lanes, widening onto the footpaths on both sides of the corridor. Therefore, option carried forward to Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass
SW59	Rathgar Road (between Rathmines Rd Upper & Leinster Rd)	 Urban Advisory cycle lane Commercial Retail Rathmines Village Primary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 10) 	The route is a single carriageway 2-3 lane (2GT & 1BL) road (approx. 10.5m wide carriageway). There is a bus lane for half of the route inbound direction (bus lane starts some 50m after Castlewood Avenue junction). Advisory cycle lane southbound and prior to start of bus lane northbound. The majority of residential properties and commercial properties along Rathmines Road are designated as protected structures. (DCC Development Plan 2026-2022). Bus priority is not achievable at the pinch point before junction with Castlewood Avenue North. Bus priority in both directions (excluding cycle lanes) is the only option achievable due to the proximity to the adjacent properties i.e. 16.5m exists between the building lines of properties on opposite sides of the carriageway. Bus priority can be achieved as such this route will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass
SW60	Leinster Road	 Suburban Residential Advisory cycle lane Rathmines Village Feeder cycle route (GDA CNP) 	Single carriageway route (9.5-11.5m wide carriageway), with footways available along both sides. Two-way bus priority along this route would require 1.0-1.5m land take from the residential properties along one side of the carriageway. Residents have large driveways (min 10.2m), therefore land take would not result in the loss of parking facility. Full bus priority may not be feasible due to the number and volume of residential land take (50 houses, length 500m) which are mostly protected structures. A number of residents do not have parking within property boundaries and full bus priority would result in the loss of dedicated on-street parking which would be difficult to replace the parking within the curtilage of properties. Due to the constraints along the route, land take required and the route being circuitous; it is not a feasible option and will not be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Fail
SW61	Harold's Cross Road (Southern side of Harold's Cross Park)	 Urban Harold's Cross Park On-street parking No provision for cycle route (GDA CNP) 	The route is a single carriageway 2 lane road (approx. 8.5m- 10.3 wide carriageway including on-street parking). Bus priority in both directions may not be achievable due to the proximity of the adjacent properties i.e. 15.2-15.4m exists between the building lines of properties on opposite sides of the carriageway. Route option carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass

	Table 6.1: Route Option Sifting (Stage 1) Summary – Section 2				
Route Option	Name / Section	Area Characteristics	Comments	Pass/ Fail	
SW62	Harold's Cross Road (Eastern side of Harold's Cross Park)	 Urban Harold's Cross park Advisory cycle lane outbound Indented 'on-street' parking Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 9B) 	The route is a single carriageway which changes from 4 lanes (2GT & 2BL) to 3 lanes (2GT to 1BL) road (approx. 8.5-10.3m wide carriageway). No footpath on the eastern side of roadway along the park. Advisory cycle lane (140m) is provided outbound and terminates on approach to bus lane. Bus priority (including cycle lanes) in both directions is achievable by removing a general traffic lane and providing a new southbound Bus Lane. Full bus priority is achievable, as such this section will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass	
SW63	Kimmagh Road/Harold's Cross Rd	 Urban Harold's Cross Park Indented 'on-street' parking Feeder cycle route (GDA CNP) 	The route is a single carriageway 2 lane road, which widens to 3 lanes (2GT and 1BL inbound) on approach to junction at Harold's Cross (20m) (approx. 6.8-8.3m wide carriageway, including advisory cycle lanes). Advisory cycle lane both sides of carriageway. The extension of the existing northbound bus lane may not be achievable due to the proximity to the adjacent properties i.e. 10.7-16.1m exists between the boundary lines of the residential properties and Harold's Cross Park on opposite sides of the carriageway. All houses on the western side of the carriageway after St Clares Ave inbound are protected buildings, and Harold's Cross Park is located on the eastern side. A large proportion of land take from Harold's Cross Park would not be achievable due to the small size of the park. Therefore, route option will not be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Fail	
SW64	Harold's Cross Road (between Our Lady's Hospice & Parnell Road)	 Urban School Office Blocks Residential Apartment Blocks Hospice Early Mature – Mature Trees Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 9B) 	The route is a single carriageway 4 lane road for the majority of the route (approx. 9.7-13.6m wide carriageway). There are existing bus lanes in both directions, both southbound and northbound bus lane terminates at St. Clare's Primary School and 60m before Parnell Rd junction. Advisory cycle lanes commence where bus lanes terminate. Bus priority (excluding cycle lanes) may be achieved across the entire section by reducing the width of the general traffic lanes, widening the carriageway into the footpaths. Full bus priority is achievable, as such this section will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass	
SW65	Rathmines Rd (between Leinster Rd & Grove/Canal Rd)	 Urban Advisory Cycle lane outbound School Rathmines Village, commercial retail Primary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 10) 	The route is a single carriageway 3 lane (2GT & 1BL) road (approx. 10.2m wide carriageway). There is an existing bus lane in northbound direction (terminates on approach to junctions). Bus priority in both directions may be achieved by reducing the width of the general traffic lanes, widening the carriageway into the footpaths/advisory cycle lane. Provision of bus and segregated cycle lanes is not feasible due to the close proximity of adjacent commercial retail properties e.g. 16.3m. The option may require an alternative segregated cycle route. Full bus priority is achievable, as such this section will not be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass	

			n Sifting (Stage 1) Summary – Section 2	
Route Option	Name / Section	Area Characteristics	Comments	Pass/ Fail
SW66	Canal Road	 Urban Residential Retail & Office Advisory Cycle lanes Some houses have steps to entrance from road level Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. S01) 	Single carriageway route with a flared approach to junctions at both ends of link (2GT lane to 3GT lanes at junction) (9m- 15.3m wide carriageway). There are footways and mandatory cycle lanes available along both sides. Bus priority cannot be achieved due to commercial and residential properties being within 1-2m back of the footpath, a pinch point of 13.0m exists between the building lines of properties and the footpath edge/Grand Canal on the opposite sides of the carriageway. Due to the aforementioned constraints between the properties and canal and being a circuitous route, it has not been carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Fail
SW67	Charlemont Street	 City Centre Office Commercial Retail Mandatory cycle lanes Indented 'on-street' parking Primary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 11) 	Single carriageway (12.5-15.0m) 3 lane road (2GT & 1BL). This route has a northbound bus lane as well as footways & mandatory cycle lanes both sides of the carriageway (12.5-15.0m wide carriageway). Bus priority (including cycle lanes) is achievable in both directions by reducing the width of the general traffic lanes, widening the carriageway into the footpaths and the removal of young trees. A number of parking spaces on pavement will have to removed. Bus priority is achieved, therefore route carried forward to Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass
SW68	Richmond Street South	 City Centre Mandatory cycle lanes Commercial/Retail Portobello College Primary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 10) 	Existing route has been split into two sections. Section 1 (Portobello bridge to Richmond Street) - Mandatory cycle lane travelling northbound, advisory cycle lane southbound. Section 2 (Richmond Street to Harrington St) – One-way single carriageway with two general traffic lanes, contra-flow bus/cycle lane travelling southbound. Bus priority (including cycle lanes) can be achieved for the first section for 160m before an existing pinch point after junction with Lennox St (13.0-13.5m width). Bus priority inbound in section 2 can only be achieved by reallocation of a traffic lane from general traffic to a bus lane to ensure priority at junctions. Bus priority is achievable, therefore carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass
SW69	Grove Road	 City Centre Mandatory cycle lanes Along Grand Canal Young Trees Primary cycle route (GDA CNP No. S01) 	Single carriageway route with footways and mandatory cycle lanes provided along both sides of the route (8.9m-10.6m wide carriageway). Bus priority cannot be achieved due to a large number of commercial and residential properties being within 1-3m back of the footpath. A pinch point of 11.8m exists between the building lines of properties and the footpath edge/Grand Canal on the opposite sides of the carriageway. Due to the aforementioned constraints and environmental constraints (Grand Canal) along this route, it will not be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment. This route may be considered for traffic diversion or cycle route as part of subsequent schemes developed for the Stage 2 Assessment.	Fail

Route Option	Name / Section	Area Characteristics	Comments	Pass/ Fail
SW102	Bushy Park Road	 Suburban Residential No cycle lane Trees Zion Parish School Zion Court (Church) The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints High School No designation for cycle route (GDA CNP) 	The route is a single carriageway road 2 lane road (approx. 6.8-9.2m wide carriageway). Bus priority in both direction may not be achievable due to the proximity to the adjacent residential properties i.e. approx. 10-13.2m exists between the boundary lines of properties on opposite sides of the carriageway. To achieve one-way bus priority, land take from private residential is required along one side of the carriageway for the entire route (for a length of 270m, max 3m wide strip). Bus priority is achievable in one-direction for the entire link, as such will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass
SW103	Zion Road	 Suburban Residential No cycle lane Zion Court (Church) Stratford College No designation for cycle route (GDA CNP) 	The route is a single carriageway road 2 lane road (approx. 6.2-7.7m wide carriageway). Bus priority in both directions may not be achievable due to the proximity to the adjacent residential properties, approx. 12.3-13m exists between the boundary lines of properties on opposite sides of the carriageway. To achieve one-way bus priority, land take from private residential is required along one side of the carriageway for the entire route (for a length of 100m, max 0.7m wide strip). Bus priority is achievable in one-direction for the entire link, as such will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass

6.2.3 Of these thirty options considered for Section 2, nineteen (SW 45, 46(b), 48, 49, 50, 53, 54, 56, 57, 58, 59, 61, 62, 64, 65, 67, 68, 102 & 103) were progressed to the next assessment stage. These route options are presented in Figure 6.4 below.



Figure 6.4: Route Options passing Stage 1 'Sift' in Section 2

6.3 Stage 2: Section 2 – Option Assessment

Introduction

6.3.1 Following the 'Stage 1' sift for the Section 2 study area, the remaining 19 (12 excluding Harold's Cross Route) route options were combined to form 7 cohesive route options between the Dodder River and La Touche Bridge (via Rathmines Village) as shown in **Figure 6.5** below. It should be noted that certain route options which pass the Stage 1 assessment were not taken forward to the Stage 2 assessment as they were isolated links which do not combine with other route options to form cohesive routes (SW45, SW66). The route options which run through Harold's Cross Road (SW50, SW56, SW57, SW62, SW61, SW64) were also discounted as the Rathfarnham to City Centre CBC is to serve Rathmines for the reasons outlined in Section 6.1.

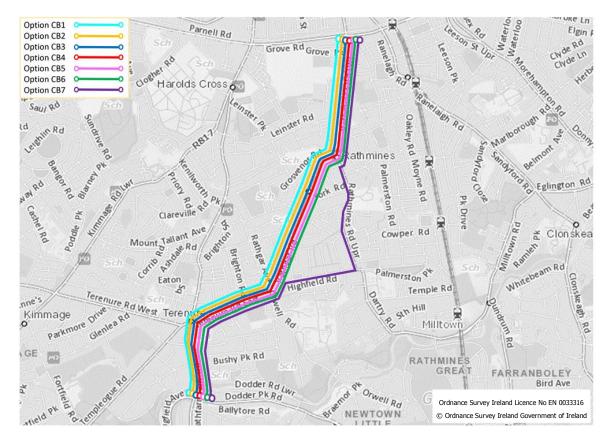


Figure 6.5: Section 2 Cohesive Route Options

- 6.3.2 The following seven route options as identified above, were taken forward:
 - Option CB1 A route option via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar Road, Outbound traffic only Rathmines Road);
 - Option CB2 A route option via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road);
 - Option CB3 A route option via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road);
 - Option CB4 A route option via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Rathmines Road Lower (Parallel cycle route via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks);
 - Option CB5 A route option via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound bus lane provided on Rathmines Road Lower from Rathmines Road Upper to Military road junction and outbound bus lane provided from Grove Road to Military Road junction);
 - Option CB6 A route option via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathmines Road Lower); and
 - Option CB7 A route option via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Rathmines Road Lower (Bus lanes via Highfield Road/Rathmines Road Upper) (Parallel cycle route).
- 6.3.3 Within the aforementioned route options, there are two constrained locations which require specific consideration. These constrained locations have been brought through an initial assessment to determine the optimum layout for these areas to be included in the principle route options listed above. These constrained locations are as follows: -
 - Terenure Village to Rathgar Village TVR, as indicated on Figure 6.6 below;

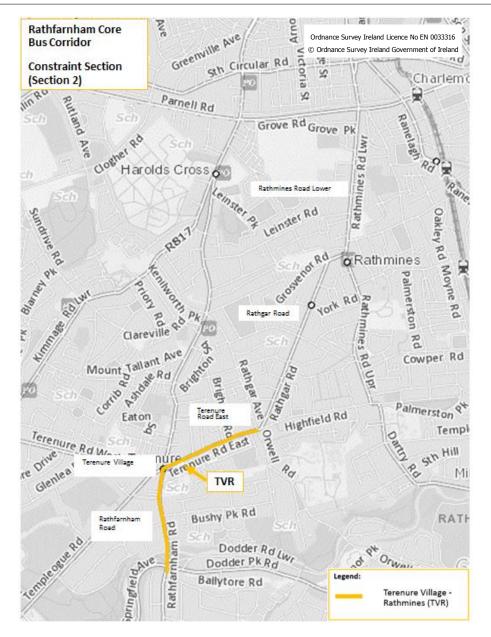


Figure 6.6: Section 2 - Subsection Location (TVR)

 Cycle Route options between Bushy Park Road junction and Grand Canal – as indicated on Figure 6.7 below.

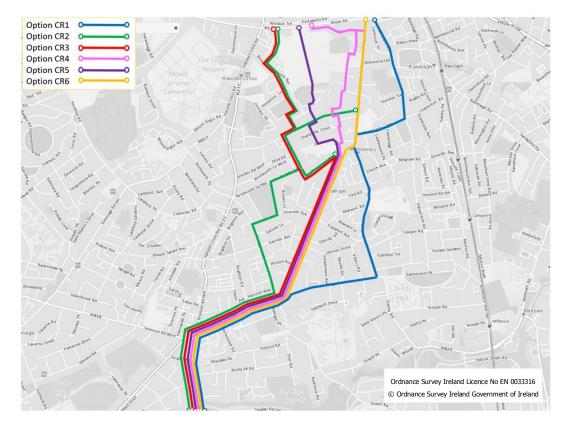


Figure 6.7: Section 2 - Parallel Cycle Route Options between the Dodder Crossing and the Grand Canal

6.3.4 Multi-criteria assessment will be utilised to assess these sub-options to determine the optimum layout to be included in the principle route options considered for Section 2. The initial assessment of these constrained locations is outlined below in section 6.4.

6.4 Initial Assessment of Scheme Options/Subsections

Terenure Village – Rathmines (TVR)

6.4.1 There are eight potential scheme options (TVR1, TVR2, TVR3, TVR4, TVR5, TVR6, TVR7 & TVR8) considered for this section along Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East to Rathgar Village. It should be noted that a number of additional variants to the scheme options were considered initially such as "No through traffic lane on Terenure Road East – Bus Gate (Local Access only)" and "Inbound Bus Lane Terenure Road East & Outbound Bus Lane Bushy Park Road", however these were not progressed to the scheme assessment stage as they were not feasible or were less effective than the scheme options taken forward.

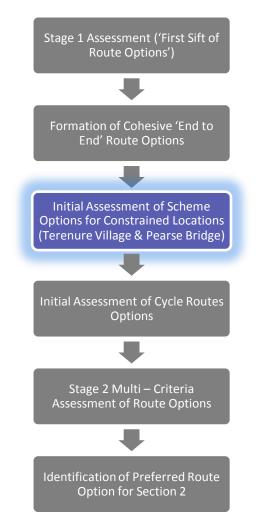


Figure 6.8: Section2 Route Option Assessment Stages

- 6.4.2 Currently there are a large numbers of cyclists converging at Terenure Cross from Templeogue Road in the AM peak and from Terenure Road East in the PM peak. Terenure Road East is identified as Primary Route 10 within the GDA CNP and is currently the busiest radial cycle route in Dublin. Therefore, the provision of segregated cycle facilities on Rathfarnham Road and particularly on Terenure Road East will be a key factor is the assessment of the following options.
- 6.4.3 The following seven potential scheme options (TVR1, TVR2, TVR3, TVR4, TVR5, TVR6 & TVR7) follow the same CBC route as presented in Figure 6.8 and defore have the same following description/attributes:
- 6.4.4 The Route options, provides for segregated bus facilities along Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. The CBC route is presented in **Figure 6.9**.



Figure 6.9: Route Options Terenure Village – Rathmines

6.4.5 **Inbound (Northbound):** The CBC service will proceed along a segregated bus lane in a northerly direction along Rathfarnham Road from Pearse Bridge before turning right at Terenure Cross and proceeding eastwards along Terenure Road East to Rathgar.

- 6.4.6 **Outbound (Southbound):** The southbound option follows the same route as northbound, with a segregated bus lane provided.
- 6.4.7 **Stops:** The number of stops is illustrated in **Figure 6.9**. There has been rationalistion of bus stops which are in close proximity to other bus stops such as the bus stops on Pearse Bridge.
- 6.4.8 At present, the section of the Rathfarnham Road between Westbourne Road to Terenure Cross is a single carriageway road with a northbound bus lane available for most of the length. Terenure Road East is a single carriageway road with bus lanes in both directions between Brighton Road and Rathgar Avenue.
- 6.4.9 There are signal controlled junctions at the beginning of this section at Rathdown Park, Bushy Park Road as well as the junctions of Terenure Cross and Rathgar Avenue/Orwell Road. The existing arrangement at Terenure Cross would have to be altered to permit right turns for buses only from Rathfarnham Road to Terenure Road East. In addition, there is 1 signalised pedestrian crossing at the Church on Terenure Road East.
- 6.4.10 The only option for this intial assessement that does not that follow the same CBC route is TVR8 as presented in **Figure 6.9**.

Route Option TVR1: Bus lane in both directions, parallel cycle route via Bushy Park Road

- 6.4.11 Route option TVR1, provides for segregated bus facilities along Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East (with the exception of a 100m section at Terenure Cross). The CBC route is presented in Figure 6.9.
- 6.4.12 The journey time for this route option is 5 minutes in both directions over a distance of approximately 1.1km.
- 6.4.13 It is proposed as part of option TVR1 to provide continuous bus priority in both directions with the exception of the section on Rathfarnham Road between Pearse Bridge and Bushy Park Road junction, where bus priority signalling is proposed for the outbound direction at this pinch point. There is also a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where an inbound bus lane will

not be provided owing to the close proximity of protected commercial properties at this location.

- 6.4.14 Segregated cycle facilities will be provided on Bushy Park Road and Orwell Road which however does not align with Primary Route 10/SO3 on Terenure Road East. This would require residential land acquisition on Bushy Park Road and Orwell Road as identified in **Figure 6.10** below. Land acquisition and removal of on street parking would be required on the western side of Rathfarnham Road between Fergus Road and Terenure Cross.
- 6.4.15 The option TVR1 proposals are presented in **Figure 6.10** while a sample cross sections are presented in **Figure 6.11** below.

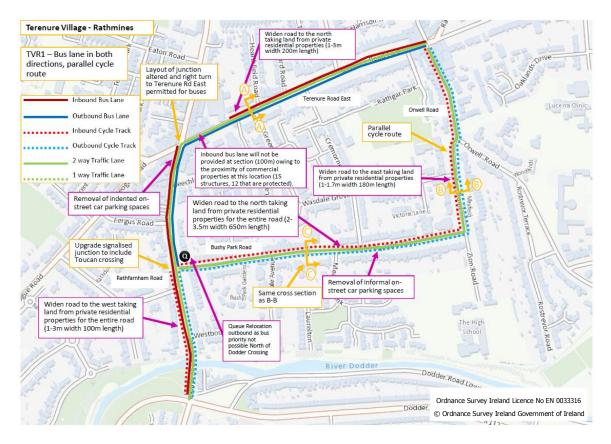
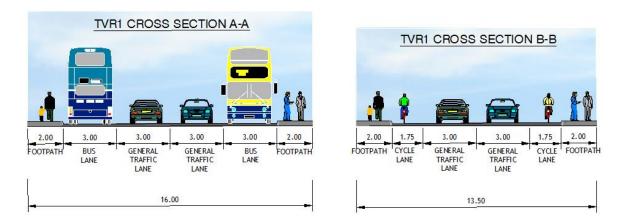


Figure 6.10: Route Option TVR1 Proposal: Terenure Village – Rathgar/Rathmines.





- 6.4.16 The following constraints would need to be considered if this route option is progressed: -
 - No cycle facilities are provided on Terenure Road East;
 - Alteration to the Terenure Cross junction to facilitate right turning buses from Rathfarnham Road; and
 - Outbound bus priority signalling and no bus lane between Bushy Park Road and Pearse Bridge, leading to increased journey times compared to continuous bus priority provision.
- 6.4.17 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €10.1 million (€6.6 million infrastructure costs, €3.5 million land acquisition costs).

Route Option TVR2: Inbound Traffic Lane on Terenure Road East.

- 6.4.18 Route option TVR2, provides segregated bus facilities along Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. This would require the removal of one lane of the general traffic lanes in the outbound direction to eliminate the requirement for land acquisition on Terenure Road East. The CBC runs along the same route as TVR1 as illustrated in **figure 6.9**.
- 6.4.19 The journey time for this route option from Pearse Bridge to the Rathgar Avenue junction is 4 minutes in both directions over a distance of approximately 1.2km.

- 6.4.20 It is proposed as part of option TVR2 to provide continuous bus priority in both directions. This would require the removal of one general traffic lane of traffic in the outbound direction to eliminate the requirement for land acquisition on Terenure Road East.
- 6.4.21 In order to overcome the pinch point at Pearse Bridge and to provide continuous bus facilities in conjunction with cycle facilities, a 3m wide two-way cycle bridge is proposed on the western side of the bridge.
- 6.4.22 Segregated cycle facilities will be provided on Bushy Park Road and Orwell Road which does not align with Primary Route 10/SO3 on Terenure Road East. This would require residential land acquisition on Bushy Park Road and Orwell Road as identified in **Figure 6.12** below. Land acquisition and removal of on street parking would be required on the western side of Rathfarnham Road between Fergus Road and Terenure Cross.
- 6.4.23 The option TVR2 proposals are presented in **Figure 6.12** while a sample cross section is presented in **Figure 6.13** below.

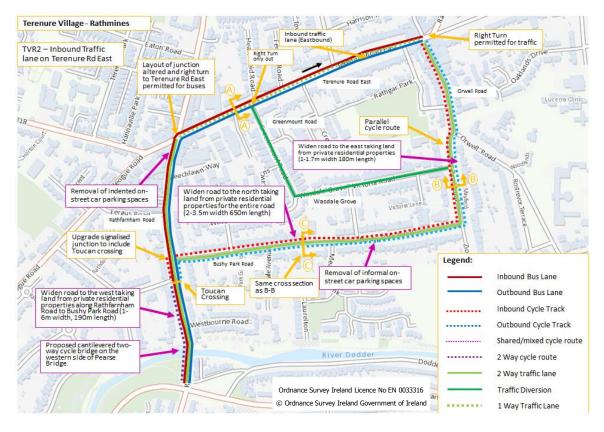


Figure 6.12: Route Option TVR2 Proposal: Terenure Village - Rathmines

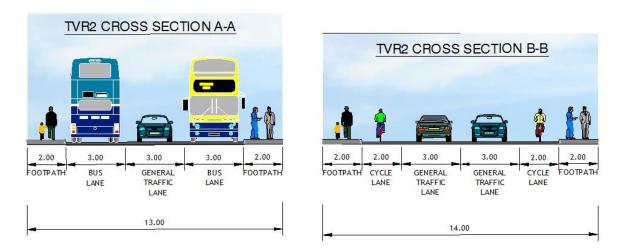


Figure 6.13: Route Option TVR2: Proposed Cross Section of Terenure Village -Rathmines

- 6.4.24 The following constraints would need to be considered if this route option is progressed:
 - There are no cycle facilities on Terenure Road East;
 - Alterations to the Terenure Cross junction is required to facilitate right turning buses from Rathfarnham Road; and
 - Traffic management is required on Terenure Road East which would involve traffic being rerouted onto less suitable roads such as Wasdale Grove/Greenmount Road.
- 6.4.25 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €10.4 million (€6.8 million infrastructure costs, €3.6 million land acquisition costs).

Route Option TVR3: Bus and Cycle lane in both directions on Terenure Road East.

- 6.4.26 Route option TVR3 provides segregated bus and cycle facilities along Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East (with the exception of a 100m section at Terenure Cross). The CBC runs along the same route as TVR1 as illustrated in **figure 6.9**.
- 6.4.27 The journey time for this route option from Pearse Bridge to the Rathgar Avenue junction is 5 minutes in the inbound direction and 4 minutes in the outbound direction over a distance of approximately 1.2km.
- 6.4.28 It is proposed as part of option TVR3 to provide continuous bus priority in both directions with the exception of a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where an inbound bus lane will not be provided owing to the close proximity of protected commercial properties at this location.
- 6.4.29 Segregated cycle facilities will be provided along the CBC route on Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East (with the exception of a 270m section from Terenure Cross to Farrard Road and a small section east of Rathgar Village (20m), owing to conservation issues), which aligns with Primary Route 10/SO3 on Terenure Road East. This would require land acquisition from protected residential properties on Terenure Road East (1-7.5m width for 615m) as identified in Figure 6.14 below.
- 6.4.30 The option TVR3 proposals are presented in **Figure 6.14** while a sample cross section is presented in **Figure 6.15** below.

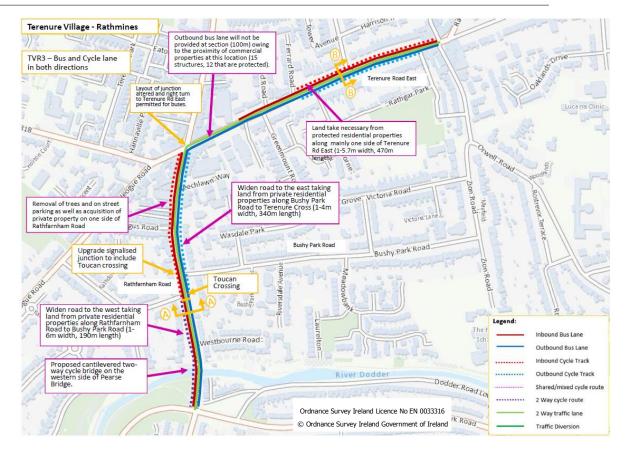
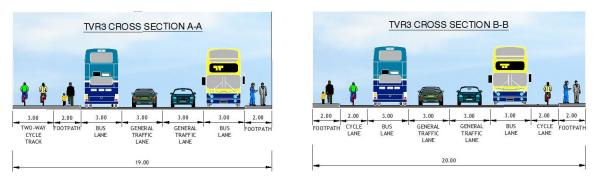
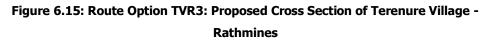


Figure 6.14: Route Option TVR3 Proposal: Terenure Village - Rathmines





- 6.4.31 The following constraints would need to be considered if this route option is progressed: -
 - Alteration is required to the Terenure Cross junction to facilitate right turning buses from Rathfarnham Road; and

- There are no cycle facilities provided for half of Terenure Road East.
- 6.4.32 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €11.3 million (€6.8 million infrastructure costs, €4.5 million land acquisition costs).

Route Option TVR4: Cycle route via Rathdown Park.

- 6.4.33 TVR4 CBC route provides segregated bus facilities along Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East (with the exception of a 100m section at Terenure Cross). Cyclists will be catered for via a parallel cycle route on Rathdown Park, Bushy Park Road, Zion Road and Orwell Road to Rathgar Village. The cycle route will include a 150m long spiral ramp and a 60m long cycle bridge crossing over the River Dodder, to the west of Pearse Bridge. The CBC runs along the same route as TVR1 as illustrated in **figure 6.9**.
- 6.4.34 The journey time for this route option from Pearse Bridge to the Rathgar Avenue junction is 5 minutes in the inbound direction and 4 minutes in the outbound direction over a distance of approximately 1.2km.
- 6.4.35 It is proposed as part of option TVR4 to provide continuous bus priority in both directions with the exception of a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where an inbound bus lane will not be provided owing to the close proximity of protected commercial properties at this location.
- 6.4.36 A cycle bridge across the River Dodder (to the west of Pearse Bridge) is proposed, to provide a parallel cycle route from Brookvale Downs to Rathdown Park. The Removal of the cycle facilities on Rathfarnham Road and the provision of an alternative parallel cycle route via Rathdown Park, creates the additional space necessary to provide bus lanes in both directions on Rathfarnham Road/Pearse Bridge (existing pinch point of 16m on Pearse Bridge) without the need for land acquisition. There is a large level difference between the bank of the River Dodder and Rathdown Park. Therefore, the bridge requires a 150m long spiral ramp (inner radius 8m, outer radius 12m, 2.5 complete circumferences, 7% gradient with transitions every 20m for 3m sections) to connect with the 60m span bridge crossing.

- 6.4.37 Cyclist will be catered for on a parallel cycle route via Rathdown Park, Bushy Park Road, Zion Road and Orwell Road to Rathgar Village. Segregated cycle facilities will be provided in both directions on Bushy Park Road, Zion Road and Orwell Road. This would require residential land acquisition on Bushy Park and Orwell Roads as identified in **Figure 6.16** below.
- 6.4.38 The option TVR4 proposals are presented in **Figure 6.16** while a sample cross section is presented in **Figure 6.17** below.

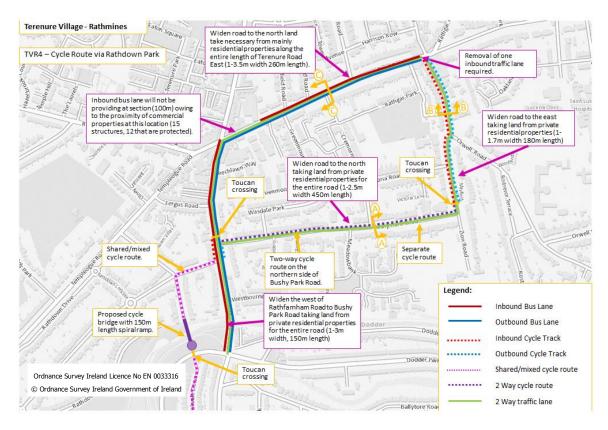
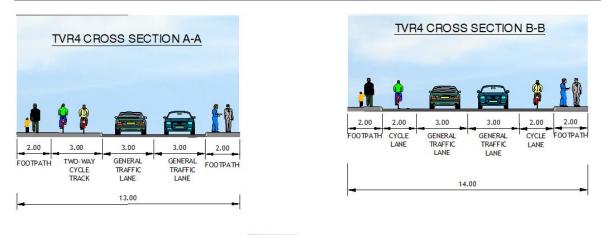


Figure 6.16: Route Option TVR4 Proposal: Terenure Village - Rathmines



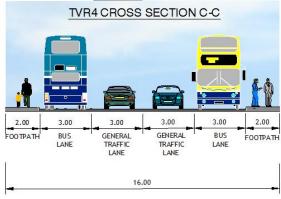


Figure 6.17: Route Option TVR4: Proposed Cross Section of Terenure Village -Rathmines

- 6.4.39 The following constraints would need to be considered if this route option is progressed:
 - There are no cycle facilities provided on Rathfarnham Road or Terenure Road East (Primary Route 10/S03 in the GDA CNP);
 - There is a split between cycle & bus facilities;
 - The removal of a number of trees is required to provide the cycle bridge (60m span) and ramp; and
 - Alteration to Terenure Cross junction is required to facilitate right turning buses from Rathfarnham Road.
- 6.4.40 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €10.6 million (€7.8 million infrastructure costs, €2.8 million land acquisition costs).

Route Option TVR5: Cycle route via Riversdale Avenue

- 6.4.41 Route option TVR5 CBC route provides segregated bus facilities along Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East (with the exception of a 100m section at Terenure Cross). Cyclists will be catered for on a parallel cycle route via Riversdale Avenue, Bushy Park Road, Zion Road and Orwell Road to Rathgar Village. The cycle route will include a 150m spiral ramp and a 60m cycle bridge to the east of Pearse Bridge. The CBC runs along the same route as TVR1 as illustrated in **figure 6.9**.
- 6.4.42 The journey time for this route option from Pearse Bridge to the Rathgar Avenue junction is 5 minutes in the inbound direction and 4 minutes in the outbound direction over a distance of approximately 1.2km.
- 6.4.43 It is proposed as part of option TVR5 to provide continuous bus priority in both directions with the exception of a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where an inbound bus lane will not be provided owing to the close proximity of protected commercial properties at this location.
- 6.4.44 A cycle bridge across the River Dodder (to the east of Pearse Bridge) is proposed to provide a parallel cycle route from the Dodder Greenway to Riversdale Avenue. Removal of the cycle facilities on Rathfarnham Road and the provision of a parallel cycle route via Riversdale Avenue, creates the additional space necessary to provide bus lanes in both directions on Rathfarnham Road/Pearse Bridge (existing pinch point of 16m on Pearse Bridge), without the need for land acquisition. There is a large level difference between the bank of the River Dodder and Riversdale. Therefore, the bridge requires a 150m spiral ramp (inner radius 8m, outer radius 12m, 2.5 complete circumferences, 7% gradient with transitions every 20m for 3m sections) to connect with the 60m bridge crossing.
- 6.4.45 Cyclists will be catered for along a parallel cycle route via The Dodder Greenway, Riversdale Avenue, Bushy Park Road, Zion Road and Orwell Road to Rathgar Village. Two-way segregated cycle facilities will be provided on Bushy Park Road, Zion Road and Orwell Road. This would require residential land acquisition on Bushy Park and Orwell Road as identified in **Figure 6.18** below.

6.4.46 The option TVR5 proposals are presented in **Figure 6.18** while a sample cross section is presented in **Figure 6.19** below

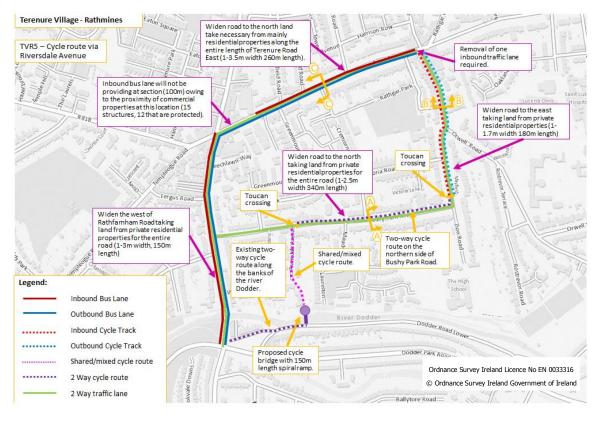
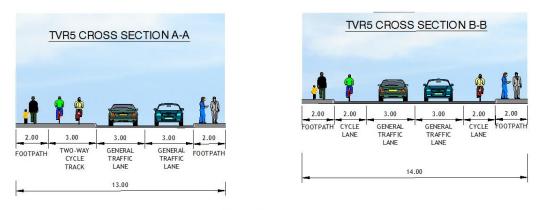
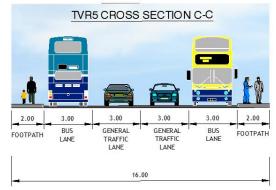
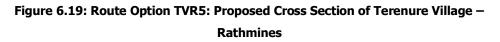


Figure 6.18: Route Option TVR5 Proposal: Terenure Village - Rathmines







- 6.4.47 The following constraints would need to be considered if this route option is progressed:
 - There is a split between cycle & bus facilities. No cycle facilities are provided on Rathfarnham Road or Terenure Road East (Primary Route 10/S03 in the GDA CNP);
 - The removal of a number of trees is required to provide the cycle bridge (60m span) and ramp; and
 - There are shared cycle facilities on Riversdale Avenue.
- 6.4.48 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €10.5 million (€7.3 million infrastructure costs, €3.2 million land acquisition costs).

Route Option TVR6: Cycle route via Laurelton/Meadowbank

- 6.4.49 Route option TVR6 CBC route provides segregated bus facilities along Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East (with the exception of a 100m section at Terenure Cross). Cyclists will be catered for along a parallel cycle route via Laurelton, Meadowbank, Bushy Park Road, Zion Road and Orwell Road to Rathgar Village. The cycle route will include a 150m long spiral ramp and a 60m long cycle bridge to the east of Pearse Bridge. The CBC runs along the same route as TVR1 as illustrated in **figure 6.9**.
- 6.4.50 The journey time for this route option from Pearse Bridge to the Rathgar Avenue junction is 5 minutes in the inbound direction and 4 minutes in the outbound direction over a distance of approximately 1.2km.
- 6.4.51 It is proposed as part of option TVR6 to provide continuous bus priority in both directions with the exception of a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where an inbound bus lane will not be provided owing to the close proximity of protected commercial properties at this location.
- 6.4.52 A cycle bridge across the River Dodder (to the east of Pearse Bridge) is proposed to provide a parallel cycle route from the Dodder Greenway to Laurelton. Removal of the cycle facilities on Rathfarnham Road and the provision of a parallel cycle route via Laurelton, creates the additional space necessary to provide bus lanes in both directions on Rathfarnham Road/Pearse Bridge (existing pinch point of 16m on Pearse Bridge). There is a large level difference between the bank of the River Dodder and Laurelton. Therefore, the bridge requires a 150m spiral ramp (inner radius 8m, outer radius 12m, 2.5 complete circumferences, 7% gradient with transitions every 20m for 3m sections) to connect with the 60m bridge crossing.
- 6.4.53 Cyclist will be catered for along a parallel cycle route via Laurelton, Meadowbank, Bushy Park Road, Zion Road and Orwell Road to Rathgar Village. Segregated cycle facilities will be provided in both direction on Bushy Park Road, Zion Road and Orwell Road. This would require residential land acquisition on Bushy Park and Orwell Roads as identified in **Figure 6.20** below.

6.4.54 The option TVR6 proposals are presented in **Figure 6.20** while a sample cross section is presented in **Figure 6.21** below.

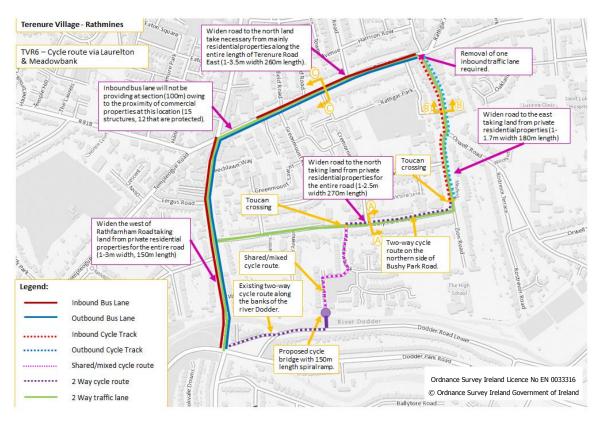
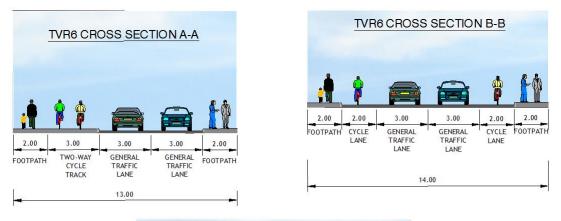
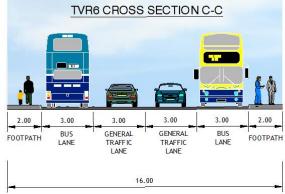


Figure 6.20: Route Option TVR6 Proposal: Terenure Village - Rathmines







- 6.4.55 The following constraints would need to be considered if this route option is progressed:
 - There are split cycle & bus facilities. There are no cycle facilities on Rathfarnham Road or Terenure Road East (Primary Route 10/S03 in the GDA CNP);
 - The removal of a number of trees are required to provide the cycle bridge and the spiral ramp on the northern banks of the River Dodder;
 - The removal of a general traffic lane is required on Orwell Road approaching Rathgar Village junction; and
 - There are shared cycle facilities on Laurelton and Meadowbank.
- 6.4.56 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €10.0 million (€7.0 million infrastructure costs, €3.0 million land acquisition costs).

Route Option TVR7: Cycle Route via The Dodder Greenway and Orwell Road

- 6.4.57 Route option TVR7 CBC route provides segregated bus facilities along Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East (with the exception of a 100m section at Terenure Cross). Cyclists will be catered for via the Dodder Greenway, through Orwell Park and along Orwell Road to Rathgar Village. The CBC runs along the same route as TVR1 as illustrated in **figure 6.9**.
- 6.4.58 The journey time for this route option from Pearse Bridge to the Rathgar Avenue junction is 5 minutes in the inbound direction and 4 minutes in the outbound direction over a distance of approximately 1.2km.
- 6.4.59 It is proposed as part of option TVR7 to provide continuous bus priority in both directions with the exception of a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where an inbound bus lane will not be provided owing to the close proximity of protected commercial properties at this location.
- 6.4.60 Cyclists will be catered for along a parallel cycle route via the Dodder Greenway, through Orwell Park and along Orwell Road (which is secondary route SO3 in the GDA CNP) to Rathgar Village. Segregated cycle facilities will be provided along the entire route. This would require residential land acquisition on Orwell Road as identified in **Figure 6.22** below.

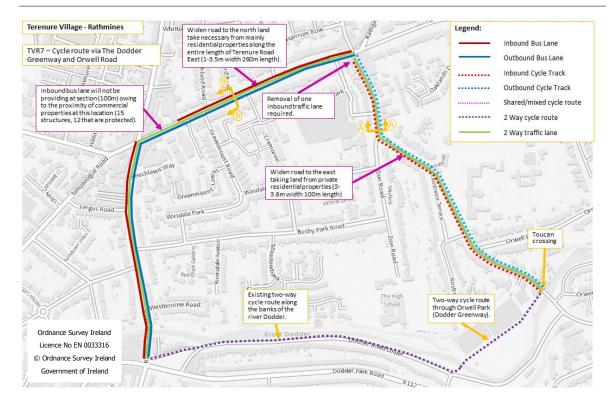


Figure 6.22: Route Option TVR7 Proposal: Terenure Village - Rathmines.

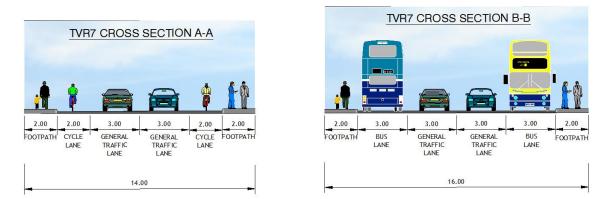


Figure 6.23: Route Option TVR7: Proposed Cross Section of Terenure Village -Rathmines.

- 6.4.61 The following constraints would need to be considered if this route option is progressed:
 - There is a split between cycle & bus facilities. There are no cycle facilities on Rathfarnham Road or Terenure Road East (Primary Route 10/S03 in the GDA CNP);

- Removal of a general traffic lane on Orwell Road, approaching the Rathgar Village junction.
- The total length of the cycle route is 2.1km which may prove unattractive to cyclists; and
- The provision of a circuitous cycle route which does not align with the CBC.
- 6.4.62 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €8.8 million (€6.7 million infrastructure costs, €2.1 million land acquisition costs).

Route Option TVR8: Inbound bus lane Bushy Park Rd & Outbound bus lane Terenure Rd East.

6.4.63 Route option TVR8, provides for a segregated inbound CBC route via Rathfarnham Road, Bushy Park Road, Orwell Road. The CBC Outbound route is via Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. Segregated cycle facilities will also be split in terms of direction. These facilities will be provided in the opposite direction to the bus facilities on Bushy Park Road/Terenure Road East as presented in **Figure 6.24**.



Figure 6.24 TVR8: Inbound bus lane Bushy Park Rd & Outbound bus lane Terenure Rd East

- 6.4.64 **Inbound (Northbound):** The CBC service will proceed in a North-Eastern direction via Bushy Park Road & Orwell Road, with a segregated bus lane provided.
- 6.4.65 **Outbound (Southbound):** The southbound option will proceed via Terenure Road East & Rathfarnham Road, with a segregated bus lane provided.

- 6.4.66 **Stops:** The number of stops is illustrated in **Figure 6.24**. There has been rationalistion of bus stops which are in close proximity such as the bus stops on Pearse Bridge.
- 6.4.67 The journey time for this route option in the southbound direction is 5 minutes over a distance of approximately 1.2km. Whilst, the journey time for this route option in the northbound direction is 5 minutes over a distance of approximately 1.5km.
- 6.4.68 It is proposed as part of option TVR8 to provide continuous bus priority in both directions but with different routes for the northbound (Bushy Park Road/Orwell Road) and southbound (Terenure Road/Rathfarnham Road), with the exception of the section on Rathfarnham Road from Westbourne Road junction to Bushy Park Road junction where bus priority signalling is proposed in the outbound direction at this pinch point.
- 6.4.69 Segregated cycle facilities will also be split in terms of direction. These facilities will be provided in the opposite direction to the bus facilities on Bushy Park Road/Terenure Road East, which does not strictly align with Primary Route 10/SO3 proposals for two-way facilities on Terenure Road East. There is also a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where the inbound cycle lane will not be provided, owing to the close proximity of the commercial properties at this location.
- 6.4.70 This proposal would require residential land acquisition on Bushy Park Road and Orwell Road as identified in **Figure 6.25** below. Removal of on street parking would be required on the western side of Rathfarnham Road between Fergus Road and Terenure Cross.
- 6.4.71 There are signal controlled junctions at the beginning of this section at Rathdown Park, Bushy Park Road as well as the junctions of Terenure Cross and Rathgar Avenue/Orwell Road. In addition, there is 1 signalised pedestrian crossing at the Church on Terenure Road East.
- 6.4.72 The option TVR8 proposals are presented in **Figure 6.25** while a sample cross section is presented in **Figure 6.26** below.

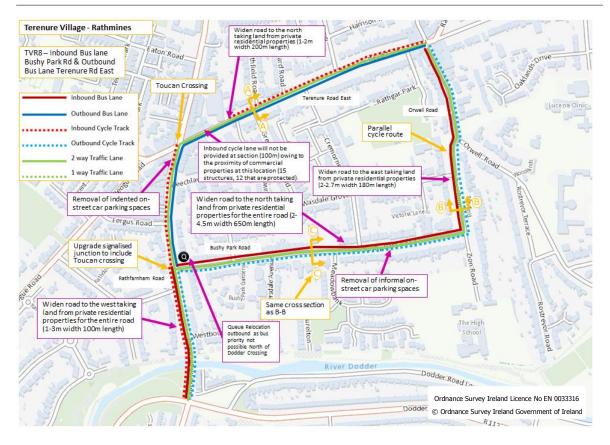
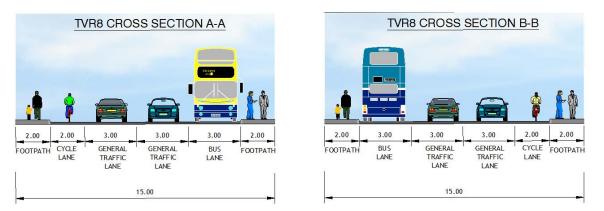
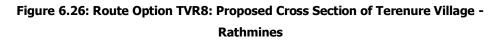


Figure 6.25: Route Option TVR8 Proposal: Terenure Village - Rathmines





- 6.4.73 The following constraints would need to be considered if this route option is progressed: -
 - The provision of split cycle & bus facilities
 - The provision of outbound bus priority signalling between Bushy Park Road and Westbourne Road leading to increased journey times compared to continuous bus priority provision.
- 6.4.74 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €11.0 million (€6.6 million infrastructure costs, €4.4 million land acquisition costs).

Sub-option TVR: Scheme Assessment

6.4.75 The 'Initial' route options assessment summary tables for subsection TVR are presented in Table 1 of Appendix B. The relative ranking of route options against the scheme assessment sub-criteria are summarised in **Table 6.2** below. Criterion and sub-criterion that produce relatively little differences between the options (Neutral compared to other options in the five-point scale) have not been included in the Scheme options Assessment Summary Tables, such as Residential Population and Employment Catchments, and Transport Network Integration.

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Section TVR Summary (sub – criteria)

Terenure Village- Rathmines

Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Option TVR1 Bus lane in both directions, parallel cycle route	Option TVR2 Inbound Traffic Lane on Terenure Rd East	Option TVR3 Bus lane and Cycle lane in both directions	Option TVR4 Cycle Route via Rathdown Park	Option TVR5 Cycle Route via Riversdale Avenue	Option TVR6 Cycle Route via Laurelton/Meadowb ank	Option TVR7 Cycle Route via The Dodder Greenway and Orwell Road	Option TVR8 Inbound bus lane Bushy Park Rd & Outbound bus lane Terenure Rd East
1 Economy	1A Capital Cost								
I Economy	1B Transport Quality & Reliability								
	2B Residential Population & Employment Catchments								
2 Integration	2D Cycle Network Integration								
	2E Traffic Network Integration								
3 Accessibility & Social Inclusion	3A Key Trip Attractors								
4 Safety	4A Road Safety								
	5B Architectural Heritage								
	5C Flora and Fauna								
	5E Landscape and Visual								
5 Environment	5F Air Quality								
	5G Noise & Vibration								
	5H Land Use Character								

Table 6.2: Section TVR Scheme Options Assessment Summary (Sub-Criteria)

- 6.4.76 In terms of 'Economy', the primary differentiator between the route options is the level of residential land acquisition (TVR3) and the additional infrastructure costs to split the bus routes (TVR8). However, there is very little cost differentiation between these and the other options due to the additional infrastructure costs associated with the construction of the proposed cycle bridges for options (TVR2-TVR7). The differential between the route options projected journey times is due the bus priority signalling/no segregated outbound bus lane between the signalised junctions of Dodder Park Road (R112) and Bushy Park Road along, the Rathfarnham Road and along a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where bus lanes will not be provided owing to the close proximity of commercial properties at this location. Therefore, the most economical route is TVR7.
- 6.4.77 In terms of 'traffic impact', a differentiator between route options would be that option TVR2 which provides for inbound traffic only, would have a significant traffic impact in terms of movement restrictions and increased traffic/congestion on Terenure Road East. Due to the traffic diversions, there will be increased traffic on residential roads (Victoria Road, Wasdale Grove, Greenmount Road). Option TVR7 ranks highest in terms of cycle network integration as it provides segregated cycle facilities in both directions along Terenure Road East which aligns with the Primary Route 10/S03 as identified in the GDA Cycle Network Plan and is one of the busiest radial cycle routes in Dublin. Option TVR7 provides a separate alternative cycle route along the proposed Dodder Greenway which results in a very long and circuitous route, which does not align with the CBC route. Option TVR8 ranks lowest in terms of Catchments due to the fact that the CBC has been split into separate inbound and outbound routes and the provision of CBC facilities in both directions is provided for a smaller catchment area compared to the other options.

- 6.4.78 Increase in catchment area, due to the provision of inbound bus lane on Bushy Park Road & Orwell Road. However, splitting the inbound & outbound bus routes and not providing an inbound bus route through Terenure Village would decrease the attractiveness of the option and affect patronage.
- 6.4.79 Under 'Accessibility', option TVR8 serves additional educational facilities above the other options (High School and Stratford college) due to the proposed inbound bus lane on Bushy Park and Orwell Road, however Terenure Village will be bypassed in the inbound direction, which could impact negatively on the attractiveness of the CBC service.
- 6.4.80 Under 'Safety' a primary differentiator between route options is the provision of priority bus lanes. TVR3 TVR7 provide full bus priority in both directions for the majority of the route, while TVR1 & TVR8 only provide an inbound bus lane between the Bushy Park junction and Pearse Bridge due to width constraints. Also, the inbound CBC route for TVR8 has two turning movements while the other options only have one.
- 6.4.81 In terms of 'Environment', route option TVR3 is considered to be less attractive in terms of potential for environmental impacts in relation to Architectural Heritage. The majority of residential properties along Terenure Road are protected structures. For option TVR3 land take from 29 protected residential properties on Terenure Road East is required along an approximate 470m section (maximum 5.7m width from front curtilages), whereas options TVR1 and TVR8 require Land take from 13 protected residential properties within 200m section, max width 1.5m width front curtilages. Land acquisition of protected structures under TVR3 will involve relocation of boundary walls or railings. There will be no impact on the protected buildings themselves.
- 6.4.82 In terms of 'Landscape and Visual', options TVR4-TVR6 are considered the least attractive options. These options involve the constructing a cycle bridge and 150m long spiral ramp which would require the removal of a large number of trees on the northern bank of the River Dodder to facilitate the ramp.
- 6.4.83 In terms of 'Air Quality' and 'Noise & Vibration', options TVR8 & TVR2 are considered the least attractive options. Option TVR8 results in negative impacts

due to increased levels of vehicle traffic on Bushy Park Road and increased proximity of vehicles to houses (and gardens), if the inbound bus lane is installed on Bushy Park Road. With regard to option TVR2, the benefits gained from the reduced vehicle trafficking associated with replacing the existing outbound traffic lane on Terenure Road East will be exceeded by the negative impact due to the increased traffic on less suitable residential roads (Victoria Road, Wasdale Grove, Greenmount Road).

- 6.4.84 In terms of 'Environment", route option TVR2 is generally considered to be less attractive in terms of potential for environmental impacts in relation to 'Air Quality' and 'Noise and Vibration' due to the increased traffic on residential roads (Victoria Road, Wasdale Grove, Greenmount Road) because of the traffic diversions. Restricted access to the commercial amenities (Terenure & Rathgar Village) and residential properties due to the provision of one-way traffic on Terenure Road East would have a large impact on Land Use Character.
- 6.4.85 A summary of the assessment and relative ranking of route options against the five main assessment criteria is presented in **Table 6.3** below.

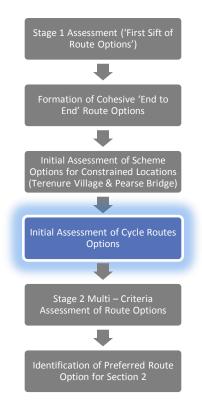
			Section TVR	Summary (m e Village- Rat				
Appraisal Criteria	Option TVR1 Bus lane in both directions, parallel cycle route	Option TVR2 Inbound Traffic Lane on Terenure Rd East	Option TVR3 Bus lane and Cycle lane in both directions	Option TVR4 Cycle Route via Rathdown Park	Option TVR5 Cycle Route via Riversdale Avenue	Option TVR6 Cycle Route via Laurelton/ Meadowbank	Option TVR7 Cycle Route via The Dodder Greenway and Orwell Road	Option TVR8 Inbound bus lane Bushy Park Rd & Outbound bus lane Terenure Rd East
1 Economy								
2 Integration								
3 Accessibility & Social Inclusion								
4 Safety								
5 Environment								

Table 6.3: Section TVR Options Assessment Summary (Main Criteria)

- 6.4.86 Based on the assessment undertaken, route option TVR3 & TVR4 offer overall similar benefits above the other options primarily because of their integration and economic benefits. However, TVR3 achieves more of the Scheme objectives by providing cycle facilities along the CBC route which are identified as Primary routes (10/S03) within the Greater Dublin Area Cycle Network Plan.
- 6.4.87 Therefore TVR3, is the preferred route option for the Terenure Village -Rathmines Section for the following reasons:
 - Provides inbound and outbound bus facilities through Terenure Village which is a principal trip attractor for the CBC;
 - It is the only option that provides inbound and outbound segregated cycle facilities on Terenure Road East, through Terenure Village which aligns with the Primary Route 10/S03 as identified in the GDA Cycle Network Plan, which is one of the busiest radial cycle route in Dublin.
 - It has a lower landscape and visual impact when compared to TVR4-TVR7; and
 - It has less impact on land-use character than TVR2.
- 6.4.88 Based on the initial assessment undertaken for this section of the study area, option TVR3 is identified as the preferred Terenure Village Rathmines section. Therefore, TVR3 will of the form part of the principal route options.

6.5 Initial Assessment of Cycle Routes

6.5.1 After completing the initial Assessment of the Terenure Village & Pearse Bridge sub section and prior to the assessment of the principle route options for Section 2, an assessment of cycle routes options is necessary to determine the optimum option for cycle facilities in conjunction with segregated bus facilities via Rathmines, as it will be difficult to achieve segregated cycle facilities along the same route as the CBC in Section 2. A number of alternative options for the provision of cycle routes have been considered in tandem with the CBC serving Rathgar and Rathmines Village. The Cycle Route option emerging from this initial assessment will be taken forward to form part of the route options considered as part of the Stage 2 multi – criteria assessment





6.5.2 There are six cycle route options considered for this section between the Bushy Park junction on Rathfarnham Road to the Grand Canal Crossing via Rathmines Village. These six options are discussed in the following paragraphs.

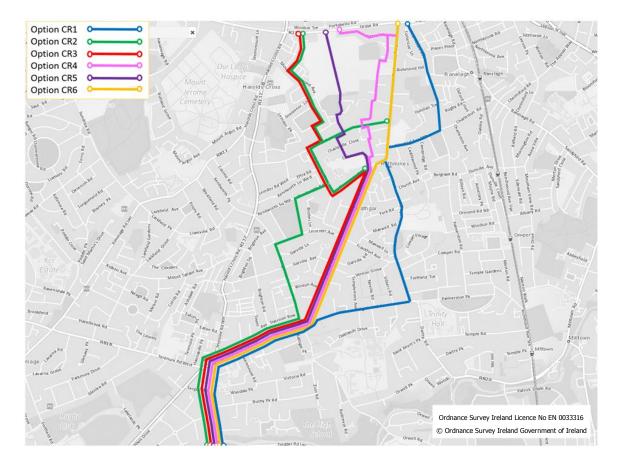


Figure 6.28: Section 2 Cycle Route Options

- CR1 Cycle Route via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Highfield Road, Rathmines Road Upper, Castlewood Avenue and Mount Pleasant Avenue. The route also includes a new cycle bridge crossing the Grand Canal;
- CR2 Cycle route via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Avenue, Kenilworth Square, Grosvenor Square, Mount Drummond Avenue, and O'Hara Avenue. The route also includes a new cycle bridge crossing the Grand Canal;
- CR3 Cycle Route via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Grosvenor Road, Grosvenor Square, Mount Drummond Avenue, and O'Hara Avenue. The route also includes a new cycle bridge crossing the Grand Canal;
- CR4 Cycle Route via Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Wynnefield Road, Prince Arthur Terrace, Leinster Square, Louis Lane, Ardee

Road, Lissenfield, and Grove Park. The route also includes a new cycle bridge crossing the Grand Canal;

- CR5 Cycle Route via Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks. The route also includes a new cycle bridge crossing the Grand Canal; and
- CR6 Cycle Route via Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road Lower. Due to width constraints on La Touche Bridge a new cycle bridge is proposed to the west of the bridge, connecting with Martin Street.

Cycle Route Option CR1: Cycle Route via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Highfield Road, Rathmines Road Upper, Castlewood Avenue and Mountpleasant Avenue.

6.5.3 Cycle route option CR1 proposes to provide segregated cycle facilities along the CBC on Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. A Parallel segregated cycle route is proposed via Highfield Road and Rathmines Road Upper to Rathmines Village turning right onto Castlewood Avenue and Mountpleasant Avenue. Mixed or shared street cycle facilities are only feasible along Mountpleasant Avenue due to width constraints and low traffic volumes & vehicle speeds. A 30km/h zone is proposed along Rathmines Road Lower between Grosvenor Road and Grove Road to provide a safer environment for cyclists who choose to use the bus lanes on Rathmines Road Lower instead of the segregated parallel cycle route. Option CR1 proposes to provide a new cycle bridge crossing the Grand Canal. The route is presented in **Figure 6.29**.

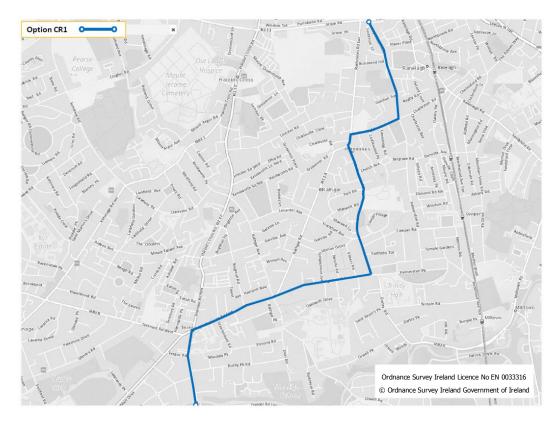
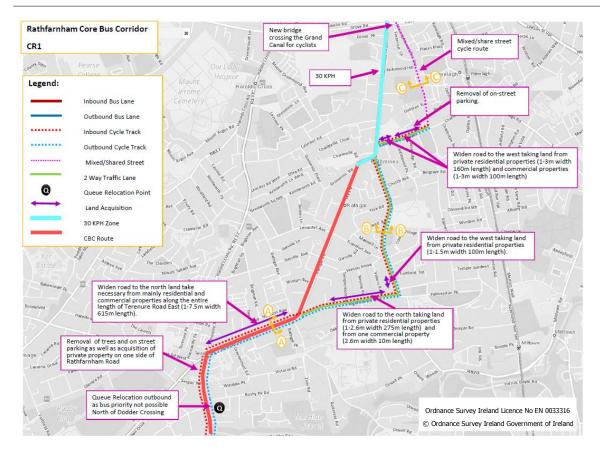
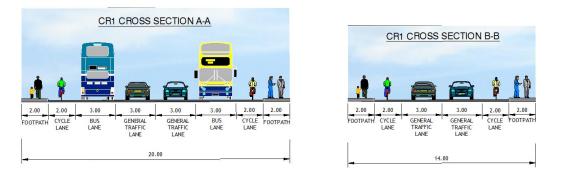


Figure 6.29: Cycle Route Option CR1

- 6.5.4 **Inbound (Northbound):** The cycle route will proceed from Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Highfield Road, Rathmines Road Upper to Rathmines Village before turning right onto Castlewood Avenue and connecting with Canal Road via Mountpleasant Avenue.
- 6.5.5 **Outbound (Southbound):** The southbound option follows the same route as northbound, a segregated cycle lane is provided along the majority of the route.
- 6.5.6 This segregated cycle route does not align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for Primary Route SO3/10, which runs along Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road. A 30km/h zone is proposed along Rathmines Road Lower between Grosvenor Road and Grove Road to provide a safer environment for cyclists who choose to use the bus lanes on Rathmines Road Lower instead of the segregated parallel cycle route.
- 6.5.7 There are nine controlled junctions and three pedestrian crossings along this route.
- 6.5.8 The option CR1 proposals are presented in **Figure 6.30** while a sample cross section is presented in **Figure 6.31** below.







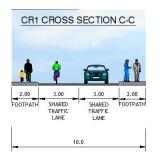


Figure 6.31: Route Option CR1 Proposed Cross Section.

- 6.5.9 The following constraints would need to be considered if this route option is progressed: -
 - There are no segregated cycle facilities provided along Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road Lower, which is identified as Primary Route 10 within the GDA CNP and is one of the busiest radial cycle routes in Dublin.
 - Share/mixed cycle facilities provided on Mountpleasant Avenue due to width constraints.
- 6.5.10 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €20.2 million (inclusive of associated bus facilities) (€13.9 million infrastructure costs, €6.3 million land acquisition costs.

Cycle Route Option CR2: Cycle route via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Avenue, Kenilworth Square, Grosvenor Square, Mount Drummond Avenue, and O'Hara Avenue.

6.5.11 Cycle route option CR2 proposes to provide segregated cycle facilities along the CBC on Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. A parallel segregated cycle route is proposed via Rathgar Avenue, Kenilworth Square, Grosvenor Road, Leinster Road. Mixed or shared street cycle facilities are only feasible along Grosvenor Square, Mount Drummond Avenue and O'Hara Avenue due to width constraints and low traffic volumes & vehicle speeds. A 30km/h zone is proposed along Rathmines Road Lower between Grosvenor Road and Grove Road to provide a safer environment for cyclists who choose to use the bus lanes on Rathmines Road Lower instead of the segregated parallel cycle route. Option CR2 proposes to provide a new cycle bridge crossing the Grand Canal. The route is presented in **Figure 6.32**.



Figure 6.32: Cycle Route Option CR2

- 6.5.12 **Inbound (Northbound):** The cycle route will proceed from Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Avenue, Kenilworth Square, Grosvenor Road, Leinster Road, Grosvenor Square, Mount Drummond Avenue and O'Hara Avenue, segregated cycle track will be provided for the majority of the route. A
- 6.5.13 **Outbound (Southbound):** The southbound option follows the same route as northbound, a segregated cycle track provided for the majority of the route.
- 6.5.14 This cycle route does not align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for Primary Route SO3/10 which runs along Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road. A 30km/h zone is proposed along Rathmines Road Lower between Grosvenor Road and Grove Road to provide a safer environment for cyclists who choose to use the bus lanes on Rathmines Road Lower instead of the segregated parallel cycle route.
- 6.5.15 There are thirteen controlled junctions and one pedestrian crossing along this route.

6.5.16 The option CR2 proposals are presented in **Figure 6.33** while sample cross sections are presented in **Figure 6.34** below.

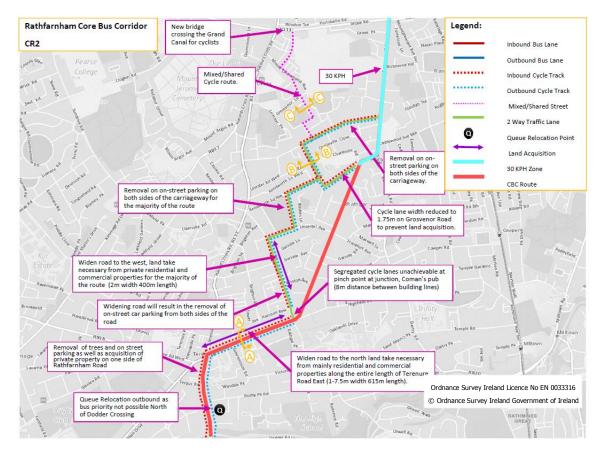
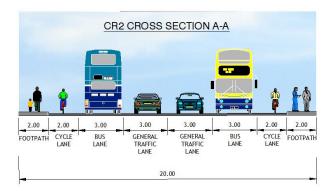
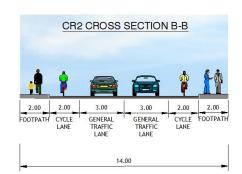


Figure 6.33: Route Option CR2 Proposal.





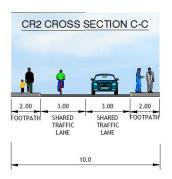


Figure 6.34: Route Option CR2 Proposed Cross Section.

- 6.5.17 The following constraints would need to be considered if this route option is progressed:
 - There are no segregated cycle facilities provided along Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road Lower, which is identified as Primary Route 10 within the GDA CNP and one of the busiest radial cycle routes in Dublin.
 - Shared/mixed cycle facilities are provided along Grosvenor Square, Mount Drummond Avenue and O'Hara Avenue due to width constraints and low traffic volumes & vehicle speeds.
- 6.5.18 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €18.8 million (€13.7 million infrastructure costs, €5.1 million land acquisition costs.

Cycle Route Option CR3: Cycle Route via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Grosvenor Road, Grosvenor Square, Mount Drummond Avenue, and O'Hara Avenue.

6.5.19 Cycle route option CR3 proposes to provide segregated cycle facilities along the CBC on Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, and Rathgar Road. A parallel cycle route is proposed via Grosvenor Road, Grosvenor Place, Grosvenor Square, Mount Drummond Ave and O'Hara Avenue. Mixed or shared street cycle facilities are only feasible along Grosvenor Square, Mount Drummond Avenue and O'Hara Avenue due to width constraints, low traffic volumes & vehicle speeds. A 30km/h zone is proposed along Rathmines Road Lower between Grosvenor Road and Grove Road to provide a safer environment for cyclists who choose to use the bus lanes on Rathmines Road Lower instead of the segregated parallel cycle route. Option CR3 proposes to provide a new cycle bridge crossing the Grand Canal. The route is presented in **Figure 6.35**.

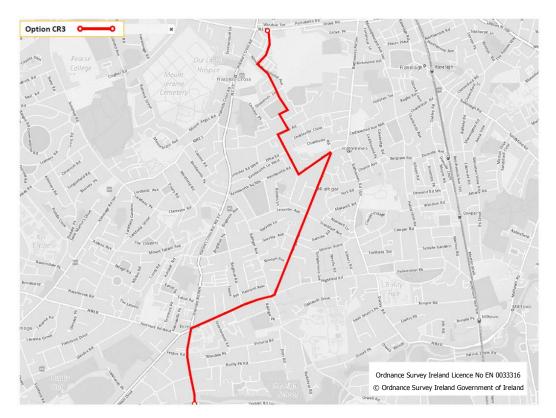
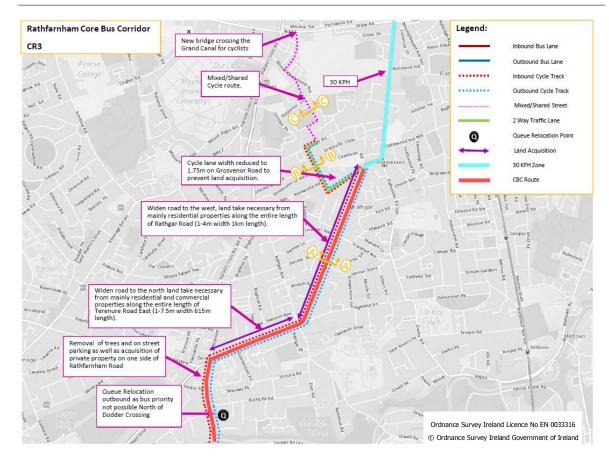
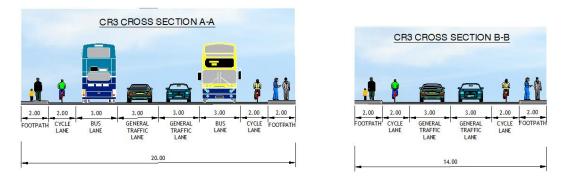


Figure 6.35: Cycle Route Option CR3

- 6.5.20 **Inbound (Northbound):** The cycle route will proceed from Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Grosvenor Road, Leinster Road, Grosvenor Square, Mount Drummond Avenue and O'Hara Avenue, with a segregated cycle track provided for the majority of the route.
- 6.5.21 **Outbound (Southbound):** The southbound option follows the same route as northbound, a segregated cycle track is provided for the majority of the route.
- 6.5.22 This cycle route does not align strictly with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for Primary Route SO3/10 which runs along Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road. A 30km/h zone is proposed along Rathmines Road Lower between Grosvenor Road and Grove Road to provide a safer environment for cyclists who choose to use the bus lanes on Rathmines Road Lower instead of the segregated parallel cycle route.
- 6.5.23 There are eleven controlled junctions and one pedestrian crossing along this route.
- 6.5.24 The option CR3 proposals are presented in **Figure 6.36** while sample cross section is presented in **Figure 6.37** below.







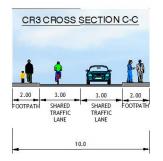


Figure 6.37: Route Option CR3 Proposed Cross Section.

- 6.5.25 The following constraints would need to be considered if this route option is progressed:
 - There are no segregated cycle facilities provided along Terenure Road East and Rathmines Road Lower, which is identified as Primary Route 10 within the GDA CNP and currently one of the busiest radial cycle route in Dublin; and
 - Shared/mixed cycle facilities provided are along Grosvenor Square, Mount Drummond Avenue and O'Hara Avenue due to width constraints and low traffic volumes & vehicle speeds.
- 6.5.26 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €21.9 million (inclusive of associated bus facilities) (€13.2 million infrastructure costs, €8.7 million land acquisition costs.

Cycle Route Option CR4: Cycle Route via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Wynnefield Road, Prince Arthur Terrace, Leinster Square, Louis Lane, Ardee Road, Lissenfield, and Grove Park.

6.5.27 Cycle route option CR4 proposes to provide segregated cycle facilities along the CBC on Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East and Rathgar Road. A parallel cycle route is proposed via Charleville Road, Wynnefield Road, Prince Arthur Terrace, Leinster Square, Louis Lane, Ardee Road, Lissenfield, and Grove Park. Mixed or shared street cycle facilities are only feasible along Wynnefield Road, Prince Arthur Terrace, Leinster Square, Louis Lane, Lissenfield, and Grove Park due to width constraints and low traffic volumes & vehicle speeds. Land acquisition is required from Wynnefield carpark, St. Mary's College (protected structure), St. Louis Primary School, Lissenfield and 2 brownfield sites (link from Lissenfield to Grove Park) to provide a parallel cycle route to Rathmines Road Lower. A 30km/h zone is proposed along Rathmines Road Lower between Grosvenor Road and Grove Road to provide a safer environment for cyclists who

choose to use the bus lanes on Rathmines Road Lower instead of the segregated parallel cycle route. Option CR4 proposes to provide a new cycle bridge crossing the Grand Canal. The route is presented in Figure **6.38**.



Figure 6.38: Cycle Route Option CR4

- 6.5.28 **Inbound (Northbound):** The cycle route will proceed from Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Wynnefield Road, Prince Arthur Terrace, Leinster Square, Louis Lane, Ardee Road, Lissenfield, and Grove Park, segregated cycle track provided for the majority of the route.
- 6.5.29 **Outbound (Southbound):** The southbound option follows the same route as northbound, segregated cycle track provided for the majority of the route.
- 6.5.30 This cycle route does not align strictly with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for Primary Route SO3/10 which runs along Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road. A 30km/h zone is proposed along Rathmines Road Lower between Grosvenor Road and Grove Road to provide a safer environment for cyclists who choose to use the bus lanes on Rathmines Road Lower instead of the segregated parallel cycle route.

- 6.5.31 There are eleven controlled junctions and one pedestrian crossing along this route.
- 6.5.32 The option CR4 proposals are presented in **Figure 6.39** while a sample cross section is presented in **Figure 6.40** below.

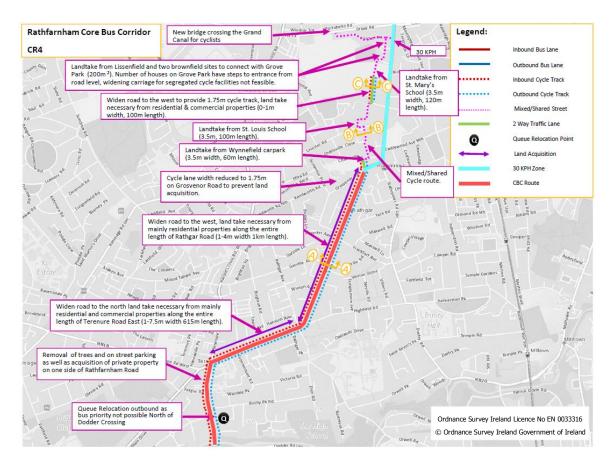
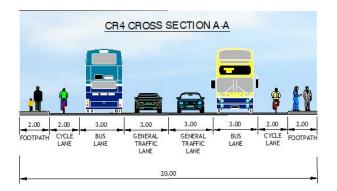
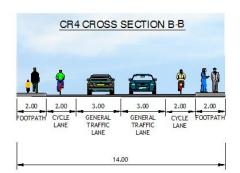


Figure 6.39: Route Option CR4 Proposal.





	4	-	2.4
	X		
2.00	3.00	3.00	2.00
OTPATH	SHARED TRAFFIC	SHARED	FOOTPAT
	LANE	LANE	

Figure 6.40: Route Option CR4 Proposed Cross Section.

- 6.5.33 The following constraints would need to be considered if this route option is progressed: -
 - There are no segregated cycle facilities provided along Terenure Road East and Rathmines Road Lower, which is identified as Primary Route 10 within the GDA CNP and is one of the busiest radial cycle route in Dublin.
 - Shared/mixed cycle facilities are provided along Wynnefield Road, Prince Arthur Terrace, Leinster Square, Louis Lane, Lissenfield, and Grove Park due to width constraints, low traffic volumes & vehicle speeds.
- 6.5.34 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €25.2 million (inclusive of associated bus facilities) (€11.0 million infrastructure costs, €14.2 million land acquisition costs.

Cycle Route Option CR5: Cycle Route via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks.

6.5.35 Cycle route option CR5 proposes to provide segregated cycle facilities along the CBC on Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East and Rathgar Road. Cyclists will also be catered for via parallel cycle routes via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks. Mixed or shared street cycle facilities only feasible along Charleville Place and Grosvenor Lodge due to width constraints and low traffic volumes & vehicle speeds. Option CR5 requires land acquisition from the edge/perimeter of Cathal Brugha Barracks Football pitch. The proposed cycle route will travel through Cathal Brugha Barracks along an existing internal roadway (10m width at pinch point), however there will be no requirement for land acquisition of buildings which would compromise architectural heritage. Permissive access will need to be arranged through the barracks however. A 30km/h zone is proposed along Rathmines Road Lower between Grosvenor Road and Grove Road to provide a safer environment for cyclists who choose to use the bus lanes on Rathmines Road Lower instead of the segregated parallel cycle route. Option CR5 proposes to provide a new cycle bridge crossing the Grand Canal. The route is presented in **Figure 6.41**.

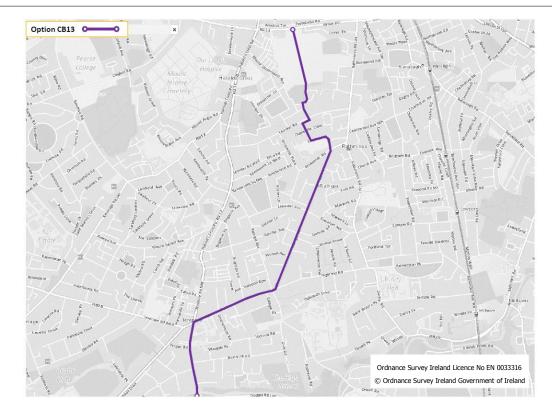


Figure 6.41: Cycle Route Option CR5

- 6.5.36 **Inbound (Northbound):** The cycle route will proceed from Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks, with a segregated cycle track provided for the majority of the route.
- 6.5.37 **Outbound (Southbound):** The southbound option follows the same route as northbound, with a segregated cycle track provided for the majority of the route.
- 6.5.38 This cycle route option does not align strictly with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for Primary Route SO3/10 which runs along Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road. A 30km/h zone is proposed along Rathmines Road Lower between Grosvenor Road and Grove Road to provide a safer environment for cyclists who choose to use the bus lanes on Rathmines Road Lower instead of the segregated parallel cycle route.
- 6.5.39 There are eleven controlled junctions and one pedestrian crossing along this route.

6.5.40 The option CR5 proposals are presented in **Figure 6.42** while a sample cross section is presented in **Figure 6.43** below.

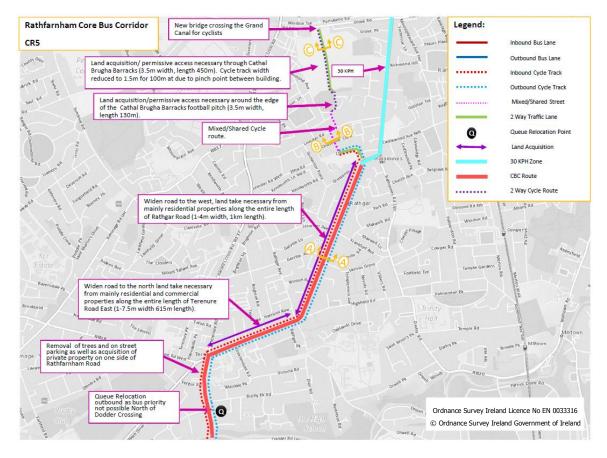
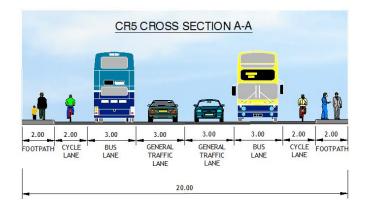
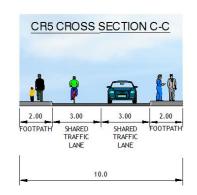


Figure 6.42: Route Option CR5 Proposal.





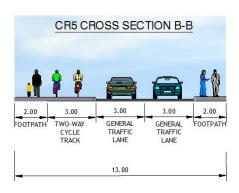


Figure 6.43: Route Option CR5 Proposed Cross Section.

- 6.5.41 The following constraints would need to be considered if this route option is progressed:
 - There are no segregated cycle facilities provided along Terenure Road East and Rathmines Road Lower, which is identified as Primary Route 10 within the GDA CNP and one of the busiest radial cycle route in Dublin; and
 - Shared/mixed cycle facilities are provided along Charleville Place and Grosvenor Lodge due to width constraints, low traffic volumes & vehicle speeds.
- 6.5.42 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €26.8 million (inclusive of associated bus facilities) (€14.3 million infrastructure costs, €12.5 million land acquisition costs.

Cycle Route Option CR6: Cycle Route via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road Lower.

Cycle route option CR6 proposes to provide segregated cycle lanes in both directions along the CBC via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road Lower. The route is presented in **Figure 6.44**.

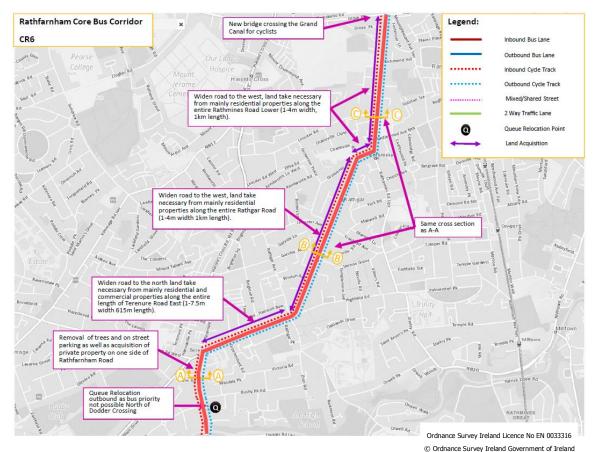


Figure 6.44: Cycle Route Option CR6

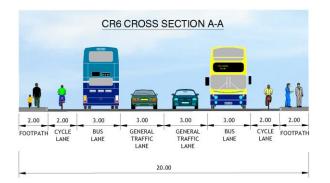
- 6.5.43 **Inbound (Northbound):** The cycle route will proceed from Rathfarnham Road before turning right at Terenure Village onto Terenure Road East and continue onto Rathgar Village, Rathgar Road, Rathmines Village and Rathmines Road to La Touche Bridge.
- 6.5.44 **Outbound (Southbound):** The southbound option follows the same route as northbound, segregated cycle track provided for the entire route.
- 6.5.45 It is proposed to provide segregated cycle lanes in both directions along the CBC via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road Lower. This cycle route aligns with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for

Primary Route SO3/10 which runs along Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road.

- 6.5.46 There are eleven controlled junctions and four pedestrian crossings along this route.
- 6.5.47 The option CR6 proposals are presented in **Figure 6.45** while a sample cross section is presented in **Figure 6.46** below.









6.5.48 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €28.4 million (inclusive of associated bus facilities) (€14.6 million infrastructure costs, €13.8 million land acquisition costs).

Section 2: Cycle Route: Scheme Assessment

- 6.5.49 A specific set of criteria have been used to assess the relative merits of each of the cycle routes outlined above. The 'Five Needs of a Cyclist' outlined in the National Cycle Manual Guidelines along with Capital Cost and Environmental Impacts were the criteria used to compare the cycle routes. The cycle routes were assessed using the following criteria: -
 - 1. Capital Cost;
 - 2. Road Safety;
 - 3. Coherence;
 - 4. Directness;
 - 5. Attractiveness
 - 6. Comfort; and
 - 7. Environment.
- 6.5.50 Table 1 within Appendix D presents a summary of the assessment criteria and rationale used as part of the detailed cycle route options assessment process.
- 6.5.51 The 'Initial' route options assessment summary tables for this section are presented in Table 2 within Appendix B. The relative ranking of route options against the scheme assessment sub-criteria are summarised in **Table 6.4** below.

Section 2 Summary Main Criteria						
Cycle Routes – Rathfarnham to Rathmines						
Appraisal Criteria	Route Option CR1 Cycle Route via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Highfield Road, Rathmines Road Upper, Castlewood Avenue and Mount Pleasant Avenue.	Route Option CR2 Cycle route via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Avenue, Kenilworth Square, Grosvenor Square, Mount Drummond Avenue and O'Hara Avenue.	Route Option CR3 Cycle Route via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Grosvenor Road, Grosvenor Square, Mount Drummond Avenue and O'Hara Avenue.	Route Option CR4 Cycle Route via Rathfarnham Road, Charleville Road, Wynnefield Road, Prince Arthur Terrace, Leinster Square, Louis Lane, Ardee Road, Lissenfield, and Grove Park.	Route Option CR5 Cycle Route via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge, and Cathal Brugha Barracks.	Route Option CR6 Cycle Route via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road Lower.
1 Capital Cost						
2 Road Safety						
3 Coherence						
4 Directness						
5 Attractiveness						
6 Comfort						
7 Environmental						

Table 6.4: Section 2 Cycle Route Options Assessment Summary (Sub-Criteria)

- 6.5.52 In terms of 'Capital Cost', the primary differentiator between route options is the Land acquisition. Option CR6 has the largest land acquisition cost due to the additional land take being required costs along Rathmines Road Lower. Route option CR4 requires land acquisition from Wynnefield carpark, St. Mary's College (protected structure), Lissenfield and 2 brownfield sites (link from Lissenfield to Grove Park) to provide a parallel cycle route to Rathmines Road Lower. Cycle route option CR5 may require land take from the edge/perimeter of Cathal Brugha Barracks Football pitch. The proposed cycle route will travel through Cathal Brugha Barracks along an existing internal roadway (10m width at pinch point), however there will be no requirement for land acquisition of buildings which would compromise architectural heritage. Permissive access will need to be arranged through the barracks however.
- 6.5.53 In terms of 'Road Safety', a differentiator between route options would be the number of turning movements and the quality of cycle provision practically achievable. Option CR6, has the lowest number of turning movements and the cycle route is segregated along the entire CBC route, which aligns with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for the Primary Route SO3/10 and Primary Route 10.
- 6.5.54 In terms of 'Coherence and Directness', CR1 and CR2 are considered the least attractive options because they are parallel cycle routes which divert furthest from the CBC route and the Primary Cycle Route 10 (GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal) along Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road Lower. Option CR6 is the most direct route with segregated cycle facilities along the entire CBC route, it is 1km shorter in length than CR1. Options CR4 and CR5 are more direct routes than CR3 and require less of a detour from the CBC.
- 6.5.55 In terms of 'Attractiveness', CR5 and CR6 are considered the most attractive options because they have segregated cycle tracks provided for the majority of their routes, CR5 has only 300m mixed/shared cycle route. The cycling environment along the routes are both pleasant and interesting.
- 6.5.56 In terms of 'Environment', route option CR4, CR5 and CR6 are considered less attractive than the other options. Option CR6, requires additional land take from

45 protected properties on Rathmines Road Upper (majority of the land take required from front curtilage of residential properties). Option CR5 requires land take from the edge/perimeter of Cathal Brugha Barracks Football pitch and the provision of permissive access through the barracks to facilitate the provision of a segregated cycle route. The segregated cycle route will not require any land acquisition of buildings or compromise the architectural heritage of the buildings. Option CR4 requires land acquisition from Wynnefield carpark, St. Mary's College (protected structure), Lissenfield and 2 brownfield sites (to link Lissenfield to Grove Park) to provide a parallel cycle route to Rathmines Road Lower. Permissive access/agreements will need to be established with the educational institutions (St. Louis School Primary School, St. Mary's College) in which the route passes through.

- 6.5.57 Based on the assessment undertaken, route option CR5 appears to offer more benefits over CR3 primarily due to the quality of its cycle provision i.e. its directness and attractiveness. CR5 is less attractive in term of Environmental impact compared to CR1, CR2 & CR3, this is due to the encroachment into Cathal Brugha Barracks and the requirement for permissive access, however there will be no requirement for land acquisition of buildings that could compromise the architectural heritage of the barracks.
- 6.5.58 CR5 is therefore the preferred cycle route for Section 2 for the following reasons:
 - It offers a more direct route compared to CR1, CR2, CR3;
 - It is more attractive and comfortable compared to CR1, CR2, CR3 and CR4;
 - It is safer in terms of personal safety (combination of the 'number of turning movements' and 'degree of segregation') compared to CR1, CR2 and CR4.
 - It has less environmental impacts and it is more cost effective compared to CR6.
- 6.5.59 Based on the multi-criteria assessment undertaken for this section of the study area, option CR5 is identified as the preferred cycle route option for Section 2 between Dodder River Crossing and the Grand Canal Crossing. Therefore, the CR5 cycle route will form one of the principal route options.

- 6.5.60 The benefits of the preferred cycle route CR5 can be summarised as follows:
 - i. Enhanced cycle facilities in both directions for the route delivering a safer, more comfortable and attractive cycle route.
 - Provides segregated cycle facilities in both directions on Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road which aligns with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for the Primary Cycle Route 10.
 - iii. The proposed interventions will deliver significantly enhanced cycle facilities for this catchment area which includes Terenure Village, Rathgar Village and Rathmines Village all of which are heavily used by cyclists.
 - Avoids impacting on protected structures/properties on Rathmines Road Lower which reduces planning risk, scheme costs and construction disruption.

6.6 Stage 2 Assessment of Principal Route Options for Section 2

Introduction

- 6.6.1 There are Seven principal route options considered for Section 2 between the Dodder River Crossing and the Grand Canal:
 - CB1 Rathfarnham Road –Rathmines Road (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar Road, Outbound traffic only Rathmines Road);
 - CB2 Rathfarnham Road Rathmines Road (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road);
 - CB3 Rathfarnham Road Rathmines Road (Outbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road);
 - CB4 Rathfarnham Road Rathmines Road Lower (Parallel cycle route via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks);
 - CB5 Rathfarnham Road Rathmines Road Lower A route option via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound bus lane provided on Rathmines Road Lower from Rathmines Road Upper to Military road junction and outbound bus lane provided from Grove Road to Military Road junction);
 - CB6 Rathfarnham Road Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathmines Road); and
 - CB7 Rathfarnham Road Rathmines Road Lower (Bus lanes via Highfield Road/Rathmines Road Upper) Parallel cycle route via Rathgar Road Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks.
- 6.6.2 The specific features of the route options are discussed in the following paragraphs.

Principal Route Option CB1: Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar Road, Outbound traffic only Rathmines Road)

6.6.3 As part of route option CB1, segregated bus facilties will be provided between the Dodder River crossing at Pearse Bridge and the Grand Canal crossing at La Touche Bridge (with exception of 100m section at Terenure Cross and 70m section along Rathmines Road Lower between Rathmines Road Upper and Castlewood Avenue). Outbound traffic will be removed from Rathgar Road and, inbound traffic will be removed from Rathmines Road. Segregated cycle facilities provided along the entire CBC route. Route option CB1 is presented in **Figure 6.47** below.

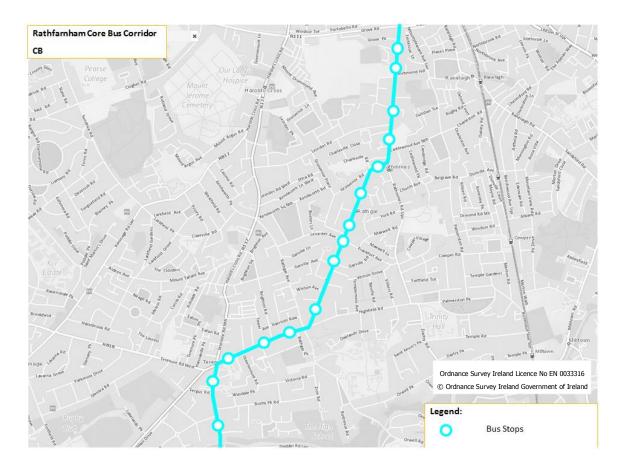


Figure 6.47: Route Option CB1 Rathfarnham Road - Rathmines

- 6.6.4 **Inbound (Northbound):** The CBC service will proceed from Rathfarnham Road before turning right at Terenure Village and proceeding towards Rathmines Village to the crossing of the Grand Canal at La Touche Bridge. Segregated bus lanes will be provided for the majority of the route, except at the section of Rathmines Road Lower between Rathmines Road Upper and Castlewood Avenue (existing traffic lane layout retained) where a queue relocation is proposed.
- 6.6.5 **Outbound (Southbound):** The southbound option follows the same route as northbound, segregated bus lanes provide for the majority of the route, except at the section of Rathmines Road Lower between Rathmines Road Upper and Castlewood Avenue (existing traffic lane layout retained) where a queue relocation is proposed.
- 6.6.6 **Stops:** The number of stops is illustrated in **Figure 6.47**. There has been rationalistion of bus stops which are in close proximity such as the bus stops on Pearse Bridge and at the Military Road junction.
- 6.6.7 The journey time for this route option from the Dodder Park Road/Rathfarnham Road junction to the Rathmines Road/Grove Road/Canal Road junction at the Grand Canal crossing is 13 minutes inbound, and 15 minutes outbound, over a distance of approximately 3.4km.
- 6.6.8 Rathgar Road forms part of Primary Cycle route 10, however it is not possible to provide segregated cycle facilities in conjunction with the proposed bus facilities whilst maintaining two-way traffic, without land acquisition from protected properties which line the route. Therefore, it is proposed as part of option CB1 to remove outbound traffic from Rathgar Road between Rathgar Village and Rathmines Road Upper junction, as shown in **Figure 6.48** below, whilst providing two-way bus and cycle facilities. This would require outbound traffic to use alternative routes such as Palmerston Road, Cowper Road, Rathmines Road Upper and Frankfort Avenue.
- 6.6.9 Rathmines Road also forms part of Primary Cycle route 10, however it is not possible to provide segregated cycle facilities in conjunction with the proposed bus facilities whilst maintaining two-way traffic without land acquisition from

protected properties which line the route. Therefore, it is proposed to remove general traffic in the northbound (inbound) direction between Castlewood Avenue and Grove Road as identified in **Figure 6.48** below. Two-way traffic will be maintained between Rathmines Road Upper junction and Castlwood Avenue junction. Northbound traffic would use Grosvenor Road, Kenilworth Road, Leinster Road and the adjoining roads. In addition, it is proposed to provide segregated cycle facilities on Rathgar/Rathmines Road between Castlewood Avenue and Grove Road also. Land acquisition from protected residential properties would be required in the vicinity of Blackberry Lane as identified in **Figure 6.48** (200m length, <1m width).

- 6.6.10 It is proposed to provide continuous bus priority in both directions along the route with the exception of along Rathmines Road Lower between Rathmines Road Upper and Castlewood Avenue (existing traffic lane layout retained), where queue relocation for buses is proposed in both directions to maintain 2-way traffic between junctions 7 & 8. There is also a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where inbound bus lanes will not be provided owing to the close proximity of commercial properties at this location.
- 6.6.11 There are 10 controlled junctions and four pedestrian crossings along this route.
- 6.6.12 The option CB1 proposals are presented in **Figure 6.48** while a sample cross section is presented in **Figure 6.49** below.

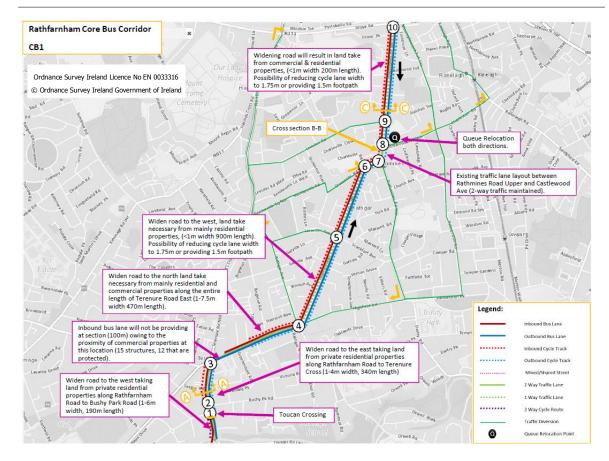
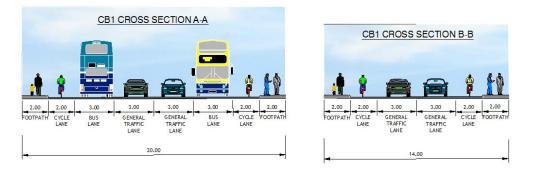


Figure 6.48: Route Option CB1 Proposal



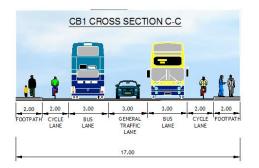


Figure 6.49: Route Option CB1 Proposed Cross Sections

Junctions:

6.6.13 There are 10 signalised junctions (excluding the queue relocation for buses section) along this route option, some of which would require upgrading to facilitate bus priority. The locations of these junctions are presented in Figure 6.49 and discussed below.

1. Rathfarnham Road/Rathdown Park: Left turning vehicles from Rathfarnham Road Ave to Rathdown Park will have to yield for buses in the nearside lane. Adjustments to the junction layout are required to facilitate the inbound bus lane on approach to the junction. There will also be a possible requirement to relocate/provide new signal equipment;

2. Rathfarnham Road/Bushy Park Road: Adjustments to the junction layout are required to facilitate the inbound bus lane on approach to the junction. In the outbound direction, the straight-ahead general traffic lane will be reallocated to a bus lane to provide a bus lane up to the stop line at the Rathdown Park junction. The right turn lane onto Rathdown Park will need to be replaced by a combined straight & right lane. There will also be a possible requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

3. Rathfarnham Road/Terenure North/Terenure Road East: Adjustments to the existing junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction and to facilitate the right turn for buses onto Terenure Road East (offside bus lane provided in the inbound direction). It will not be possible to accommodate an inbound bus lane for the first 100m of Terenure Road East due to the close proximity of adjacent protected properties and as such, the bus may need to share the route with general traffic.

4. Terenure Road East/Rathgar Avenue/Orwell Road: Adjustments to the junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction and the removal of the outbound general traffic lane on Rathgar Road is also required. To provide a bus lane up to the Terenure Road East stop line, the left turn lane will have to be removed (due to the close proximity of adjacent properties) and as such, left turning vehicles

will now need to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane. Bus priority signalling will be provided for buses at the junction. Removal of onstreet parking is necessary on Terenure Road East to provide for the outbound bus lane.

5. Rathgar Road/Leicester Avenue/Frankfort Avenue: This junction would need to be upgraded to accommodate bus lanes and cycle lanes through the junction and the removal of the outbound traffic lane on Rathgar Road is a required. To provide a bus lane up to the stop line on Rathgar Road, the nearside general traffic lane will be reallocated to a bus lane (due to the close proximity of adjacent properties) and as such, left turning vehicles will now need to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane. Bus priority signalling will be provided for buses at the junction.

6. Rathgar Road/Grosvenor Road/Charleville Road: Adjustments to the junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction and the removal of the outbound general traffic lane is required on Rathgar Road. There will also be a possible requirement to relocate/provide new/existing signal equipment;

7. Rathmines Road Upper/Rathgar Road/Rathmines Road Lower: Adjustments to the junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction and the removal of the inbound general traffic lane is required on Rathgar Road. There is a possible requirement to relocate/provide new signal equipment on Rathgar Road. The left turn lane on Rathmines Road Upper will need to be removed, due to the outbound traffic ban on Rathgar Road.

8. Rathmines Road Lower/Castlewood Avenue: No changes to the existing layout are possible due to the close proximity of adjacent buildings and the high volume of right turning traffic from Rathmines Road Lower onto Castlewood Avenue. Queue relocation will be provided in both directions to improve movement of buses through the junction;

9. Rathmines Road Lower/Leinster Road: This junction would need to be upgraded to accommodate bus lanes and cycle lanes through the

junction and the removal of the inbound traffic lane on Rathmines Road Lower is required. In the outbound direction, the right turning lane onto Leinster Road will need to be replaced by a straight & right lane to provide a bus lane up to the stop line on Rathmines Road Lower. Bus priority signalling will be provided for buses at the junction.

10. Rathmines Road Lower/Grove Road/Richmond Street: This junction would need to be upgraded to accommodate bus lanes and cycle lanes through the junction and the removal of the inbound traffic lane on Rathmines Road Lower is required.

- 6.6.14 The following constraints would need to be considered if this route option is progressed: -
 - The alteration of the Terenure Cross junction to facilitate right turning buses from Rathfarnham Road;
 - The increased journey time as a result of the queue relocation facilities, when compared with continuous bus priority;
 - The removal of outbound traffic on Rathgar Road and resultant increase of traffic on less suitable roads such as Rathmines Road Upper, Grosvenor Road and Rathgar Avenue;
 - The removal of inbound traffic on Rathmines Road and resultant increase of traffic on less suitable roads such as Castlewood Avenue North, Mountpleasant Avenue Upper and Charleston Road;
 - No northbound traffic on Rathmines Road would have an impact on the accessibility to the amenities of Rathmines Village; and
 - No southbound traffic on Rathgar Road would would have an impact on the accessibility to the amenities of Rathgar Village.
- 6.6.15 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €21.5 million (€16.0 million infrastructure costs, €5.5 million land acquisition costs).

Principal Route Option CB2: Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road)

6.6.16 The CBC option CB2 will provide segregated bus facilities between the Dodder River crossing at Pearse Bridge and the Grand Canal crossing at La Touche Bridge (with exception of 100m section at Terenure Cross and 70m section along Rathmines Road Lower between Rathmines Road Upper and Castlewood Avenue). Outbound traffic will be removed from Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road. Segregated cycle facilities will be provided along Bushy Park Road and along the CBC route. Route option CB2 is presented in **Figure 6.50**.

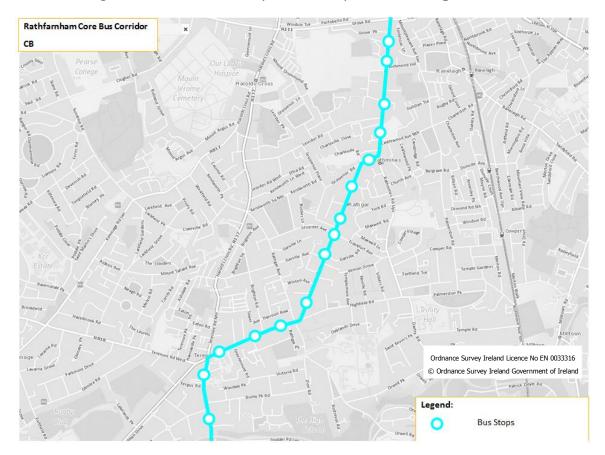


Figure 6.50: Route Option CB2 Rathfarnham Road - Rathmines

6.6.17 **Inbound (Northbound):** The CBC service will proceed from Rathfarnham Road before turning right at Terenure Village and proceeding travel Rathmines Village to the crossing of the Grand Canal at La Touche Bridge. Segregated bus lanes provide will be for the majority of the route, except at the section of Rathmines

Road Lower between Rathmines Road Upper and Castlewood Avenue (existing traffic lane layout retained) where a queue relocation is proposed.

- 6.6.18 **Outbound (Southbound):** The southbound option follows the same route as northbound, with segregated bus lanes provided for the majority of the route, except at the section of Rathmines Road Lower between Rathmines Road Upper and Castlewood Avenue (existing traffic lane layout retained) where a queue relocation is proposed.
- 6.6.19 **Stops**: The number of stops is illustrated in **Figure 6.50**. There has been rationalistion of bus stops which are in close proximity such as, bus stops on Pearse Bridge and at the Military Road junction.
- 6.6.20 The journey time for this route option from the Dodder Park Road/Rathfarnham Road junction to the Rathmines Road/Grove Road/Canal Road junction at the Grand Canal crossing is 13 minutes inbound, and 15 minutes outbound, over a distance of approximately 3.4km.
- 6.6.21 Rathgar Road forms part of Primary Cycle route 10, however it is not possible to provide segregated cycle facilities in conjunction with the proposed bus facilities whilst maintaining two-way traffic without land acquisition from protected properties which line the route. Therefore, it is proposed as part of option CB2 to remove outbound traffic from Rathgar Road in **Figure 6.51** below whilst providing two-way bus and cycle facilities. This would require outbound traffic to use alternative routes such as Palmerston Road, Cowper Road, Rathmines Road Upper and Frankfort Avenue as shown in **Figure 6.51**.
- 6.6.1 Rathmines Road also forms part of Primary Cycle route 10, however it is not possible to provide segregated cycle facilities in conjunction with the proposed bus facilities whilst maintaining two-way traffic, without land acquisition from protected properties which line the route. Therefore, it is proposed to remove traffic in the southbound (outbound) direction between Castlewood Avenue and Grove Road as identified in **Figure 6.51** below. Two-way traffic will be maintained between Rathmines Road Upper junction and Castlwood Avenue junction. Southbound traffic would use Mountpleassant Avenue, Ranelagh Rd, Castlewood Ave, Harold's Cross Road, Leinster Road and adjoining roads. It is

proposed to provide segregated cycle facilities on Rathgar Road/Rathmines Road between Castlewood Avenue and Grove Road also. Land acquisition from protected residential properties would be required in the vicinity of Blackberry Lane, as identified in **Figure 6.51**.

- 6.6.2 It is proposed to provide continuous bus priority in both directions along the route with the exception of along Rathmines Road Lower between Rathmines Road Upper and Castlewood Avenue (existing traffic lane layout retained), where bus priority signalling is proposed in both directions in order to maintain 2-way traffic between junctions 7 & 8. There is also a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where inbound bus lanes will not be provided owing to the close proximity of commercial properties at this location.
- 6.6.3 There are ten controlled junctions and four pedestrian crossings along this route.
- 6.6.4 The option CB2 proposals are presented in **Figure 6.51** while sample cross sections are presented in **Figure 6.52** below.

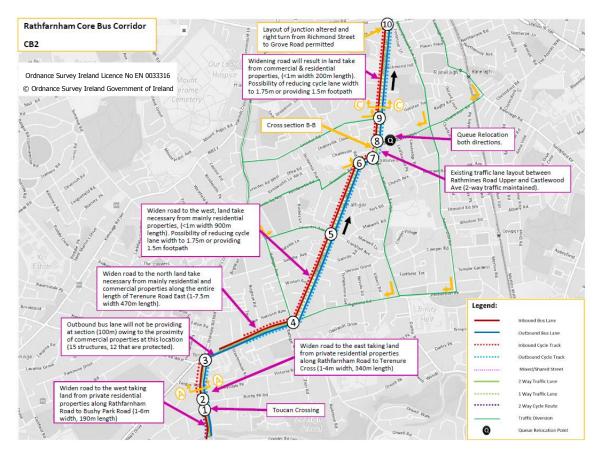
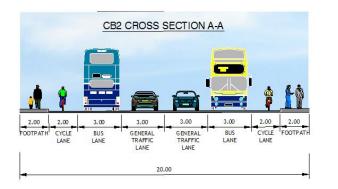
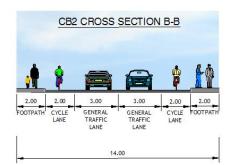


Figure 6.51: Route Option CB2 Proposal





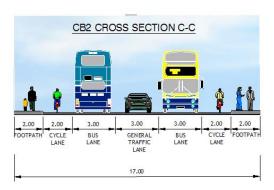


Figure 6.52: Route Option CB2 Proposed Cross Section

Junctions:

6.6.5 There are ten signalised junctions (excluding the queue relocation) along this route option, some of which would require upgrading to facilitate bus priority. The locations of these junctions are presented in **Figure 6.51** and discussed below.

1. Rathfarnham Road/Rathdown Park: Left turning vehicles from Rathfarnham Road Ave to Rathdown Park will have to yield for buses in the nearside lane. Adjustments to the junction layout are required to facilitate the inbound bus lane on approach to the junction. There will also be a possible requirement to relocate/provide new/existing signal equipment;

2. Rathfarnham Road/Bushy Park Road: Adjustments to the junction layout are required to facilitate the inbound bus lane on approach to the junction. In the outbound direction, the straight-ahead traffic lane will be reallocated to a bus lane to provide a bus lane up to the stop line at the

junction at Rathdown Park. The right turning lane onto Rathdown Park will need to be replaced by a combined straight & right lane. There will also be a possible requirement to relocate/provide new/existing signal equipment;

3. Rathfarnham Road/Terenure North/Terenure Road East: Adjustments to the existing junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction and to facilitate the right turn for buses onto Terenure Road East (offside bus lane provided in the inbound direction). It will not be possible to accommodate an inbound bus lane for the first 100m of Terenure Road East due to the close proximity of adjacent protected properties and as such, the bus may need to share the route with general traffic.

4. Terenure Road East/Rathgar Avenue/Orwell Road: Adjustments to the junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction and the removal of the outbound traffic lane on Rathgar Road is also provided. To provide a bus lane up to Terenure Road East, the left turn lane will have to be removed (due to the proximity of adjacent properties) and as such, left turning vehicles will now need to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane. Bus priority signalling will be provided for buses at the junction. Removal of on-street parking is necessary on Terenure Road East to provide for the outbound bus lane.

5. Rathgar Road/Leicester Avenue/Frankfort Avenue: This junction would need to be upgraded to accommodate bus lanes and cycle lanes through the junction and the removal of the outbound traffic lane on Rathgar Road is also required. To provide a bus lane to the stop line on approach to the junction on Rathgar Road, the nearside traffic lane will be reallocated to a bus lane (due to the proximity of adjacent properties) and as such, left turning vehicles will now need to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane. Advanced signals will be provided for buses and cyclists at the junction.

6. Rathgar Road/Grosvenor Road/Charleville Road: Adjustments to junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the

junction and the removal of outbound traffic lane on Rathgar Road is also required. There will also be a possible requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

7. Rathmines Road Upper/Rathgar Road/Rathmines Road Lower: Adjustments to the junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction and the removal of the outbound traffic lane on Rathgar Road is also required. There will also be the possible requirement to relocate/provide new signal equipment. The Left turn lane on Rathmines Road Upper will need to be removed due to the outbound traffic ban on Rathgar Road.

8. Rathmines Road Lower/Castlewood Avenue: No major changes are required to the existing layout due to the close proximity of adjacent buildings and the high volume of right turning traffic from Rathmines Road Lower onto Castlewood Avenue. Bus priority signalling will be provided in both directions to improve movement of buses through the junction;

9. Rathmines Road Lower/Leinster Road: This junction would need to be upgraded to accommodate bus lanes and cycle lanes through the junction and the removal of the outbound traffic lane on Rathmines Road Lower is also required. To provide a bus lane up to the Rathmines Road Lower stop line, the left turn lane will have to be removed (due to the proximity of adjacent properties), and as such, left turning vehicles will now need to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane. Bus priority signalling will be provided for buses at the junction.

10. Rathmines Road Lower/Grove Road/Richmond Street: This junction would need to be upgraded to accommodate bus lanes and cycle lanes through the junction and the removal of outbound traffic lane on Rathmines Road Lower. To provide a bus lane up to the Rathmines Road Lower stop line, the straight & left turning lane will have to be removed (due to the proximity of adjacent properties), and as such, left turning vehicles will now need to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane. Bus priority signalling will be provided for buses at the junction. The layout

of the junction will be altered to provide a right turn from Richmond Street to Grove Road.

- 6.6.6 The following constraints would need to be considered if this route option is progressed: -
 - Alteration to Terenure Cross junction to facilitate right turning buses from Rathfarnham Road;
 - Increased journey time as a result of the queue relocation when compared with continuous bus priority.
 - The removal of the outbound general traffic on Rathgar Road and the resultant increase of traffic on less suitable roads such as Rathmines Road Upper, Grosvenor Road and Rathgar Avenue.
 - The removal of the outbound general traffic on Rathmines Road and the resultant increase of traffic on less suitable roads such as Mountpleasant Avenue Upper, Leinster Road and Castlewood Avenue North;
 - No southbound traffic on Rathmines Road would would have an impact on the accessibility to the amenities of Rathmines Village; and
 - No southbound traffic on Rathgar Road would would have an impact on the accessibility to the amenities of Rathgar Village.
- 6.6.7 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €21.5 million (€16.0 million infrastructure costs, €5.5 million land acquisition costs).

Principal Route Option CB3: Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road (Outbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road)

6.6.8 The CBC route option CB3 will provide segregated bus facilties between the Dodder River crossing at Pearse Bridge and the Grand Canal crossing at La Touche Bridge (with exception of 100m section at Terenure Cross and 70m section along Rathmines Road Lower between Rathmines Road Upper and Castlewood Avenue). Inbound traffic will be removed from Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road. Segregated cycle facilities will be provided along Bushy Park Road and along the CBC route. Route option CB3 is presented in **Figure 6.53**.

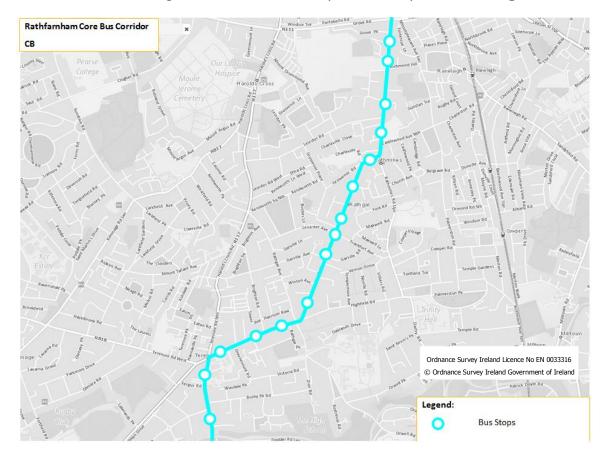


Figure 6.53: Route Option CB3 Rathfarnham Road - Rathmines

6.6.9 **Inbound (Northbound):** The CBC service will proceed from Rathfarnham Road before turning right at Terenure Village and travelling towards Rathmines Village to the crossing of the Grand Canal at La Touche Bridge. Segregated bus lanes will be provided for the majority of the route, except at the section of Rathmines

Road Lower between Rathmines Road Upper and Castlewood Avenue (existing traffic lane layout retained) where a queue relocation is proposed.

- 6.6.10 **Outbound (Southbound):** The southbound option follows the same route as northbound, segregated bus lanes provide for the majority of the route, except at the section of Rathmines Road Lower between Rathmines Road Upper and Castlewood Avenue (existing traffic lane layout retained) where a queue relocation is proposed.
- 6.6.11 **Stops:** The number of stops is illustrated in **Figure 6.53**. There has been rationalistion of bus stops which are in close proximity such as, the bus stops on Pearse Bridge and in the vicinity of the Military Road junction.
- 6.6.12 The journey time for this route option from the Dodder Park Road/Rathfarnham Road junction to the Rathmines Road/Grove Road/Canal Road junction at the Grand Canal crossing is 13 minutes inbound, and 15 minutes outbound, over a distance of approximately 3.4km.
- 6.6.13 Rathgar Road forms part of Primary Cycle route 10, however it is not possible to provide segregated cycle facilities in conjunction with the proposed bus facilities whilst maintaining two-way traffic without land acquisition from protected properties which line the route. Therefore, it is proposed as part of option CB3 to remove inbound traffic from Rathgar Road (Figure 6.53 below) whilst providing two-way bus and cycle facilities. This would require inbound traffic to use alternative routes such as Palmerston Road, Rathgar Avenue, Rathmines Road Upper and Frankfort Avenue as shown in **Figure 6.53**.
- 6.6.14 Rathmines Road also forms part of Primary Cycle route 10, however it is not possible to provide segregated cycle facilities in conjunction with the proposed bus facilities whilst maintaining two-way traffic without land acquisition from protected properties which line the route. Therefore, it is proposed to remove traffic in the northbound (inbound) direction between Castlewood Avenue and Grove Road, as identified in **Figure 6.54** below. Two-way traffic will be maintained between Rathmines Road Upper junction and Castlwood Avenue junction. Northbound traffic would use Mountpleassant Avenue, Ranelagh Rd, Castlewood Ave, Harold's Cross Road, Leinster Road and adjoining roads. In

addition, it is proposed to provide segregated cycle facilities on Rathgar Road/Rathmines Road between Castlewood Avenue and Grove Road. Land acquisition from protected residential buildings would be required in the vicinity of Blackberry Lane as identified in **Figure 6.54**.

- 6.6.15 It is proposed to provide continuous bus priority in both directions along the route with the exception of along Rathmines Road Lower between Rathmines Road Upper and Castlewood Avenue (existing traffic lane layout retained), where bus priority signalling is proposed in both directions in order to maintain 2-way traffic between junctions 7 & 8. There is also a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where inbound bus lanes will not be provided owing to the close proximity of commercial properties at this location.
- 6.6.16 There are ten controlled junctions and four pedestrian crossings along this route.
- 6.6.17 The option CB3 proposals are presented in **Figure 6.54** while sample cross sections are presented in **Figure 6.55** below.

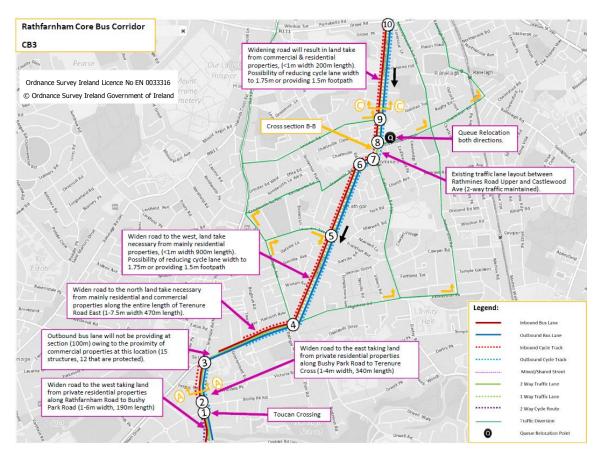
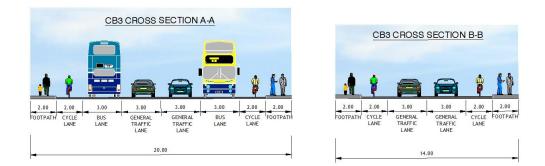


Figure 6.54: Route Option CB3 Proposal



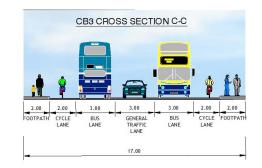


Figure 6.55: Route Option CB3 Proposed Cross Sections

Junctions:

6.6.18 There are ten signalised junctions along this route option (excluding the queue relocation), some of which would require upgrading to facilitate bus priority. The locations of these junctions are presented in **Figure 6.54** and are discussed in further detail below.

1. Rathfarnham Road/Rathdown Park: Left turning vehicles from Rathfarnham Road Ave to Rathdown Park will have to yield for buses in the nearside lane. Adjustments to the junction layout are required to facilitate the inbound bus lane on the approach to the junction. There will also be a possible requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

2. Rathfarnham Road/Bushy Park Road: Adjustments to the junction layout are required to facilitate an inbound bus lane on approach to the junction. In the outbound direction, the straight-ahead traffic lane will be reallocated to a bus lane to provide a bus lane up to the Rathdown Park stop line. The right turning lane onto Rathdown Park will need to be replaced by a combined straight & right lane. There will also be a possible requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

general traffic.

3. Rathfarnham Road/Terenure North/Terenure Road East: Adjustments to the existing junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction and to facilitate the right turn for buses onto Terenure Road East (offside bus lane provided in the inbound direction). It will not be possible to accommodate an inbound bus lane for the first 100m of Terenure Road East due to the close proximity of adjacent protected properties and as such the bus lane may need to share with

4. Terenure Road East/Rathgar Avenue/Orwell Road: Adjustments to the junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction and the removal of the inbound traffic lane on Rathgar Road is also required. To provide a bus lane up to the Terenure Road East stop line, the left turn lane will have to be removed, (due to the proximity of adjacent properties) and as such, left turning vehicles will now need to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane. Removal of on-street parking on Terenure Road East is required to provide for the outbound bus lane.

5. Rathgar Road/Leicester Avenue/Frankfort Avenue: This junction would need to be upgraded to accommodate bus lanes and cycle lanes through the junction. The removal of the inbound traffic lane on Rathgar Road is also required.

6. Rathgar Road/Grosvenor Road/Charleville Road: Adjustments to the junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction and the removal of the inbound traffic lane on Rathgar Road is also required. The outbound left turn lane onto Rathgar Road would be reallocated to a bus lane. There will also be a possible requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

7. Rathmines Road Upper/Rathgar Road/Rathmines Road Lower: Adjustments to junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on the approach to the junction and the removal of the inbound traffic lane on Rathgar Road is also required. There will be a possible requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment).

8. Rathmines Road Lower/Castlewood Avenue: No major changes are possible to the existing layout due to the close proximity of adjacent buildings and the high volume of right turning traffic from Rathmines Road Lower onto Castlewood Avenue. Bus priority signalling is provided in both directions to improve movement of buses through the junction;

9. Rathmines Road Lower/Leinster Road: This junction would need to be upgraded to accommodate bus lanes and cycle lanes through the junction and the removal of inbound traffic lane on Rathmines Road Lower is also required. In the outbound direction, the right turn lane onto Leinster Road will need to be replaced by a straight & right lane in order to provide a bus lane up to the Rathmines Road Lower stop line.

10. Rathmines Road Lower/Grove Road/Richmond Street: This junction would need to be upgraded to accommodate bus lanes and cycle lanes through the junction. The removal of the inbound traffic lane on Rathmines Road Lower is also required.

- 6.6.19 The following constraints would need to be considered if this route option is progressed:
 - Alteration to the Terenure Cross junction to facilitate right turning buses from Rathfarnham Road;
 - Increased journey time as a result of the queue relocation when compared with continuous bus priority;
 - The removal of inbound traffic on Rathgar Road and the resultant increase of traffic on less suitable roads such as Rathmines Road Upper, Grosvenor Road and Rathgar Avenue;
 - The removal of inbound traffic on Rathmines Road and resultant increase of traffic on less suitable roads such as MountPleasant Avenue Upper, Leinster Road and Castlewood Avenue North;

- No northbound traffic on Rathmines Road would have an impact on the accessibility to the amenities of Rathmines Village; and
- No northbound traffic on Rathgar Road would have an impact on the accessibility to the amenities of Rathgar Village.
- 6.6.20 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €21.5 million (€16.0 million infrastructure costs, €5.5 million land acquisition costs).

Principal Route Option CB4: Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Parallel cycle route via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks)

6.6.21 The route options CB4 will provide segregated bus facilities between the Dodder River crossing at Pearse Bridge and the Grand Canal crossing at La Touche Bridge (with exception of 100m section at Terenure Cross). It is proposed to provide segregated cycle facilities on Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East and Rathgar Road. Cyclists will be catered for via a parallel cycle route along Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks as per cycle route option (CR5). A 30km/h zone is proposed along Rathmines Road Lower between Grosvenor Road and Grove Road to provide a safer environment for cyclists who choose to use the bus lanes on Rathmines Road Lower instead of the segregated parallel cycle route. Route option CB4 is presented in **Figure 6.56**.

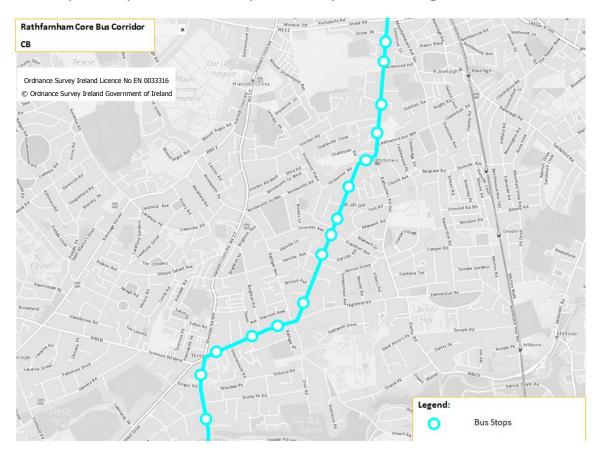


Figure 6.56: Route Option CB4 Rathfarnham Road - Rathmines

- 6.6.22 **Inbound (Northbound):** The CBC service will proceed from Rathfarnham Road before turning right at Terenure Village and proceeding towards Rathmines Village to the crossing of the Grand Canal at La Touche Bridge. Segregated bus lane will be provided for the majority of the route.
- 6.6.23 **Outbound (Southbound):** The southbound option follows the same route as northbound, segregated bus lane provided for the majority of the route.
- 6.6.24 **Stops:** The number of stops is illustrated in **Figure 6.56**. There has been rationalistion of bus stops which are in close proximity such as, bus stops on Pearse Bridge and by Military Road junction.
- 6.6.25 The journey time for this route option from the Dodder Park Road/Rathfarnham Road junction to the Rathmines Road/Grove Road/Canal Road junction at the Grand Canal crossing is 13 minutes Inbound, and 14 minutes Outbound, over a distance of approximately 3.4km.
- 6.6.26 It is proposed to provide continuous bus priority in both directions along the route with the exception of a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where bus lanes will not be provided owing to the close proximity of commercial properties at this location.
- 6.6.27 It is proposed to provide segregated cycle facilities on Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East (with the exception of a 270m section from Terenure Cross to Farrard Road and a small section east of Rathgar Village (20m), owing to conservation issues) and Rathgar Road. Cyclists will also be catered for via parallel cycle routes along Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks. A 30km/h zone is proposed along Rathmines Road Lower between Grosvenor Road and Grove Road to provide a safer environment for cyclists who choose to use the bus lanes on Rathmines Road Lower instead of the segregated parallel cycle route. This cycle route does not align strictly with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for Primary Route SO3/10 which runs along Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road.
- 6.6.28 There are ten controlled junctions and four pedestrian crossings along this route.

6.6.29 The option CB4 proposals are presented in **Figure 6.57** while a sample cross sections are presented in **Figure 6.58** below.

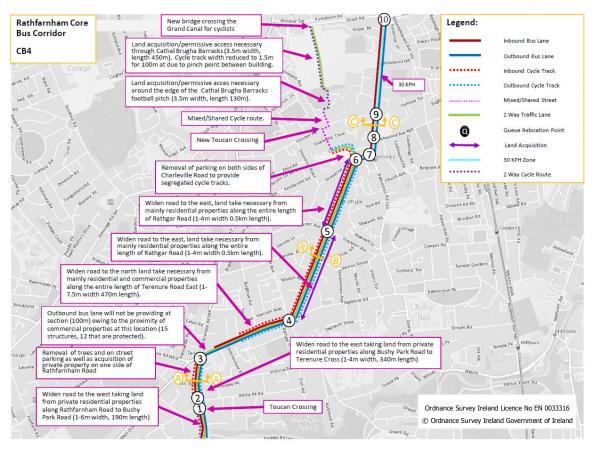
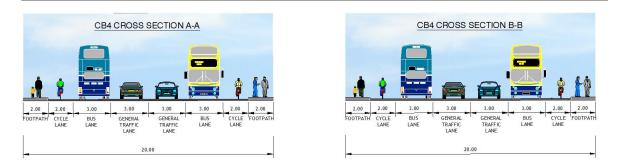


Figure 6.57: Route Option CB4 Proposal



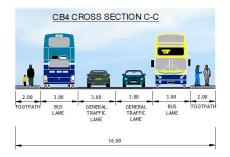


Figure 6.58: Route Option CB4 Proposed Cross Section

Junctions:

6.6.30 There are ten signalised junctions along this route option, some of which would require upgrading to facilitate bus priority. The locations of these junctions are presented in **Figure 6.57** and discussed below.

1. Rathfarnham Road/Rathdown Park: Left turning vehicles from Rathfarnham Road Ave to Rathdown Park will have to yield for buses in the nearside lane. Adjustments to the junction layout are required to facilitate inbound bus lane on approach to the junction. There will also be a possible requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

2. Rathfarnham Road/Bushy Park Road: Adjustments to the junction layout are required to facilitate the inbound bus lane on approach to the junction. In the outbound direction, the straight-ahead traffic lane will be reallocated to a bus lane to provide a bus lane up to the stop line on approach to the Rathdown Park junction. The right turn lane onto Rathdown Park will need to be replaced by a combined straight & right

3. Rathfarnham Road/Terenure North/Terenure Road East: Adjustments to the existing junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction and to facilitate the right turn for buses onto Terenure Road East (offside bus lane provided in the inbound direction). It will not be possible to accommodate an inbound bus lane for the first 100m of Terenure Road East due to the close proximity of the adjacent protected properties and as such buses lane may need to share with general traffic;

4. Terenure Road East/Rathgar Avenue/Orwell Road: Adjustments to the junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction. To provide a bus lane up to the stop lines on Terenure Road East and Rathgar Road, the left turning lane will have to be removed (due to the proximity of adjacent properties), and as such, left turning vehicles will now need to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane. Removal of on-street parking is necessary on Terenure Road East to provide for the outbound bus lane;

5. Rathgar Road/Leicester Avenue/Frankfort Avenue: This junction would need to be upgraded to accommodate bus lanes and cycle lanes through the junction. In the inbound direction, in order to provide a bus lane up to the Rathgar Road stop line, the nearside traffic lane will be reallocated to a bus lane (due to the proximity of adjacent properties), and as such, left turning vehicles will now need to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane. Bus priority signalling will be provided for buses at the junction;

6. Rathgar Road/Grosvenor Road/Charleville Road: Adjustments to the junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes and cycle lanes in both directions on approach to the junction. There will also be a possible requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

7. Rathmines Road Upper/Rathgar Road/Rathmines Road Lower: Adjustments to the junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes in both directions on approach to the junction. There will be a possible requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

8. Rathmines Road Lower/Castlewood Avenue: Adjustments to the junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes in both directions on approach to the junction. In the inbound direction, the right turning lane onto Castlewood Avenue will need to be replaced by a straight & right lane to provide a bus lane up to the Rathmines Road Lower stop line. There will be a possible requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

9. Rathmines Road Lower/Leinster Road: This junction would need to be upgraded to accommodate bus lanes through the junction. To provide a bus lane up to the Rathmines Road Lower stop line in the inbound direction, the left turning lane will have to be removed (due to the proximity of adjacent properties), and as such, left turning vehicles will now need to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane. Bus priority signalling will be provided for buses at the junction. In the outbound direction, the right turn lane onto Leinster Road will need to be replaced by a straight & right lane to provide a bus lane up to the Rathmines Road Lower stop line; and

10. Rathmines Road Lower/Grove Road/Richmond Street: This junction would need to be upgraded to accommodate bus lanes through the junction. To provide a bus lane up to the stop line on Rathmines Road Lower, the straight & left turn lane will have to be removed (due to the proximity of adjacent properties), and as such, left turning vehicles will now need to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane. Bus priority signalling will be provided for buses at the junction.

- 6.6.31 The following constraints would need to be considered if this route option is progressed: -
 - Alteration to Terenure Cross junction will be required to facilitate right turning buses from Rathfarnham Road;

- There are no segregated cycle facilities provided along Rathmines Road Lower, which is Primary Route 10 of the GDA CNP;
- The reallocation of general traffic lanes to bus lanes at busy junctions; and
- 6.6.32 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €26.7 million (€16.8 million infrastructure costs, €9.9 million land acquisition costs.

Principal Route Option CB5: Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound bus lane provided on Rathmines Road Lower from Rathmines Road Upper to Military Road junction and outbound bus lane provided from Grove Road to Military Road junction)

6.6.33 The CBC route option will provide segregated bus facilities between the Dodder River crossing at Pearse Bridge and Rathmines Village (with exception of 100m section at Terenure Cross). An inbound bus lane will be provided on Rathmines Road Lower from Rathmines Road Upper to the Military Road junction, whilst an outbound bus lane provided from Grove Road to the Military Road junction. Segregated cycle facilities will be provided along the entire CBC route. Route option CB5 is presented in **Figure 6.59**.

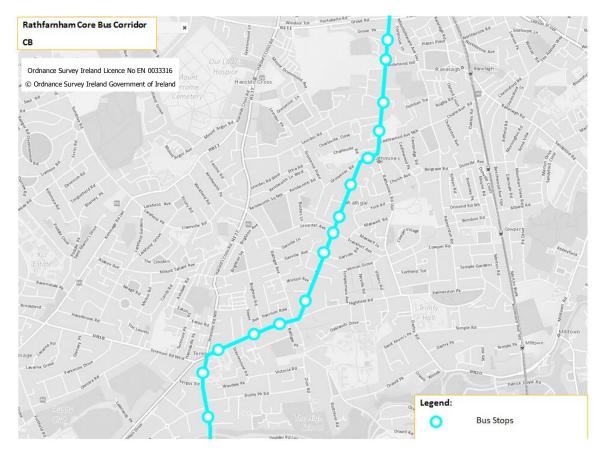


Figure 6.59: Route Option CB5 Rathfarnham Road - Rathmines

6.6.34 **Inbound (Northbound):** The CBC service will proceed from Rathfarnham Road before turning right at Terenure Village and continuing towards Rathmines Village

- 6.6.35 Outbound (Southbound): The southbound option follows the same route as northbound, with a segregated bus lane provided for the majority of the route. A Bus lane will be provided from Grove Road to the Military Road junction.
- 6.6.36 **Stops:** The number of stops is illustrated in **Figure 6.59**. There has been rationalistion of bus stops which are in close proximity such as, the bus stops on Pearse Bridge and in the vicinity of Military Road junction.
- 6.6.37 The journey time for this route option from Dodder Park Road/Rathfarnham Road junction to Rathmines Road/Grove Road/Canal Road junction at the Grand Canal crossing is 15 minutes Inbound, and 19 minutes Outbound, over approximately 3.4km.
- 6.6.38 There is a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where bus lanes will not be provided owing to the proximity of commercial properties at this location.
- 6.6.39 It is proposed to provide segregated cycle facilities along the entire CBC (with the exception of a 270m section from Terenure Cross to Farrard Road and a small section east of Rathgar Village (20m), owing to conservation issues). This cycle route aligns with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for Primary Route SO3/10 which runs along Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road Lower.
- 6.6.40 There are 11 controlled junctions and four pedestrian crossings along this route.
- 6.6.41 The option CB5 proposals are presented in **Figure 6.60** while a sample cross section is presented in **Figure 6.61** below.

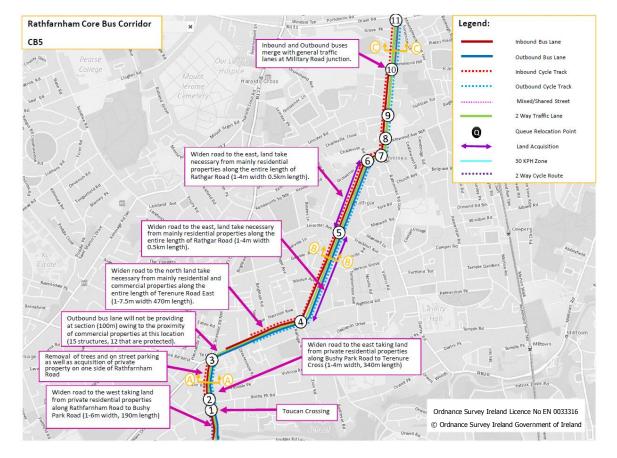
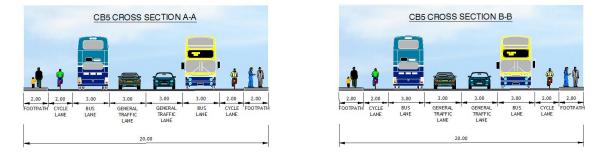
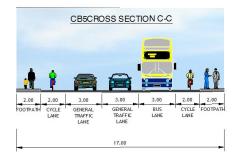


Figure 6.60: Route Option CB5 Proposal.







Junctions:

6.6.42 There are 11 signalised junctions along this route option, some of which would require upgrading to facilitate bus priority. The locations of these junctions are presented in **Figure 6.60** and discussed in further detail below: -

1. Rathfarnham Road/Rathdown Park: Left turning vehicles from Rathfarnham Road Ave to Rathdown Park will have to yield for buses in the nearside lane. Adjustments to the junction layout are required to facilitate the inbound bus lane on approach to the junction. There will also be a possible requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

2. Rathfarnham Road/Bushy Park Road: Adjustments to the junction layout are required to facilitate the inbound bus lane on approach to the junction. In the outbound direction, the straight-ahead traffic lane will be reallocated to a bus lane to provide bus priority to the Rathdown Park junction stop line. The right turn lane onto Rathdown Park will need to be replaced by a combined straight & right lane. There will also be a possible requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

3. Rathfarnham Road/Terenure North/Terenure Road East: Adjustments to the existing junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction and to facilitate the right turn for buses onto Terenure Road East (offside bus lane provided in the inbound direction). It will not be possible to accommodate an inbound bus lane for the first 100m of Terenure Road East due to the close proximity of adjacent protected properties and as such the buses may need to share with general traffic;

4. Terenure Road East/Rathgar Avenue/Orwell Road: Adjustments to the junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction. To provide a bus lane up to the stop lines on Terenure Road East and Rathgar Road, the left turn lanes will have to be removed (due to the proximity of adjacent properties), and as such, left turning vehicles will now need to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane.

Removal of on-street parking necessary on Terenure Road East to provide for outbound bus lane;

5. Rathgar Road/Leicester Avenue/Frankfort Avenue: This junction would need to be upgraded to accommodate bus lanes and cycle lanes through the junction. In the inbound direction, to provide a bus lane up to the stop line on Rathgar Road, the nearside traffic lane will be reallocated to a bus lane (due to the proximity of adjacent properties) and as such, left turning vehicles will now need to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane. Bus priority signalling will be provided for buses at the junction;

6. Rathgar Road/Grosvenor Road/Charleville Road: Adjustments to the junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes and cycle lanes in both directions on approach to the junction. There will be a requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

7. Rathmines Road Upper/Rathgar Road/Rathmines Road Lower: Adjustments to junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes in the inbound direction on approach to the junction. There will be a requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

8. Rathmines Road Lower/Castlewood Avenue: Adjustments to the junction layout would be required to facilitate a bus lane in the inbound direction on approach to the junction. There will be a requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

9. Rathmines Road Lower/Leinster Road: This junction would need to be upgraded to accommodate an inbound bus lane through the junction. To provide a bus lane up to the Rathmines Road Lower at the junction in the inbound direction, the left turning lane will have to be removed (due to the proximity of adjacent properties), and as such, left turning vehicles will now need to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane. Advanced signals will be provided for buses at the junction;

10. Rathmines Road Lower/Military Road: This junction would need to be upgraded to a signal controlled junction to accommodate inbound

and outbound buses merging with general traffic lanes. Bus priority signalling will be provided for buses at the junction; and

11. Rathmines Road Lower/Grove Road/Richmond Street: This junction would need to be upgraded to accommodate outbound bus lanes from the junction. Bus priority signalling will be provided for buses at the junction.

- 6.6.43 The following constraints would need to be considered if this route option is progressed: -
 - The alteration of the Terenure Cross junction to facilitate right turning buses from Rathfarnham Road;
 - No inbound bus lane is provided on Rathmines Road Lower from Military Road to Grove Road and no outbound bus lane provided from Military Road to Rathmines Road Upper junction; and
- 6.6.44 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €26.8 million (€17.0 million infrastructure costs, €9.8 million land acquisition costs.

Principal Route Option CB6: Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathmines Road Lower)

The CBC route option CB6 will provide segregated bus facilities between the Dodder River crossing at Pearse Bridge and the Grand Canal crossing at La Touche Bridge (with exception of 100m section at Terenure Cross). It is proposed to remove general traffic in the northbound (inbound) direction along Rathmines Road Lower between Castlewood Avenue and Grove Road. It is also proposed to provide segregated cycle facilities along the entire CBC. Route option CB6 is presented in **Figure 6.62**.

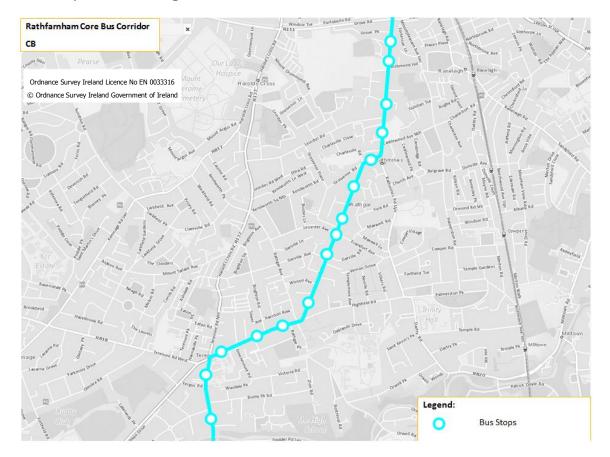


Figure 6.62: Route Option CB6 Rathfarnham Road - Rathmines

6.6.45 **Inbound (Northbound):** The CBC service will proceed from Rathfarnham Road before turning right at Terenure Village and proceeding towards Rathmines Village to the crossing of the Grand Canal at La Touche Bridge. A segregated bus lane will be provided for the majority of the route.

- 6.6.46 **Outbound (Southbound):** The southbound option follows the same route as northbound, with a segregated bus lane provided for the majority of the route.
- 6.6.47 **Stops:** The number of stops is illustrated in **Figure 6.62**. There has been rationalistion of bus stops which are in close proximity such as the bus stops on Pearse Bridge and in the vicinity of Military Road junction.
- 6.6.48 The journey time for this route option from Dodder Park Road/Rathfarnham Road junction to Rathmines Road/Grove Road/Canal Road junction at the Grand Canal crossing is 13 minutes Inbound, and 14 minutes Outbound, over approximately 3.4km.
- 6.6.49 It is proposed to provide continuous bus priority in both directions along the route with the exception of a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross, where bus lanes will not be provided owing to the close proximity of commercial properties at this location.
- 6.6.50 It is proposed to provide segregated cycle facilities along the entire CBC (with the exception of a 270m section from Terenure Cross to Farrard Road and a small section east of Rathgar Village (20m), owing to conservation issues). This cycle route aligns with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for Primary Route SO3/10 which runs along Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road Lower. However, it is not possible to provide segregated cycle facilities in conjunction with the proposed bus facilities whilst maintaining two-way traffic on Rathmines Road Lower, without land acquisition of protected buildings which line the route. Therefore, it is proposed to remove traffic in the northbound (inbound) direction between Castlewood Avenue and Grove Road as identified in **Figure 6.63** below. Northbound traffic would use Mountpleassant Avenue, Ranelagh Rd, Castlewood Ave, Harold's Cross Road, Leinster Road and the adjoining roads. It is also proposed to provide segregated cycle facilities on Rathgar Road/Rathmines Road between Castlewood Avenue and Grove Road. Land acquisition of protected residential properties would be required in the vicinity of Blackberry Lane as identified in Figure 6.63.

6.6.51 There are ten controlled junctions and four pedestrian crossings along this route.

6.6.52 The option CB6 proposals are presented in **Figure 6.63** while sample cross sections are presented in **Figure 6.64** below.

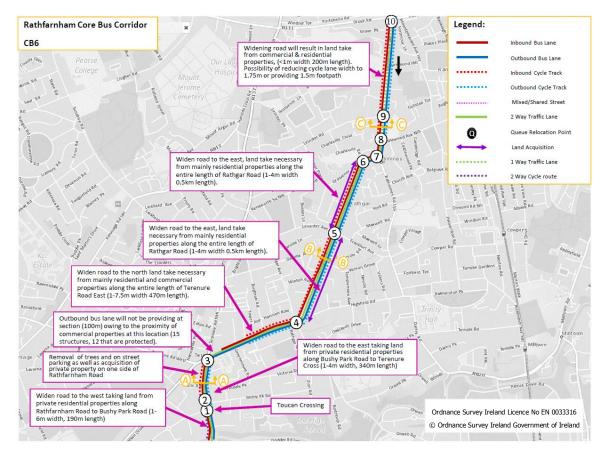
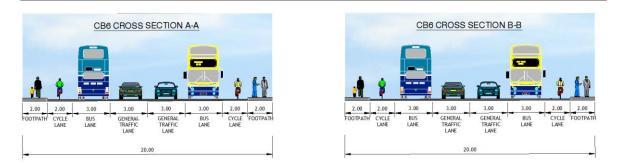


Figure 6.63: Route Option CB6 Proposal



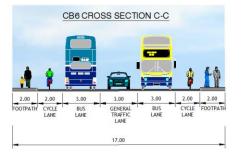


Figure 6.64: Route Option CB6 Proposed Cross Section

Junctions:

6.6.53 There are ten signalised junctions along this route option, some of which would require upgrading to facilitate bus priority. The locations of these junctions are presented in **Figure 6.63** and discussed in further detail below.

1. Rathfarnham Road/Rathdown Park: Left turning vehicles from Rathfarnham Road Ave to Rathdown Park will have to yield for buses in the nearside lane. Adjustments to the junction layout are required to facilitate inbound bus lane on approach to the junction. There will also be a possible requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

2. Rathfarnham Road/Bushy Park Road: Adjustments to the junction layout are required to facilitate inbound bus lane on approach to the junction. In the outbound direction, the straight-ahead traffic lane will be reallocated to a bus lane to provide a bus priority to the stop line on approach to Rathdown Park the junction. The right turn lane onto Rathdown Park will need to be replaced by a combined straight & right lane. There will also be a possible requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

3. Rathfarnham Road/Terenure North/Terenure Road East: Adjustments to the existing junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction and to facilitate the right turn for buses onto Terenure Road East (offside bus lane provided in the inbound direction). It will not be possible to accommodate an inbound bus lane for the first 100m of Terenure Road East, due to the close proximity of adjacent protected properties and as such the bus lane may need to share the traffic lane with general traffic;

4. Terenure Road East/Rathgar Avenue/Orwell Road: Adjustments to the junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction. To provide a bus lane up to the stop line on approach to the junction on Terenure Road East and Rathgar Road, the left turn lane will have to be removed (due to the proximity of adjacent properties) and as such, left turning vehicles will now need to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane. Removal of on-street parking is necessary on Terenure Road East to provide for outbound bus lane;

5. Rathgar Road/Leicester Avenue/Frankfort Avenue: This junction would need to be upgraded to accommodate bus lanes and cycle lanes through the junction. In the inbound direction, to provide a bus lane up to the Rathgar Road stop line of the junction, the nearside traffic lane will be reallocated to a bus lane (due to the proximity of adjacent properties), and as such, left turning vehicles will now need to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane. Bus priority signalling will be provided for buses at the junction;

6. Rathgar Road/Grosvenor Road/Charleville Road: Adjustments to the junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes and cycle lanes in both directions on approach to the junction. There will also be a possible requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

7. Rathmines Road Upper/Rathgar Road/Rathmines Road Lower: Adjustments to the junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction. The removal of the inbound traffic lane on Rathgar Road will also be required. There is a possible requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment. The left turn lane on Rathmines Road Upper will need to be removed due to outbound traffic ban on Rathgar Road;

8. Rathmines Road Lower/Castlewood Avenue: Adjustments to the junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes in both directions on approach to the junction. In addition, southbound only traffic will be permitted on Rathmines Road Lower. There will be a requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

9. Rathmines Road Lower/Leinster Road: This junction would need to be upgraded to accommodate bus lanes and cycle lanes through the junction. The removal of the inbound traffic lane on Rathmines Road Lower will also be required. In the outbound direction, the right turn lane onto Leinster Road will need to be replaced by a straight & right lane to provide a bus lane up to the Rathmines Road Lower junction. Advanced signals will be provided for buses at the junction; and

10. Rathmines Road Lower/Grove Road/Richmond Street: This junction would need to be upgraded to accommodate bus lanes and cycle lanes through the junction. The removal of the inbound traffic lane on Rathmines Road Lower will also be required.

- 6.6.54 The following constraints would need to be considered if this route option is progressed:
 - The alteration of the Terenure Cross junction to facilitate right turning buses from Rathfarnham Road;
 - The removal of inbound traffic on Rathmines Road and the resultant increase of traffic on less suitable roads such as Castlewood Avenue North, Mountpleasant Avenue Upper and Charleston Road; and
 - No inbound (northbound) traffic on Rathmines Road would have an impact on the accessibility to the amenities of Rathmines Village.

6.6.55 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €26.8 million (€17.0 million infrastructure costs, €9.8 million land acquisition costs.

Principal Route Option CB7: Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower via Highfield Road/Rathmines Road Upper. (Parallel cycle route via Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks as per CR5).

6.6.56 The CBC route option CB7 will provide segregated bus facilities between the Dodder River crossing at Pearse Bridge and the Grand Canal crossing at La Touche Bridge (with exception of 100m section at Terenure Cross). It is proposed to provide segregated cycle facilities along Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. Cyclists will also be catered for via parallel cycle routes via Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks. A 30km/h zone is proposed along Rathmines Road Lower between Grosvenor Road and Grove Road, to provide a safer environment for cyclists who choose to use the bus lanes on Rathmines Road Lower instead of the segregated parallel cycle route. Route option CB7 is presented in **Figure 6.65** below.

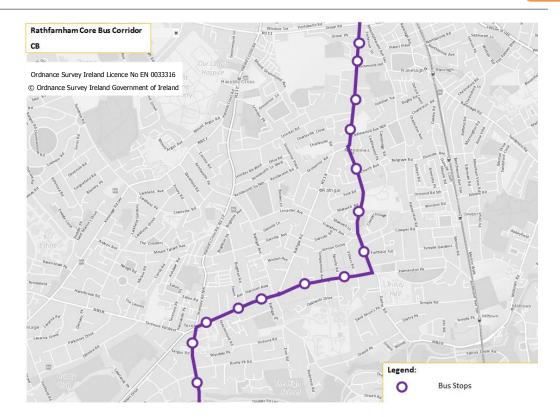


Figure 6.65: Route Option CB Rathfarnham Road - Rathmines

- 6.6.57 **Inbound (Northbound):** The CBC service will proceed from Rathfarnham Road before turning right at Terenure Village and continuing towards Rathmines Village via Highfield Road & Rathmines Road Upper, then crossing the Grand Canal at La Touche Bridge. A segregated bus lane will be provided for the majority of the route.
- 6.6.58 **Outbound (Southbound):** The southbound option follows the same route as northbound, with a segregated bus lane provided for the majority of the route.
- 6.6.59 **Stops:** The number of stops is illustrated in **Figure 6.65**. There has been rationalistion of bus stops which are in close proximity such as, bus stops on Pearse Bridge. Two additional bus stops will be provided in both directions on Highfield Road.
- 6.6.60 The journey time for this route option from Dodder Park Road/Rathfarnham Road junction to Rathmines Road/Grove Road/Canal Road junction at the Grand Canal

crossing is 14 minutes Inbound, and 18 minutes Outbound, over approximately 3.9km.

- 6.6.61 It is proposed to provide continuous bus priority in both directions along the route with the exception of the section of Pearse Bridge at the Dodder Road/Rathfarnham Road junction where bus priority signalling is proposed in the outbound direction at this pinch point. There is also a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where bus lanes will not be provided owing to the close proximity of commercial properties at this location.
- 6.6.62 It is proposed to provide segregated cycle facilities on Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East (with the exception of a 270m section from Terenure Cross to Farrard Road and a small section east of Rathgar Village (20m), owing to conservation issues). Cyclists will also be catered for along parallel cycle routes via Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks. A 30km/h zone is proposed along Rathmines Road Lower between Grosvenor Road and Grove Road to provide a safer environment for cyclists who choose to use the bus lanes on Rathmines Road Lower instead of the segregated parallel cycle route. This cycle route does not align strictly with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for Primary Route SO3/10 which runs along Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road.
- 6.6.63 There are ten controlled junctions and four pedestrian crossings along this route.
- 6.6.64 The option CB7 proposals are presented in **Figure 6.66** while sample cross sections are presented in **Figure 6.67** below.

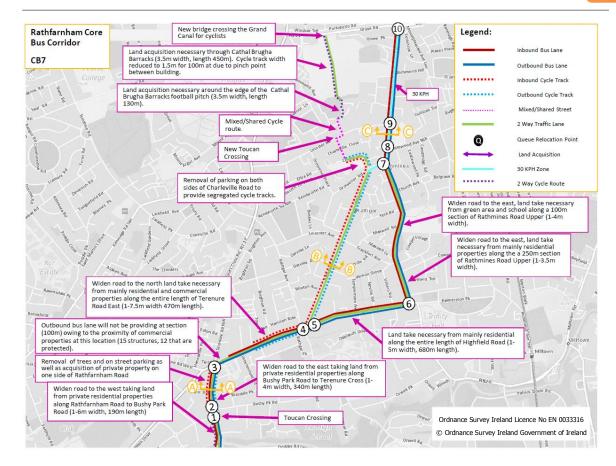
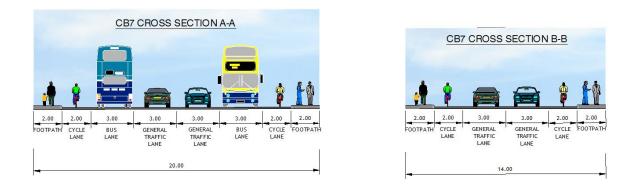


Figure 6.66: Route Option CB7 Proposal



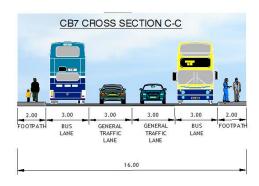


Figure 6.67: Route Option CB7 Proposed Cross Section

6.6.65 **Junctions:**

6.6.66 There are 10 signalised junctions along this route option, some of which would require upgrading to facilitate bus priority. The locations of these junctions are presented in **Figure 6.66** and discussed in further detail below: -

1. Rathfarnham Road/Rathdown Park: Left turning vehicles from Rathfarnham Road Ave to Rathdown Park will have to yield for buses in the nearside lane. Adjustments to the junction layout are required to facilitate the inbound bus lane on approach to the junction. There will also be a possible requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

2. Rathfarnham Road/Bushy Park Road: Adjustments to the junction layout are required to facilitate the inbound bus lane on approach to the junction. In the outbound direction, the straight-ahead traffic lane will be reallocated to a bus lane to provide bus priority to the stop line at Rathdown Park. The right turn lane onto Rathdown Park will need to be replaced by

a combined straight & right lane. There will also be a possible requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

3. Rathfarnham Road/Terenure North/Terenure Road East: Adjustments to the existing junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction and to facilitate the right turn for buses onto Terenure Road East (offside bus lane provided in the inbound direction). It will not be possible to accommodate an inbound bus lane bus lane for the first 100m of Terenure Road East due to the close proximity of adjacent protected properties and as such the buses lane may need to share with general traffic.

4. Terenure Road East/Rathgar Avenue/Orwell Road: Adjustments to the junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction. To provide a bus lane up to the stop lines on Terenure Road East and Rathgar Road, the left turn lanes will have to be removed (due to the proximity of adjacent properties) and as such, left turning vehicles will now need to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane. Removal of on-street parking is necessary on Terenure Road East to provide for outbound bus lane.

5. Rathgar Road/Highfield Road: This junction would need to be upgraded to a signal controlled junction to accommodate right turning buses onto Highfield Road;

6. Highfield Road/Rathmines Road Upper: Adjustments to the existing junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction and to facilitate the right turn for buses only travelling outbound from Rathmines Road Upper to Highfield Road. There will be a requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

7. Rathmines Road Upper/Rathgar Road/Rathmines Road Lower: Adjustments to junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes in both directions on approach to the junction. There will be a requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment; **8. Rathmines Road Lower/Castlewood Avenue:** Adjustments to junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes in both directions on approach to the junction. There will be a requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

9. Rathmines Road Lower/Leinster Road: This junction would need to be upgraded to accommodate bus lanes through the junction. To provide a bus lane up to the stop line at the Rathmines Road Lower junction in the inbound direction, the left turn lane will have to be removed (due to the proximity of adjacent properties) and as such, left turning vehicles will now need to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane. Bus priority signalling will be provided for buses at the junction. In the outbound direction, the right turn lane onto Leinster Road will need to be replaced by a straight & right lane to provide a bus lane to the Rathmines Road Lower stop line;

10. Rathmines Road Lower/Grove Road/Richmond Street: This junction would need to be upgraded to accommodate bus lanes through the junction. To provide a bus lane up to the Rathmines Road Lower stop line, the straight & left turn lane will have to be removed (due to the proximity of adjacent properties) and as such, left turning vehicles will now need to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane. Bus priority signalling will be provided for buses at the junction.

- 6.6.67 The following constraints would need to be considered if this route option is progressed: -
 - The alteration of the Terenure Cross junction to facilitate right turning buses from Rathfarnham Road;
 - The increased journey time as a result of the queue relocation when compared with continuous bus priority; and
 - There are no segregated cycle facilities provided along Rathmines Road Lower, which is identified as Primary Route 10 of the GDA CNP.

6.6.68 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €28.7 million (€17.4 million infrastructure costs, €11.3 million land acquisition costs.

Stage 2 Route Options Multi-Criteria Analysis

6.6.69 The 'Stage 2' route options assessment summary tables for the Principle Route Options for Section 2 are presented in Table 3 of Appendix B. The relative ranking of route options against the scheme assessment sub-criteria are summarised in Table 6.5 below.

Section 2 Summary								
Dodder River to Grand Canal Crossing								
Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Route Option CB1 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar Road, Outbound traffic only Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB2 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB3 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB4 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Parallel cycle route via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks.)	Route Option CB5 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Half Inbound & Half Outbound Bus Lanes on Rathmines Road Lower)	Route Option CB6 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathmines Road Lower)	Route Option CB7 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Bus lanes via Highfield Road/Rathmines Road Upper) Parallel cycle route via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks).
1 Economy	1A Capital Cost 1B Transport Quality & Reliability							
2 Integration	2A Land Use Policy2B Residential Population and Employment Catchments2C Transport Network Integration2D Cycle Network Integration2E Traffic Network Integration							
3 Accessibility & Social Inclusion	3A Key Trip Attractors 3B Deprived Geographic Areas							
4 Safety	4A Road Safety 4B Pedestrians Safety							
	5A Archaeology and Cultural Heritage5B Architectural Heritage5C Flora & Fauna							

	rdund				
5 Environment	5D Soils, Geology & Hydrology				
	5E Landscape and Visual				
	5F Air Quality				
	5G Noise & Vibration				
	5H Land Use Character				

Table 6.5: Section 2 Options MCA Summary (Sub-Criteria)

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- 6.6.70 In terms of 'Economy', the primary differentiator between route options is the land acquisition, which will have an impact on the Capital Cost. Option CB4 has the largest land acquisition cost due to the land take required along Rathgar Road and from the edge/perimeter of Cathal Brugha Barracks Football pitch. Route option CB7 requires land acquisition from Highfield Road, the southern end of Rathmines Road Upper and from the edge/perimeter of Cathal Brugha Barracks Football pitch. The proposed parallel cycle route for CB4 and CB7 is proposed through Cathal Brugha Barracks along an existing internal roadway (10m width at pinch point), however there will be no requirement for land acquisition of buildings which would compromise architectural heritage.
- 6.6.71 In terms of journey times, CB5 and CB7 perform the worst over the other options. Option CB5 has no inbound bus lane provided on Rathmines Road Lower between Military Road and Grove Road, and no outbound bus lane provided between Military Road and the Rathmines Road Upper junction. In addition, option CB7 is 500m longer than the other options with a total length of 3.9km.
- 6.6.1 In terms of 'Integration', a differentiator between route options would be that option CB1, CB2 & CB3 provide for only one-way traffic on Rathmines Road and Rathgar Road which would have a significant traffic impact in terms of movement restrictions and increased traffic/congestion Rathmines Road. Due to the traffic diversions, there will be increased traffic on residential roads e.g. in option CB2 to commute outbound from La Touche Bridge to Rathgar Village, motorists would have to take a lengthy detour via Mountpleasant Avenue, Palmerstown Road/Rathmines Road Lower and Highfield Road, or from the west via Harold's Cross Road and Rathgar Avenue. This outbound diversion route is considered overly long. However, option CB1, has one-way traffic in opposite directions on Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road. This, along with the short two-way section of road at Castlewood Avenue reduces the length of the detour route.

- 6.6.2 In terms of 'Cycle Network Integration', options CB1, CB2, CB3 and CB6 perform the best because they provide segregated cycle facilities along the entire CBC. These cycle routes align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for Primary Route SO3/10 which runs along Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road Lower. In terms of 'Residential Population and Employment Catchments', CB7 extends east along Highfield Road and Rathmines Road Upper which increases the residential and employment catchment (commercial properties and Trinity Halls Student Accommodations).
- 6.6.3 In terms of 'Accessibility & Social Inclusion', route option CB7 is considered to be the most attractive option. There are a number of commercial properties and educational buildings (e.g. Kildare Place School) on Rathmines Road Lower. Trinity Halls student accommodation is also very close to Highfield Road by Dartry Road.
- 6.6.4 In terms of 'Road Safety', a differentiator between route options would be that option CB7 has an additional turning movement compared to the other options and furthermore options CB4 & CB6 have less junctions.
- 6.6.5 In terms of 'Environment', route options CB4, CB5 and CB6 are generally considered to be less attractive in terms of potential for environmental impacts in relation to Architectural Heritage. The majority of residential properties along Rathgar Road are protected structures. Options CB4, CB5 and CB6 require land take of up to 4.5m width along one side of Rathgar Road (max width 4.5m, 1km length), whereas for options CB1, CB2 and CB3 require land take of 1.5m width is required along the one side of Rathgar Road (1km length). Land acquisition of protected structures involves relocation of boundary walls or railings. There will be no impact on the protected buildings themselves. The proposed parallel cycle route for CB4 and CB7 is proposed to travel through Cathal Brugha Barracks along an existing internal roadway (10m width at pinch point), however there will be no requirement for land acquisition of buildings which would compromise architectural heritage.
- 6.6.6 In terms of 'Flora & Fauna', route option CB7 is considered to be less attractive than the other options. Options CB7 requires the removal of a number of trees

on Highfield Road and Rathmines Road Lower in the vicinity of Kildare Place School to provide bus lanes in both directions. Options CB4, CB5 & CB6, require the removal of a number of trees from residential front curtilages on Rathgar Road due carriageway widening, compared to that of options CB1, CB2 & CB3.

- 6.6.7 In terms of 'Landscape and Visual', options CB4, CB5, CB6 & CB7 are considered the least attractive options. Options CB4, CB5 & CB6 involve the possible land acquisition of 4.5m (max) width along one side of Rathgar Road. This would involve the relocating of protected residential boundary walls & railing and the removal of trees along one side of the entire road. Options CB7 requires the removal of a number of trees on Highfield Road and Rathmines Road Lower in the vicinity of Kildare Place School to provide bus lanes in both directions. Furthermore, also there is potential negative impacts associated with the reengineering of Highfield Road to provide bus lanes.
- 6.6.8 In terms of 'Land Use Character', options CB1, CB2 & CB3 are considered the least attractive options. Options CB1, CB2 & CB3 restrict access to commercial amenities (Rathgar Village and Rathmines Village) and residential properties due to the provision of one-way traffic along Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road. Option CB6 has restricted access to commercial amenities (Rathmines Village) and residential properties due to the provision of one-way traffic on Rathmines Road. Option CB6 has restricted access to commercial amenities (Rathmines Village) and residential properties due to the provision of one-way traffic on Rathmines Road. Option CB7, has potential negative impacts associated with the reengineering of mature roads (Highfield Road) to provide for bus lanes, in addition there are negative impacts associated with removing of on-street parking for residents on both sides of the road at the southern end of Rathmines Road Lower. As mentioned previously, options CB4 & CB7 are proposed to travel through Cathal Brugha Barracks along an existing internal roadway (10m width at pinch point), however there will be no requirement for land acquisition of buildings which would compromise their intended use.
- 6.6.9 A summary of the assessment and relative ranking of route options against the six main assessment criteria is presented in Table 6.6 below.

	Section 2 Summary (main criteria) Dodder River to Grand Canal Crossing								
Appraisal Criteria	Route Option CB1 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar Road, Outbound traffic only Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB2 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road	Route Option CB3 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB4 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Parallel cycle route via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks.)	Route Option CB5 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Half Inbound & Half Outbound Bus Lanes on Rathmines Road Lower)	Route Option CB6 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB7 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower via Highfield Road/Rathmin es Road Upper. Parallel cycle route via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks).		
1 Economy									
2 Integration									
3 Accessibility & Social Inclusion									
4 Safety									
5 Environment									

Table 6.6: Section 2 Options MCA Summary (Main Criteria)

- 6.6.10 Based on the assessment undertaken, route option CB4 offers more benefits over CB1, CB2 & CB3 which includes maintaining two-way traffic traffic on Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road. CB4 is therefore preferred for Section 2 for the following reasons:
 - It will provide the shortest inbound and outbound journey times for bus services;
 - It is ranked one of the highest in terms of Road Safety (No. of turning movements & junctions);
 - It provides segregated bus facilities for the majority of an existing bus corridor;
 - It provides segregated cycle facilities for the majority of its route, this includes parallel segregated cycle facilities; and
 - Two-way general traffic maintained on Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road Lower.
- 6.6.11 Based on the multi-criteria assessment undertaken for this section of the study area, option CB4 is identified as the preferred route option for Section 2 between Dodder River Crossing and The Grand Canal Crossing. Therefore, CB4 will form part of the emerging preferred route.
- 6.6.12 The benefits of Section 2 of the preferred route CB4 can be summarised as follows:
 - i. Enhanced bus priority is provided in both directions for the route delivering increased reliability and shorter journey times;
 - ii. The proposed interventions will deliver significantly enhanced bus services for this catchment area which includes Rathgar Village and Rathmines Village which are heavily reliant on the bus to service its public transport needs; and
 - iii. Provides segregated cycle facilities in both directions on Terenure Road East and Rathgar Road which aligns with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for the Primary Cycle Route 10.

7.0 SECTION 3 ROUTE OPTION ASSESSMENT

7.1 Section 3 – Introduction

7.1.1 When assessing route options for Section 3 of the study area, generally there is one crossing of the Grand Canal via Rathmines Road Lower (at La Touche Bridge). There are several route options available from the approach route (La Touche Bridge) which primarily serve different areas of the city centre as illustrated in **Figure 7.1** below.

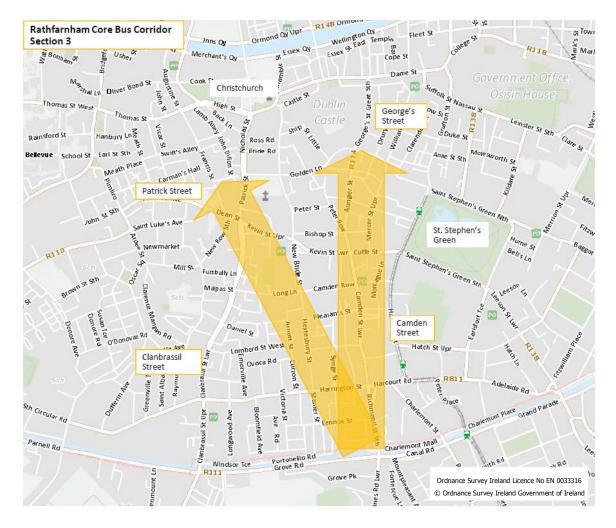


Figure 7.1: Principal Routes for Section 3 of Study Area

7.1.2 The route options serve catchments at Leonards Corner, St. Patricks Street, Kevin Street, Harcourt Street, Camden Street, Georges Street, and Christchurch with both routes ending at Christchurch.

7.1.3 The assessment process for Section 3 has been outlined in Section 4 of this report. In this Section of the report it is proposed to set out the two-stage assessment procedure and results for the section of the study area between the Grand Canal and the northern extent of the study area (section 3). Route options which passed the initial Stage 1 Assessment were progressed to the Stage 2 Assessment, as illustrated in the Figure 7.2 below.

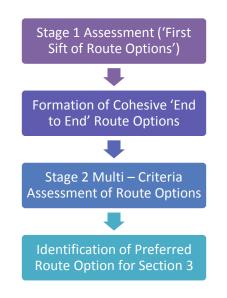


Figure 7.2: Route Option Assessment Stages

7.1.4 The City Centre area north of the Kevin Street/Cuffe Street junction combines a number of multi-modal transportation objectives and proposals such as the College Green scheme and other CBC/BRT corridors. Therefore, the junction of Kevin Street/Cuffe Street/Wexford Street has been taken to be the natural northern terminus for the Rathfarnham to City Centre Core Bus Corridor Scheme. The assessment if the options for section 3 is discussed further in the following sections.

7.2 Section 3: Stage 1 Route Option Assessment

7.2.1 Each of the route options considered as part of the Stage 1 route option assessment for Section 3 are illustrated in **Figure 7.3** below.



Figure 7.3: Route Options within Section 2 of Study Area

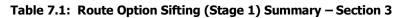
7.2.2 **Table 7.1** below presents a summary of the 'Stage 1' route options sifting process for Section 3.

Route Option	Name / Section	Area Characteristics	Comments	Pass/ Fail				
SW67	Charlemont Street	 City Centre Office Commercial Retail Mandatory cycle lanes Indented 'on-street' parking Primary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 11) 	Single carriageway (12.5-15.0m) 3 lane road (2GT & 1BL). This route has a northbound bus lane as well as footways & mandatory cycle lanes both sides of the carriageway (12.5- 15.0m wide carriageway). Bus priority (including cycle lanes) is achievable in both directions by reducing the width of the general traffic lanes, widening carriageway into footpaths & removal of young trees. A number of parking spaces on the pavement will have to removed. Bus priority is achievable, therefore route carried forward to Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass				
SW68	Richmond Street South	 City Centre Mandatory cycle lanes Commercial/Retail Portobello College Primary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 10) 	Existing route has been divided into two sections. Section 1 (Portobello bridge to Richmond Street) - Mandatory cycle lane travelling northbound, advisory cycle lane southbound. Section 2 (Richmond Street to Harrington St) – One-way single carriageway with two general traffic lanes, contraflow bus/cycle lane travelling southbound. Bus priority (including cycle lanes) can be achieved for the first section for 160m before pinch point after the junction with Lennox St (13.0-13.5m width). Bus priority inbound in section 2 can only be achieved by reallocation of a traffic lane from general traffic to bus lane to ensure priority at junctions. Bus priority is achievable, therefore carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass				
SW70	Clanbrassil Street Upper	 City Centre Advisory cycle lanes in both directions Commercial/Retail Indented 'on-street' parking Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 9B) 	Single carriageway 2-3 lane road with bus lane for 75m inbound direction (10.8m-15.4m wide carriageway). Bus priority can be achieved by reallocation of a general traffic lane to a bus lane to ensure priority at junctions, however this may create capacity constraints. The Robert Emmet Bridge and the Limestone walls on the northern side of the bridge are protected structures. Two-way bus priority with cycle facilities are not achievable at the bridge. Full bus priority may be achievable except for the bridge and the immediate approaches as such this section will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass				
SW71	South Circular Road (between Clanbrassil Street Upper & Richmond Street South)	 City Centre Commercial/Retail On-street parking Semi-mature trees Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. C7) 	Single carriageway 3 lane (2GT & 1BL) road (9.0m-13.5m). Bus Lanes begin in opposite directions at the junction between Emor St and South Circular Rd. There are footpaths on both sides of the road, however no cycle lane provided. Extension of the bus lanes in both directions can be achieved by reducing the width of the general traffic lanes, widening the carriageway into footpaths (and removing semi-mature trees) and removing on-street parking (excluding cycle facilities). There are protected buildings along both sides of the carriageway for the first 250m from Clanbrassil Street Upper. The route may require alternative segregated cycle route. Full bus priority may be achievable as such this section will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass				

	Table 711. Route option onting (Stage 1) Summary Section S							
Route Option	Name / Section	Area Characteristics	Comments	Pass/ Fail				
SW72	Harcourt Road (between Richmond Street South & Charlemont Street)	 City Centre No cycle lanes Commercial/Retail Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. C7) 	One-way 3-4 lane single carriageway road (10.7-14.2m wide carriageway). Bus priority (including cycle lane) could only be achieved by reallocating one traffic lane to buses, however this may lead to capacity constraints. Bus priority may be achievable as such this section will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass				
SW73	Camden Street Upper (between Harcourt Rd and Charlotte Way)	 City Centre Commercial/Retail Some houses/hostels have steps to entrance from road level Primary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 10) 	Single carriageway, 4 lanes (3GT & 1BL) road (approx. 13.8- 14.4m wide carriageway). One-way carriageway northbound with mandatory cycle lane with contra flow bus and cycle lane southbound. Currently there is only one general traffic lane on this link travelling northbound towards Wexford St into the City Centre. 18.9-21.3m distance available exists between the building lines of properties on opposite sides of the carriageway. Bus priority in both directions may be achievable if the northbound mandatory cycle lane is removed and cyclists share the bus lane. Bus priority may be achievable as such this section will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass				
SW74	Harcourt Street (between Charlotte Way & Harcourt Rd)	 City Centre No cycle lanes Commercial/Retail Offices Primary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 11) 	One-way carriageway with two southbound general traffic lanes (approx. 6m wide carriageway) and two-way tram lanes with Tram station (Harcourt Station). Bus priority may not be achievable due to the close proximity to the adjacent properties, 9.0-9.1m exists between the building lines and the Luas track. Bus priority could only be achieved by reallocating one of traffic lanes from general traffic to buses, which will lead to capacity constraints.	Fail				
SW75	Charlotte Way (between Camden Street and Harcourt Street)	 City Centre No cycle lanes Commercial/Retail Offices Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 10/11) 	One-way carriageway (approx. 11-12.6m wide) eastbound with mandatory cycle lane, with 3 lanes which flare to 4 lanes approaching the junction. Bus priority may be achievable by reallocating a general traffic lane to buses for the eastbound direction, as such this section will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass				

	Table 7.1: Route Option Sifting (Stage 1) Summary – Section 3							
Route Option	Name / Section	Area Characteristics	Comments	Pass/ Fail				
SW76	Camden Street/Wexford Street	 City Centre Advisory cycle lanes Commercial/Retail Indented 'on-street' parking Loading Bays Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 10) 	Bus lane travelling northbound starts at Grantham Street junction and terminates at Camden Row Junction (BoBo's restaurant). Advisory cycle lane at the beginning of link. Bus lane travelling southbound commences after Camden Place Junction (Anseo Pub) and terminates at the junction with Charlotte Way. Bus priority southbound between Montague St and Camden Place junctions can be achieved by reducing the width of the general traffic lanes and widening the carriageway into the eastern footpath. Due to the encroachment into footpath, the four indented car parking spaces and cycle parking stands will have to be removed. Bus priority from Montague St to Kevin St/Cuffe St may not be achievable due to the proximity to the adjacent properties, a pinch point of 15.9m exists between the building lines of properties on opposite sides of the carriageway. One-way bus priority (including cycle lane in opposite direction) is achievable by reducing the width of the general traffic lanes and widening into the footpath/loading bays/indented on-street parking. Loading could be permitted in the bus lanes during off-peak hours. Bus priority may be achievable along the route as such this section will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass				
SW77	Harcourt Street	 City Centre Advisory cycle lanes Commercial/Retail Indented 'on-street' parking Majority of houses and nightclubs have steps to entrance from road level Primary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 11) 	One-way single carriageway with a single general traffic lane travelling northbound, with advisory cycle lane (5.6-7.5m wide carriageway). The route has a two-way tram lane (Harcourt Street to St. Stephen's Green Stop) and one-way general traffic lane and advisory cycle lane. There are a large number of parked cars adjacent to the Garda Station. Due to the close proximity between the property lines (approx. 8.6m) and the Luas line (approx. 8.6m), there is little potential to widen road over much of its length. One- way bus priority (including cycle lane) would result in encroachment into a number of protected residential and privately-owned properties and steps/entrances preventing access into the buildings. The reallocation of traffic lanes to bus lanes will not be possible as there is only one general traffic lane at present and access to the Garda Station and commercial units need to be maintained. Due to the aforementioned constraints and the need to have continued access for residents, commercial properties and An Garda Síochána, this section will not be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Fail				
SW78	Castle Street	 City Centre No cycle lanes Dublin Castle No provision for cycle route (GDA CNP) 	One-way single carriageway 1 lane road (5.3-7.6m wide carriageway including on-street parking). On- street car parking and coach parking alternating either side of carriageway. Bus priority may not be achievable due to the close proximity to the adjacent protected properties, approx. 9.5m exists between the building lines. Due to the aforementioned constraints and this route is not considered appropriate for CBC, it will not be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Fail				

		Table 7.1: Route Option	n Sifting (Stage 1) Summary – Section 3	
Route Option	Name / Section	Area Characteristics	Comments	Pass/ Fail
SW80	Cuffe St (between Harcourt St & Mercer Street Upper)	 City Centre Advisory cycle lanes Adjacent to Luas Semi-mature trees Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 12) 	Single carriageway with 4 lanes and a median (approx. 16.7m wide including median). Full bus priority in both directions may be achievable by reducing the width of the general traffic lanes, removing central island/semi-mature trees and widening into the footpath (also removing trees). Full bus priority may be achievable as such this section will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass
SW81	Cuffe St (between Mercer Street Upper & Wexford St)	 City Centre Advisory cycle lanes Adjacent to Luas Semi-mature trees Feeder cycle route (GDA CNP) 	Single carriageway with 4 general traffic lanes and a median (approx. 16.7m including median). Full bus priority in both directions may be achievable by reducing the width of the general traffic lanes, removing central island/trees and widening into the footpath (also removing trees). Left turning general traffic heading southbound onto Wexford Street will have to merge into the bus lane at junction. Full bus priority may be achievable as such this section will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass
SW92	Clanbrassil Street Lower, New St. S	 City Centre Commercial Retail Advisory cycle lanes southbound Protected Lamp Posts Secondary cycle route (GDA CNP No. 9B) 	Dual carriageway 3-5 lane two-way road between Kevin Street and Daniel Street (approx. 12.0-17.0m including median & cycle lanes). Cycle lane northbound for first 130m of link. Bus lane northbound starts at the Mace Shop, cycle lane terminates in the vicinity of Lombard Street West. Advisory cycle lane southbound with no bus lane. Reallocation of one traffic lane from general traffic to buses may be needed to ensure bus priority in the southbound direction. Additional southbound bus lane may be introduced, this would include encroachment into the eastern side footpath and certain locations on the western side or reclaiming of the median. Bus priority may be achievable as such this section will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass
SW98	Kevin St Upper (between Bride St and Patrick St)	 City Centre Advisory cycle lanes Residential Commercial/Retail Protected monument in splitter island No designated cycle route (GDA CNP) 	This route has two general traffic lanes and a cycle lane in both directions. Westbound lanes split between straight and left turning vehicles (2 lanes each direction) with cycle lane (cycle lane terminated westbound) on approach to junction with Patrick Street. The provision of bus priority would not be achievable (retaining same no. general traffic lanes) due to the width constraints between the building lines of the properties on both sides of the road, with as little as 20m available along the majority of the route. The reallocation of a general traffic lane to a bus lane in both directions and possible encroachment into the green area on the splitter island at the Patrick Street junction (with protected monument) would be needed to provide bus priority for the route. However, bus priority is achievable, as such this route will be carried forward to the Stage 2 Assessment.	Pass



7.2.3 Of these 15 options considered for Section 3, 13 (SW 67, 68, 70, 71, 72, 73, 75, 76, 80, 81, 83, 92 & 98) were progressed to the next assessment stage. These route options are presented in Figure 7.4 below.



Figure 7.4: Route Options passing Stage 1 'Sift' in Section 3

7.3 Section 3: Stage 2 – Option Assessment

Introduction

- 7.3.1 Following the 'Stage 1' sift for Section 3 of the study area, the remaining route options were combined to form 2 cohesive route options between the Grand Canal Crossing and Kevin Street as shown in **Figure 7.5** below. It should be noted that certain route options which pass the Stage 1 assessment were not taken forward to the Stage 2 assessment as they were isolated links which do not combine with other route options to form cohesive routes e.g. Charlemont Street (SW67), Charlotte Way (SW75) and Cuffe Street (SW80 & SW81).
- 7.3.2 The two principle route options, as identified above which were taken forward are as follows:
 - Option CC1- A route option via Richmond Street, Camden Street and Wexford Street; and
 - Option CC2 A route option via Richmond Street, South Circular Road, Clanbrassil Street and New Street South.

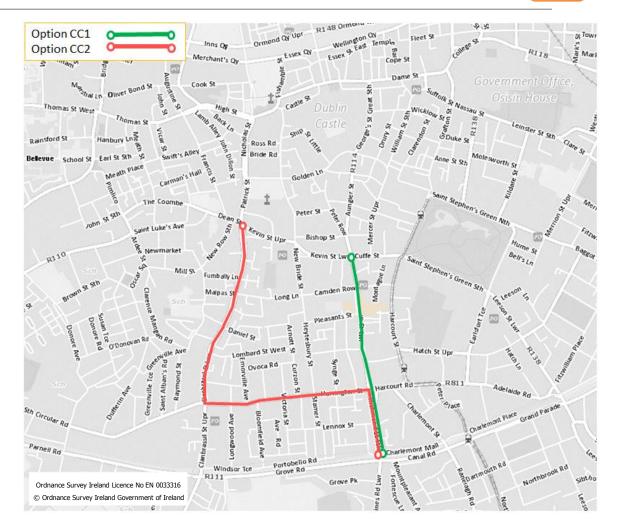


Figure 7.5: Section 3 Principal Route Options

Route Option CC1: Richmond St – Camden St – Wexford St

7.3.3 Route option CC1 will provide segregated bus facilities between La Touche Bridge/Richmond Street South and Wexford Street/Kevin Street Lower junction (with the exception of 75m section of Richmond Street and 60m section of Wexford Street). The CBC route is presented in **Figure 7.6** below. Cyclists will be catered for via a parallel cycle route along Martin Street/Heytesbury Street/Bride Street as illustrated in **Figure 7.7**, which is identified as Primary Route 9 within the GDA CNP.

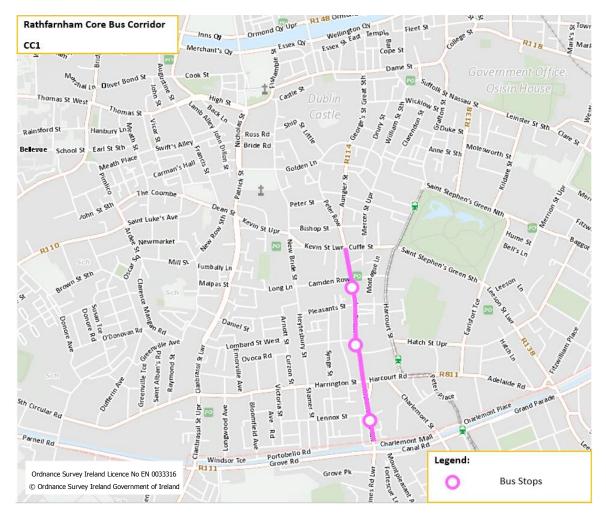


Figure 7.6: Route Option CC1 Richmond Street -Camden St – Dame St - Christchurch

- 7.3.4 **Inbound:** The CBC service will proceed in a northerly direction from Richmond Street, to Camden Street and along Wexford Street. A segregated bus lane provided for the entire route.
- 7.3.5 **Outbound:** The southbound option follows the same route as northbound with a segregated bus lane provided for majority of the route, with the exception of a 75m section of Richmond Street and 60m section of Wexford Street, where segregated bus priority (in the southbound direction) is not achievable and buses will share with general traffic. The existing contra-flow bus lane on Richmond Street will continue to be retained.
- 7.3.6 **Stops:** The number of stops is illustrated in **Figure 7.6**. There has been rationalistion of bus stops which are in close proximity such as, the bus stops at Camden Street/Grantham Street (bus stop no. 1352).
- 7.3.7 The journey time for this route option from the Rathmines Road/Grove Road/Canal Road junction to Christchurch is 5 minutes (in both directions), over a distance of approximately 0.9km.
- 7.3.8 It is proposed to provide continuous bus priority in both directions along the route with the exception of a 75m section of Richmond and 60m section of Wexford Street where segregated bus priority in the southbound direction is not achievable.
- 7.3.9 This route option comprises Secondary Cycle Route 10 along Camden Street/George's Street, Primary Route 7 along Dame Street and Primary Route 9 along Heytesbury Street as identified within the GDA Cycle Network Plan. The removal of the GDA CNP proposed cycle facilities along the CBC route does not align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for Route 10. However, cyclists will be catered for via a parallel cycle route along Martin Street/Heytesbury Street/Bride Street. Due to width constraints, a mixed or shared street arrangement will only feasible along the Martin Street. The proposed construction of a parallel cycle route on Heytesbury Street/Bride Street aligns entirely with Primary Route 9 and will connect with the new bridge proposed in Section 2 of the CBC study area. Segregated cycle facilities are also proposed on Harrington

Street to link the 'Clonskeagh to City Centre' cycle scheme with the parallel cycle route.

- 7.3.10 There are four controlled junctions and three pedestrian crossings along this route.
- 7.3.11 The option CC1 proposals are presented in **Figure 7.7** while sample cross sections are presented in **Figure 7.8** below.

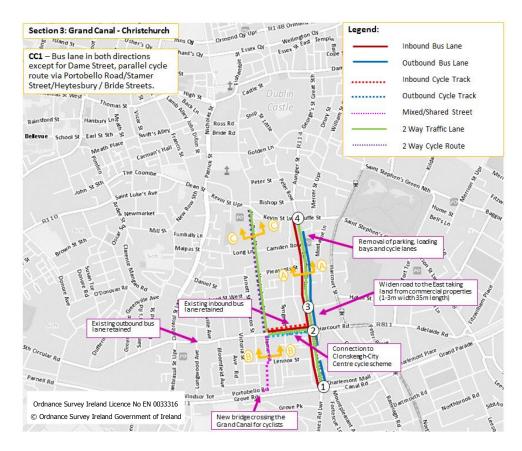
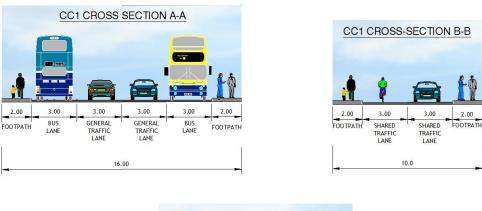


Figure 7.7: Route Option CC1 Proposal



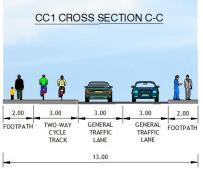


Figure 7.8: Route Option CC1: Proposed Cross Section

Junctions:

7.3.12 There are four signalised junctions along this route option, some of which would require upgrading to facilitate bus priority. The locations of these junctions are presented in Figure 7.7 and discussed in further detail below: -

1. Rathmines Road Lower/Richmond Street South/Grove Road: This junction would need to be upgraded to accommodate bus lanes through the junction. To provide a bus lane up to the Richmond Street South stop line, the straight & left turn lane onto Canal Road will have to be removed (due to width constraint of La Touche Bridge) and as such, left turning vehicles will now need to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane. Bus priority signalling will be provided for buses at the junction

2. Richmond Street South/Harrington Street/Camden Street Upper: Adjustments to the existing junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction. Removal of the inbound cycle lane to provide an inbound bus lane on Richmond Street South is also required. Cycle facilities will be provided through the junction to link the proposed parallel cycle route with the Clonskeagh Cycle Scheme. The existing offside right turn lane (westbound) on Harcourt Road will be removed to provide an eastbound traffic lane. There is also a possible requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

3. Camden Street Upper/Charlotte Way: Adjustments to the junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction. Removal of the inbound cycle lane to provide for an inbound bus lane on Camden Street Upper is also required. There is also a possible requirement to relocate/provide new signal equipment; and

4. Wexford Street/Kevin Street Lower: This junction would need to be upgraded to accommodate bus lanes through the junction northbound. Widening the carriageway into the footpaths is necessary along with the removal of the existing advisory cycle lanes (due to the close proximity of adjacent properties). Left turning vehicles will need to yield for buses in the nearside lane. Bus priority signalling will be provided for buses at the junction. There is also a possible requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

- 7.3.13 The following constraints would need to be considered if this route option is progressed:
 - The removal of cycle lanes and a number of parking and loading bays on Wexford Street & Camden Street;
 - There are no segregated cycle facilities provided along the CBC route along Richmond Street, Camden Street and Wexford Street, which is identified as Secondary Route 10 of the GDA CNP; and
 - Due to the width constraints, a mixed or shared street arrangement is only feasible along Martin Street and Stamer Street.
- 7.3.14 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €3.1 million (€3.1 million infrastructure costs. There are no land acquisition costs along this section.

Route Option CC2: Richmond Street – South Circular Road - Clanbrassil Street – Patrick Street – Nicholas Street – Christchurch

7.3.15 Route option CC1 will provide segregated bus facilties between La Touche Bridge/Richmond Street South and New Street South/Kevin Street Upper junction (with the exception of 75m section of Richmond Street). The CBC route is presented in **Figure 7.9**. Cyclists will be catered for via a parallel cycle route along Grove Road (existing cycle facilities)/Longwood Avenue/Emorville Avenue and will reconnect with the CBC route at Lombard Street West.



Figure 7.9: Route Option CC2 Richmond Street - South Circular Road - Clanbrassil Street – New Street South

- 7.3.16 **Inbound (Northbound):** The CBC service will proceed from Richmond Street, turning left at Harrington St/Camden Street junction continues towards South Circular Road before turning right at Leonards Corner and proceeding onto Clanbrassil Street and onto New Street South. A segregated bus lane will be provided for the entire route.
- 7.3.17 **Outbound (Southbound):** The southbound option follows the same route as northbound with a segregated bus lane provided for the entire route.
- 7.3.18 **Stops:** It is anticipated that the existing number of stops will be retained as shown in **Figure 7.9**.
- 7.3.19 The journey time for this route option from the Rathmines Road/Grove Road/Canal Road junction to Christchurch is 9 minutes, over a distance of approximately 1.8km.
- 7.3.20 It is proposed to provide continuous bus priority in both directions along the entire route.
- 7.3.21 This route option includes a section of Secondary Orbital Route C7 along South Circular Road as identified within the GDA Cycle Network Plan. The proposed removal of cycle facilities along Richmond Street does not align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for route 10. The proposed construction of a parallel cycle route on Longwood Avenue/Emorville Avenue does not align with Secondary Route 9B along Clanbrassil Street. Due to width constraints, a mixed or shared street arrangement is only feasible along the parallel cycle route. The remaining section of the route on Clanbrassil Street/New Street South does align with Secondary Route 9B of the GDA Cycle Network Plan, as segregated cycle facilities are proposed in conjunction with the proposed bus facilities.
- 7.3.22 The provision of bus lanes in both directions on Clanbrassil Street Lower can be facilitated within the existing road reservation however, it will require the removal of on street parking to the south of Lombard Street West. The acquisition of a site for replacement parking near the South Circular Road junction (Leonard's Corner) has been proposed.

- 7.3.23 There are seven signal controlled junctions and four pedestrian crossings along this route.
- 7.3.24 The option CC2 proposals are presented in **Figure 7.10** while sample cross sections are presented in **Figure 7.11** below.

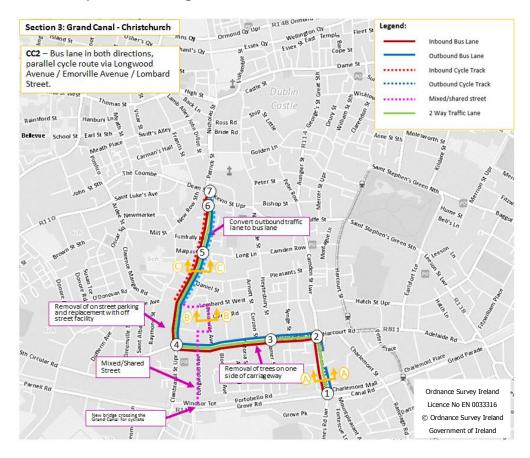
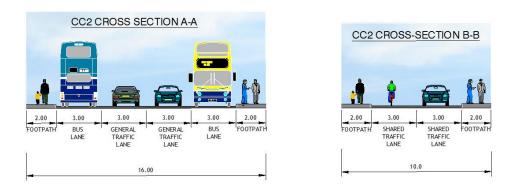


Figure 7.10: Route Option CC2 Proposal



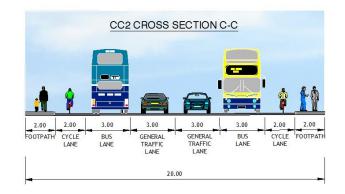


Figure 7.11: Route Option CC2: Proposed Cross Section

Junctions:

7.3.25 There are 7 signalised junctions along this route option, some of which would require upgrading to facilitate bus priority. The locations of these junctions are presented in **Figure 7.10** and discussed in further detail below: -

1. Rathmines Road Lower/Richmond Street South/Grove Road: This junction would need to be upgraded to accommodate bus lanes through the junction. To provide a bus lane up to the Richmond Street South stop line, the straight & left turning lane onto Canal Road will have to be removed (due to width constraint of La Touche Bridge) and as such, left turning vehicles will now need to yield for buses and cyclists in the nearside lane. Bus priority signalling will be provided for buses at the junction.

2. Richmond Street South/Harrington Street/Camden Street Upper: Adjustments to the existing junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction, and also to facilitate the right turn for buses onto Richmond Street South. The removal of the inbound cycle lane to facilitate an inbound bus lane on Richmond Street South from Harrington Street is also required. Cycle facilities will be provided through the junction to link the proposed parallel cycle route with the Clonskeagh Cycle Scheme. The existing offside right turn lane (westbound) on Harcourt Road will be removed to provide an eastbound general traffic lane. Bus priority signalling will be provided for buses at the junction. There is also a possible requirement to relocate/provide new signal equipment;

3. Harrington Street/Heytesbury Street: Adjustments to junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction. The nearside straight & left lane on Harrington Street will be reallocated to a bus lane. Bus priority signalling will be provided for buses at the junction. There is also a possible requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

4. South Circular Road/Clanbrassil Street: Adjustments to the existing junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction and to facilitate the right turn for buses onto Clanbrassil Street Lower. Bus priority signalling will be provided for buses at the junction. There is also a possible requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

5. Clanbrassil Street Lower/Malpas Street/Long Lane: This junction would need to be upgraded to accommodate bus lanes through the junction. While the proposals would involve the reallocation of an outbound general traffic lane to a bus lane, the existing road reservation (including medians) may facilitate the creation of additional general traffic lanes at the junction. Bus priority signalling will be provided for buses at the junction. There is also a possible requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;

6. Kevin Street Upper/New Street South: Adjustments to junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction.

The nearside ahead lane (in both directions) will be reallocated to a bus lane to provide bus priority up to the stop line at the junction; and

- **7. Kevin Street Upper/New Street South/Patrick Street:** Adjustments to the junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction. The northbound nearside combined straight & left lane on New Street South will be reallocated to a bus lane to provide bus priority up to the stop line at the junction. The nearside straight lane in the outbound direction will reallocated to a bus lane. Bus priority signalling will be provided for buses at the junction. There is also a possible requirement to relocate/provide existing/new signal equipment;
- 7.3.26 The following constraints would need to be considered if this route option is progressed: -
 - The alteration of the Harrington Street/Richmond Street South junction to facilitate right turning buses from Harrington Street;
 - There are no segregated cycle facilities provided along the CBC route via Harrington Street and South Circular Road, which is identified as Secondary Route C7 within the GDA CNP; and
 - Due to width constraints, mixed or shared street cycle facility only feasible along parallel cycle route via Longwood Avenue/Emorville Avenue.
- 7.3.27 It is anticipated that this option would cost approximately €6.1 million (€4.5 million infrastructure costs, €1.6 million land acquisition costs (replacement car park)).

Stage 2 Route Options Multi-Criteria Analysis

7.3.28 The 'Stage 2' route options assessment summary tables for Section 3 are presented in Table 1 of Appendix C. The relative ranking of route options against the scheme assessment sub-criteria are summarised in **Table 7.2** below

Section 3 (sub – criteria)				
Grand Canal to City Centre				
Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Route Option CC1 Richmond St – Camden St – Wexford St	Route Option CC2 Richmond Street – South Circular Road - Clanbrassil Street – New Street South	
	1A Capital Cost			
1 Economy	1B Transport Quality & Reliability			
	2A Land Use Policy			
	2B Residential Population and Employment Catchments			
2 Integration	2C Transport Integration			
	2D Cycle Network Integration			
	2E Traffic Network Integration			
	3A Key Trip Attractors			
3 Accessibility & Social Inclusion	3B Deprived Geographic Areas			
A Cafabri	4A Road Safety			
4 Safety	4B Pedestrians Safety			
	5A Archaeology & Cultural Heritage			
	5B Architectural Heritage			
	5C Flora & Fauna			
5 Environment	5D Soils, Geology & Hydrology			
	5E Landscape and Visual			
	5F Air Quality			
	5G Noise & Vibration			
	5H Land Use Character			

Table 7.2: Section 3 Options MCA Summary (Sub-

Criteria)

- 7.3.29 In terms of 'Economy', a primary differentiator between the two route options is route directness & route length (which influences cost) transport quality & reliability and the level of land acquisition that would be required. Option CC2 proposes to provide a replacement parking site near the South Circular Road junction (Leonard's Corner).
- 7.3.30 In terms of 'Integration', Route option CC1 travels adjacent to large business districts such as Harcourt Street and Charlemont Street etc, with high employment catchments. Option CC2 provides cycle facilities along over 50% of the CBC route, which aligns with Route 9B. In comparison, option CC1 provide a separate cycle facility along the Heytesbury which aligns with Primary route 9. Option CC1 is ranked lower in terms of 'Traffic Integration' due to the removal of on street parking and loading bays along the entire Camden Street/Wexford Street/George's Street route.
- 7.3.31 Route option CC1 is ranked higher under the 'Accessibility and Social Inclusion' because it generally serves more trip attractors along its route, while CC2 route option serves areas identified as Disadvantaged to Affluent means from the Pobal Deprivation Index.
- 7.3.32 The main differentiator in terms of Road Safety is that option CC1 has fewer junctions and turning movements compared to option CC2.
- 7.3.33 In terms of 'Environment', route option CC2 is generally considered to be less attractive in terms of the potential for environmental impacts due to a combination of Flora & Fauna and Landscape & Visual. Option CC2 is ranked lower in terms of Flora & Fauna as it could result in the removal of trees along the median on Clanbrassil Street Lower (between the Daniel Street junction and the Long Lane junction), and the removal of existing trees along one side of the South Circular Road.
- 7.3.34 A summary of the assessment and relative ranking of route options against the six main assessment criteria is presented in **Table 7.3** below.

Section 3 (main criteria) Grand Canal to City Centre			
Appraisal Criteria	Route Option CC1 Richmond St – Camden St – Wexford St – George's Street – Dame Street – Christchurch	Route Option CC2 Richmond St – South Circular Road - Clanbrassil Street – Patrick Street –Christchurch	
1 Economy			
2 Integration			
3 Accessibility & Social Inclusion			
4 Safety			
5 Environment			

Table 7.3: Section 3 Options MCA Summary (Main Criteria)

- 7.3.35 Based on the assessment undertaken, route option CC1 appears to offer more benefits over the other options. CC1 is therefore preferred route for Section 3 for the following reasons:
 - It is the most economic, direct, and reliable route;
 - It serves more trip attractors along its route;
 - It is the safest route;
 - It does not have impacts on protected structures; and
 - Low environmental impact, it has no appreciable impact on Landscape or Flora and Fauna.
- 7.3.36 Based on the multi-criteria assessment undertaken for this section of the study area, option CC1 is identified as the preferred route option for Section 3 between Grand Canal crossing to Christchurch. Therefore, CC1 will form part of the emerging preferred route.

Benefits

- 7.3.37 The benefits of Section 3 of the study area of the likely emerging preferred CC1 route can be summarised as follows: -
 - Continuous bus priority in both directions for the 0.9km route delivering increased reliability and shorter journey times. The directness of the route also lending itself to shorter journey times to the destination of the Christchurch area;
 - ii. The route avoids impacting on protected structures/properties which reduces planning risk, scheme costs and construction disruption;
 - iii. The environmental impact of delivering the scheme would be minimal as the proposals could generally be delivered within the existing road reservation; and
 - The proposal provides parallel segregated cycle facilities on Heytesbury Street which aligns with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for the Primary Cycle Route 9.

8.0 **EMERGING PREFERRED ROUTE**

8.1 Introduction

- 8.1.1 This section of the report presents the final conclusions from the assessment process for the end-to-end route options considered and recommends a preferred route. A description of the preferred route is given together with ancillary measures required on other streets and key issues to be addressed through the scheme design development.
- 8.1.2 It was established early during the initial assessment process (Ref. Chapter 5), that the Core Bus Network, as defined in the 'Transport Strategy for the Greater Dublin Area 2016 2035', is characterised by routes with a high frequency of bus services, high passenger volumes and with significant trip attractors along the route. It is along these routes where the demand for travel necessitates and justifies a greater level of infrastructural investment in order to minimise delays to these services.
- 8.1.3 Therefore, the junction between Nutgrove Avenue & Grange Road represents a natural starting point at southern extent of the Rathfarnham to City Centre CBC, as the anticipated travel demand between this point and the City Centre would justify the level of infrastructure proposed as part of the Transport Strategy for the GDA.
- 8.1.4 Chapters 5,6 and 7 of this report presented an appraisal to each of the potential route options for Sections 1, 2 and 3 of the study area respectively. Where a potential route was identified within each section, they have been assessed in accordance with the methodology set out in Chapter 4 of this report. This assessment process included Multicriteria Analysis under the headings of Economy, Integration, Accessibility & Social Inclusion, Safety and Environment. Following the undertaking of the Multi Criteria Analysis, the emerging preferred routes for each of the study area sections were combined to create an end to end emerging preferred route for the entire study area.

8.2 Recommended Preferred Route

8.2.1 The preferred route for the proposed scheme is presented in **Figure 8.1** below and described in the following paragraphs.

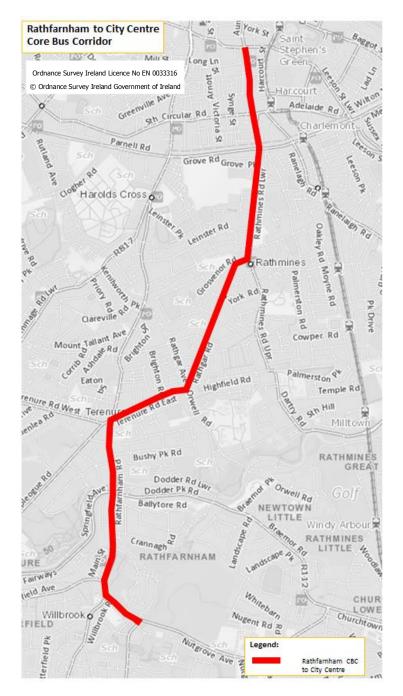


Figure 8.1: Rathfarnham to City Centre Core Bus Corridor Emerging Preferred Route

- 8.2.2 The emerging preferred CBC scheme commences/terminates on Grange Road at Loreto Terrace to the south of Grange Road/Nutgrove Avenue junction and will provide segregated bus lanes between Grange Road/Nutgrove Avenue junction and the Dodder River crossing at Pearse Bridge.
- 8.2.3 The preferred route will then run between the crossing at Pearse Bridge and the Grand Canal crossing at La Touche Bridge (via Rathgar Village and Rathmines Village).
- 8.2.4 The preferred CBC Route will run between La Touche Bridge/Richmond Street South and Wexford Street/Kevin Street Lower junction.

8.3 Concept Scheme Design

Section 1: Grange Road/Nutgrove Avenue junction to Dodder Park Road/Rathfarnham Road junction (Pearse Bridge) (Sheet 01 to Sheet 04, Volume II Concept Scheme Drawings)

Length of Scheme Section: 1.3km

Indicative Infrastructure Cost: €6.0 - 8.0 million

Indicative Land Acquisition Cost: €3.9 million

Total Indicative Cost of Scheme Section: €9.9 – 11.9 million

- 8.3.1 **Inbound:** The emerging preferred CBC scheme commences on Grange Road at Loreto Terrace to the south of Grange Road/Nutgrove Avenue junction. The route continues in a northwest to north direction along Grange Road to Rathfarnham Road and on to the R1112/Dodder Park junction (Pearse Bridge).
- 8.3.2 **Outbound:** The outbound service follows the same route as the inbound.
- 8.3.3 **Stops:** There has been rationalisation of bus stops which are in close proximity to one another (less than 300m) such as the bus stop at Brookvale Road (bus stop no. 1333).
- 8.3.1 The journey time for this route option from Grange Road/Nutgrove Avenue junction to Rathfarnham Road/Dodder Road (Pearse Bridge) is 5 minutes (in both directions) over a distance of approximately 1.3km.
- 8.3.2 To facilitate bus priority (in both directions) a new left slip lane will be provided at the Grange Road/Nutgrove Avenue direction for inbound bus only traffic travelling from Loreto Terrace.
- 8.3.3 The provision of bus lanes and cycle lanes on Grange Road (between Nutgrove Avenue junction and Willbrook Road junction) will require carriageway widening to the north into Rathfarnham Castle grounds.
- 8.3.4 Adjustments to the Grange Road/Willbrook Road junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction. In the inbound direction, the left turn lane onto Willbrook Road will be reallocated to a bus lane to provide bus priority up to the stop line. The straight-ahead lane will be replaced

by a combined straight & left lane. In the outbound direction, the straight-ahead lane will be reallocated to a bus lane and the right turn lane onto Willbrook Road will be replaced by a combined straight & right lane. Cycle tracks (in both directions) will also be provided between these two signal controlled junctions aligning with Secondary route 10B/SO4 as identified in the CNP.

- 8.3.5 Continuous bus priority in both directions will be facilitated along Grange Road between the Willbrook Road/Grange Road junction and the Butterfield Avenue/Rathfarnham Road junction. In the outbound direction, the nearside straight-ahead lane on Rathfarnham Road will be reallocated to a bus lane to provide bus priority up to the stop line at the junction. Cycle lanes (in both directions) will also be provided between these two signal controlled junctions, aligning with Primary Route 10 as identified in the CNP.
- 8.3.6 Continuous bus priority in both directions will be facilitated along Rathfarnham Road between the Butterfield Avenue/Rathfarnham Road junction and the Rathfarnham Road/Main Street/Castleside Drive junction. Cycle lanes (in both directions) will also be provided between these two signal controlled junctions aligning with Primary Route 10 as identified in the CNP. The CBC proposals along this section can be achieved within the existing road reservation.
- 8.3.7 Segregated bus facilities on Rathfarnham Road between Main Street and Dodder Park Road will require land acquisition from the front gardens of residential properties along the eastern side of the road. It is proposed to provide a parallel cycle route (mixed/shared street) via Brookvale Downs to connect with the Dodder Greenway.
- 8.3.8 Upgrades to the Dodder Park Road/Rathfarnham Road junction are required in the outbound direction and the straight-ahead lane will be replaced by a combined straight & left lane. Left turning vehicles from Rathfarnham Road to Dodder Park Road will have to yield for buses in the nearside lane. The existing outbound cycle lane will be removed. A shared pedestrian/cycle facility will be provided to the west of the junction, to create a link to the proposed two-way cycle bridge on the western side of Pearse Bridge.

Section 2 – Rathfarnham Road/Dodder Park Road/R112 junction (Pearse Bridge) to Rathmines Road Lower/Grove Road (La Touche Bridge) (Sheet 04 to Sheet 14 & Sheets 17 to 19, Volume II Concept Scheme Drawings)

Length of Scheme Section: 3.4km

Indicative Infrastructure Cost: €16.8 – 21.0million

Indicative Land Acquisition Cost: €9.9 million

Total Indicative Cost of Scheme Section: €26.7 – 30.9 million

- 8.3.9 **Inbound:** The CBC service will proceed northbound along Rathfarnham Road from the Dodder Park/Rathfarnham Road/R112 junction to the Terenure Road East/Rathfarnham Road (Terenure Village). From Terenure Road East, the CBC will continue towards Rathmines Village via Rathgar Village, and proceed to the crossing of the Grand Canal at La Touche Bridge.
- 8.3.10 **Outbound:** The outbound service follows the same route as the inbound.
- 8.3.11 **Stops:** There has been rationalistion of bus stops which are in close proximity such as, the bus stops on Pearse Bridge (bus stop no. 1334), on Terenure Road East (bus stop no. 1082) and in the vicinity of Military Road junction (bus stop no. 1019).
- 8.3.12 The journey time for this route option from Rathfarnham Road/Dodder Road (Pearse Bridge) to Rathmines Road Lower/Grove Road junction is 13 minutes in the inbound direction and 14 minutes in the outbound direction over a distance of approximately 3.4km.
- 8.3.13 In order to overcome the pinch point at Pearse Bridge and to provide continuous bus facilities in conjunction with cycle facilities, a 3m two-way cycle bridge on the western side of the bridge is proposed. To maintain the same cross section (which includes bus lanes and cycle lanes 19m), to the north of Pearse Bridge land acquisition will be required from the front curtilages of a number of residential properties.

- 8.3.14 The CBC will run along Rathfarnham Road between the Dodder Park/Rathfarnham Road/R112 junction and continue towards Rathmines Village to the crossing of the Grand Canal at La Touche Bridge. It is proposed to provide segregated cycle facilities on Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East and Rathgar Road. Cyclists will also be catered for via parallel cycle routes along Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks. A 30km/h zone is proposed along Rathmines Road Lower between Grosvenor Road and Grove Road to provide a safer environment for cyclists who choose to use the bus lanes on Rathmines Road Lower instead of the segregated parallel cycle route.
- 8.3.15 Continuous bus priority (in both directions) will be facilitated along Rathfarnham Road between the Dodder Park Road/Rathfarnham Road junction and Terenure Road East/Rathfarnham Road (Terenure Village).
- 8.3.16 Adjustments to the Rathfarnham Road/Bushy Park Road junction layout are required to facilitate the inbound bus lane on approach to the junction. In the outbound direction, the straight-ahead traffic lane will be reallocated to a bus lane to provide a bus lane to the stop line on approach to the junction at Rathdown Park. The right turn lane onto Rathdown Park will need to be replaced by a combined straight & right lane.
- 8.3.17 Adjustments to the Rathfarnham Road/Terenure North/Terenure Road East junction layout would be required to facilitate bus lanes on approach to the junction and to facilitate the right turn for buses onto Terenure Road East. It will not be possible to accommodate an inbound bus lane for the first 100m of Terenure Road East due to the close proximity of adjacent protected properties and as such buses may need to share the traffic lane with general traffic.
- 8.3.18 Cycle facilities will also be provided along the Rathfarnham Road route to align with Primary Route 10 as identified within the CNP.
- 8.3.19 Continuous bus priority in both directions will be facilitated along the remainder of Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road Lower. The following junctions:
 - Rathgar Road/Leicester Avenue/Frankfort Avenue junction;

- Rathmines Road Lower/Castlewood Avenue junction;
- Rathmines Road Lower/Leinster Road junction and;
- Rathmines Road Lower/Grove Road/Richmond Street junction

will all need nearside traffic lanes to be reallocated to bus lanes (due to the close proximity of adjacent properties) and as such, left turning vehicles will now need to yield for buses in the nearside lane.

- 8.3.20 Cycle facilities will also be provided along the Terenure Road East and Rathgar Road CBC route to align with Primary Route 10/SO3 as identified within the CNP.
- 8.3.21 Through Rathmines Village, cyclists will be catered for via a parallel cycle route via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks. A Mixed or shared street arrangement is only feasible along Charleville Place and Grosvenor Lodge due to width constraints and the low traffic volumes & vehicle speeds. This cycle route option requires land acquisition from the edge/perimeter of Cathal Brugha Barracks Football pitch. The proposed cycle route will travel through Cathal Brugha Barracks along an existing internal roadway (10m width at pinch point), however there will be no requirement for land acquisition of buildings which would compromise architectural heritage. Permissive access will need to be arranged through the Barracks however. A 30km/h zone is proposed along Rathmines Road Lower between Grosvenor Road and Grove Road to provide a safer environment for cyclists who choose to use the bus lanes on Rathmines Road Lower instead of the segregated parallel cycle route. A new cycle bridge is also proposed, crossing the Grand Canal to Martin Street.

Section 3 – Richmond Street (La Touche Bridge) to Wexford Street/Cuffe Street/Kevin Street Lower junction. (Sheet 14 to Sheet 16 & Sheets 19 to 21, Volume II Concept Scheme Drawings) Length of Scheme Section: 0.9km Indicative Infrastructure Cost: $\in 3.1 - 5.0$ million Indicative Land Acquisition Cost: $\notin 0.0$ million Total Indicative Cost of Scheme Section: $\notin 3.1 - 5.0$ million

- 8.3.22 **Inbound:** The CBC service will proceed northbound along Richmond Street from Richmond Street/Rathmines Road Lower junction to Wexford Street/Cuffe Street/Kevin Street Lower junction.
- 8.3.23 **Outbound:** The outbound service follows the same route as the inbound.
- 8.3.24 **Stops:** There has been rationalistion of bus stops which are in close proximity such as, the bus stops at Camden Street/Grantham Street (bus stop no. 1352).
- 8.3.25 The journey time for this route option from Rathmines Road Lower/Grove Road/Canal Road junction to Wexord Street/Cuffe Street is 5 minutes (in both directions) over a distance of approximately 0.9km.
- 8.3.26 It is proposed to provide continuous bus priority in both directions along the route with the exception of a 75m section of Richmond Street South and 60m section of Wexford Street, where segregated bus priority in the southbound direction is not achievable. The existing contra-flow bus lane on Richmond Street will be retained.
- 8.3.27 This route comprises of Secondary Cycle Route 10 along Camden Street/George's Street, Primary Route 7 along Dame Street and Primary Route 9 along Heytesbury Street as identified within the GDA Cycle Network Plan. The proposed removal of cycle facilities along the CBC route does not align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for Route 10. However, cyclists will be catered for via a parallel cycle route along Martin Street, Heytesbury Street, Bride Street. Due to width constraints, a mixed or shared street arrangement will only be feasible along Martin Street. The proposed construction of a parallel cycle route on Heytesbury

8.4 Concept Scheme Design Summary

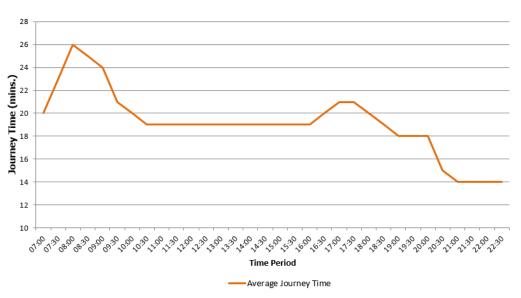
Cost Estimate

A high-level cost estimate has been prepared based on the concept scheme design and a number of assumptions regarding the scheme details. As such the proposed Rathfarnham to City Centre Core Bus Corridor scheme is anticipated to cost in the region of \in 40-48 million excluding VAT.

Journey Time Benefits

- 8.4.1 Through the provision of increased bus priority infrastructure, the proposed scheme would improve both the overall journey times for buses along the route and their journey time reliability. A review of the available comparable journey time data along the route demonstrates that issues currently being experienced by buses could be addressed by the proposed scheme.
- 8.4.2 The following graphs present the existing journey time and speed data from an amalgamation of Dublin bus service numbers 15 (Ballycullen Rd. towards Clongriffin) and 16 (Ballinteer towards Dublin Airport).
- 8.4.3 To enable a journey time comparison to be undertaken, information has been obtained from the most recent Automatic Vehicle Location (AVL) data for these bus routes.
- 8.4.4 For the purposes of this journey time comparison, the section of the 16 bus route under consideration is from the existing inbound bus stop 1329 'St. Mary's Boys School' (on Grange Road) to bus stop 1336 'Fergus Road' (on Rathfarnham Road). Similarly, the section of the 15 bus route under consideration is from the existing inbound bus stop 1163 'Olney Crescent' (on Terenure Place) to bus stop 1354 'Peter Row'. In the outbound direction, the section of the 15 bus route under consideration is from the existing bus stop 7579 'Cuffe Street' to bus stop 1299 'Terenure Library' (on Terenure Place). Similarly, in the outbound direction the section of the 16 bus route under consideration is from the section stop 1299 'Terenure Library' (on Terenure Place). Similarly, in the existing bus stop

1299 'Fergus Road' (on Rathfarnham Road) to bus stop 1305 'Willbrook Road'. Figure 8.2 and Figure 8.3 present the average journey time per half hour over the course of a normal weekday for the inbound and outbound directions respectively.



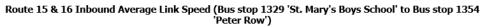


Figure 8.2: Existing Inbound Journey Times between Grange Road/Nutgrove Avenue junction and Wexford Street/Cuffe Street junction.

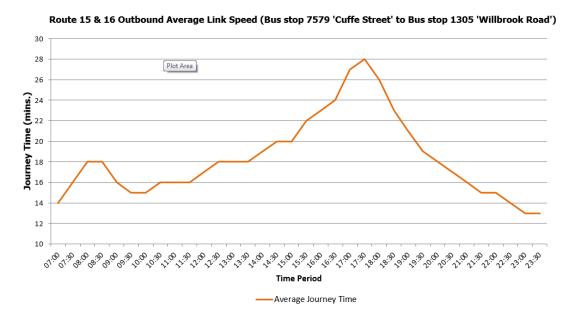
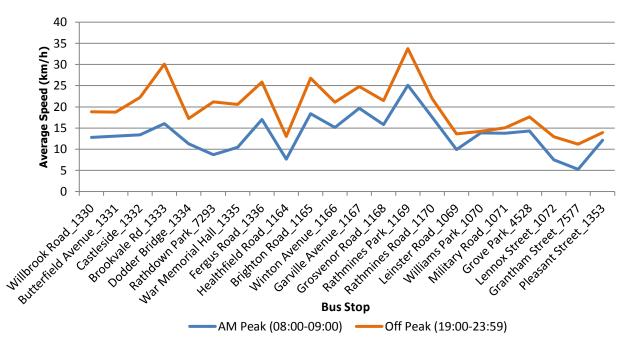


Figure 8.3: Existing Outbound Journey Times between Wexford Street/Cuffe Street junction and Grange Road/Nutgrove Avenue junction.

- 8.4.5 The graphs presented in Figure 8.2 and Figure 8.3 clearly illustrate the current issues with journey time reliability along the route.
- 8.4.6 Journey times during the core hours of bus operation (07:00 19:00) are observed to vary between 18 minutes and 26 minutes in the inbound direction and 14 minutes and 28 minutes in the outbound direction. The variation in journey times is most likely due to the lack of bus priority on large sections of the route and subsequent turbulence caused by traffic congestion, as well as passenger boarding times at stops which are high due to requirements for driver interaction.
- 8.4.7 As such, the journey times outside of these hours, when traffic volumes and passenger volumes are lower, are more reflective of the journey times which could be achieved through a combination of the proposed bus priority infrastructure improvements, better enforcement of bus lanes and the introduction of cashless fares. In other words, the proposed infrastructure would effectively create an uncongested network for buses.
- 8.4.8 After 19:00 in the evening, the inbound journey time is observed to reduce to between 14 minutes and 18 minutes. Similarly, outbound journey times are seen to reduce to between 13 minutes and 21 minutes. For both inbound and outbound journey times after 19:00, the overall journey time is seen to drop by up to 8 minutes in the inbound direction and 7 in the outbound, with the variance between the upper and lower limits halved for each direction.
- 8.4.9 The benefits can also be seen by comparing the existing average link speeds along the route in the morning peak hour with the late evening. Figure 8.4 and Figure 8.5 present this information for the inbound and outbound direction respectively.



Route 15 & 16 Inbound Average Link Speed (Bus stop 1329 'St. Mary's Boys School' to Bus stop 1354 'Peter Row')

Figure 8.4: Existing Inbound Average Link Speed

Route 15 & 16 Outbound Average Link Speed (Bus stop 7579 'Cuffe Street' to Bus stop 1305 'Willbrook Road')

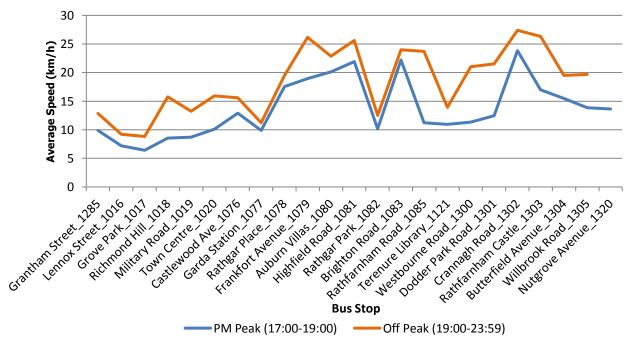


Figure 8.5: Existing Outbound Average Link Speed

- 8.4.10 Reviewing both the inbound and outbound data, it can be seen that the average speed for buses along the route is consistently higher at night, in uncongested conditions at night, compared to the morning peak hour where congestion slows the progression of buses. This further illustrates the benefits improved bus priority will bring to buses operating along the proposed route.
- 8.4.11 The data and graphs (Figure 8.4 & 8.5) reveal that for both inbound and outbound bus services the delays (slower speeds) are being experienced at/on approaches to the following junctions: -
 - Terenure Road East/Rathfarnham Road junction (Terenure Village);
 - Leinster Road/Rathmines Road Lower junction;
 - Camden Street Upper/Charlotte Way junction;
 - Rathgar Road/Grosvenor Road/Rathmines Road Lower junction (Rathmines Garda Station); and
 - Terenure Road East/Rathgar Road/Orwell Road junction (Rathgar Village);
- 8.4.12 The CBC proposals at these aforementioned junctions include the provision of new/extended bus lanes up to the stop lines, in addition to a reduction in the length of the lanes where buses must share the traffic lane with general vehicular traffic.
- 8.4.13 In conclusion, the provision of new and extended bus lanes, with improved bus priority along the proposed CBC route, in addition to the introduction of cashless fares, would enable buses to travel with improved journey times and greater journey time reliability.

9.0 NEXT STEPS

- 9.1.1 This report has identified an emerging preferred route for the bus infrastructure along this Core Bus Corridor for which a concept design has been developed.
- 9.1.2 The next project stage (The development of a Preliminary Design) will further refine and update the initial concept design along the route. Further account will be taken of likely public transport service levels, particularly the bus service patterns and any changes to the overall bus network which may arise from the separate bus network review process. The proposals will be amended, if and as required, to integrate any resultant changes. The Preliminary Design will define the final practically achievable scheme for the CBC, taking into account more detailed studies of constraints, impacts and environmental assessment required at a local level.
- 9.1.3 Prior to finalisation of the CBC scheme design, a public consultation process will be undertaken, with inputs and feedback received incorporated where practical and appropriate to do so.
- 9.1.4 This Preliminary Design will form the basis of the planning consent process for the scheme, which will require a development consent application to be made directly to An Bord Pleanala, due to the nature and extent of the proposed works.

APPENDIX A – Section 1 Route Options Assessment

Table 1

	Section 1 Nutgrove Avenue - Churchtown			
	Option NAC1			
\ppraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Bus lane in both directions & separate cycle route on Whitehall Road, Landscape Park and	Option NAC2 Inbound traffic lane only on Nutgrove Avenue, with two-way	
	Ñ	Landscape Ave.	bus and cycle facilities.	
		€4,020,000.00	€3,485,000.00	
omy	1A Capital Cost	Indicative Infrastructure costs €3,300,000.00 include: • Bus lanes in both directions provided along entire route. • Separate cycle route proposed along Whitehall Road, Landscape Park connecting to Braemor Road via Landscape Avenue. • Due to width constraints along Landscape Park and Landscape Avenue, mixed or shared street cycle facilities only feasible. Land Acquisition Costs €720,000.00 • 480 sqm Private Land	Indicative Infrastructure costs €2,600,000.00 include: • Bus lanes and cycle tracks in both directions along entire section. • Removal of outbound general traffic lane on Nutgrove Avenue Land Acquisition Costs €858,000.00 • 572 sgm Private Land	
1 Economy		 400 sqff Private Land 45 sqm Public Land 26 residential properties affected 	 572 sqff Private Land 129 sqm Public Land 34 residential properties affected 	
	Rank	Approximate Length: 925m	Approximate Length: 925m	
	త	Journey Time: 4mins	Journey Time: 4mins	
	Transport Quality & Reliability	No. of Junctions: 3	No. of Junctions: 3	
	rt Qu bility	No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 3	No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 3	
	nsport Qu Reliability			
	1B Trai	Full priority in both directions are provided along route, good journey time reliability for Bus services.	Full priority in both directions are provided along route, good journey time reliability for Bus services.	
	Rank			
	2A Land Use Policy	No appreciable benefit.	No appreciable benefit.	
	Rank			
		Residential Population Catchments	Residential Population Catchments	
	2B Residential Population and Employment	- Identical Catchment served Employment catchments	- Identical Catchment served Employment catchments	
	2B R Popu Emi	- Identical Catchment served	- Identical Catchment served	
	Rank	Detection for the second second	Detection for the state	
2 Integration	2C Transport Network	Potential for interchange with local bus services. Potential for interchange with CBC bus service running along the Finglas/Dundrum Core Orbital Corridor along the Dodder River.	Potential for interchange with local bus services. Potential for interchange with CBC bus service running along the Finglas/Dundrum Core Orbital Corridor along the Dodder River.	
	Rank	This route option is identified as	This route option is identified as	
	2D Cycling Integration	Network Plan. The proposed removal of segregated cycle facilities on Nutgorve Avenue does not align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for route SO4, however, a separate cycle route is proposed along Whitehall Road, Landscape Park and connecting to Braemor Road via Landscape Avenue. Due to width constraints along Landscape Park and Landscape Avenue, mixed or shared street cycle facilities only feasible.	Primary routes SO4 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. Existing cycle facilities would be enhanced and full segregation achieved for the entire route.	
	Rank			

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Section 1

Nutgrove Avenue - Churchtown

	ອ	Option NAC1	Option NAC2
Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Bus lane in both directions &	Inbound traffic lane only on
ppra	ų	separate cycle route on Whitehall	Nutgrove Avenue, with two-way
A C	Sut	Road, Landscape Park and Landscape Ave.	bus and cycle facilities.
		Two-way traffic maintained, segregated	It is considered that Option NAC2 which
	rk	bus lane provided in both directions. As such, the traffic impact, in terms of	provides for inbound traffic only would have a significant traffic impact in terms
tion	etwo	congestion and movement restrictions	of movement restrictions and increased
gra	c Ne grati	of this option will be low.	traffic/congestion on Nutgrove Avenue. Due to the traffic diversions, there will
2 Integration	Traffic Network Integration		be increased traffic on residential roads (Whitehall Road, Whitebarn Road,
7	2E T		Churchtown Road Upper, Oakdown
			Road).
	Rank		
		<u>Education</u> Identical Facilities served	<u>Education</u> Identical Facilities served
E	rip S		
lusi	ey T acto	Retail / Leisure	Retail / Leisure
Inc	3A Key Trip Attractors	Identical Facilities served	Identical Facilities served
ocial	6	<u>Employment</u>	<u>Employment</u>
8 N	Rank	Identical Facilities served	Identical Facilities served
3 Accessibility & Social Inclusion		Similar catchment served.	Similar catchment served.
ssib	3B Deprived Geographi		
Acce	3B Deprived Geograph		
3	ق ۵		
	Rank		
	ety	No. of Junctions: 3	No. of Junctions: 3
	Safe	0 turn movements required	0 turn movements required.
	Road Safety	Fully segregated bus lanes in both	Fully segregated bus lanes in both
	IA R	directions for the entire section.	directions for the entire section.
	Donk		
4 Safety	Rank	Footpaths provided both sides of	Footpaths provided both sides of
4 S	ety	Nutgrove Avenue. Three signalised pedestrian crossings	Nutgrove Avenue. Three signalised pedestrian crossings
	Saf	are provided on this section of	are provided on this section of
	4B Pedestrian Safety	Nutgrove Ave. Two pedestrian crossing are located between Nutgrove Shopping	Nutgrove Ave. Two pedestrian crossing are located between Nutgrove Shopping
	dest	Centre and the retail park (Harvey	Centre and the retail park (Harvey
	3 Pe	Norman, Aldi etc) on the northern side of Nutgrove Ave. The third pedestrian	Norman, Aldi etc) on the northern side of Nutgrove Ave. The third pedestrian
	41	crossing is located at the Church of the Good Shepard.	crossing is located at the Church of the Good Shepard.
	Rank		
	gy al	1 Recorded Monument identified within the assessment area, the Bottle Tower	No Recorded Monuments identified within the assessment area.
	5A Archaeology and Cultural	on Whitehall Road. As this option does	
	5. chae d Ct	not involve land take at this monument, this will have no impact.	
	Ar		
	Rank		
	-	There are no other protected structures identified within the assessment area.	There are no protected structures identified within the assessment area.
	tura e	assumed mean the assessment area.	active mean the assessment and
	Architect Heritage		
ent	5B Architectural Heritage		
vironment	58		
vird			

5C Flora and Fauna	Possible removal of a small amount of verge on Nutgrove Avenue. No appreciable impact.	Possible removal of a small amount of verge on Nutgrove Avenue. No significant impact.
Rank		
5D Soils, Geology & Hydrology	No appreciable impacts	No appreciable impacts
Rank		

Rank

С Ш

Section 1

Nutgrove Avenue - Churchtown

Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Option NAC1 Bus lane in both directions & separate cycle route on Whitehall Road, Landscape Park and Landscape Ave.	Option NAC2 Inbound traffic lane only on Nutgrove Avenue, with two-way bus and cycle facilities.
	5E Landscape and Visual	Potential negative impacts associated with the re-engineering of mature housing estate roads (Whitehall Road). Land take of residential properties on Eastern side of Whitehall Road and the Southern side of Nutgrove Ave.	Potential negative impacts associated with the re-engineering of mature. Land take of residential properties on the Southern side of Nutgrove Ave.
	Rank		
	5F Air Quality	Possible impacts due to increased trafficking of road networks and increased proximity of vehicles to residential premises, houses and gardens if bus lane installed. Existing route carries bus traffic already so potential for impacts is not as great.	The positive impact due to reduced trafficking by replacing the existing outbound traffic lane on Nutgrove Avenue could be exceeded by the negative impact due to the increased traffic on less suitable residential roads (Whitehall Road, Whitebarn Road, Churchtown Road Upper, Oakdown Road) due to the traffic diversions.
ner	Rank		
5 Environment	5G Noise & Vibration	Possible impacts due to increased trafficking of road networks and increased proximity of vehicles to residential premises, houses and gardens if bus lane installed. Existing route carries bus traffic already so potential for impacts is not as great.	The positive impact due to reduced trafficking by replacing the existing outbound traffic lane on Nutgrove Avenue could be exceeded by the negative impact due to the increased traffic on less suitable residential roads (Whitehall Road, Whitebarn Road, Churchtown Road Upper, Oakdown Road) due to the traffic diversions.
	Rank		
	5H Land Use Character	The level of land take required on Nutgrove Ave and Whitehall Road would not affect the viability of residential properties from being used for its intended use. (less than 1m width over length of 80m)	The level of land take required on Nutgrove Ave would not affect the viability of residential properties from being used for its intended use. (less than 1.5m width over length of 350m) Restricted access to the retail parks and residential properties due to the provision of one-way traffic on Nutgrove Avenue which would affect the viability of the facilities.

Table 2

		Section 1		
Nutgrove Avenue - Rathfarnham				
		Option NAR1	Option NAR2	
Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Bus lane in both directions & separate cycle route through the Castle Golf Course and The Good Shepherd National School grounds.	Bus lane in both directions & separate cycle route on Whitehall Road, Landscape Park and Landscape Ave.	
1 Economy	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	€11,294,000.00 <u>Indicative Infrastructure costs</u> <u>€6,500,000,00 include:</u> • Bus lanes in both directions provided along entire route. • Separate segregated cycle route proposed through the Castle Golf Club and The Good Shepard National School grounds. <u>Land Acquisition Costs</u> <u>€4,794,000,00</u> • 3196 sqm Private Land • 0 sqm Public Land • 13 residential properties affected • 7 commercial properties affected	 €4,026,000.00 <u>Indicative Infrastructure costs</u> <u>63,300,000,00 include:</u> Bus lanes in both directions provided along entire route. Separate segregated cycle route proposed along Rathfarnham Wood, The Castlelands, Castleside Drive before connecting with Rathfarnham Road. <u>Land Acquisition Costs</u> <u>6726,000.00</u> 484 sqm Private Land 0 sqm Public Land 19 residential properties affected 6 commercial properties affected 	
	Rank	Approximate Length: 860m	Approximate Length: 860m	
	18 Transport Quality & Reliability	Journey Time: 3mins No. of Junctions: 3 No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 1 Full priority in both directions are provided along route, good journey time reliability for Bus services.	Journey Time: 3mins No. of Junctions: 3 No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 1 Full priority in both directions are provided along route, good journey time reliability for Bus services.	
	Rank	No Appreciable benefits.	No Appreciable benefits.	
	2A Land Use	no appreciable benefits.	no appreciable benefits.	
-				
	Rank	Residential Population	Residential Population	
2 Integration	2B Residential Population 8 and Employment 7 Catchments	Residential Population Catchments - Identical Catchment served Employment catchments - Identical Catchment served	Residential Population Catchments - Identical Catchment served Employment catchments - Identical Catchment served	
2 Integration	Residential Population and Employment Catchments	Catchments - Identical Catchment served Employment catchments - Identical Catchment served	Catchments - Identical Catchment served Employment catchments - Identical Catchment served	
2 Integration	2B Residential Population and Employment Catchments	Catchments - Identical Catchment served Employment catchments - Identical Catchment	Catchments - Identical Catchment served Employment catchments - Identical Catchment	
2 Integration	2B Residential Population and Employment Catchments	Catchments - Identical Catchment served Employment catchments - Identical Catchment served Potential for interchange with local bus services.	Catchments - Identical Catchment served Employment catchments - Identical Catchment served Potential for interchange with local bus services.	
2 Integration 2 Integration	2C 원 2B Residential Population Transport 뒷 and Employment Network Catchments	Catchments - Identical Catchment served Employment catchments - Identical Catchment served Potential for interchange with	Catchments - Identical Catchment served Employment catchments - Identical Catchment served Potential for interchange with	
ration	g Integration B	Catchments	Catchments - Identical Catchment served Employment catchments - Identical Catchment served Potential for interchange with local bus services. Potential for interchange with local bus services. This route option is identified as Primary routes SO4 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. The proposed removal of segregated cycle facilities on Nutgrove Avenue does not align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for route SO4, however, a separate cycle route is proposed along Rathfarnham Wood, The Castlelands, Castleside Drive and connecting to Rathfarnham	

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Section 1

Nutgrove Avenue - Rathfarnham

	Nutgrove Avenue - Rathfarnnam		
	_	Option NAR1	Option NAR2
Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Bus lane in both directions & separate cycle route through the Castle Golf Course and The Good Shepherd National School grounds.	Bus lane in both directions & separate cycle route on Whitehall Road, Landscape Park and Landscape Ave.
2 Integration	2E Traffic Network Integration	Two-way traffic maintained, segregated bus lane provided in both directions. As such, the traffic impact, in terms of congestion and movement restrictions of this option will be low.	Two-way traffic maintained, segregated bus lane provided in both directions. As such, the traffic impact, in terms of congestion and movement restrictions of this option will be low.
	Rank		
3 Accessibility and Social Inclusion	3A Key Trip Attractors	<u>Education</u> Identical Facilities served <u>Retail / Leisure</u> Identical Facilities served <u>Employment</u> Identical Facilities served	<u>Education</u> Identical Facilities served <u>Retail / Leisure</u> Identical Facilities served <u>Employment</u> Identical Facilities served
and	Rank		
3 Accessibility	3B Deprived Geographic Areas	No appreciable impacts.	No appreciable impacts.
	Rank		
Ŋ	4A Road Safety	No. of Junctions: 3 0 turn movements required Fully segregated bus lanes in both directions for the entire section.	No. of Junctions: 3 0 turn movements required. Fully segregated bus lanes in both directions for the entire section.
4 Safet	Rank		
4 S	4B Pedestrian Safety	Footpaths provided both sides of Nutgrove Avenue. One signalised pedestrian crossing is provided on this section of Nutgrove Ave, located by Nutgrove Court.	Footpaths provided both sides of Nutgrove Avenue. One signalised pedestrian crossing is provided on this section of Nutgrove Ave, located by Nutgrove Court.
	Rank		
	5A Archaeology & Cultural Heritage	No Recorded Monuments identified within the assessment area.	1 Recorded Monument identified within the assessment area, the Bottle Tower on Whiehall Road. As this option does not involve land take at this monument, this will have no impact.
	Rank		
5 Environment	5B Architectural Heritage	There are no other protected structures identified within the assessment area.	There are no protected structures identified within the assessment area.
Env	Rank		
ß	5C Flora & Fauna	Possible removal of several trees on the Castle Golf Course, however these can be replaced.	Possible removal of several trees along both sides of the proposed cycle route.

	Ň		
	Rank		
	5D Soils, Geology & Hydrology	No appreciable impacts	No appreciable impacts
	Rank		
5 Environment	5E Landscape & Visual	Potential negative impacts associated land take in the Castle Golf Course (removal of trees). Land take of residential & commercial properties on Northern side of Nutgrove Avenue.	Potential negative impacts associated with the re- engineering of mature housing estate roads (Rathfarnham Wood, The Castlelands, Castleside Drive). Land take of residential & commercial properties on Northern side of Nutgrove Avenue.
	Rank		

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Section 1

Nutgrove Avenue - Rathfarnham

		Radia Radia	
	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Option NAR1	Option NAR2
Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Bus lane in both directions & separate cycle route through the Castle Golf Course and The Good Shepherd National School grounds.	Bus lane in both directions & separate cycle route on Whitehall Road, Landscape Park and Landscape Ave.
	5F Air Quality	Possible impacts due to increased proximity of vehicles to residential premises, houses and gardens if bus lane installed. Existing route carries bus traffic already so potential for impacts is not as great.	Possible impacts due to increased proximity of vehicles to commercial premises, houses and gardens if bus lane installed. Existing route carries bus traffic already so potential for impacts is not as great.
	Rank		
5 Environment	5G Noise & Vibration	Possible impacts due to increased proximity of vehicles to residential premises, houses and gardens if bus lane installed. Existing route carries bus traffic already so potential for impacts is not as great.	Possible impacts due to increased proximity of vehicles to commercial premises, houses and gardens if bus lane installed. Existing route carries bus traffic already so potential for impacts is not as great.
ŝ	Rank		
	5H Land Use Character	The level of land take required on Nutgrove Ave would affect the viability of commercial properties from being used for its intended use. The cycle route will be constructed in a sensitive manner and would affect the viability of the Golf course being used for its intended use.	The level of land take required on Nutgrove Ave would affect the viability of commercial properties from being used for its intended use.
	Rank		

Table 3

	G	range Road/Nutgrove A	Section 1 venue junction to Dodd	er Crossing		
Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Route Option SA1 Grange Road - Rathfarnham	Route Option SA2 Grange Road – Rathfarnham (Parallel cycle route via Rathfarnham Wood/Castleside Drive)	Route Option SB1 Grange Road – Rathfarnham via Churchtown		
		€9.6m	€5.3m	€14.6m		
1 Economy	1A Capital Cost	 Indicative Infrastructure costs <u>€5.7m include:</u> Bus lanes and cycle lanes in both directions on Grange Road from Nutgrove Ave junction to the filling station on Rathfarnham Road (100m past Main Street junction). 	 Indicative Infrastructure costs <u>€4.2 include:</u> Bus lanes in both directions on Grange Road from Nutgrove Ave junction to Dodder Park Road junction. Two-way bus facilities will require acquisition of a portion of front gardens/driveways on western side of Rathfarnham Road between filling station at Main Street junction and Dodder Park Road junction. Parallel cycle route via Rathfarnham Wood and Castleside Drive and connecting to Rathfarnham Road at Main Street/Castleside Drive junction. Parallel cycle route via Brookvale Downs adjacent to Rathfarnham Road. Land Acquisition Costs €1.0m 1,237 sqm Public Land 689 sqm Private Land sy residential properties 	Indicative Infrastructure costs £12.3m include: • Bus lanes in both directions provided along entire route. • Separate segregated cycle route proposed along Rathfarnham Wood, The Castlelands, Castleside Drive before connecting with Rathfarnham Road. • Separate cycle route proposed along Whitehall Road, Landscape Park connecting to Braemor Road via Landscape Avenue. • Due to width constraints along Landscape Park and Landscape Avenue, mixed or shared street cycle facilities only feasible. Image: Street cycle facilities only feasible.		
		Land take from Rathfarnham Castle (200m ²)	affected 1 commercial property affected 	affected • 6 commercial properties affected		
	Rank	Journey Time: 5 mins	Journey Time: 5 mins	Journey Time: 13 mins		
	lity &	Length: 1.3 km	Length: 1.3 km	Length: 4.1 km		
	nsport Qua Reliability	No. of Junctions: 5	No. of Junctions: 5	No. of Junctions: 8		
	1B Tra	No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 1 Full priority provided along most of the route with good journey time reliability for Bus services.	No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 1 Full priority provided along route with good journey time reliability for Bus services.	No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 8 Full priority provided along route with good journey time reliability for Bus services.		
	Rank	Serves Rathfarnham village	Serves Rathfarnham village	Serves Nutgrove Avenue		
	2A Land Use Policy	which is zoned VC in the SDCC Development Plan 'to protect, improve, provide for the future development of Village Centres'.	which is zoned VC in the SDCC Development Plan 'to protect, improve, provide for the future development of Village Centres'.	which will serve areas zoned DC & E (Nutgrove Office Park) in the DLRCC Development Plan 'to protect, provide for improved mixed-use district centres' and to 'provide for economic development and employment'.		
	Rank	Residential Population	Residential Population	Residential Population		
2 Integration	B Residential Population and Employment Catchments	Catchments - 5 minute walk catchment of approximately 3,500 - 10 minute walk catchment of approximately 8,600 Employment catchments - 10 minute walk catchment of approximately 1,544	Catchments - 5 minute walk catchment of approximately 3,500 - 10 minute walk catchment of approximately 8,600 Employment catchments - 10 minute walk catchment of approximately 1,544	Catchments - 5 minute walk catchment of approximately 6,500 - 10 minute walk catchment of approximately 13,000 Employment catchments - 10 minute walk catchment of approximately 3,600		
	Rank					

Sub-Criteria

2C Transport Network Integration

Rank

2D Cycling Integration

Rank

2E Traffic Network Integration

shared street cycle facilities

There are existing bus lanes

majority of the length of SA1.

SA1 is effectively the existing

such a high volume of buses

currently share the route with

Bus lanes would be provided

for the entire length of SA1.

Reallocation of traffic lanes to

bus lanes may be necessary

at junctions at the expense of

capacity (may impact on left

private vehicular traffic

in one direction along the

Rathfarnham QBC and as

traffic.

only feasible.

2 Integration

Appraisal Criteria

		Section 1	a
G	Route Option SA1 Grange Road - Rathfarnham	Route Option SA2 Grange Road – Rathfarnham (Parallel cycle route via Rathfarnham Wood/Castleside Drive)	er Crossing Route Option SB1 Grange Road – Rathfarnham via Churchtown
	Potential for interchange with	Potential for interchange with	Potential for interchange with
	local bus services.	local bus services.	local bus services.
	Potential for interchange with	Potential for interchange with	Potential for interchange with
	CBC bus service running along	CBC bus service running along	CBC bus service running along
	the Finglas/Dundrum Core	the Finglas/Dundrum Core	the Finglas/Dundrum Core
	Orbital Corridor along the	Orbital Corridor along the	Orbital Corridor along the
	Dodder River.	Dodder River.	Dodder River.
	Potential for interchange with	Potential for interchange with	Potential for interchange with
	both the Marley Park –	both the Marley Park –	both the Marley Park –
	Rathmines and the Tallaght –	Rathmines and the Tallaght –	Rathmines and the Tallaght –
	Rathfarnham - Terenure Core	Rathfarnham - Terenure Core	Rathfarnham - Terenure Core
	Radial Corridors.	Radial Corridors.	Radial Corridors.
	Potential for interchange with	Potential for interchange with	Potential for interchange with
	the Clongriffin – Tallaght BRT	the Clongriffin – Tallaght BRT	the Clongriffin – Tallaght BRT
	proposal.	proposal.	proposal.
c		h that	
	This route option comprises of	This route option comprises of	The route aligns with
	Primary/Secondary route 10 in	Primary/Secondary route 10 in	Secondary route S04 as
	the GDA Cycle Network Plan	the GDA Cycle Network Plan	identified in the GDA Cycle
	which runs along the Grange	which runs along the Grange	Network Plan.
	Road and Rathfarnham Road.	Road and Rathfarnham Road.	The proposed removal of
	Segregated cycle facilities	The proposed removal of	segregated cycle facilities on
	provided along the majority of	segregated cycle facilities on	Nutgrove Avenue between
	the CBC route along Grange	Grange Road does not align	Grange Road and Nutgrove
	Road and Rathfarnham Road.	with the GDA Cycle Network	Way does not align with the
	The proposed removal of	Plan proposal for route 10,	GDA Cycle Network Plan
	segregated cycle facilities	however, a parallel cycle	proposal for route S04,
	after the Main Street junction	route via Rathfarnham Wood,	however, a parallel cycle
	on Rathfarnham Road to the	Castleside Drive and	route via Rathfarnham Wood,
	Dodder River crossing does	connecting to Rathfarnham	Castleside Drive and
	not align with the GDA Cycle	Road at Main Street junction	connecting to Rathfarnham
	Network Plan proposal for	is proposed.	Road at Main Street junction
	route 10, however, parallel	The proposed removal of	is proposed.
	cycle route is proposed on	segregated cycle facilities	The proposed removal of
	Brookvale Downs. Due to	after the Main Street junction	segregated cycle facilities on
	width constraints along	on Rathfarnham Road to the	Nutgrove Avenue between
	Brookvale Downs, mixed or	Dodder River crossing does	Nutgrove Way and Braemor
	shared street cycle facilities	not align with the GDA Cycle	Poad does not align with the

Dodder River crossing does not align with the GDA Cycle Road does not align with the Network Plan proposal for GDA Cycle Network Plan route 10, however, a parallel proposal for route S04, cycle route is proposed on however, a separate cycle Brookvale Downs. Due to route is proposed along width constraints along Whitehall Road, Landscape Park connecting to Braemor Rathfarnham Wood, Castleside Drive and Brookvale Downs, mixed or shared street cycle facilities only feasible.

Road via Landscape Avenue. Due to width constraints along Landscape Park and Landscape Avenue, mixed or shared street cycle facilities only feasible. There are existing bus lanes There are existing bus lanes in one direction along the in one direction along half the majority of the length of SA2. length of SB1 (Nutgrove Avenue). SA2 is effectively the existing

Rathfarnham QBC and as such a high volume of buses currently share the route with traffic.

Bus lanes would be provided for the entire length of SA2. Reallocation of traffic lanes to

bus lanes may be necessary at junctions at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity (may impact on left

Bus lanes would be provided for the entire length of SB1. Reallocation of traffic lanes to bus lanes may be necessary at junctions at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity (may impact on left turning capacity at junctions).

Option SB1 has a total of 8

SA1 & SA2 which have 5

junctions compare to options

	SA1 has a total of 5 junctions.	SA2 has a total of 5 junctions.	junctions.
Rank			

Appraisal Criteria

3 Accessibility and Social Inclusion

G		Section 1 venue junction to Dodd	er Crossing
Sub-Criteria	Route Option SA1 Grange Road - Rathfarnham	Route Option SA2 Grange Road – Rathfarnham (Parallel cycle route via Rathfarnham Wood/Castleside Drive)	Route Option SB1 Grange Road – Rathfarnham via Churchtown
3A Key Trip Attractors	Factorial Colspan="2">Factorial Colspan="2">Colspan="2" Colspan="2">Colspan="2"	Education.Loreto Primary School.Loreto High SchoolBeaufort.St. Mary's NationalSchoolRetail / Leisure.Rathfarnham Village.Rathfarnham Castle Park.Rathfarnham Castle Park.Church of AnnunciationEmployment.Rathfarnham Castle.Loreto Primary School.Loreto High SchoolBeaufort.St. Mary's National School.St. Mary's National School	FelucationImage: College ChurchtownImage: Church of Ireland Theological CollegeImage: Church of Ireland Theological CollegeImage: College Chirch of Ireland SchoolImage: College Church Of Ireland Church Of Ireland Church Of Ireland ShepardImage: College Church Of Ireland SchoolImage: College Church Of Ireland Theological CollegeImage: College Church Of Ireland Church Of Ireland Church Of Ireland Theological CollegeImage: College Church Of Ireland Church College
3B Deprived Geographic Areas	Route option serves area of Affluent means from the Pobal Deprivation Index.	Route option serves area of Affluent means from the Pobal Deprivation Index.	Route option serves area of Marginally below Average to Affluent means from the Pobal Deprivation Index.
Rank			
×.	No. of Junctions: 5	No. of Junctions: 5	No. of Junctions: 8

4A Ro	outbound direction)	outbound direction)	direction, 2 left turns and 1 right turn in the outbound direction)
Rank			
4B Pedestrian Safety	Pedestrian crossings are not located within 50m of most stops, additional pedestrian crossing will be required along the majority of the route. Footpaths are provided on both sides of the road. Similar ratio of pedestrian crossing facilities to route length across the options.	Pedestrian crossings are not located within 50m of most stops, additional pedestrian crossing will be required along the majority of the route. Footpaths are provided on both sides of the road. Similar ratio of pedestrian crossing facilities to route length across the options.	Pedestrian crossings are not located within 50m of most stops, additional pedestrian crossing will be required along the majority of the route. Footpaths are provided on both sides of the road. Similar ratio of pedestrian crossing facilities to route length across the options.
Rank			

1 turn movements required

for each direction (1 left turn

inbound direction, 1 right turn inbound direction, 1 right turn

3 turn movements required

for each direction (2 right

turns and 1 left turn inbound

4 Safety

oad Safety

1 turn movements required

for each direction (1 left turn

	G	range Road/Nutgrove A	Section 1 venue junction to Dodd	er Crossing
Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Route Option SA1 Grange Road - Rathfarnham	Route Option SA2 Grange Road – Rathfarnham (Parallel cycle route via Rathfarnham Wood/Castleside Drive)	Route Option SB1 Grange Road – Rathfarnham via Churchtown
	5A Archaeology & Cultural Heritage	1 Recorded Monument or site of archaeological and cultural heritage merit was identified within the assessment area which is Pearse Bridge on Rathfarnham Road.	1 Recorded Monument or site of archaeological and cultural heritage merit was identified within the assessment area which is Pearse Bridge on Rathfarnham Road.	2 Recorded Monuments or site of archaeological and cultural heritage merit were identified within the assessment area which includes Pearse Bridge on Rathfarnham Road and The Bottle Tower on Whitehall Road (this is set back from the road carriageway however).
	Rank			
	5B Architectural Heritage	5 protected structures were identified within the assessment area. The Church of Annunciation, The Yellow House Pub and the Castle Lodge Rathfarnham Road are also protected structures of note.	5 protected structures were identified within the assessment area. The Church of Annunciation, The Yellow House Pub and the Castle Lodge Rathfarnham Road are also protected structures of note	1 protected structures were identified within the assessment area. The Gate Lodge on Braemor/Dodder Road is a protected structure of note.
nent	Rank		Removal of trees on both	Removal of trees on both
5 Environment	5C Flora & Fauna	Possible amount of land take at Rathfarnham Castle Grounds (mature trees) may impact on existing green areas which are the subject of OS zoning in SDCC Development Plan ('To preserve, provide for open space and recreational amenities') (max 4m width, 80m length). Possible removal of trees on both sides of Rathfanham Road (young-early mature) and Brookvale Road to provide for segregated cycle facilities.	sides of The Castlelands, Castleside Drive (large quantity of young-early mature) and Brookvale Road to provide for segregated cycle facilities.	sides of Braemor Road (large quantity of young trees) and Dodder Park Road (large quantity of mature trees).
	Rank			
	5D Soils, Geology & Hydrology	No appreciable impacts	No appreciable impacts	No appreciable impacts
	Rank			
lent	5E Landscape & Visual	Removal of existing trees within road reservation and land take from Rathfarnham Castle grounds would have adverse impacts (max 5.4m width, 220m length).	No appreciable impacts	Land take from residential & commercial properties on Northern side of Nutgrove Avenue. Potential negative impacts associated with the re- engineering of mature housing estate roads (Whitehall road). Land take of residential properties on Eastern side of Whitehall Road and the Southern side of Nutgrove Ave. Possible removal of trees on both sides of Braemor Road (large quantity of young trees) and Dodder Park Road

Rank			(large quantity of mature trees).
5F Air Quality	Possible impacts due to increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lanes and cycles installed on grange Road/Rathfarnham Road.	No appreciable impacts	Possible impacts due to increased trafficking of road networks and increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens on Braemor road if bus lanes & cycle lanes are installed.
Rank			
5G Noise & Vibration	Possible impacts due to increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lanes and cycles installed on grange Road/Rathfarnham Road.	No appreciable impacts	Possible impacts due to increased trafficking of road networks and increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens on Braemor road if bus lanes & cycle lanes are installed.
Rank			

	G		Section 1 venue junction to Dodd	er Crossing
Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Route Option SA1 Grange Road - Rathfarnham	Route Option SA2 Grange Road – Rathfarnham (Parallel cycle route via Rathfarnham Wood/Castleside Drive)	Route Option SB1 Grange Road – Rathfarnham via Churchtown
5 Environment	5H Land Use Character	The land use of Rathfarnham Castle may be impacted negatively due to the land acquisition (max 5.5m width, 220m length from boundary wall, revised entry required). Any reconfiguration of the existing mature landscaping would have an adverse impact on the character of the street. Possible removal of trees on both sides of Brookvale Road to provide for segregated cycle facilities.	Any reconfiguration of the existing mature landscaping would have an adverse impact on the character of the street.	The level of land take required on Nutgrove Ave (between Grange Road & Nutgrove Way) would affect the viability of commercial properties from being used for its intended use. The level of land take required on Nutgrove Ave (between Nutgrove Way and Churchtown) and Whitehall Road would not affect the viability of residential properties from being used for its intended use. (less than 1m width over length of 80m) Any reconfiguration of the existing mature landscaping would have an adverse impact on the character of the street. Possible removal of trees on both sides of The Castlelands, Castleside Drive, Dodder Park Road.
	Rank			

APPENDIX B – Section 2 Route Options Assessment

Section 2

	Terenure Village - Rathmines								
Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Option TVR1 Bus lane in both directions, parallel cycle route via Bushy Park Road, Zion Road and Orwell Road.	Option TVR2 Inbound Traffic Lane on Terenure Rd East	Option TVR3 Bus and Cycle lane in both directions	Option TVR4 Cycle route via Rathdown Park	Option TVR5 Cycle Route via Riversdale Avenue	Option TVR6 Cycle Route via Laurelton /Meadowbank	Option TVR7 Cycle Route via The Dodder Greenway and Orwell Road	Option TVR8 Inbound bus lane Bushy Park Rd & Outbound bus lane Terenure Rd East
		€10,059,000.00	€10,422,500.00	€11,268,500.00	€10,633,500.00	€10,478,500.00	€9,958,000.00	€8,857,000.00	€11,017,500.00
1 Economy	1A Capital Cost	Indicative Infrastructure costs <u>66,600,000.00</u> include: • Bus lanes will be provided in both directions along entire section, with the exception of the section on Rathfarnham Road from Westbourne Road junction to Bushy Park Road junction where bus priority signalling is proposed in the outbound direction at this pinch point. There is also a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where the inbound bus lane will not be provided owing to the proximity of commercial properties (majority protected) at this location. • Separate segregated cycle route is proposed along Bushy Park Road and Orwell Road.	Indicative Infrastructure costs <u>66,8000,000.00</u> include: • Bus lanes in both directions along entire section. • Removal of outbound general traffic lane on Terenure Road East. • Separate segregated outbound cycle route is proposed along Bushy Park Road & Orwell Road reconnecting the route at Rathgar Village.	Indicative Infrastructure costs <u>66,800,000.00</u> include: • Bus lanes will be provided in both directions along entire section, with the exception of a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where the inbound bus lane will not be provided owing to the proximity of commercial properties (majority protected) at this location. • Segregated cycle route is proposed along Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East with the exception of the 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where the cycle lane will not be provided.	Indicative Infrastructure costs 67,800,000.00 include: • Bus lanes will be provided in both directions along the entire section, with the exception of a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where the inbound bus lane will not be provided owing to the proximity of commercial properties (majority protected) at this location. • Segregated cycle route is proposed along Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East with the exception of the 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where the cycle lane will not be provided. • Mixed or shared street cycle facilities only feasible along Rathdown Park due to width constraints and low traffic volumes & speed. • The cycle route will include a 150m spiral ramp and a 60m cycle bridge to the west of Pearse Bridge.	Indicative Infrastructure costs E7,300,000.00 include: • Bus lanes will be provided in both directions along the entire section, with the exception of a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where the inbound bus lane will not be provided owing to the proximity of commercial properties (majority protected) at this location. • Segregated cycle route is proposed via Riversdale Avenue, Bushy Park Road, Zion Road and Orwell Road to Rathgar Village. • Mixed or shared street cycle facilities only feasible along Riversdale Avenue due to width constraints and low traffic volumes & speed. • The cycle route will include a 150m spiral ramp and a 60m cycle bridge to the east of Pearse Bridge.	Indicative Infrastructure costs 67,000,000.00 include: • Bus lanes will be provided in both directions along the entire section, with the exception of a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where the inbound bus lane will not be provided owing to the proximity of commercial properties (majority protected) at this location. • Segregated cycle route is proposed via Laurelton, Meadowbank, Bushy Park Road, Zion Road and Orwell Road to Rathgar Village. • Mixed or shared street cycle facilities only feasible along Laurelton and Meadowbank due to width constraints and low traffic volumes & speed. • The cycle route will include a 150m spiral ramp and a 60m cycle bridge to the east of Pearse Bridge.	Indicative Infrastructure costs <u>66,700,000.00</u> include: • Bus lanes will be provided in both directions along the entire section, with the exception of a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where the inbound bus lane will not be provided owing to the proximity of commercial properties (majority protected) at this location. • Segregated cycle route is proposed via the Dodder Greenway, through Orwell Park and along Orwell Road to Rathgar Village. • The cycle route will include widening of the existing pedestrian bridge.	Indicative Infrastructure costs 66,600,000.00 include: • One-way Bus lane provided outbound on Rathfarnham Road & Terenure Road East with the exception of the section on Rathfarnham Road from Westbourne Road junction to Bushy Park Road junction where bus priority signalling is proposed in the outbound direction at this pinch point. • Inbound bus lane provided on Bushy Park Road & Orwell Road. • Inbound cycle lane provided on Rathfarnham Road & Terenure Road East & separate segregated outbound cycle route is proposed along Bushy Park Road & Orwell Road reconnecting the route at Rathgar Village. • There is a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where the inbound cycle lane will not be providing owing to the proximity of commercial properties at this location.
-		Land Acquisition Costs <u>€3,459,000.00</u> • 2306 sqm Private Land • 0 sqm Public Land • 75 residential properties affected	Land Acquisition Costs <u>63,622,500.00</u> • 2415 sqm Private Land • 0 sqm Public Land • 48 residential properties affected	Land Acquisition Costs <u>64,468,500.00</u> • 2979 sqm Private Land • 0 sqm Public Land • 80 residential properties affected	Land Acquisition Costs <u>62,833,500.00</u> • 1889 sqm Private Land • 0 sqm Public Land • 69 residential properties affected	Land Acquisition Costs <u>€3,178,500.00</u> • 2119 sqm Private Land • 0 sqm Public Land • 64 residential properties affected	Land Acquisition Costs <u>62,958,000.00</u> • 1972 sqm Private Land • 0 sqm Public Land • 61 residential properties affected	Land Acquisition Costs <u>€2,157,000.00</u> • 1438 sqm Private Land • 0 sqm Public Land • 42 residential properties affected	Land Acquisition Costs <u>64,417,500.00</u> • 2945 sqm Private Land • 0 sqm Public Land 66 residential properties affected
	18 Transport Quality & Reliability	Journey Time: 5mins Length: 1.2km No. of Junctions: 3 No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 1 Full priority provided along most the route in both directions (except at bus priority signalling), with good journey time reliability for Bus services. Delays could occur at junction at Terenure village as buses would be competing with traffic and other bus	Journey Time: 5mins (inbound) Journey Time: 4mins (outbound) Length:1.2km No. of Junctions: 3 No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 1 Full priority in both directions is provided along route, good journey time reliability for Bus services.	Journey Time: 5mins (inbound) Journey Time: 4mins (outbound) Length:1.2km No. of Junctions: 3 No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 1 Full priority provided along most the route in both directions. Delays could occur at junction at Terenure village as inbound buses would be competing with traffic and other bus	Journey Time: 5mins (inbound) Journey Time: 4mins (outbound) Length:1.2km No. of Junctions: 3 No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 1 Full priority provided along most the route in both directions. Delays could occur at junction at Terenure village as inbound buses would be competing with traffic	Journey Time: 5mins (inbound) Journey Time: 4mins (outbound) Length:1.2km No. of Junctions: 3 No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 1 Full priority provided along most the route in both directions. Delays could occur at junction at Terenure village as inbound buses would be competing with traffic	Journey Time: 5mins (inbound) Journey Time: 4mins (outbound) Length:1.2km No. of Junctions: 3 No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 1 Full priority provided along most the route in both directions. Delays could occur at junction at Terenure village as inbound buses would be competing with traffic	Journey Time: 5mins (inbound) Journey Time: 4mins (outbound) Length:1.2km No. of Junctions: 3 No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 1 Full priority provided along most the route in both directions. Delays could occur at junction at Terenure village as inbound buses would be competing with traffic	Journey Time: 4mins (inbound), 5mins (outbound), 5mins (outbound), 1.2km (inbound), 1.2km (outbound). No. of Junctions: 3 No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 1 Full priority provided along most the route in both directions (except at bus priority signallings), with good journey time reliability for Bus services. Outbound bus lane
		services.		services.	and other bus services.	and other bus services.	and other bus services.	and other bus services.	bypasses Terenure Village.
2 Integration	ZA Land Use Policy	Integrates with existing residential, educational & leisure uses in this established area.	Integrates with existing residential, educational & leisure uses in this established area.	Integrates with existing residential, educational & leisure uses in this established area	Integrates with existing residential, educational & leisure uses in this established area	Integrates with existing residential, educational & leisure uses in this established area	Integrates with existing residential, educational & leisure uses in this established area	Integrates with existing residential, educational & leisure uses in this established area	Integrates with existing residential, educational & leisure uses in this established area.
2 I	Rank					socialished afea			

	Section 2								
				Ter	enure Village - R	lathmines			
Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Option TVR1 Bus lane in both directions, parallel cycle route via Bushy Park Road, Zion Road and Orwell Road.	Option TVR2 Inbound Traffic Lane on Terenure Rd East	Option TVR3 Bus and Cycle lane in both directions	Option TVR4 Cycle route via Rathdown Park	Option TVR5 Cycle Route via Riversdale Avenue	Option TVR6 Cycle Route via Laurelton /Meadowbank	Option TVR7 Cycle Route via The Dodder Greenway and Orwell Road	Option TVR8 Inbound bus lane Bushy Park Rd & Outbound bus lane Terenure Rd East
	2B Residential Population and Employment Catchments	Residential Population Catchments 5 minute - 5 minute walk catchment of approximate ly 4,663 10 minute walk catchment of approximate ly 4,663 10 minute walk catchment of approximate ly 11,774 In minute Employment catchments - 10 minute walk catchment of approximate ly 2,491 ly 2,491	Residential Population Catchments 5 minute - 5 minute walk catchment of approximate ly 4,663 - - 10 minute walk catchment of approximate ly 11,774 In minute Employment catchment catchments - - 10 minute walk catchment of approximate ly 11,774 In minute walk catchment of approximate ly 2,491 ly 2,491	Residential Population Catchments 5 minute - 5 minute walk catchment of approximate ly 4,663 - - 10 minute walk catchment of approximate ly 11,774 Image: Second S	Residential Population Catchments 5 minute - 5 minute walk catchment of approximate ly 4,663 10 minute walk catchment of approximate ly 4,663 10 minute walk catchment of approximate ly 11,774 Employment catchments - - 10 minute walk catchment of approximate ly 2,491 ly 2,491	Residential Population Catchments 5 minute - 5 minute walk catchment of approximate ly 4,663 10 minute walk catchment of approximate ly 4,663 - - 10 minute walk catchment of approximate ly 11,774 Employment catchments - - 10 minute walk catchment of approximate ly 2,491 iy 2,491	Residential Population Catchments 5 minute - 5 minute walk catchment of approximate ly 4,663 10 minute walk catchment of approximate ly 4,663 10 minute walk catchment of approximate ly 11,774 Imployment Catchments - - 10 minute walk catchment of approximate ly 2,491 iy 2,491	Residential Population Catchments - 5 minute walk catchment of approximate ly 4,663 - 10 minute walk catchment of approximate ly 11,774 Employment catchments - - 10 minute walk catchment of approximate ly 2,491	Residential Population Catchments 5 minute - 5 minute walk catchment of approximat ely 2,484 - - 10 minute walk catchment of approximat ely 2,484 - - 10 minute walk catchment of approximat ely 10,001 Employment catchments - - 10 minute walk catchment of approximat ely 2,310 (Catchments for CBC
									in both directions).
2 Integration	2C Transport Network Integration	Potential for interchange with local bus services. Potential for interchange with the Clongriffin – Tallaght BRT along Rathfarnham Road to Terenure Village.	Potential for interchange with local bus services. Potential for interchange with the Clongriffin – Tallaght BRT along Rathfarnham Road to Terenure Village.	Potential for interchange with local bus services. Potential for interchange with the Clongriffin – Tallaght BRT along Rathfarnham Road to Terenure Village.	Potential for interchange with local bus services. Potential for interchange with the Clongriffin – Tallaght BRT along Rathfarnham Road to Terenure Village.	Potential for interchange with local bus services. Potential for interchange with the Clongriffin – Tallaght BRT along Rathfarnham Road to Terenure Village.	Potential for interchange with local bus services. Potential for interchange with the Clongriffin – Tallaght BRT along Rathfarnham Road to Terenure Village.	Potential for interchange with local bus services. Potential for interchange with the Clongriffin – Tallaght BRT along Rathfarnham Road to Terenure Village.	Potential for interchange with local bus services. Potential for interchange with the Clongriffin – Tallaght BRT along Rathfarnham Road to Terenure Village.
N	Rank								
	2D Cycling Integration	This route option is identified as Primary route 10/S03 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. The proposed removal of segregated cycle facilities on Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East does not align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for route 10/S03, however, a separate segregated cycle route is proposed along Bushy Park Road & Orwell Road (Secondary route S03) reconnecting the route at Rathgar Village.	This route option is identified as Primary route 10/S03 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. The proposed removal of segregated cycle facilities on Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East does not align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for route 10/S03, however, a separate segregated cycle route is proposed along Bushy Park Road & Orwell Road (Secondary route S03) reconnecting the route at Rathgar Village.	This route option is identified as Primary route 10/S03 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. Existing cycle facilities along Rathfarnham and Terenure Road East, will be enhanced and full segregation achievable in both directions. This cycle route aligns with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for Primary route 10/SO3, which is the busiest radial cycle route carrying the road in Dublin	This route option is identified as Primary route 10/S03 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. The proposed removal of segregated cycle facilities on Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East does not align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for route 10/S03, however, a separate segregated cycle route is proposed along Rathdown Park, Bushy Park Road & Orwell Road (Secondary route S03) reconnecting the route at Rathgar Village.	This route option is identified as Primary route 10/S03 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. The proposed removal of segregated cycle facilities on Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East does not align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for route 10/S03, however, a separate segregated cycle route is proposed along Riversdale Avenue, Bushy Park Road & Orwell Road (Secondary route S03) reconnecting the route at Rathgar Village.	This route option is identified as Primary route 10/S03 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. The proposed removal of segregated cycle facilities on Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East does not align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for route 10/S03, however, a separate segregated cycle route is proposed along Laurelton, Meadowbank, Bushy Park Road & Orwell Road (Secondary route S03) reconnecting the route at Rathgar Village.	This route option is identified as Primary route 10/S03 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. The proposed removal of segregated cycle facilities on Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East does not align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for route 10/SO3, however, a separate segregated cycle route is proposed along the Dodder Greenway & Orwell Road (Secondary route S03) reconnecting the route at Rathgar Village. However, the cycle route is very circuitous and does not align with the CBC (cycle route is 2.1km in length).	This route option is identified as Primary route 10/S03 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. The proposed removal of outbound segregated cycle facilities on Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East does not align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for route 10/S03, however, a separate segregated outbound cycle route is proposed along Bushy Park Road & Orwell Road (Secondary route S03) reconnecting the route at Rathgar Village.

				in length).	
Rank					

Section 2

	Terenure Village - Rathmines								
Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Option TVR1 Bus lane in both directions, parallel cycle route via Bushy Park Road, Zion Road and Orwell Road.	Option TVR2 Inbound Traffic Lane on Terenure Rd East	Option TVR3 Bus and Cycle lane in both directions	Option TVR4 Cycle route via Rathdown Park	Option TVR5 Cycle Route via Riversdale Avenue	Option TVR6 Cycle Route via Laurelton /Meadowbank	Option TVR7 Cycle Route via The Dodder Greenway and Orwell Road	Option TVR8 Inbound bus lane Bushy Park Rd & Outbound bus lane Terenure Rd East
2 Integration	2E Traffic Network Integration	Layout of Terenure Village junction to be altered and right turn to Terenure East from Rathfarnham Road permitted for Buses at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity and movement. There is a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where the inbound bus lane will not be providing owing to the proximity of commercial properties (majority protected) at this location. TVR1 includes one queue relocation, in the outbound direction from the signalised junction at Bushy Park Road and Dodder Park Road (R112) on the Rathfarnham Road to achieve bus priority at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity and movement. Section between Bushy Park junction and Pearse Bridge where the outbound bus lane will not be provided due to width constraints.	Layout of Terenure Village junction to be altered and right turn to Terenure East from Rathfarnham Road permitted for Buses at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity and movement. It is considered that Option TVR2 which provides for inbound traffic only would have a significant traffic impact in terms of movement restrictions and increased traffic/congestion on Orwell Road and Bushy Park road. Due to the traffic diversions, there will be an increased traffic on residential roads (Victoria Road, Wasdale Grove, Greenmount Road). Bus lanes in both directions will be provided for the entire length of TVR2.	Layout of Terenure Village junction to be altered and right turn to Terenure East from Rathfarnham Road permitted for Buses at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity and movement. Bus lanes in both directions will be provided for the entire length of TVR3 (except for aforementioned Pinch Points).	Layout of Terenure Village junction to be altered and right turn to Terenure East from Rathfarnham Road permitted for Buses at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity and movement. There is a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where the inbound bus lane will not be providing owing to the proximity of commercial properties (majority protected) at this location. Bus lanes in both directions will be provided for the entire length of TVR4 (except for aforementioned Pinch Points). Require the removal of a traffic lane on Orwell Road approaching Rathgar Village junction.	Layout of Terenure Village junction to be altered and right turn to Terenure East from Rathfarnham Road permitted for Buses at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity and movement. There is a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where the inbound bus lane will not be providing owing to the proximity of commercial properties (majority protected) at this location. Bus lanes in both directions will be provided for the entire length of TVR5 (except for aforementioned Pinch Points). Require the removal of a traffic lane on Orwell Road approaching Rathgar Village junction.	Layout of Terenure Village junction to be altered and right turn to Terenure East from Rathfarnham Road permitted for Buses at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity and movement. There is a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where the inbound bus lane will not be providing owing to the proximity of commercial properties (majority protected) at this location. Bus lanes in both directions will be provided for the entire length of TVR6 (except for aforementioned Pinch Points). Require the removal of a traffic lane on Orwell Road approaching Rathgar Village junction.	Layout of Terenure Village junction to be altered and right turn to Terenure East from Rathfarnham Road permitted for Buses at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity and movement. There is a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where the inbound bus lane will not be providing owing to the proximity of commercial properties (majority protected) at this location. Bus lanes in both directions will be provided for the entire length of TVR7 (except for aforementioned Pinch Points). Require the removal of a traffic lane on Orwell Road approaching Rathgar Village junction.	TVR8 includes one bus priority signallings, in the outbound direction from the signalised junction at Bushy Park Road and Dodder Park Road (R112) on the Rathfarnham Road to achieve bus priority at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity and movement. Section between Bushy Park junction and Pearse Bridge where the outbound bus lane will not be provided due to width constraints at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity & journey time.
	Rank								
Accessibility and Social Inclusion	3A Key Trip Attractors	In terms of trip attractors, a differentiator between route options involves the provision of bus lanes in both directions through Terenure Village with all its amenities.	In terms of trip attractors, a differentiator between route options involves the provision of bus lanes in both directions through Terenure Village with all its amenities.	In terms of trip attractors, a differentiator between route options involves the provision of bus lanes in both directions through Terenure Village with all its amenities.	In terms of trip attractors, a differentiator between route options involves the provision of bus lanes in both directions through Terenure Village with all its amenities.	In terms of trip attractors, a differentiator between route options involves the provision of bus lanes in both directions through Terenure Village with all its amenities.	In terms of trip attractors, a differentiator between route options involves the provision of bus lanes in both directions through Terenure Village with all its amenities.	In terms of trip attractors, a differentiator between route options involves the provision of bus lanes in both directions through Terenure Village with all its amenities.	Additional educational facilities (High School and Stratford college) are catered for due to the proposed inbound bus lane on Bushy Park and Orwell Road, however Terenure Village will be bypassed.
ility a	Rank	Poute option conver	Poute option conver	Poute option conver	Poute option conver	Poute option conver	Poute option conver	Poute option conver	Poute option conver
3 Accessib	38 Deprived Geographic	Route option serves area of Marginally Above Average to Very Affluent means from the Pobal Deprivation Index.	Route option serves area of Marginally Above Average to Very Affluent means from the Pobal Deprivation Index.	Route option serves area of Marginally Above Average to Very Affluent means from the Pobal Deprivation Index.	Route option serves area of Marginally Above Average to Very Affluent means from the Pobal Deprivation Index.	Route option serves area of Marginally Above Average to Very Affluent means from the Pobal Deprivation Index.	Route option serves area of Marginally Above Average to Very Affluent means from the Pobal Deprivation Index.	Route option serves area of Marginally Above Average to Very Affluent means from the Pobal Deprivation Index.	Route option serves area of Marginally Above Average to Very Affluent means from the Pobal Deprivation Index.
	Rank	No. of Junctions: 4	No. of Junctions: 4	No. of Junctions: 4	No. of Junctions: 4	No. of Junctions: 4	No. of Junctions: 4	No. of Junctions: 4	No. of Junctions: 4
4 Safety	4A Road Safety	1 turn movements required 1 turn movement required (1 right turn inbound direction and 1 left turn in the outbound direction) Outbound bus lane will not be provided between Bushy Park junction and Pearse Bridge due to width constraints.	1 turn movements required. 1 turn movement required (1 right turn inbound and 1 left turn in the outbound direction) Fully segregated bus lanes in both directions for majority of the section.	1 turn movements required. 1 turn movement required (1 right turn inbound and 1 left turn in the outbound direction) Fully segregated bus lanes in both directions for majority of the section.	1 turn movements required. 1 turn movement required (1 right turn inbound and 1 left turn in the outbound direction) Fully segregated bus lanes in both directions for majority of the section.	1 turn movements required. 1 turn movement required (1 right turn inbound and 1 left turn in the outbound direction) Fully segregated bus lanes in both directions for majority of the section.	1 turn movements required. 1 turn movement required (1 right turn inbound and 1 left turn in the outbound direction) Fully segregated bus lanes in both directions for majority of the section.	1 turn movements required. 1 turn movement required (1 right turn inbound and 1 left turn in the outbound direction) Fully segregated bus lanes in both directions for majority of the section.	 2 turn movements required. 2 turn movement required (1 right turn and 1 left turn in the inbound direction) Outbound bus lane will not be provided between Bushy Park junction and Pearse Bridge due to width constraints.
	Rank								

Section 2 Terenure Village - Rathmines

					renure Village - R				
Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Option TVR1 Bus lane in both directions, parallel cycle route via Bushy Park Road, Zion Road and Orwell Road.	Option TVR2 Inbound Traffic Lane on Terenure Rd East	Option TVR3 Bus and Cycle lane in both directions	Option TVR4 Cycle route via Rathdown Park	Option TVR5 Cycle Route via Riversdale Avenue	Option TVR6 Cycle Route via Laurelton /Meadowbank	Option TVR7 Cycle Route via The Dodder Greenway and Orwell Road	Option TVR8 Inbound bus lane Bushy Park Rd & Outbound bus lane Terenure Rd East
4 Safety	4B Pedestrian Safety	Footpaths provided both sides of Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. Signalised pedestrian crossing provided on Terenure Road East Grange Road by Aldi shopping centre.	Footpaths provided both sides of Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. Signalised pedestrian crossing provided on Terenure Road East Grange Road by Aldi shopping centre.	Footpaths provided both sides of Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. Signalised pedestrian crossing provided on Terenure Road East Grange Road by Aldi shopping centre.	Footpaths provided both sides of Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. Signalised pedestrian crossing provided on Terenure Road East Grange Road by Aldi shopping centre.	Footpaths provided both sides of Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. Signalised pedestrian crossing provided on Terenure Road East Grange Road by Aldi shopping centre.	Footpaths provided both sides of Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. Signalised pedestrian crossing provided on Terenure Road East Grange Road by Aldi shopping centre.	Footpaths provided both sides of Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. Signalised pedestrian crossing provided on Terenure Road East Grange Road by Aldi shopping centre.	Footpaths provided both sides of Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. Signalised pedestrian crossing provided on Terenure Road East Grange Road by Aldi shopping centre.
	5A Archaeology & Cultural Heritage	1 Recorded Monument identified within the assessment area on the eastern side of Orwell Road approaching Rathgar Village. As this option does not involve land take by this monument, this will have no impact.	1 Recorded Monument identified within the assessment area on the eastern side of Orwell Road approaching Rathgar Village. As this option does not involve land take by this monument, this will have no impact.	1 Recorded Monument identified within the assessment area on the eastern side of Orwell Road approaching Rathgar Village. As this option does not involve land take by this monument, this will have no impact.	1 Recorded Monument identified within the assessment area on the eastern side of Orwell Road approaching Rathgar Village. As this option does not involve land take by this monument, this will have no impact	1 Recorded Monument identified within the assessment area on the eastern side of Orwell Road approaching Rathgar Village. As this option does not involve land take by this monument, this will have no impact	1 Recorded Monument identified within the assessment area on the eastern side of Orwell Road approaching Rathgar Village. As this option does not involve land take by this monument, this will have no impact	1 Recorded Monument identified within the assessment area on the eastern side of Orwell Road approaching Rathgar Village. As this option does not involve land take by this monument, this will have no impact	1 Recorded Monument identified within the assessment area on the eastern side of Orwell Road approaching Rathgar Village. As this option does not involve land take by this monument, this will have no impact.
5 Environment	SB Architectural Heritage	The majority of residential properties along Zion Road are designated as protected structures. Possible land acquisition from 7 protected residential properties on Zion Road within an approximate 180m section, max 1.7m width from front curtilage (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022). The majority of residential properties along Terenure Road East are designated as protected structures. Possible land acquisition from 13 protected residential properties on Terenure Road East within an approximate 200m section, max 3m width from front curtilage (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022).	The majority of residential properties along Zion Road are designated as protected structures. Possible land acquisition from 7 protected residential properties on Zion Road within an approximate 180m section, max 1.7m width from front curtilage (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022).	The majority of residential properties along Terenure Road East are designated as protected structures. Possible land acquisition from 29 protected residential properties on Terenure Road East within an approximate 470m section, max 5.7m width from front curtilage (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022)	The majority of residential properties along Zion Road are designated as protected structures. Possible land acquisition from 8 protected residential properties on Zion Road within an approximate 180m section, max 1.7m width from front curtilage (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022). The majority of residential properties along Terenure Road East are designated as protected structures. Possible land acquisition from 13 protected residential properties on Terenure Road East within an approximate 200m section, max 3m width from front curtilage (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022).	The majority of residential properties along Zion Road are designated as protected structures. Possible land acquisition from 8 protected residential properties on Zion Road within an approximate 180m section, max 1.7m width from front curtilage (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022). The majority of residential properties along Terenure Road East are designated as protected structures. Possible land acquisition from 13 protected residential properties on Terenure Road East within an approximate 200m section, max 3m width from front curtilage (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022).	The majority of residential properties along Zion Road are designated as protected structures. Possible land acquisition from 8 protected residential properties on Zion Road within an approximate 180m section, max 1.7m width from front curtilage (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022). The majority of residential properties along Terenure Road East are designated as protected structures. Possible land acquisition from 13 protected residential properties on Terenure Road East within an approximate 200m section, max 3m width from front curtilage (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022).	Possible land acquisition from 3 protected residential properties on Zion Road within an approximate 115m section, max 3.5m width from front curtilage (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022). The majority of residential properties along Terenure Road East are designated as protected structures. Possible land acquisition from 13 protected residential properties on Terenure Road East within an approximate 200m section, max 3m width from front curtilage (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022).	The majority of residential properties along Zion Road are designated as protected structures. Possible land acquisition from 8 protected residential properties on Zion Road within an approximate 180m section, max 2.7m width from front curtilage (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022). The majority of residential properties along Terenure Road East are designated as protected structures. Possible land acquisition from 13 protected residential properties on Terenure Road East within an approximate 200m section, max 2m width from front curtilage (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022).
	SC Flora & Fauna	Possible removal of 5- 6 trees on Rathfarnham Road to provide bus lanes in both directions. Also, possible removal of trees both sides of Bushy Park Road to provide segregated cycle track (large quantity of young trees).	Possible removal of 5- 6 trees on both sides of Rathfarnham Road to provide bus lanes in both directions. Also, possible removal of trees both sides of Bushy Park Road to provide segregated cycle track (large quantity of young trees).	Possible removal of 5- 6 trees on both sides of Rathfarnham Road. Possible removal of a number of trees in residential front curtilages along Terenure Road East (small quantity of mature trees).	A number of large mature trees will need to be removed to provide the bridge crossing. Possible removal of 5-6 trees on both sides of Rathfarnham Road. Also, possible removal of trees both sides of Bushy Park Road to provide segregated cycle track (large quantity of young trees). Possible removal of a small number of trees in residential front curtilages along Terenure Road East.	Requires the removal of a large number of trees to provide 150m, 12m wide spiral ramp on the northern banks of the River Dodder (500 sqm). Possible removal of 5- 6 trees on both sides of Rathfarnham Road. Also, possible removal of trees both sides of Bushy Park Road to provide segregated cycle track (large quantity of young trees). Possible removal of a small number of trees in residential front curtilages along Terenure Road East.	Requires the removal of a large number of trees to provide 150m, 12m wide spiral ramp on the northern banks of the River Dodder (500 sqm). Possible removal of 5- 6 trees on both sides of Rathfarnham Road. Also, possible removal of trees both sides of Bushy Park Road to provide segregated cycle track (large quantity of young trees). Possible removal of a small number of trees in residential front curtilages along Terenure Road East.	Requires the removal of a number of trees to provide the cycle bridge and cycle track through Orwell Park. Possible removal of 5- 6 trees on both sides of Rathfarnham Road.	Possible removal of trees on one side of Rathfarnham Road to provide bus lane in one direction and cycle lane in the opposite direction. Also, possible removal of trees both sides of Bushy Park Road to provide inbound bus lane and outbound segregated cycle track (large quantity of young trees).
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Section 2

Terenure Village - Rathmines

Sub-Criteria	Option TVR1 Bus lane in both directions, parallel cycle route via Bushy Park Road, Zion Road and Orwell Road.	Option TVR2 Inbound Traffic Lane on Terenure Rd East	Option TVR3 Bus and Cycle lane in both directions	Option TVR4 Cycle route via Rathdown Park	Option TVR5 Cycle Route via Riversdale Avenue	Option TVR6 Cycle Route via Laurelton /Meadowbank	Option TVR7 Cycle Route via The Dodder Greenway and Orwell Road	Option TVR8 Inbound bus lane Bushy Park Rd & Outbound bus lane Terenure Rd East
5D Soils, Geology &	No appreciable impacts	No appreciable impacts	No appreciable impacts	No appreciable impacts	No appreciable impacts	No appreciable impacts	No appreciable impacts	No appreciable impacts
SE Landscape & Visual	Potential negative impacts associated with the re- engineering of mature housing estate roads. Removal of existing trees within road reservation of Rathfarnham Road & Bushy Park Road and land take from Bushy Park Road would have adverse impacts. Possible land acquisition along one side of Bushy Park Road within an approximate 650m section, max 3.5m width. Possible land acquisition along one side of Zion Road within an approximate 180m section, max 1.7m width from front curtilage, which may include tree removal. Possible land acquisition along one side of Terenure Road East within an approximate 200m section, max 3m width from front curtilage, which may include tree removal.	Potential negative impacts associated with the re- engineering of mature housing estate roads. Removal of existing trees within road reservation of Rathfarnham Road & Bushy Park Road and land take from Bushy Park Road would have adverse impacts. Possible land acquisition along one side of Bushy Park Road within an approximate 650m section, max 3.5m width. Possible land acquisition along one side of Zion Road within an approximate 180m section, max 1.7m width from front curtilage, which may include tree removal.	Possible land acquisition along mainly one side of Terenure Road East within an approximate 470m section, max 5.7m width from front curtilage, which may include tree removal. Removal of existing trees within road reservation of Rathfarnham Road.	Potential negative impacts associated with constructing a cycle bridge (60m span) and 150m long spiral bridge through Bushy/Dodder Park. Potential negative impacts associated with the re- engineering of mature housing estate roads. Removal of existing trees within road reservation of Rathfarnham Road & Bushy Park Road and land take from Bushy Park Road would have adverse impacts. Possible land acquisition along one side of Bushy Park Road within an approximate 650m section, max 2.5m width. Possible land acquisition along one side of Zion Road within an approximate 180m section, max 1.7m width from front curtilage, which may include tree removal. Possible land acquisition along one side of Terenure Road East within an approximate 200m section, max 3m width from front curtilage, which may include tree removal.	Potential negative impacts associated with constructing a cycle bridge (60m span) and 150m long spiral bridge through Bushy/Dodder Park. Potential negative impacts associated with the re- engineering of mature housing estate roads. Removal of existing trees within road reservation of Rathfarnham Road & Bushy Park Road and land take from Bushy Park Road would have adverse impacts. Possible land acquisition along one side of Bushy Park Road within an approximate 650m section, max 2.5m width. Possible land acquisition along one side of Zion Road within an approximate 180m section, max 1.7m width from front curtilage, which may include tree removal. Possible land acquisition along one side of Terenure Road East within an approximate 200m section, max 3m width from front curtilage, which may include tree removal.	Potential negative impacts associated with constructing a cycle bridge (60m span) and 150m long spiral bridge through Bushy/Dodder Park. Potential negative impacts associated with the re- engineering of mature housing estate roads. Removal of existing trees within road reservation of Rathfarnham Road & Bushy Park Road and land take from Bushy Park Road would have adverse impacts. Possible land acquisition along one side of Bushy Park Road within an approximate 650m section, max 2.5m width. Possible land acquisition along one side of Zion Road within an approximate 180m section, max 1.7m width from front curtilage, which may include tree removal. Possible land acquisition along one side of Terenure Road East within an approximate 200m section, max 3m width from front curtilage, which may include tree removal.	Potential negative impacts associated with constructing a cycle bridge through Orwell Park. Possible land acquisition along one side of Terenure Road East within an approximate 200m section, max 3m width from front curtilage, which may include tree removal. Possible land acquisition along one side of Orwell Road within an approximate 100m section, max 3m width from front curtilage.	Potential negative impacts associated with the re- engineering of matur housing estate roads (greater land take required compared to TVR1 & TVR2). Removal of existing trees within road reservation and land take from Bushy Parl Road would have adverse impacts. Possible land acquisition along one side of Bushy Park Road within an approximate 650m section, max 4.5m width. Possible land acquisition along one side of Zion Road within an approximate 180m section, max 2.7m width from from curtilage, which may include tree removal. Possible land acquisition along one side of Terenure Roa East within an approximate 200m section, max 2m width from front curtilage, which may include tree removal.
Rank								
lity	Possible impacts due to increased trafficking of road networks and increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lane installed on	The positive impact due to reduced trafficking by replacing the existing outbound traffic lane on Terenure Road East will be exceeded by the negative	Possible impacts due to increased trafficking of road networks and increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lanes and cycle lanes	Possible impacts due to increased trafficking of road networks and increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lane installed on	Possible impacts due to increased trafficking of road networks and increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lane installed on	Possible impacts due to increased trafficking of road networks and increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lane installed on	Possible impacts due to increased trafficking of road networks and increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lane installed on	Possible impacts due to increased trafficking of road networks and increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lane installed on

5F Air Qualit	lane installed on Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. Existing QBC route which carries bus traffic already so potential for impacts is not as great.	by the negative impact due to the increased traffic on residential roads (Victoria Road, Wasdale Grove, Greenmount Road). due to the traffic diversions.	lanes and cycle lanes installed on Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. Existing QBC route which carries bus traffic already so potential for impacts is not as great.	lane installed on Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. Existing QBC route which carries bus traffic already so potential for impacts is not as great.	lane installed on Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. Existing QBC route which carries bus traffic already so potential for impacts is not as great.	lane installed on Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. Existing QBC route which carries bus traffic already so potential for impacts is not as great.	lane installed on Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. Existing QBC route which carries bus traffic already so potential for impacts is not as great.	lane installed on Bushy Park Road and Terenure Road East.
Rank								

5	ection 4	2	
Terenure Vi	llage -	Rathmi	nes

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Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Option TVR1 Bus lane in both directions, parallel cycle route via Bushy Park Road, Zion Road and Orwell Road.	Option TVR2 Inbound Traffic Lane on Terenure Rd East	Option TVR3 Bus and Cycle lane in both directions	Option TVR4 Cycle route via Rathdown Park	Option TVR5 Cycle Route via Riversdale Avenue	Option TVR6 Cycle Route via Laurelton /Meadowbank	Option TVR7 Cycle Route via The Dodder Greenway and Orwell Road	Option TVR8 Inbound bus lane Bushy Park Rd & Outbound bus lane Terenure Rd East
ıt	5G Noise & Vibration	Possible impacts due to increased trafficking of road networks and increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lane installed on Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. Existing QBC route which carries bus traffic already so potential for impacts is not as great.	The positive impact due to reduced trafficking by replacing the existing outbound traffic lane on Terenure Road East will be exceeded by the negative impact due to the increased traffic on residential roads (Victoria Road, Wasdale Grove, Greenmount Road). due to the traffic diversions.	Possible impacts due to increased trafficking of road networks and increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lanes and cycle lanes installed on Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. Existing QBC route which carries bus traffic already so potential for impacts is not as great.	Possible impacts due to increased trafficking of road networks and increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lane installed on Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. Existing QBC route which carries bus traffic already so potential for impacts is not as great.	Possible impacts due to increased trafficking of road networks and increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lane installed on Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. Existing QBC route which carries bus traffic already so potential for impacts is not as great.	Possible impacts due to increased trafficking of road networks and increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lane installed on Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. Existing QBC route which carries bus traffic already so potential for impacts is not as great.	Possible impacts due to increased trafficking of road networks and increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lane installed on Rathfarnham Road and Terenure Road East. Existing QBC route which carries bus traffic already so potential for impacts is not as great.	Possible impacts due to increased trafficking of road networks and increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lane installed on Bushy Park Road and Terenure Road East.
a	Rank								
5 Environmen	5H Land Use Character	The land take required on Terenure Road East and Bushy Park Road would not have great affect on the viability of the residential properties from being used for their intended use. Sufficient access and parking space will still be provided.	The small amount of land take required on Bushy Park Road would not have significant affect the viability of the residential properties from being used for their intended use. Restricted access to the commercial amenities (Terenure & Rathgar Village) and residential properties due to the provision of one-way traffic on Terenure Road East.	The land take required on Terenure Road East and Bushy Park Road would not have great affect on the viability of the residential properties from being used for their intended use. Sufficient access and parking space will still be provided.	The land take required on Terenure Road East and Bushy Park Road would not have great affect on the viability of the residential properties from being used for their intended use. Sufficient access and parking space will still be provided.	The land take required on Terenure Road East and Bushy Park Road would not have great affect on the viability of the residential properties from being used for their intended use. Sufficient access and parking space will still be provided.	The land take required on Terenure Road East and Bushy Park Road would not have great affect on the viability of the residential properties from being used for their intended use. Sufficient access and parking space will still be provided.	The land take required on Terenure Road East and Orwell Road would not have great affect on the viability of the residential properties from being used for their intended use. Sufficient access and parking space will still be provided.	The land take required on Terenure Road East and Bushy Park Road would not have great affect on the viability of the residential properties from being used for their intended use. Sufficient access and parking space will still be provided.
	Rank								

Table 2

	Section 2										
	Cycle Routes – Rathfarnham to Rathmines										
Appraisal Criteria	Route Option CR1 Cycle Route via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Highfield Road, Rathmines Road Upper, Castlewood Avenue and Mount Pleasant Avenue.	Route Option CR2 Cycle route via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Avenue, Kenilworth Square, Grosvenor Square, Mount Drummond Avenue and O'Hara Avenue.	Route Option CR3 Cycle Route via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Grosvenor Road, Grosvenor Square, Mount Drummond Avenue, and O'Hara Avenue.	Route Option CR4 Cycle Route via Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Wynnefield Road, Prince Arthur Terrace, Leinster Square, Louis Lane, Ardee Road, Lissenfield, and Grove Park.	Route Option CR5 Cycle Route via Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks.	Route Option CR6 Cycle Route via Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road Lower.					
	€20.2m	€18.8m	€21.9m	€25.3m	€26.8m	€28.4m					
Capital Cost	 Indicative Infrastructure costs €13.9m include: Segregated cycle lanes provided in both directions via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Highfield Road, Rathmines Road Upper and Castlewood Avenue. Due to width constraints along Mount Pleasant Avenue, mixed or shared street cycle facilities only feasible. Proposed 30kph speed limit on Rathmines Road Lower. Provision of new cycle bridge crossing the Grand Canal. 	Indicative Infrastructure costs €13.7m include: • Segregated cycle lanes provided in both directions via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Avenue, Kenilworth Square, Grosvenor Road, Leinster Road. Due to width constraints and low traffic volumes & speed along Grosvenor Square, Mount Drummond Avenue and O'Hara Avenue mixed or shared street cycle facilities only feasible. • Proposed 30kph speed limit on Rathmines Road Lower. • Provision of new cycle bridge crossing the Grand Canal.	Indicative Infrastructure costs €13.2 include:• Segregated cycle lanes provided in both directions via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Grosvenor Road and Leinster Road.• Mixed or shared street cycle facilities only feasible along Grosvenor Square, Mount Drummond Avenue and O'Hara Avenue due to width constraints and low traffic volumes & speed.• Proposed 30kph speed limit on Rathmines Road Lower.• Provision of new cycle bridge crossing the Grand Canal.	Indicative Infrastructure costs €14.2 include: • Segregated cycle lanes provided in both directions via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Charleville Road. • Mixed or shared street cycle facilities only feasible along Wynnefield Road, Prince Arthur Terrace, Leinster Square, Louis Lane, Ardee Road, Lissenfield, and Grove Park due to width constraints and low traffic volumes & speed. • Proposed 30kph speed limit on Rathmines Road Lower. • Provision of new cycle bridge crossing the Grand Canal.	Indicative Infrastructure costs €14.3 include: • Segregated cycle lanes provided in both directions via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Grosvenor Road and Charleville Road. • Mixed or shared street cycle facilities only feasible along Charleville Road and Grosvenor Lodge due to width constraints and low traffic volumes & speed. • Proposed 30kph speed limit on Rathmines Road Lower. • Provision of new cycle bridge crossing the Grand Canal.	<i>Indicative Infrastructure</i> <i>costs €14.6 include:</i> • Segregated cycle lanes provided in both directions via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road Lower. • Provision of new cycle bridge crossing the Grand Canal.					
	Cost includes CBC infrastructure costs from Rathfarnham Road to the start of Rathgar Road.	Cost includes CBC infrastructure costs from Rathfarnham Road to the start of Rathgar Road.	Cost includes CBC infrastructure costs from Rathfarnham Road to the start of Rathmines Road Lower.	Cost includes CBC infrastructure costs from Rathfarnham Road to the start of Rathmines Road Lower.	Cost includes CBC infrastructure costs from Rathfarnham Road to the start of Rathmines Road Lower.	Cost includes CBC infrastructure costs from Rathfarnham Road to the start of Rathmines Road Lower.					
	Total Length of cycle route: 4.4km	Total Length of cycle route: 3.7km	Total Length of cycle route: 4km	Total Length of cycle route: 3.9km	Total Length of cycle route: 3.6km	Total Length of cycle route: 3.4km					
	Land Acquisition Costs <u>66.3m</u> • 4,215 sqm Private Land • 0 sqm Public Land • 112 residential properties affected • 3 commercial properties affected	Land Acquisition Costs €5.1m • 3,411 sqm Private Land • 0 sqm Public Land • 74 residential properties affected	Land Acquisition Costs <u>€8.7m</u> • 5,813 sqm Private Land • 0 sqm Public Land • 122 residential properties affected • 1 commercial properties affected	Land Acquisition Costs €11.1m • 7,374 sqm Private Land • 0 sqm Public Land • 132 residential properties affected • 3 commercial properties affected	Land Acquisition Costs €12.5m • 8,347 sqm Private Land (2,081 sqm from Cathal Brugha Barracks) • 0 sqm Public Land • 123 residential properties affected • 1 commercial properties affected	Land Acquisition Costs €13.8m • 9,232 sqm Private Land • 0 sqm Public Land • 163 residential properties affected • 45 commercial properties affected					
Rank	7 turn movements	11 turn movements	8 turn movements	9 turn movements	6 turn movements	1 turn movements					
Road Safety	required (inbound - 4 right turns and 3 left turns, outbound - 3 right turns and 5 left turns) Segregated cycle route in both directions for 3.3km. Shared/mixed street cycle facilities for 1.1km. 75% of the total cycle route is segregated.	required (inbound - 6 right turns and 5 left turns, outbound - 5 right turns and 6 left turns) Parallel segregated cycle route in both directions for 2.8km. Shared/mixed street cycle facilities for 900m. 830m of segregated cycle lanes linking parallel cycle route to CBC route. 76% of the total cycle route is segregated.	required (inbound - 6 right turns and 4 left turns, outbound - 4 right turns and 6 left turns) Parallel segregated cycle route in both directions for directions for 3.1km. Shared/mixed street cycle facilities for 900m. 77% of the total cycle route is segregated.	required (inbound - 4 right turns and 5 left turns, outbound - 5 right turns and 4 left turns) Parallel segregated cycle route in both directions for directions for 2.65km. Shared/mixed street cycle facilities for 1.25km. 67% of the total cycle route is segregated.	required (inbound - 4 right turns and 2 left turns, outbound - 2 right turns and 4 left turns) Parallel segregated cycle route in both directions for directions for 3.3km. Shared/mixed street cycle facilities for 300m. 92% of the total cycle route is segregated.	required (inbound - 1 right turns and 0 left turns, outbound - 0 right turns and 1 left turns) Segregated cycle lanes in both directions along the entire CBC for 3.1km. The entire cycle route is segregated.					
Rank											

		Cycle	Section Routes – Rathfarn			
Appraisal Criteria	Route Option CR1 Cycle Route via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Highfield Road, Rathmines Road Upper, Castlewood Avenue and Mount Pleasant Avenue.	Route Option CR2 Cycle route via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Avenue, Kenilworth Square, Grosvenor Square, Mount Drummond Avenue and O'Hara Avenue.	Averuge and O'Hara		Route Option CR5 Cycle Route via Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks.	Route Option CR6 Cycle Route via Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road Lower.
Coherence	This route option comprises of Primary route 10 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. The proposed removal of segregated cycle facilities on Rathgar Road & Rathmines Road does not align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for route 10, however Parallel segregated cycle route via Highfield Road, Rathmines Road Upper and Castlewood Avenue. Due to width constraints along Mount Pleasant Avenue, mixed or shared street cycle facilities only feasible. Cycle route connects with Rathgar Village and Rathmines Village but does not travel through Rathmines Road Lower.	This route option comprises of Primary route 10 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. The proposed removal of segregated cycle facilities on Rathgar Road & Rathmines Road does not align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for route 10, however Parallel segregated cycle route via Rathgar Avenue, Kenilworth Square, Grosvenor Road, Leinster Road. Due to width constraints along Grosvenor Square, Mount Drummond Avenue and O'Hara Avenue mixed or shared street cycle facilities only feasible. Cycle route connects with Rathgar Village and Rathmines Village but does not travel through Rathmines Road Lower.	This route option comprises of Primary route 10 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. The proposed removal of segregated cycle facilities on Rathmines Road does not align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for route 10, however Parallel segregated cycle route proposed via Grosvenor Road and Leinster Road. Due to width constraints along Grosvenor Square, Mount Drummond Avenue and O'Hara Avenue mixed or shared street cycle facilities only feasible. Cycle route connects with Rathgar Village and Rathmines Village but does not travel through Rathmines Village via Rathmines Village via Rathmines Village via Rathmines through Rathmines the majority of cycle traffic (in cycle-km terms).	This route option comprises of Primary route 10 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. The proposed removal of segregated cycle facilities on Rathmines Road does not align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for route 10, however Parallel cycle route proposed via Charleville Road, Prince Arthur Terrace, Leinster Square, Louis Lane, Ardee Road, Lissenfield, and Grove Park. Due to width constraints shared street cycle facilities for the majority of the route. Cycle route connects with Rathgar Village and Rathmines Village but does not travel through Rathmines Village via Rathmines Road Lower. Cycle network travels along Rathgar Road which carries the majority of cycle traffic (in cycle-km terms).	This route option comprises of Primary route 10 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. The proposed removal of segregated cycle facilities on Rathmines Road does not align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for route 10, however Parallel cycle route proposed via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks. Cycle route connects with Rathgar Village and Rathmines Village but does not travel through Rathmines Village via Rathmines Road Lower. Cycle network travels along Rathgar Road which carries the majority of cycle traffic (in cycle-km terms).	This route option comprises of Primary route 10 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. Existing cycle facilities along Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road would be enhanced and full segregation achievable in both directions. The proposed segregated cycle route is continuous and travels through Terenure Village, Rathgar Village and Rathmines Village.
Rank	No. of Junctions: 9	No. of Junctions: 13	No. of Junctions: 11	No. of Junctions: 11	No. of Junctions: 11	No. of Junctions: 7
Directness	Length: 4.4km 1.24km of the cycle route is on the CBC (Rathfarnham Road & Terenure Road East). Remainder of the cycle route (1km) is a separate parallel route - large detour from the CBC route.	Length: 3.7km 1.24km of the cycle route is on the CBC (Rathfarnham Road & Terenure Road East). Remainder of the cycle route (900m) is a separate parallel route - large detour from the CBC route.	Length: 4km 2.4km of the cycle route is on the CBC (Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road & Rathmines Road Lower). Separate parallel cycle route also provided via Grosvenor Road/Grosvenor Square/Mount Drummond Ave – medium detour from the CBC route.	Length: 3.9km 2.65km of the cycle route is on the CBC (Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road & Rathmines Road Lower). Remainder of the cycle route (1.25km) is a separate parallel route – close proximity to the CBC.	Length: 3.6km 3.3km of the cycle route is on the CBC (Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road & Rathmines Road Lower). Remainder of the cycle route is a separate parallel route (300m) – close proximity to the CBC.	Length: 3.4km Cycle route is on the CBC for the entire section.
Rank	Parallel segregated cycle route in both directions for 3.3km. Shared/mixed street cycle facilities for	Parallel segregated cycle route in both directions for 2.8km. Shared/mixed street cycle facilities for	Parallel segregated cycle route in both directions for directions for 3.1km. Shared/mixed street	Parallel segregated cycle route in both directions for directions for 2.65km. Shared/mixed	Parallel segregated cycle route in both directions for directions for 3.3km. Shared/mixed street	Segregated cycle lanes in both directions along the CBC for 3.4km.

Attractiveness	street cycle facilities for 1.1km. Cycle route via Mount Pleasant Avenue is not considered a very interesting route for cyclists.	street cycle facilities for 900m. 830m of segregated cycle lanes linking parallel cycle route to CBC route. Cycle route via Grosvenor Road, Rathgar Avenue and Mount Drummond Avenue is not considered a very interesting route for cyclists.	Shared/mixed street cycle facilities for 900m. Cycle route via Mount Drummond Avenue is not considered a very interesting route for cyclists.	2.65km. Shared/mixed street cycle facilities for 1.25km.Cycle route via St. Mary's College and St. Louis School will be an interesting route for recreational cyclists.	Shared/mixed street cycle facilities for 300m. Cycle route via Cathal Brugha Barracks will be an interesting route for cyclists.	
Rank						

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		Cycle	Section Routes – Rathfarnl			
Appraisal Criteria	Route Option CR1 Cycle Route via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Highfield Road, Rathmines Road Upper, Castlewood Avenue and Mount Pleasant Avenue.	Route Option CR2 Cycle route via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Avenue, Kenilworth Square, Grosvenor Square, Mount Drummond Avenue and O'Hara Avenue.	Route Option CR3 Cycle Route via Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Grosvenor Road, Grosvenor Square, Mount Drummond Avenue, and O'Hara Avenue.	Route Option CR4 Cycle Route via Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Wynnefield Road, Prince Arthur Terrace, Leinster Square, Louis Lane, Ardee Road, Lissenfield, and Grove Park.	Route Option CR5 Cycle Route via Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks.	Route Option CR6 Cycle Route via Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road Lower.
Comfort	Parallel segregated cycle route in both directions for 3.3km. Shared/mixed street cycle facilities for 1.1km.	Parallel segregated cycle route in both directions for 2.8km. Shared/mixed street cycle facilities for 900m. 830m of segregated cycle lanes linking parallel cycle route to CBC route.	Parallel segregated cycle route in both directions for directions for 3.1km. Shared/mixed street cycle facilities for 900m.	Parallel segregated cycle route in both directions for directions for 2.65km. Shared/mixed street cycle facilities for 1.25km.	Parallel segregated cycle route in both directions for directions for 3.3km. Shared/mixed street cycle facilities for 300m.	Segregated cycle lanes in both directions along the CBC for 3.4km.
Rank		1 1 1 1				
Environmental	Land acquisition required from 32 protected residential properties on Terenure Road East, 20 protected residential properties on Highfield Road, 9 protected residential properties on Rathmines Road Upper and 18 protected residential properties on Castlewood Avenue (Draft DCC Development Plan 2016-2022). Potential negative impacts associated with the re-engineering of mature roads (Highfield Road, Rathmines Road Upper, Castlewood Avenue) to provide cycle route.	Land acquisition required from 32 protected residential properties on Terenure Road East, 4 protected properties on Rathgar Avenue (including a school) (Draft DCC Development Plan 2016- 2022). Potential negative impacts associated with the re-engineering of mature roads (Rathgar Avenue, Kenilworth Square, Grosvenor Place) to provide cycle route.	Land acquisition required from 32 protected residential properties on Terenure Road East and 59 protected residential properties on Rathgar Road (Draft DCC Development Plan 2016- 2022). The level of land take required on Rathgar Road would affect the viability of commercial properties (possible 10 properties) from being used for its intended use. Potential negative impacts associated with the re-engineering of mature roads (Grosvenor Road and Grosvenor Place) to provide cycle route.	Land acquisition required from 32 protected residential properties on Terenure Road East and 59 protected residential properties on Rathgar Road (Draft DCC Development Plan 2016- 2022). The level of land take required on Rathgar Road would affect the viability of commercial properties (possible 10 properties) from being used for its intended use. Land acquisition required from Wynnefield Car Park, St. Mary's College (protected structure), Lissenfield and 2 brownfield sites (connecting Lissenfield to Grove Park) to provide parallel cycle route (Draft DCC Development Plan 2016- 2022).	Land acquisition required from 32 protected residential properties on Terenure Road East and 59 proposed to be protected residential properties on Rathgar Road (Draft DCC Development Plan 2016- 2022). The level of land take required on Rathgar would affect the viability of commercial properties (possible 10 properties) from being used for its intended use. Land acquisition maybe required from Cathal Brugha Barracks and football pitch to provide parallel cycle route, length of 580m (Permissive access required).	Land acquisition required from 32 protected residential properties and 7 protected commercial properties on Terenure Road East, 59 proposed protected residential properties on Rathgar Road and 45 protected properties on Rathmines Road Upper (Draft DCC Development Plan 2016- 2022). The level of land take required on Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road would affect the viability of commercial properties (possible 35 properties) from being used for its intended use.

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Table 3

Section 2 **Dodder River to Grand Canal Crossing Route Option CB1 Route Option CB2 Route Option CB3** Route Option CB5 **Route Option CB6 Route Option CB7 Route Option CB4** Rathfarnham Road -Rathfarnham Road -Rathfarnham Road -Rathfarnham Road – Rathfarnham Road -**Rathfarnham Road -**Rathfarnham Road -**Rathmines Road Rathmines Road Rathmines Road Rathmines Road Rathmines Road Rathmines Road Rathmines Road** Lower (Bus lanes via Lower (Inbound Lower (Inbound Lower (Outbound Lower (Half Inbound Lower (Outbound Lower (Parallel cycle traffic only on & Half Outbound Bus traffic only on traffic only on traffic only on Highfield **Appraisal Criteria** route via Charleville **Sub-Criteria Rathgar and Lanes on Rathmines Rathmines Road Road/Rathmines** Rathgar Road, Rathgar and Road, Grosvenor **Outbound traffic Rathmines Road) Rathmines Road)** Road Lower) **Road Upper) Parallel** Lower) Lodge and Cathal only Rathmines cycle route via **Brugha Barracks.)** Rathgar Road, Road) Charleville Road, **Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha** Barracks). €21.5m €21.5m €21.5m €26.7m €26.8m €26.8m €26.7m Indicative Infrastructure costs €16.0 include: costs €16.0 include: <u>costs €16.0 include:</u> <u>costs €16.8 include:</u> costs €17.0 include: <u>costs €17.0 include:</u> costs €17.4 include: • Bus lanes provided in · Bus lanes provided in Bus lanes provided in Bus lanes provided in both directions along Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road Lower. There is a 100m section of Terenure Road Fast of Terenure Road Fast of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where the inbound bus lane will not be provided owing to the proximity of commercial properties (majority proposed protected) at Cost this location. · Provision of new Capital cycle bridge on the western side of Pearse Bridae. Bridge. Bridge. Bridge. Bridge. Bridge. Bridge. IA • Removal of outbound Removal of inbound Removal of inbound Bus priority signalling Segregated cycle Inbound bus lane • Segregated cycle lanes provided in both in both direction from general traffic lane on general traffic lane on provided on Rathmines general traffic lane on facilities will be Rathmines Road Upper Rathgar Road between Rathgar Road between directions via Road Lower from Rathmines Road Lower provided on and Castlewood along Highfield Road and Highfield Road and Rathfarnham Road, Rathmines Road Upper between Castlewood Rathfarnham Road, Ave North and Grove Terenure Road East, the Rathmines Road Rathmines Road Upper. Rathmines Road Upper. Terenure Road East, to Military road junction Removal of outbound • Removal of inbound Rathgar Road, and outbound bus lane Road/Canal Road. Rathgar Road, Lower. 2-way traffic • Removal of outbound general traffic lane on general traffic lane on Charleville Road, provided from Grove Charleville Road, general traffic lane on Rathmines Road Rathmines Road Grosvenor Lodge and Road to Military Road maintained on Grosvenor Lodge and Rathmines Road Lower Rathgar Road between between Castlewood between Castlewood Cathal Brugha Barracks. Cathal Brugha Barracks. iunction. Highfield Road and Ave North and Grove Ave North and Grove Due to width Segregated cycle between Castlewood • Due to width Rathmines Road Upper. Road/Canal Road. Road/Canal Road. constraints along facilities will be Ave and Rathmines constraints along • 2-way traffic • 2-way traffic • 2-way traffic Charleville Close and provided on Road Upper junction. Charleville Close and maintained on Grosvenor Lodge, Rathfarnham Road, Segregated cycle Grosvenor Lodge, maintained on maintained on Rathmines Road Lower Rathmines Road Lower Rathmines Road Lower Terenure Road East, mixed or shared street facilities will be mixed or shared street between Castlewood between Castlewood between Castlewood cycle facilities only Rathgar Road and provided in both cycle facilities only Ave and Rathmines Ave and Rathmines Ave and Rathmines feasible. Rathmines Road Lower directions along entire feasible. Proposed 30kph Road Upper junction. Road Upper junction. Road Upper junction. • Provision of new section, with the Proposed 30kph Cycle facilities will be • Cycle facilities will be Rathmines Road speed limit on cycle bridge crossing exception of the section speed limit on Rathmines Road Lower. the Grand Canal. Upper and Castlewood provided on provided on on Rathmines Road Rathmines Road Lower.

				Dodder River t	o Grand Canal Cros	sing		
Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Route Option CB1 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar Road, Outbound traffic only Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB2 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB3 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB4 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Parallel cycle route via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks.)	Route Option CB5 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Half Inbound & Half Outbound Bus Lanes on Rathmines Road Lower)	Route Option CB6 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathmines Road Lower)	Route Option CB7 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Bus lanes via Highfield Road/Rathmines Road Upper) Parallel cycle route via Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks).
	1A Capital Cost	where bus priority signalling is proposed in the outbound direction and both directions respectively. • Removal of outbound general traffic lane on Rathgar Road between Highfield Road and Rathmines Road Upper. • Removal of inbound general traffic lane on Rathmines Road Lower between Castlewood Ave North and Grove Road/Canal Road. • Segregated cycle facilities will be provided on Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road Lower. • Provision of new cycle bridge crossing the Grand Canal. <u>Land Acquisition Costs €5.5m</u>	Rathfarnham Road to Terenure Road junction. Cycle facilities will not be provided on Terenure Road East however a parallel cycle route is proposed via Bushy Park Road, Zion Road, Orwell Rd. • Segregated cycle track proposed on Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road. • Provision of new cycle bridge crossing the Grand Canal.	Rathfarnham Road to Terenure Road junction. Cycle facilities will not be provided on Terenure Road East however a parallel cycle route is proposed via Bushy Park Road, Zion Road, Orwell Rd. • Segregated cycle track proposed on Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road. • Provision of new cycle bridge crossing the Grand Canal.	 Mixed or shared street cycle facilities only feasible along Grosvenor Square, Mount Drummond Avenue and O'Hara Avenue due to width constraints and low traffic volumes & speed. Provision of new cycle bridge crossing the Grand Canal. 		Lower from Rathgar Road to Castlewood Avenue where no cycle facilities cannot be provided due to width constraints. • Provision of new cycle bridge crossing the Grand Canal.	Provision of new cycle bridge crossing the Grand Canal.
1 Economy		 3,673 sqm Private Land 0 sqm Public Land 144 residential properties affected 12 commercial properties affected 	Land Acquisition Costs <u>65.5m</u> • 3,673 sqm Private Land • 0 sqm Public Land • 144 residential properties affected • 12 commercial properties affected	Land Acquisition Costs <u>65.5m</u> • 3,673 sqm Private Land • 0 sqm Public Land • 144 residential properties affected • 12 commercial properties affected	Land Acquisition Costs <u>69.7m</u> • 8,347 sqm Private Land • 0 sqm Public Land • 112 residential properties affected • 1 commercial properties affected	Land Acquisition Costs <u>€9.8m</u> • 6,561 sqm Private Land • 0 sqm Public Land • 149 residential properties affected • 11 commercial properties affected	Land Acquisition Costs <u>69.8m</u> • 6,542 sqm Private Land • 0 sqm Public Land • 149 residential properties affected • 11 commercial properties affected	Land Acquisition Costs <u>€11.3m</u> • 7,512 sqm Private Land • 0 sqm Public Land • 108 residential properties affected • 1 commercial properties affected
	Rank	Journey Time Inbound: 13 mins Journey Time	Journey Time Inbound: 13 mins Journey Time	Journey Time Inbound: 13 mins Journey Time	Journey Time Inbound: 13 mins Journey Time	Journey Time Inbound: 15 mins Journey Time	Journey Time Inbound: 13 mins Journey Time	Journey Time Inbound: 14 mins Journey Time
	ality & Reliability	Outbound: 15 mins Length: 3.4 km No. of Junctions: 11 No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 4	Outbound: 15 mins Length: 3.4 km No. of Junctions: 11 No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 4	Outbound: 15 mins Length: 3.4 km No. of Junctions: 11 No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 4	Outbound: 14 mins Length: 3.4 km No. of Junctions: 10 No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 4	Outbound: 19 mins Length: 3.4 km No. of Junctions: 12 No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 4	Outbound: 14 mins Length: 3.4 km No. of Junctions: 11 No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 4	Outbound: 16 mins Length: 3.9 km No. of Junctions: 11 No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 4
	B Transport Quality &	Full priority provided along most the route in both directions (except at bus priority signalling), with good	Full priority provided along most the route in both directions (except at bus priority signalling), with good	Full priority provided along most the route in both directions (except at bus priority signalling), with good	Full priority provided along most the route in both directions, with good journey time reliability for Bus services.	Full priority provided along most the route in both directions, with good journey time reliability for Bus	Full priority provided along most the route in both directions, with good journey time reliability for Bus	Full priority provided along most the route in both directions, with good journey time reliability for Bus

	18 1	signalling), with good journey time reliability for Bus services.	signalling), with good journey time reliability for Bus services.	signalling), with good journey time reliability for Bus services.	services.	reliability for Bus services.	reliability for Bus services.	reliability for Bus services.
	Rank							
: Integration	2A Land Use Policy	No applicable benefits.	No applicable benefits.	No applicable benefits.	No applicable benefits.	No applicable benefits.	No applicable benefits.	No applicable benefits.
^N	Rank							

Page 10 Route Option CE1 Rathframban Road Rathmines Road Datamines Road Rathmines Road Rathmines Road Rathmines Road Rathmines Road Rathmines Road							,		
Catchments Catchments Catchments Catchments Catchments Catchments Catchments Catchments 9 grange - 5 minute walk catchment of approximately 16,200 - 5 minute walk catchment of approximately 55,600 - 10 minute walk catchment of approximately 55,600 - 10 minute walk catchment of approximately 19,900 - 10 minute walk catchment of approximately 19,900 <t< th=""><th>Appraisal Criteria</th><th>Sub-Criteria</th><th>Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar Road, Outbound traffic only Rathmines</th><th>Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar and</th><th>Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathgar and</th><th>Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Parallel cycle route via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal</th><th>Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Half Inbound & Half Outbound Bus Lanes on Rathmines</th><th>Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathmines Road</th><th>Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Bus lanes via Highfield Road/Rathmines Road Upper) Parallel cycle route via Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha</th></t<>	Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar Road, Outbound traffic only Rathmines	Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar and	Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathgar and	Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Parallel cycle route via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal	Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Half Inbound & Half Outbound Bus Lanes on Rathmines	Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathmines Road	Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Bus lanes via Highfield Road/Rathmines Road Upper) Parallel cycle route via Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha
Rank Potential for interchange with local bus services. Potential to interchange with the Luas Green Line. Potential to interchange with the Luas Green Line. Potential for interchange with Core Orbital Bus Corridor on the Rathmines Road Lower (Ranelagh – Drumcondra). Potential for interchange with the Clongriffin BRT along Rathfarnham Road to Terenure Village. Potential for interchange with the Clongriffin BRT along Rathfarnham Road to Potential for interchange with the Clongriffin BRT along Rathfarnham Road to Potential for interchange with the Clongriffin BRT along Potential for interchange with the C			Catchments - 5 minute walk catchment of approximately 16,200 - 15 minute walk catchment of approximately 55,600 Employment catchments - - 10 minute walk catchment of approximately 55,600	Catchments - 5 minute walk catchment of approximately 16,200 - 15 minute walk catchment of approximately 55,600 Employment catchments - 10 minute walk catchment of approximately is a catchme	Catchments - 5 minute walk catchment of approximately 16,200 - 15 minute walk catchment of approximately 55,600 Employment catchments - 10 minute walk catchment of approximately 55,600	Catchments - 5 minute walk catchment of approximately 16,200 - 15 minute walk catchment of approximately 55,600 Employment catchments - 10 minute walk catchment of approximately is catchment of is catchment	Catchments - 5 minute walk catchment of approximately 16,200 - 15 minute walk catchment of approximately 55,600 Employment catchments - 10 minute walk catchment of approximately is catchment of is catchment	Catchments - 5 minute walk catchment of approximately 16,200 - 15 minute walk catchment of approximately 55,600 Employment catchments - 10 minute walk catchment of approximately is catchment of is catchment of approximately is catchment of is catchment o	Catchments - 5 minute walk catchment of approximately 17,000 - 15 minute walk catchment of approximately 57,100 Employment catchments - 10 minute walk catchment of approximately is a catchment of is a catchment of is a catchment of approximately is a catchment of is a catch
Potential to interchange with the Luas Green Line.Potential to interchange with Core Orbital Bus Corridor on the Rathmines Ro	tion	Rank	15,500	13,300	15,500	19,500	19,500	13,300	20,300
Rank State	2 Integra	2C Transport Network Integration	 interchange with local bus services. Potential to interchange with the Luas Green Line. Potential for interchange with Core Orbital Bus Corridor on the Rathmines Road Lower (Ranelagh – Drumcondra). Potential for interchange with the Clongriffin BRT along Rathfarnham Road to 	 interchange with local bus services. Potential to interchange with the Luas Green Line. Potential for interchange with Core Orbital Bus Corridor on the Rathmines Road Lower (Ranelagh – Drumcondra). Potential for interchange with the Clongriffin BRT along Rathfarnham Road to 	 interchange with local bus services. Potential to interchange with the Luas Green Line. Potential for interchange with Core Orbital Bus Corridor on the Rathmines Road Lower (Ranelagh – Drumcondra). Potential for interchange with the Clongriffin BRT along Rathfarnham Road to 	 interchange with local bus services. Potential to interchange with the Luas Green Line. Potential for interchange with Core Orbital Bus Corridor on the Rathmines Road Lower (Ranelagh – Drumcondra). Potential for interchange with the Clongriffin BRT along Rathfarnham Road to 	 interchange with local bus services. Potential to interchange with the Luas Green Line. Potential for interchange with Core Orbital Bus Corridor on the Rathmines Road Lower (Ranelagh – Drumcondra). Potential for interchange with the Clongriffin BRT along Rathfarnham Road to 	 interchange with local bus services. Potential to interchange with the Luas Green Line. Potential for interchange with Core Orbital Bus Corridor on the Rathmines Road Lower (Ranelagh – Drumcondra). Potential for interchange with the Clongriffin BRT along Rathfarnham Road to 	 interchange with local bus services. Potential to interchange with the Luas Green Line. Potential for interchange with Core Orbital Bus Corridor on the Rathmines Road Lower (Ranelagh – Drumcondra). Potential for interchange with the Clongriffin BRT along Rathfarnham Road to
		Rank							

Unite Option C21 Rathranken Road Lover (Tabund taffic only on Estimate Road Lover (Tabund taffic only on Estimate Road User) Estimate Road Estimate Road (Stati Bright Estimate Road (Stati Bright Road Road Road (Stati Bro											
Total Distribution Comprises of Primary concersion of Primary code 10 in the GOA Cycle Network Plan. Comprises of Primary code 10 in the GOA Cycle Network Plan. Comprises of Primary code 10 in the GOA Cycle Network Plan. Comprises of Primary code 10 in the GOA Cycle Network Plan. Comprises of Primary code 10 in the GOA Cycle Network Plan. Comprises of Primary code 10 in the GOA Cycle Network Plan. Comprises of Primary code 10 in the GOA Cycle Network Plan. Code Network Plan. <th>Appraisal Criteria</th> <th>Sub-Criteria</th> <th>Rathfarnham Road - Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar Road, Outbound traffic only Rathmines</th> <th>Rathfarnham Road - Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar and</th> <th>Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathgar and</th> <th>Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Parallel cycle route via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal</th> <th>Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Half Inbound & Half Outbound Bus Lanes on Rathmines</th> <th>Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathmines Road</th> <th>Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Bus lanes via Highfield Road/Rathmines Road Upper) Parallel cycle route via Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha</th>	Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Rathfarnham Road - Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar Road, Outbound traffic only Rathmines	Rathfarnham Road - Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar and	Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathgar and	Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Parallel cycle route via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal	Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Half Inbound & Half Outbound Bus Lanes on Rathmines	Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathmines Road	Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Bus lanes via Highfield Road/Rathmines Road Upper) Parallel cycle route via Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha		
Kapk Jan State Sta	2 Integration	Cycling Integra	comprises of Primary route 10 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. Existing cycle facilities along Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road will be enhanced and full segregation achievable	comprises of Primary route 10 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. Existing cycle facilities along Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road will be enhanced and full segregation achievable	comprises of Primary route 10 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. Existing cycle facilities along Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road will be enhanced and full segregation achievable	comprises of Primary route 10 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. Existing cycle facilities along Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, and Rathgar Road would be enhanced and full segregation achievable in both directions. The proposed removal of segregated cycle facilities on Rathmines Road Lower does not align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for route 10, however Parallel cycle route proposed via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks. Cycle route connects with Rathgar Village and Rathmines Village but does not travel through Rathmines Village via Rathmines Road Lower. Proposed to create a 30km/h zone along Rathmines Road Lower to provide a safer environment for cyclists who choose to use the bus lanes on Rathmines Road Lower instead of the segregated parallel	comprises of Primary route 10 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. Existing cycle facilities along Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road will be enhanced and full segregation achievable	comprises of Primary route 10 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. Existing cycle facilities along Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road will be enhanced and full segregation achievable in both directions with the exception of the section on Rathmines Road Lower from Rathgar Road to Castlewood Avenue where cycle facilities cannot be provided due	comprises of Primary route 10 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. Existing cycle facilities along Rathfarnham Road, Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road will be enhanced and full segregation achievable in both directions The proposed removal of segregated cycle facilities on Rathmines Road Lower does not align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for route 10, however Parallel cycle route proposed via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks. Cycle route connects with Rathgar Village and Rathmines Village but does not travel through Rathmines Village via Rathmines Road Lower. Proposed to create a 30km/h zone along Rathmines Road Lower to provide a safer environment for cyclists who choose to use the bus lanes on Rathmines Road Lower instead of the segregated parallel		

Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Route Option CB1 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar Road, Outbound traffic only Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB2 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB3 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB4 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Parallel cycle route via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks.)	Route Option CB5 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Half Inbound & Half Outbound Bus Lanes on Rathmines Road Lower)	Route Option CB6 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathmines Road Lower)	Route Option CB7 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Bus Ianes via Highfield Road/Rathmines Road Upper) Parallel cycle route via Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks).		
2 Integration	2E Traffic Network Integration	There are existing bus lanes along the majority of the length of CB1 in one direction. Layout of Terenure Village junction to be altered and right turn to Terenure East from Rathfarnham Road permitted for Buses at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity and movement. There is a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where the inbound bus lane will not be providing owing to the proximity of commercial properties (majority protected) at this location. CB1 include bus priority signalling in both directions on Rathmines Road between Castlewood Ave and Rathmines Road Upper junction to achieve bus priority at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity and movement. Bus lanes in both directions will be provided for the entire length of CB1 (except for aforementioned Pinch Points). It is considered that Option CB1 which provides for inbound	There are existing bus lanes along the majority of the length of CB2 in one direction. Layout of Terenure Village junction to be altered and right turn to Terenure East from Rathfarnham Road permitted for Buses at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity and movement. There is a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where the inbound bus lane will not be providing owing to the proximity of commercial properties (majority protected) at this location. CB1 include bus priority signalling in both directions on Rathmines Road between Castlewood Ave and Rathmines Road Upper junction to achieve bus priority at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity and movement. Bus lanes in both directions will be provided for the entire length of CB2 (except for aforementioned Pinch Points). It is considered that Option CB2 which provides for inbound	There are existing bus lanes along the majority of the length of CB3 in one direction. Layout of Terenure Village junction to be altered and right turn to Terenure East from Rathfarnham Road permitted for Buses at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity and movement. There is a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where the inbound bus lane will not be providing owing to the proximity of commercial properties (majority protected) at this location. CB1 include bus priority signalling in both directions on Rathmines Road between Castlewood Ave and Rathmines Road Upper junction to achieve bus priority at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity and movement. Bus lanes in both directions will be provided for the entire length of CB3 (except for aforementioned Pinch Points). It is considered that Option CB3 which provides for outbound	There are existing bus lanes along the majority of the length of CB4 in one direction. Layout of Terenure Village junction to be altered and right turn to Terenure East from Rathfarnham Road permitted for Buses at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity and movement. There is a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where the inbound bus lane will not be providing owing to the proximity of commercial properties (majority protected) at this location Bus lanes in both directions will be provided for the entire length of CR3 (except for aforementioned Pinch Points). Proposed to create a 30km/h zone along Rathmines Road Lower to provide a safer environment for cyclists who choose to use the bus lanes on Rathmines Road Lower (instead of the segregated parallel cycle route) at the expense of vehicular traffic speeds.	There are existing bus lanes along the majority of the length of CB5 in one direction. Layout of Terenure Village junction to be altered and right turn to Terenure East from Rathfarnham Road permitted for Buses at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity and movement. There is a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where the inbound bus lane will not be providing owing to the proximity of commercial properties (majority protected) at this location. Bus lanes in both directions will be provided from Rathfarnham Road to Rathmines Road/Grosvenor Road junction (except for aforementioned Pinch Points). On Rathmines Road Lower, inbound bus lane provided from Rathmines Road Upper to Military road junction and outbound bus lane provided from Grove Road to Military Road junction.	There are existing bus lanes along the majority of the length of CB6 in one direction. Layout of Terenure Village junction to be altered and right turn to Terenure East from Rathfarnham Road permitted for Buses at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity and movement. There is a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where the inbound bus lane will not be providing owing to the proximity of commercial properties (majority protected) at this location. Bus lanes in both directions will be provided for the entire length of CB6 (except for aforementioned Pinch Points). It is proposed to remove traffic in the inbound direction on Rathmines Road between Castlewood Avenue and Grove Road. Inbound traffic would use Mountpleasant Ave, Ranelagh Rd, Castlewood Ave, Harold's Cross Road, Leinster Road and adjoining roads.	There are existing bus lanes along Terenure Road East and Rathmines Road Lower in one direction. Layout of Terenure Village junction to be altered and right turn to Terenure East from Rathfarnham Road permitted for Buses at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity and movement. There is a 100m section of Terenure Road East at Terenure Cross where the inbound bus lane will not be providing owing to the proximity of commercial properties (majority protected) at this location. Bus lanes in both directions will be provided for the entire length of CB7 (except for aforementioned Pinch Points). Proposed to create a 30km/h zone along Rathmines Road Lower to provide a safer environment for cyclists who choose to use the bus lanes on Rathmines Road Lower (instead of the segregated parallel cycle route) at the expense of vehicular traffic speeds.		

				Dodder River t	o Grand Canal Cros	sing		
Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Route Option CB1 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar Road, Outbound traffic only Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB2 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB3 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB4 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Parallel cycle route via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks.)	Route Option CB5 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Half Inbound & Half Outbound Bus Lanes on Rathmines Road Lower)	Route Option CB6 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathmines Road Lower)	Route Option CB7 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Bus lanes via Highfield Road/Rathmines Road Upper) Parallel cycle route via Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks).
2 Integration	2E Traffic Network Integration	traffic only on Rathgar Road would have a significant traffic impact in terms of movement restrictions and increased traffic/congestion. This would require outbound traffic to use alternative routes such as Palmerston Road, Cowper Road, Rathmines Road Upper, Frankfort Avenue, Rathgar Ave and Leicester Ave. It is also proposed to remove traffic in the inbound direction on Rathmines Road between Castlewood Avenue and Grove Road. Inbound traffic would use Grosvenor Road, Kenilworth Road, Castelwood Ave, Mountpleasant Ave, Ranelagh Rd and adjoining roads. ` To commute inbound from Rathgar Village to La Touche Bridge, one would travel on Rathgar Road (CBC) and take a detour via Castlewood Avenue and MountPleasant Avenue. This diversion route is not considered overly long. To commute outbound from La Touche Bridge to Rathgar Village, one would travel on the Rathmines Road Lower and Highfield Road. This diversion route is not considered overly long.	traffic only on Rathgar Road would have a significant traffic impact in terms of movement restrictions and increased traffic/congestion. This would require outbound traffic to use alternative routes such as Palmerston Road, Cowper Road, Rathmines Road Upper, Frankfort Avenue, Rathgar Ave and Leicester Ave. It is also proposed to remove traffic in the outbound direction on Rathmines Road between Castlewood Avenue and Grove Road. Outbound traffic would use Mountpleasant Ave, Ranelagh Rd, Castlewood Ave, Harold's Cross Road, Leinster Road and adjoining roads. Increase in right turning vehicles from Rathmines Road onto Castlewood Ave, could create extensive queuing along Rathmines Lower Road and Rathgar Road. To commute inbound from Rathgar Village to La Touche Bridge, one would travel on Rathgar Road (CBC) and Rathmines Road Lower (CBC). No detour necessary. To commute outbound from La Touche Bridge, one would have to take a large detour via MountPleasant Avenue, Palmerstown Road/Rathmines Road	traffic only on Rathgar Road would have a significant traffic impact in terms of movement restrictions and increased traffic/congestion. This would require inbound traffic to use alternative routes such as Palmerston Road, Cowper Road, Rathmines Road Upper, Frankfort Avenue, Rathgar Ave and Leicester Ave. It is also proposed to remove traffic in the inbound direction on Rathmines Road between Castlewood Avenue and Grove Road. Inbound traffic would use Mountpleasant Ave, Ranelagh Rd, Castlewood Ave, Harold's Cross Road, Leinster Road and adjoining roads. To commute inbound from Rathgar Village to La Touche bridge, one would travel on Rathgar Road (CBC) and take a detour via Castlewood Avenue and MountPleasant Avenue. To commute outbound from La Touche bridge to Rathgar Village, one would travel on Rathmines Road Lower (CBC) and Rathgar Road (CBC). No detour necessary. To commute inbound from Rathgar Village to La Touche Bridge one would travel on Rathmines Road Lower (CBC) and Rathgar Road (CBC). No detour necessary. To commute inbound from Rathgar Village to La Touche Bridge one would have to take a large detour via Rathgar Ave and Harold's Cross Road or Highfield Road		priority is not achievable, buses will compete with traffic reducing private vehicular traffic capacity and movement.	To commute inbound from Rathgar Village to La Touche bridge, one would travel on Rathgar Road (CBC) and take a detour via Castlewood Avenue and MountPleasant Avenue. To commute outbound from La Touche bridge to Rathgar Village, one would travel on Rathmines Road Lower (CBC) and Rathgar Road (CBC). No detour necessary.	Right turn to Highfield Road from Rathmines Road Upper permitted for Buses at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity and movement.

	Road/Rathmines Road Lower and Highfield Road or from the west Harold's Cross Road and Rathgar Avenue. This outbound diversion route is considered overly circuitous.	Highfield Road Palmerstown Road/Rathmines Road Lower and MountPleasant Avenue. This inbound diversion route is considered overly circuitous.		
Rank				

				Dodder River 1	to Grand Canal Cros	sing		
Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Route Option CB1 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar Road, Outbound traffic only Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB2 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB3 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB4 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Parallel cycle route via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks.)	Route Option CB5 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Half Inbound & Half Outbound Bus Lanes on Rathmines Road Lower)	Route Option CB6 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathmines Road Lower)	Route Option CB7 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Bus lanes via Highfield Road/Rathmines Road Upper) Parallel cycle route via Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks).
		Education	Education	Education	Education	Education	Education	Education
		- St. Joseph's National School	- St. Joseph's National School	- St. Joseph's National School	- St. Joseph's National School	- St. Joseph's National School	- St. Joseph's National School	- St. Joseph's National School
		- Presentation Primary School	- Presentation Primary School	- Presentation Primary School	- Presentation Primary School	- Presentation Primary School	- Presentation Primary School	- Presentation Primary School
		- St. Michael's House School	- St. Michael's House School	- St. Michael's House School	- St. Michael's House School	- St. Michael's House School	- St. Michael's House School	- St. Michael's House School
		- St. Louis High School	- St. Louis High School	- St. Louis High School	- St. Louis High School	- St. Louis High School	- St. Louis High School	- St. Louis High School
		- St. Louis Senior Primary School	- St. Louis Senior Primary School	- St. Louis Senior Primary School	- St. Louis Senior Primary School	- St. Louis Senior Primary School	- St. Louis Senior Primary School	- St. Louis Senior Primary School
lusion	SO IN	- St. Louis Infant School	- St. Louis Infant School	- St. Louis Infant School	- St. Louis Infant School	- St. Louis Infant School	- St. Louis Infant School	- St. Louis Infant School
Accessibility & Social Inclusion	3A Key Trip Attractors	- Rathmines College	- Rathmines College	- Rathmines College	- Rathmines College	- Rathmines College	- Rathmines College	- Rathmines College
& So	rip A	Retail / Leisure	Retail / Leisure	Retail / Leisure	Retail / Leisure	Retail / Leisure	Retail / Leisure	- Trinity Halls
ility	ey Tı	- Synagogue	- Synagogue	- Synagogue	- Synagogue	- Synagogue	- Synagogue	- Kildare Place School
essib	3A K	- Lidl/Aldi	- Lidl/Aldi	- Lidl/Aldi	- Lidl/Aldi	- Lidl/Aldi	- Lidl/Aldi	Retail / Leisure
3 Acc		- Terenure Village	- Terenure Village	- Terenure Village	- Terenure Village	- Terenure Village	- Terenure Village	- Synagogue
		- Saint	- Saint	- Saint	- Saint	- Saint	- Saint	- Lidl/Aldi
		Joseph's Church	Joseph's Church	Joseph's Church	Joseph's Church	Joseph's Church	Joseph's Church	- Terenure
		- Rathgar	- Rathgar	- Rathgar	- Rathgar	- Rathgar	- Rathgar	Village
		Village	Village	Village	Village	Village	Village	- Saint Joseph's
		- Rathgar Tennis Club	- Rathgar Tennis Club	- Rathgar Tennis Club	- Rathgar Tennis Club	- Rathgar Tennis Club	- Rathgar Tennis Club	Church - Rathgar
		- Christ Church	- Christ Church	- Christ Church	- Christ Church	- Christ Church	- Christ Church	Village
		- Rathgar Church	- Rathgar Church	- Rathgar Church	- Rathgar Church	- Rathgar Church	- Rathgar Church	- Rathgar Tennis Club
		- Rathmines Village	- Rathmines Village	- Rathmines Village	- Rathmines Village	- Rathmines Village	- Rathmines Village	- Christ Church - Rathgar
		- Rathmines Library	- Rathmines Library	- Rathmines Library	- Rathmines Library	- Rathmines Library	- Rathmines Library	Church

DBFL Consulting Engineers

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3 Accessibility & Social Inclusion 3A Key Trip A	 Centre Swan Leisure Cathal Brugha Barracks Omniplex Cinema Travelodge - Rathmines St. Joseph's National School 	 Swan Shopping Centre Swan Leisure Cathal Brugha Barracks Omniplex Cinema Travelodge - Rathmines St. Joseph's National School 	 Village Swan Shopping Centre Swan Leisure Cathal Brugha Barracks Omniplex Cinema Travelodge - Rathmines St. Joseph's National School 	 Rathmines Village Swan Shopping Centre Swan Leisure Cathal Brugha Barracks Omniplex Cinema Travelodge - Rathmines St. Joseph's National School 	 Rathmines Village Swan Shopping Centre Swan Leisure Cathal Brugha Barracks Omniplex Cinema Travelodge - Rathmines St. Joseph's National School 	 Rathmines Village Swan Shopping Centre Swan Leisure Cathal Brugha Barracks Omniplex Cinema Travelodge - Rathmines St. Joseph's National School 	Stores - Supervalu - Terenure Village - Rathgar Village - Rathmines Village - Swan Shopping Centre - Swan Leisure - Swan Leisure - Cathal Brugha Barracks - Omniplex
	National	National	National	National	National	National	Barracks
							House School
B Deprived B Geographic Areas	Route option serves	Route option serves area of Marginally Above Average to Affluent means from the Pobal Deprivation Index.	Route option serves area of Marginally Above Average to Affluent means from the Pobal Deprivation Index.	Route option serves area of Marginally Above Average to Affluent means from the Pobal Deprivation Index.	Route option serves area of Marginally Above Average to Affluent means from the Pobal Deprivation Index.	Route option serves area of Marginally Above Average to Affluent means from the Pobal Deprivation Index.	Route option serves area of Marginally Above Average to Affluent means from the Pobal Deprivation Index.
4 Safety 4 Road Safety	No. of Junctions: 11 1 turn movement required (1 right turn northbound direction and 1 left turn in the southbound direction)	No. of Junctions: 11 1 turn movement required (1 right turn northbound direction and 1 left turn in the southbound direction)	No. of Junctions: 11 1 turn movement required (1 right turn northbound direction and 1 left turn in the southbound direction)	No. of Junctions: 10 1 turn movement required (1 right turn northbound direction and 1 left turn in the southbound direction)	No. of Junctions: 11 1 turn movement required (1 right turn northbound direction and 1 left turn in the southbound direction)	No. of Junctions: 10 1 turn movement required (1 right turn northbound direction and 1 left turn in the southbound direction)	No. of Junctions: 10 2 turning movement required (1 right turn & 1 left turn northbound direction and 1 left turn and 1 right turn in the

Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Route Option CB1 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar Road, Outbound traffic only Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB2 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB3 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB4 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Parallel cycle route via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks.)	Route Option CB5 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Half Inbound & Half Outbound Bus Lanes on Rathmines Road Lower)	Route Option CB6 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathmines Road Lower)	Route Option CB7 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Bus lanes via Highfield Road/Rathmines Road Upper) Parallel cycle route via Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks).
4 Safety	4B Pedestrian Safety	There are a number of pedestrian crossing provided through Rathmines Village, however additional pedestrian crossing will be required along the rest of the route. Footpaths are provided on both sides of the road.	There are a number of pedestrian crossing provided through Rathmines Village, however additional pedestrian crossing will be required along the rest of the route. Footpaths are provided on both sides of the road.	There are a number of pedestrian crossing provided through Rathmines Village, however additional pedestrian crossing will be required along the rest of the route. Footpaths are provided on both sides of the road.	There are a number of pedestrian crossing provided through Rathmines Village, however additional pedestrian crossing will be required along the rest of the route. Footpaths are provided on both sides of the road.	There are a number of pedestrian crossing provided through Rathmines Village, however additional pedestrian crossing will be required along the rest of the route. Footpaths are provided on both sides of the road.	There are a number of pedestrian crossing provided through Rathmines Village, however additional pedestrian crossing will be required along the rest of the route. Footpaths are provided on both sides of the road.	There are a number of pedestrian crossing provided through Rathmines Village, however additional pedestrian crossing will be required along the rest of the route. Footpaths are provided on both sides of the road.
	Rank							
5 Environment	5A Archaeology and Cultural Heritage	No appreciable impacts						
	Rank							

Section 2

Dodder River to Grand Canal Crossing

Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Route Option CB1 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar Road, Outbound traffic only Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB2 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB3 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB4 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Parallel cycle route via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks.)	Route Option CB5 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Half Inbound & Half Outbound Bus Lanes on Rathmines Road Lower)	Route Option CB6 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathmines Road Lower)	Route Option CB7 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Bus lanes via Highfield Road/Rathmines Road Upper) Parallel cycle route via Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks).		
5 Environment	5B Architectural Heritage	The majority of all residential and some commercial properties along the entire route are designated as protected structures. It is also a stated objective of the DCC Development Plan (2016 – 2022) that the Rathmines District is designated as an Architectural Conservation Area (ACA). Possible land acquisition from 29 protected residential properties on Terenure Road East within an approximate 470m section, max 7.8m width from front curtilage (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022). The majority of residential properties along Rathgar Road are designated as protected structures. Land take of protected structures (front curtilage) required along one side of the entire Rathgar Road (max width 1.5m) (DCC Development Plan 2026-2022). The majority of properties along Rathmines Road Lower are designated as protected structures. Land take from front curtilage required from protected structures Land take from front curtilage required from protected structures	The majority of all residential and some commercial properties along the entire route are designated as protected structures. It is also a stated objective of the DCC Development Plan (2016 – 2022) that the Rathmines District is designated as an Architectural Conservation Area (ACA). Possible land acquisition from 29 protected residential properties on Terenure Road East within an approximate 470m section, max 7.8m width from front curtilage (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022). The majority of residential properties along Rathgar Road are protected structures. Land take required along the entire western side of Rathgar Road (max width 1.5m) (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022). The majority of properties along Rathmines Road Lower are designated as protected structures. Land take from front curtilage required from protected structures along the eastern side of Rathmines Road approaching the Grand Canal (200m length, max 1.7m width).	The majority of all residential and some commercial properties along the entire route are designated as protected structures. It is also a stated objective of the DCC Development Plan (2016 – 2022) that the Rathmines District is designated as an Architectural Conservation Area (ACA). Possible land acquisition from 29 protected residential properties on Terenure Road East within an approximate 470m section, max 7.8m width from front curtilage (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022). The majority of residential properties along Rathgar Road are protected structures. Land take required along the entire western side of Rathgar Road (max width 4.5m) (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022). The majority of properties along Rathmines Road Lower are designated as protected structures. Land take from front curtilage required from protected structures along the eastern side of Rathmines Road approaching the Grand Canal (200m length, max 1.7m width).	The majority of all residential and some commercial properties along the entire route are designated as protected structures. It is also a stated objective of the DCC Development Plan (2016 – 2022) that the Rathmines District is designated as an Architectural Conservation Area (ACA). Possible land acquisition from 29 protected residential properties on Terenure Road East within an approximate 470m section, max 7.8m width from front curtilage (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022). The majority of residential properties along Rathgar Road are protected structures. Land take required along the entire western side of Rathgar Road (max width 4.5m) (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022). Proposed cycle route through Cathal Brugha Barracks along an existing internal roadway (10m width at pinch point), however there will be no requirement for land acquisition of buildings which would compromise architectural heritage.	The majority of all residential and some commercial properties along the entire route are designated as protected structures. It is also a stated objective of the DCC Development Plan (2016 – 2022) that the Rathmines District is designated as an Architectural Conservation Area (ACA). Possible land acquisition from 29 protected residential properties on Terenure Road East within an approximate 470m section, max 7.8m width from front curtilage (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022). The majority of residential properties along Rathgar Road are protected structures. Land take required along the entire western side of Rathgar Road (max width 4.5m) (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022). The majority of properties along Rathmines Road Lower are designated as protected structures. Land take from front curtilage required from protected structures Land take from front curtilage required from protected structures along the eastern side of Rathmines Road Lower approaching the Grand Canal (200m length, max 1.7m	The majority of all residential and some commercial properties along the entire route are designated as protected structures. It is also a stated objective of the DCC Development Plan (2016 – 2022) that the Rathmines District is designated as an Architectural Conservation Area (ACA). Possible land acquisition from 29 protected residential properties on Terenure Road East within an approximate 470m section, max 7.8m width from front curtilage (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022). The majority of residential properties along Rathgar Road are protected structures. Land take required along the entire western side of Rathgar Road (max width 4.5m) (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022). The majority of properties along Rathmines Road Lower are designated as protected structures. Land take from front curtilage required from protected structures along the eastern side of Rathmines Road Lower approaching the Grand Canal (200m length, max 1.7m	The majority of all residential and some commercial properties along the entire route are designated as protected structures. It is also a stated objective of the DCC Development Plan (2016 – 2022) that the Rathmines District is designated as an Architectural Conservation Area (ACA). Possible land acquisition from 29 protected residential properties on Terenure Road East within an approximate 470m section, max 7.8m width from front curtilage (DCC Development Plan 2016-2022). The majority of properties along Highfield Road are designated as protected structures. Possible land acquisition from 31 protected residential properties on Highfield Road within an approximate 680m section, max 4.8m width from front curtilage (DCC Development Plan). Possible land acquisition from 10 protected residential properties, max 3.4m width from front curtilage (DCC Development Plan). Land acquisition of protected structures involves relocation of		

	Grand Canal (200m length, max 1.7m width) (DCC Development Plan 2026-2022). Land acquisition of protected structures involves relocation of boundary walls or railing. There will be no impact on the protected buildings themselves.	Land acquisition of protected structures involves relocation of boundary walls or railing. There will be no impact on the protected buildings themselves.	Land acquisition of protected structures involves relocation of boundary walls or railing. There will be no impact on the protected buildings themselves.	protected structures involves relocation of boundary walls or railing. There will be no impact on the protected buildings themselves.	width). Land acquisition of protected structures involves relocation of boundary walls or railing. There will be no impact on the protected buildings themselves.	width). Land acquisition of protected structures involves relocation of boundary walls or railing. There will be no impact on the protected buildings themselves.	boundary walls or railing. There will be no impact on the protected buildings themselves.
Rank							

Land acquisition of

Lower approaching the

Grand Canal (200m

max 1.7m width).

max 1.7m width).

length, max 1.7m

width).

length, max 1.7m

width).

involves relocation of

Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Route Option CB1 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar Road, Outbound traffic only Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB2 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB3 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB4 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Parallel cycle route via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks.)	Route Option CB5 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Half Inbound & Half Outbound Bus Lanes on Rathmines Road Lower)	Route Option CB6 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathmines Road Lower)	Route Option CB7 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Bus Ianes via Highfield Road/Rathmines Road Upper) Parallel cycle route via Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks).
	5C Flora and Fauna	Removal of a number of trees in residential front curtilages along Terenure Road East.	Removal of a number of trees in residential front curtilages along Terenure Road East.	Removal of a number of trees in residential front curtilages along Terenure Road East.	Removal of a number of trees in residential front curtilages along Terenure Road East and Rathgar Road.	Removal of a number of trees in residential front curtilages along Terenure Road East and Rathgar Road.	Removal of a number of trees in residential front curtilages along Terenure Road East and Rathgar Road.	Removal of a number of trees in the green area by Fairfield Park and in the front curtilages of Residential properties on the southern side of Highfield Road. Removal of a number of trees at the green area by Kildare Place School along Rathmines Road Upper.
	Rank							
	5D Soils, Geology & Hydrology	No appreciable impacts	No appreciable impacts	No appreciable impacts	No appreciable impacts	No appreciable impacts	No appreciable impacts	No appreciable impacts
	Rank							
5 Environment	SE Landscape and Visual	Possible land acquisition along one side of Terenure Road East within an approximate 470m section, max 7.8m width from front curtilage, which may include tree removal. Possible land acquisition along one side of Rathgar Road, max 1.5m width from residential front curtilage along the entire road, which may include tree removal. Possible land acquisition along one side of Rathmines Road Lower approaching Grove Road junction, max 1.7m width from residential front curtilage for 200m.	Possible land acquisition along one side of Terenure Road East within an approximate 470m section, max 7.8m width from front curtilage, which may include tree removal. Possible land acquisition along one side of Rathgar Road, max 1.5m width from residential front curtilage along the entire road. Possible land acquisition along one side of Rathmines Road Lower approaching Grove Road junction, max 1.7m width from residential front curtilage for 200m.	Possible land acquisition along one side of Terenure Road East within an approximate 470m section, max 7.8m width from front curtilage, which may include tree removal. Possible land acquisition along one side of Rathgar Road, max 1.5m width from residential front curtilage along the entire road. Possible land acquisition along one side of Rathmines Road Lower approaching Grove Road junction, max 1.7m width from residential front curtilage for 200m.	Possible land acquisition along one side of Terenure Road East within an approximate 470m section, max 7.8m width from front curtilage, which may include tree removal. Possible land acquisition along one side of Rathgar Road, max 4.5m width from residential front curtilage along the entire road. Land acquisition required from Cathal Brugha Barracks and football pitch to provide parallel cycle route, length of 580m.	Possible land acquisition along one side of Terenure Road East within an approximate 470m section, max 7.8m width from front curtilage, which may include tree removal. Possible land acquisition along one side of Rathgar Road, max 4.5m width from residential front curtilage along the entire road. Possible land acquisition along one side of Rathmines Road Lower approaching Grove Road junction, max 1.7m width from residential front curtilage for 200m.	Possible land acquisition along one side of Terenure Road East within an approximate 470m section, max 7.8m width from front curtilage, which may include tree removal. Possible land acquisition along one side of Rathgar Road, max 4.5m width from residential front curtilage along the entire road. Possible land acquisition along one side of Rathmines Road Lower approaching Grove Road junction, max 1.7m width from residential front curtilage for 200m.	Possible land acquisition along one side of Terenure Road East within an approximate 470m section, max 7.8m width from front curtilage, which may include tree removal. Possible land acquisition along one side of Highfield Road, 5m max width along the entire road (680m length). Possible land acquisition along one side of Highfield Road, 4m max width 420m length. Land acquisition required from Cathal Brugha Barracks and football pitch to provide parallel cycle route, length of 580m. Removal of a number of

Removal of a number of

Rank				
				Highfield Road to provide bus lanes.
				Potential negative impacts associated with the re-engineering of
				Upper.
				Kildare Place School along Rathmines Road
				by Fairfield Park along Highfield Road and by
				trees in the green area

Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Route Option CB1 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar Road, Outbound traffic only Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB2 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB3 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB4 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Parallel cycle route via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks.)	Route Option CB5 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Half Inbound & Half Outbound Bus Lanes on Rathmines Road Lower)	Route Option CB6 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathmines Road Lower)	Route Option CB7 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Bus Ianes via Highfield Road/Rathmines Road Upper) Parallel cycle route via Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks).		
5 Environment	5F Air Quality	Possible impacts due to increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lanes and cycle tracks installed in both directions along Terenure Road East. The positive impact due to reduced trafficking by replacing the existing outbound traffic lane on Rathgar Road will be exceeded by the negative impact due to the increased traffic on local roads (Frankfort Ave, Highfield Road, Rathmines Road Upper) due to the traffic diversions. The positive impact due to reduced trafficking by replacing the existing inbound traffic lane on Rathmines Road Lower will be exceeded by the negative impact due to the increased traffic on local roads (Grosvenor Road, Kenilworth Road, Castelwood Ave, MountPleasant Ave, Ranelagh Rd) due to the traffic diversions.	Possible impacts due to increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lanes and cycle tracks installed in both directions along Terenure Road East. The positive impact due to reduced trafficking by replacing the existing outbound traffic lane on Rathmines Road Lower will be exceeded by the negative impact due to the increased traffic on local roads (Mountpleasant Ave, Ranelagh Rd, Castlewood Ave, Harold's Cross Road, Leinster) due to the traffic diversions. The positive impact due to reduced trafficking by replacing the existing outbound traffic lane on Rathgar Road will be exceeded by the negative impact due to the increased traffic on local roads (Palmerston Road, Cowper Road, Rathmines Road Upper, Frankfort Avenue, Rathgar Ave and Leicester Ave) due to the traffic diversions.	Possible impacts due to increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lanes and cycle tracks installed in both directions along Terenure Road East. The positive impact due to reduced trafficking by replacing the existing inbound traffic lane on Rathgar Road will be exceeded by the negative impact due to the increased traffic on local roads (Leicester Avenue, Highfield Road, Rathmines Road Upper) due to the traffic diversions. The positive impact due to reduced trafficking by replacing the existing inbound traffic lane on Rathmines Road Lower will be exceeded by the negative impact due to the increased traffic on local roads (Grosvenor Road, Kenilworth Road, Castelwood Ave, MountPleasant Ave, Ranelagh Rd) due to the traffic diversions.	Possible impacts due to increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lanes and cycle tracks installed in both directions along Terenure Road East and Rathgar Road.	Possible impacts due to increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lanes and cycle tracks installed in both directions along Terenure Road East and Rathgar Road.	Possible impacts due to increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lanes and cycle tracks installed in both directions along Terenure Road East and Rathgar Road.	Possible impacts due to increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lanes and cycle tracks installed in both directions along Terenure Road East. Possible impacts due to increased trafficking of road networks and increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lane installed on Highfield Road and Rathmines Road Upper. Highfield Road doesn't currently carry bus traffic so potential for impact is high.		
	Rank									

Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Route Option CB1 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar Road, Outbound traffic only Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB2 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB3 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB4 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Parallel cycle route via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks.)	Route Option CB5 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Half Inbound & Half Outbound Bus Lanes on Rathmines Road Lower)	Route Option CB6 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathmines Road Lower)	Route Option CB7 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Bus lanes via Highfield Road/Rathmines Road Upper) Parallel cycle route via Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks).
5 Environment	5G Noise & Vibration	Possible impacts due to increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lanes and cycle tracks installed in both directions along Terenure Road East. The positive impact due to reduced trafficking by replacing the existing outbound traffic lane on Rathgar Road will be exceeded by the negative impact due to the increased traffic on local roads (Frankfort Ave, Highfield Road, Rathmines Road Upper) due to the traffic diversions. The positive impact due to reduced trafficking by replacing the existing inbound traffic lane on Rathmines Road Lower will be exceeded by the negative impact due to the increased traffic on local roads (Grosvenor Road, Kenilworth Road, Castelwood Ave, MountPleasant Ave, Ranelagh Rd) due to the traffic diversions.	Possible impacts due to increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lanes and cycle tracks installed in both directions along Terenure Road East. The positive impact due to reduced trafficking by replacing the existing outbound traffic lane on Rathmines Road Lower will be exceeded by the negative impact due to the increased traffic on local roads (Mountpleasant Ave, Ranelagh Rd, Castlewood Ave, Harold's Cross Road, Leinster) due to the traffic diversions. The positive impact due to reduced trafficking by replacing the existing outbound traffic lane on Rathgar Road will be exceeded by the negative impact due to the increased traffic on local roads (Palmerston Road, Cowper Road, Rathmines Road Upper, Frankfort Avenue, Rathgar Ave and Leicester Ave) due to the traffic diversions.	Possible impacts due to increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lanes and cycle tracks installed in both directions along Terenure Road East. The positive impact due to reduced trafficking by replacing the existing inbound traffic lane on Rathgar Road will be exceeded by the negative impact due to the increased traffic on local roads (Leicester Avenue, Highfield Road, Rathmines Road Upper) due to the traffic diversions. The positive impact due to reduced trafficking by replacing the existing inbound traffic lane on Rathmines Road Lower will be exceeded by the negative impact due to the increased traffic on local roads (Grosvenor Road, Kenilworth Road, Castelwood Ave, MountPleasant Ave, Ranelagh Rd) due to the traffic diversions.	Possible impacts due to increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lanes and cycle tracks installed in both directions along Terenure Road East and Rathgar Road.	Possible impacts due to increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lanes and cycle tracks installed in both directions along Terenure Road East and Rathgar Road.	Possible impacts due to increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lanes and cycle tracks installed in both directions along Terenure Road East and Rathgar Road.	Possible impacts due to increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lanes and cycle tracks installed in both directions along Terenure Road East. Possible impacts due to increased trafficking of road networks and increased proximity of vehicles to houses and gardens if bus lane installed on Highfield Road and Rathmines Road Upper. Highfield Road doesn't currently carry bus traffic so potential for impact is high.
	Rank							

Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Route Option CB1 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar Road, Outbound traffic only Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB2 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Inbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB3 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathgar and Rathmines Road)	Route Option CB4 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Parallel cycle route via Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks.)	Route Option CB5 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Half Inbound & Half Outbound Bus Lanes on Rathmines Road Lower)	Route Option CB6 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Outbound traffic only on Rathmines Road Lower)	Route Option CB7 Rathfarnham Road – Rathmines Road Lower (Bus lanes via Highfield Road/Rathmines Road Upper) Parallel cycle route via Rathgar Road, Charleville Road, Grosvenor Lodge and Cathal Brugha Barracks).
5 Environment	5H Land Use Character	The level of land take required on Rathgar and Rathmines Road Lower would have an effect the viability of commercial properties (possible 8 properties) from being used for its intended use. Restricted access to the commercial amenities (Rathgar Village and Rathmines Village) and residential properties due to the provision of one-way traffic on Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road.	The level of land take required on Rathgar and Rathmines Road Lower would have an effect the viability of commercial properties (possible 8 properties) from being used for its intended use. Restricted access to the commercial amenities (Rathgar Village and Rathmines Village) and residential properties due to the provision of one-way traffic on Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road.	The level of land take required on Rathgar and Rathmines Road Lower would have an effect the viability of commercial properties (possible 8 properties) from being used for its intended use. Restricted access to the commercial amenities (Rathgar Village and Rathmines Village) and residential properties due to the provision of one-way traffic on Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road.	The level of land take required on Rathgar and Rathmines Road Lower would have an effect the viability of commercial properties (possible 5 properties) from being used for its intended use. Parallel cycle route proposed through Cathal Brugha Barracks along an existing internal roadway (10m width at pinch point), however there will be no requirement for land acquisition of buildings which would compromise their intended use.	The level of land take required on Rathgar and Rathmines Road Lower would have an effect the viability of commercial properties (possible 8 properties) from being used for its intended use.	The level of land take required on Rathgar and Rathmines Road Lower would have an effect the viability of commercial properties (possible 8 properties) from being used for its intended use. Restricted access to the commercial amenities (Rathmines Village) and residential properties due to the provision of one-way traffic on Rathmines Road.	The level of land take required on Highfield Road would have an effect the viability of one commercial property from being used for its intended use. Potential negative impacts associated with the re-engineering of mature roads (Highfield Road) to provide for bus lanes. Potential negative impacts associated with removing of on-street parking for residents on both sides of the road at the southern end of Rathmines Road Lower. Parallel cycle route proposed through Cathal Brugha Barracks along an existing internal roadway (10m width at pinch point), however there will be no requirement for land acquisition of buildings which would compromise their intended use.
	Rank							

APPENDIX C – Section 3 Route Options Assessment

Table 1

Section 3				
Grand Canal to Christchurch				
		Route Option CC1	Route Option CC2	
Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Richmond Street –	Richmond Street – South	
Crit	- - - -	Camden Street –	Circular Road - Clanbrassil	
	ي ک	Wexford Street	Street – New Street South	
		€3.1m	€6.1m	
1 Economy	1A Capital Cost	Indicative Infrastructure costs €3.1m include: • Bus lanes in both directions between the canal crossing at La Touche Bridge to the junction of Cuffe Street/Kevin Street Lower. Reallocation of traffic lanes, reduction of footpath widths, removal of cycle lanes, on street parking and loading bays for the majority of the route. • Cycle facilities provided on parallel route via Portobello Road/Martin Street/Stamer Street/Harrington Street/Heytesbury Street/Bride Street along Primary Route 9 in the GDA CNP. <i>Land Acquisition Costs</i> <u>€0,000,000</u> • 0 sqm Public Land • 0 sqm Private Land • 0 sqm Private Land	Indicative Infrastructure costs €4.5m include: • Bus lanes in both directions between the canal crossing at La Touche Bridge to the junction of Richmond Street/South Circular Road using existing bus lanes. • Bus lanes in both directions on South Circular Road requiring the removal of trees, reallocation of traffic lanes, reduction of footpath widths, removal of cycle lanes, on street parking and loading bays for the entire length. • Provision of bus lanes in both directions on Clanbrassil Street Lower which can be facilitated within the existing road reservation but will require the removal of on street parking to the south of Lombard Street West. The acquisition of a site for replacement parking near the South Circular Road junction (Leonard's Corner) may also be justified. • A continuation of the parallel cycle route from Section 2 is proposed via Longwood Ave, South Circular Road, Spencer Street South, Emorville Avenue, before joining Clanbrassil Street Lower at Lombard Street West and a new bridge crossing of the Grand Canal provided from O'Hara Avenue. • The existing inbound bus lanes on Clanbrassil Street Lower/New Street South would be supplemented with outbound bus lanes and cycle lanes in both directions within the existing road reservation by a combination of reassigning traffic lanes, reducing lane widths to 3.0m, reducing footpath widths & medians and potentially removal of on street parking Land Acquisition Costs €1.6m • 500 sqm Public Land • 1,078 sqm Private Land (Replacement Car Park) • 1 private properties	
	Rank	0 private properties		
		Journey Time: 5 mins	Journey Time: 9 mins	
	<u>≻</u>	Length: 0.86 km	Length: 1.8 km	
	eliability	No. of Junctions: 4	No. of Junctions: 7	
	elia		NO. OF JUNCTIONS: 7	

 No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 3
 Full priority provided along most the route with good journey time reliability for Bus services. Delays could occur at junctions at George's Street junction with Dame Street as buses would be competing with traffic and other bus services.

No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 4

Full priority provided along most the route with good journey time reliability for Bus services. Delays could occur at junctions at either end of South Circular Road as buses would be competing with traffic and other bus services.

Rank

Section 3 Grand Canal to Christchurch Route Option CC1 Route C

	_	Route Option CC1	Route Option CC2
isal ria	Sub-Criteria		
pra rite	ĊŢ	Richmond Street –	Richmond Street – South
4 O	Sub	Camden Street –	Circular Road - Clanbrassil
		Wexford Street	Street – New Street South
	2A Land Use Policy	Enhancement of Richmond Street which is a DCC objective within the six years' period of the development plan (2016- 2022) subject to the availability of funding and environmental requirements (MT027).	Enhancement of Richmond Street which is a DCC objective within the six years' period of the development plan (2016- 2022) subject to the availability of funding and environmental requirements (MT027).
	Rank		
	2B Residential Population and Employment Catchments	Residential Population Catchments - 5 minute walk catchment of approximately 8,595 - 10 minute walk catchment of approximately 21,415 Employment catchments - - 10 minute walk catchment of approximately 21,415	Residential Population Catchments - 5 minute walk catchment of approximately 17,263 - 10 minute walk catchment of approximately 17,263 - 10 minute walk catchment of approximately 34,509 Employment catchments - 10 minute walk catchment of approximately 35,495
	Rank		
2 Integration	2C Transport Network Integration	Potential for interchange with Luas Green Line/Cross City at Harcourt Street & Stephen's Green.	Potential for interchange with Luas Green Line/Cross City at Harcourt Street. Potential for interchange with CBC bus services running along the Clondalkin & Tallaght Core Radial Corridors on New Street South/Patrick Street junction.
	Rank		
	2D Cycling Integration	This route option comprises of Primary Route 7 & Primary/Secondary Route 10 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. The proposed removal of cycle facilities along the route does not align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for route 10. The proposed construction of a parallel cycle route via Portobello Road/Martin Street/Stamer Street/Heytesbury Street/Bride Street aligns with Primary Route 9. Due to width constraints, mixed or shared street will only feasible along the Portobello Road/Martin Street.	This route option comprises of Secondary Orbital Route C7 in the GDA Cycle Network Plan. The proposed removal of cycle facilities along the route does not align with the GDA Cycle Network Plan proposal for route C7. The proposed construction of a parallel cycle route via Longwood Avenue, Spencer Street South, Emorville Avenue does not align with Secondary Route 9B. Due to width constraints, mixed or shared street will only be feasible. The remaining section of the route on Clanbrassil Street and New Street South does align with Secondary Route 9B of the GDA Cycle Network Plan.

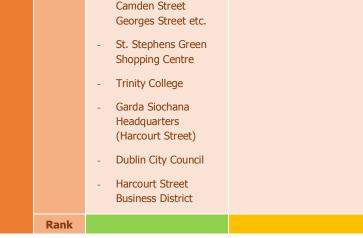
Section 3 Grand Canal to Christchurch

Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Route Option CC1 Richmond Street – Camden Street – Wexford Street	Route Option CC2 Richmond Street – South Circular Road - Clanbrassil Street – New Street South
2 Integration	2E Traffic Network Integration	Reallocation of traffic lanes to bus lanes will be necessary at junctions at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity. The proposals will also require the removal of on street parking and loading along Camden Street and Wexford Street.	The majority of this link comprises of a high capacity dual carriageway road. While the proposals would involve the reallocation of an outbound traffic lane to a bus lane, the existing road reservation (including medians) may facilitate the creation of additional traffic lanes at junctions. The reallocation of traffic lanes to bus lanes will be necessary at junctions at the expense of private vehicular traffic capacity and will be more acutely felt on the South Circular Road Section.
	Rank		

Section 3 Grand Canal to Christchurch

Richmond Street - Canden Street - Wexford Street Richmond Street - Canden Street - Wexford Street Richmond Street - Crular Road - Clanbrassil Street - New Street South Note - Portobello College - Portobello College - Portobello College - DTT Aungier Street - DTT Kevin Street - Portobello College - Portobello College - DTT Kevin Street - DUT Kevin Street - DUT Kevin Street - Ulfery College - St. Patrick's Cathedral Grammer School - Uiffey College - Royal College of Surgeons - Trinity College - Leonard's Corner - Portobello - St. Stephens Green Shopping Centre - Marsh's Library - St. Stephens Green Shopping Centre - St. Patrick's Cathedral - Dublin Garden - Ottobello - City Hall - Ottobello - St. Stephens Green Shopping Centre - National Concert Hall - National Concert Hall - Portobello Collage - St. Stephens Green Shopping Centre - Portobello - St. Stephens Green Shopping Centre - Portobello - Dublin Garden - Dublina - National Concert Hall - Portobello Collage - National Concert Hall - Natoineal Concert Hall<			Route Option CC1	Route Option CC2
Portobello College . Portobello College . Portobello College . DTT Aungier Street . DTT Kevin Street . DUblin Business . DUBI Revin Street . DUBI Revin Street . Liberties College . DUBI Revin Street . Griffith College . St. Patrick's Cathedral Grammer School . Trinity College . Griffith College . Griffith College . Trinity College . Leonard's Corner . Blackpitts Mosque . Portobello . St. Stephens Green Shopping Centre . St. Patrick's Cathedral . Dublin Garden . Griffith College . St. Patrick's Cathedral . Dublin Garden . St. Patrick's Cathedral . St. Patrick's Cathedral . Dublin Garden . Othistchurch Cathedral . St. Patrick's Cathedral . St. Stephens Green . Chester Beatty Library . Dublina . Dublin Garden . St. Stephens Green . Portobello . Jivy Gardens . National Concert Hall . Portobello Collage . Matonal Concert Hall . Uberties College . St. Patrick's Cathedral . Olympia Theatre . Olympia Theatre . Prostobello Collage . Matonal Concert Hall . Diblin Gustnest . Dublin City Council	Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Camden Street –	Circular Road - Clanbrassil
L chool	3 Accessibility & Social Indusion		Feture tion-Portobello College-DIT Aungier Street-DIT Kevin Street-Dublin Business School-Liffey College-Royal College of Surgeons-Trinity College-Portobello-St. Stephens Green Shopping Centre-Oublin Garden-City Hall-City Hall-St. Stephens Green St. Stephens Green Quarter-Dublin Garden-Olympia Theatre-National Concert Hall-National Concert Hall-Christchurch Cathedral-Portobello College-DIT Aungier Street-DIT Kevin Street	Education-Portobello Collage-Presentation Secondary School-Liberties College-St. Patrick's Cathedral Grammer School-Griffith College-Leonard's Corner-Blackpitts Mosque-St. Patrick's Park-St. Patrick's Park-St. Patrick's Park-Oublinia-Portobello-The Meath Primary Care Centre-The Meath Primary Care Centre-Portobello Collage-Portobello Collage-Liberties College-St. Patrick's Cathedral

- Royal College of Surgeons
- St. Stephens Green
- Grafton Street Quarter
- Local businesses on



		Section 3 Grand Canal to Chri	istchurch
Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Route Option CC1 Richmond Street – Camden Street – Wexford Street	Route Option CC2 Richmond Street – South Circular Road - Clanbrassil Street – New Street South
8 Accessibility & Social Inclusion	3B Deprived Geographic Areas	Route option serves area of Marginally Below Average to Affluent means from the Pobal Deprivation Index.	Route option serves area of Disadvantaged to Affluent means from the Pobal Deprivation Index
<u>m v</u>	4A Road Safety	No. of Junctions: 4 0 turning movements	No. of Junctions: 7 2 turn movements required for each direction (1 right turn/ 1 Left turn in each direction)
	Rank		
4 Safety	4B Pedestrian Safety	No. of Junctions: 4 No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 7 Length: 0.86 km Pedestrian crossings are not located within 50m of most stops, additional pedestrian crossing will be required along the majority of the route. Footpaths are provided on both sides of the road.	No. of Junctions: 7 No. of Pedestrian Crossings: 4 Length: 1.8 km Pedestrian crossings are not located within 50m of most stops, additional pedestrian crossing will be required along the majority of the route. Footpaths are provided on both sides of the road.
	Rank		
	5A Archaeology and Cultural Heritage	4 Recorded Monument or site of archaeological and cultural heritage merit was identified within the assessment area which mainly consist of old houses and buildings. No land acquisition required at any Recorded Monuments.	6 Recorded Monument or site of archaeological and cultural heritage merit was identified within the assessment area which range from Houses, Mills to Cathedrals. No land acquisition required at any Recorded Monuments.
	Rank		
6 Environment	5B Architectural Heritage	40 protected structures were identified along the CBC corridor. While 100 protected structures were identified on the proposed parallel cycle route along Heytesbury Street. No land acquisition required at any protected structure.	80 protected structures were identified within the assessment area. 65 of these structures (residential & commercial buildings) are located either side of South Circular Road approaching Clanbrassil Street Upper/South Circular Road junction. No land acquisition required at any protected structure.
	Rank		
	Flora and Fauna	No appreciable impacts	Possible removal of trees on median on Clanbrassil Street Lower between Daniel Street junction and Long Lane junction. The installation of bus lanes on South Circular Road would

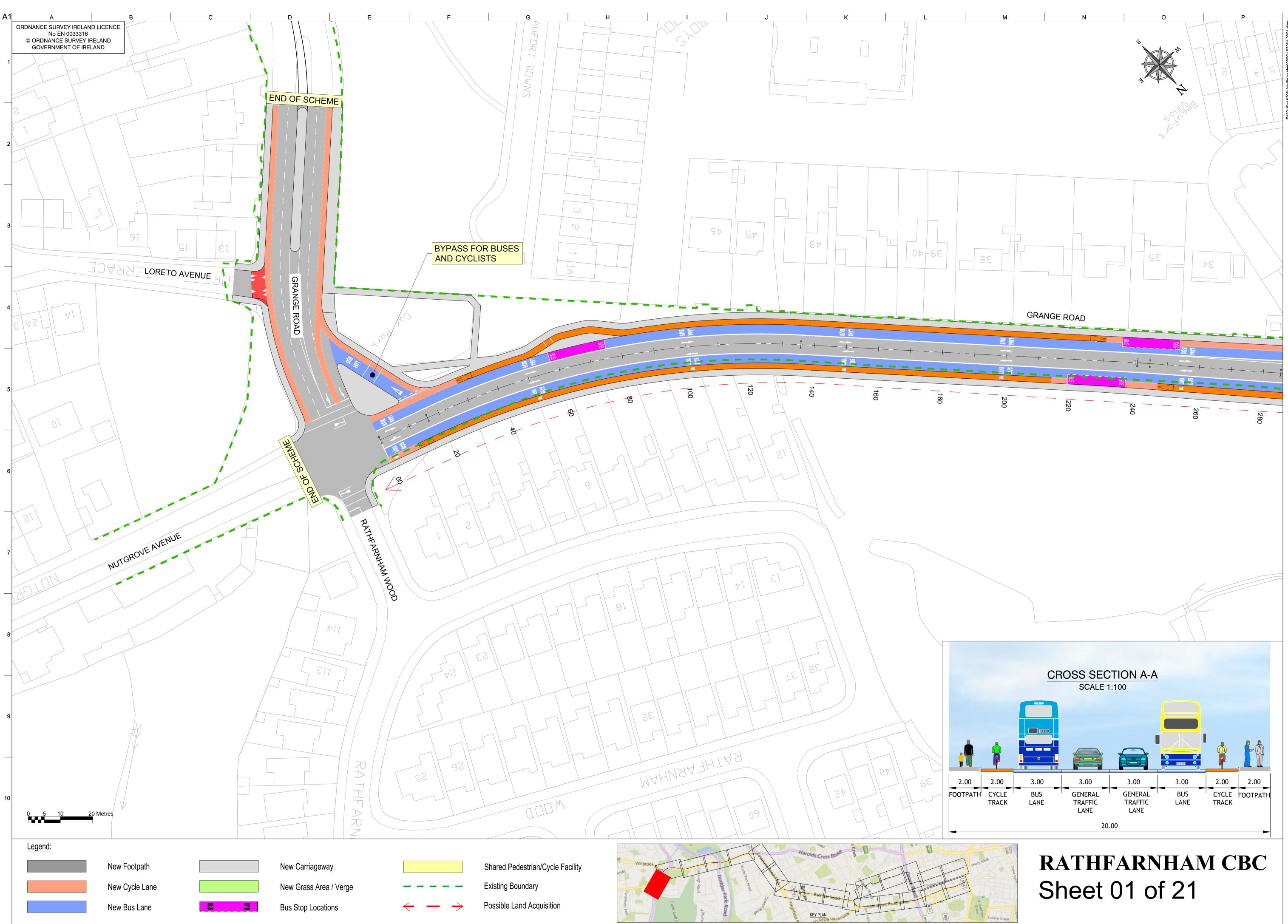
5C Flor		South Circular Road would require the removal of existing trees on one side of the carriageway.
Rank		
5D Soils, Geology & Hydrology	No appreciable impacts	No appreciable impacts
Rank		

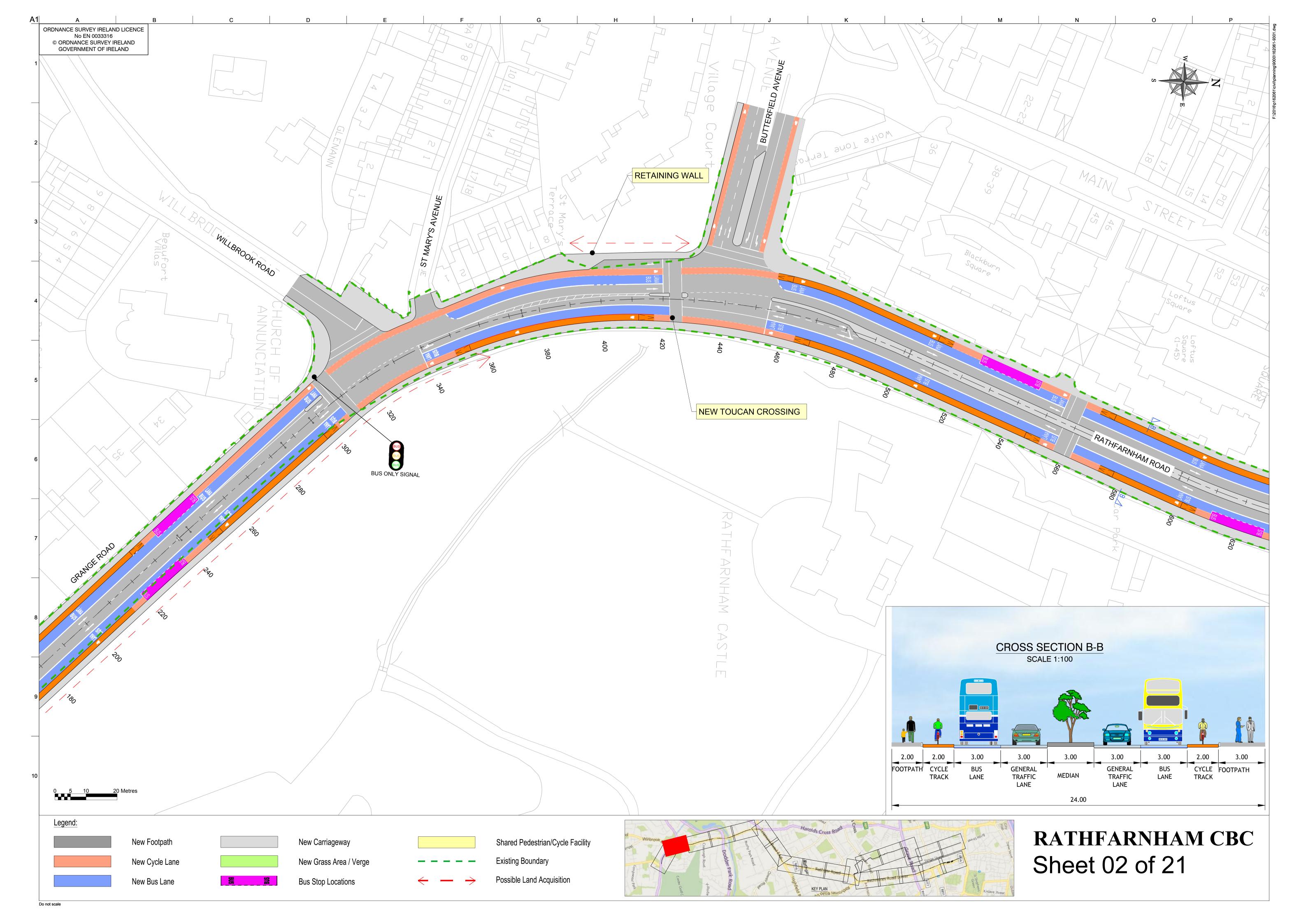
Section 3 Grand Canal to Christchurch

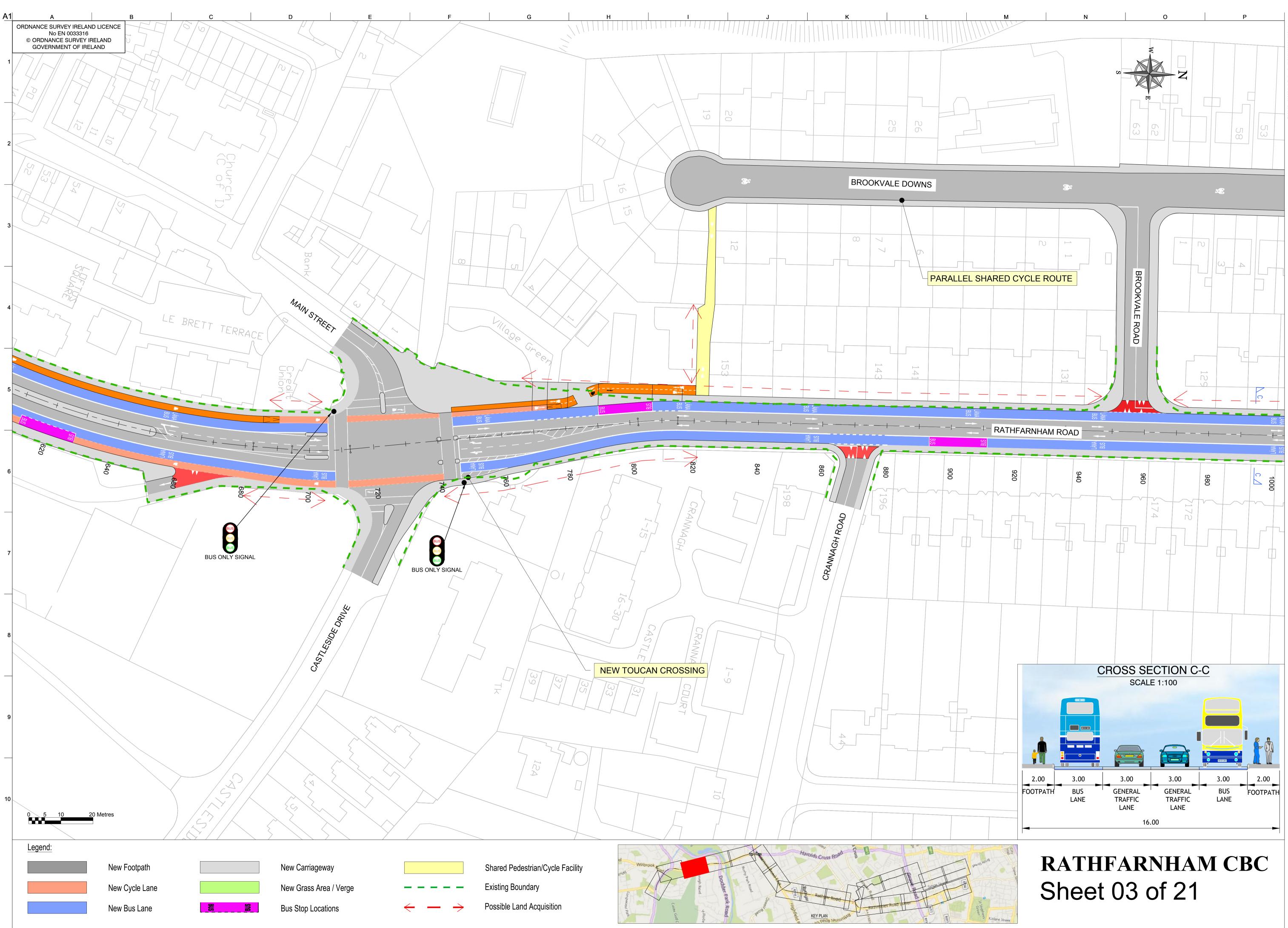
Appraisal Criteria	Sub-Criteria	Route Option CC1 Richmond Street – Camden Street – Wexford Street	Route Option CC2 Richmond Street – South Circular Road - Clanbrassil Street – New Street South
	5E Landscape and Visual	No appreciable impacts	Possible removal of trees on median on Clanbrassil Street Lower between Daniel Street junction and Long Lane junction (100m). No significant impact, trees can be replanted. The installation of bus lanes on South Circular Road would require the removal of existing trees on one side of the carriageway
	Rank		
6 Environment	5F Air Quality	No appreciable impacts	No appreciable impacts
	Rank		
	5G Noise & Vibration	No appreciable impacts	No appreciable impacts
	Rank		
	5H Land Use Character	No appreciable impacts	No appreciable impacts
	Rank		

APPENDIX D – Cycle Routes Assessment Criteria

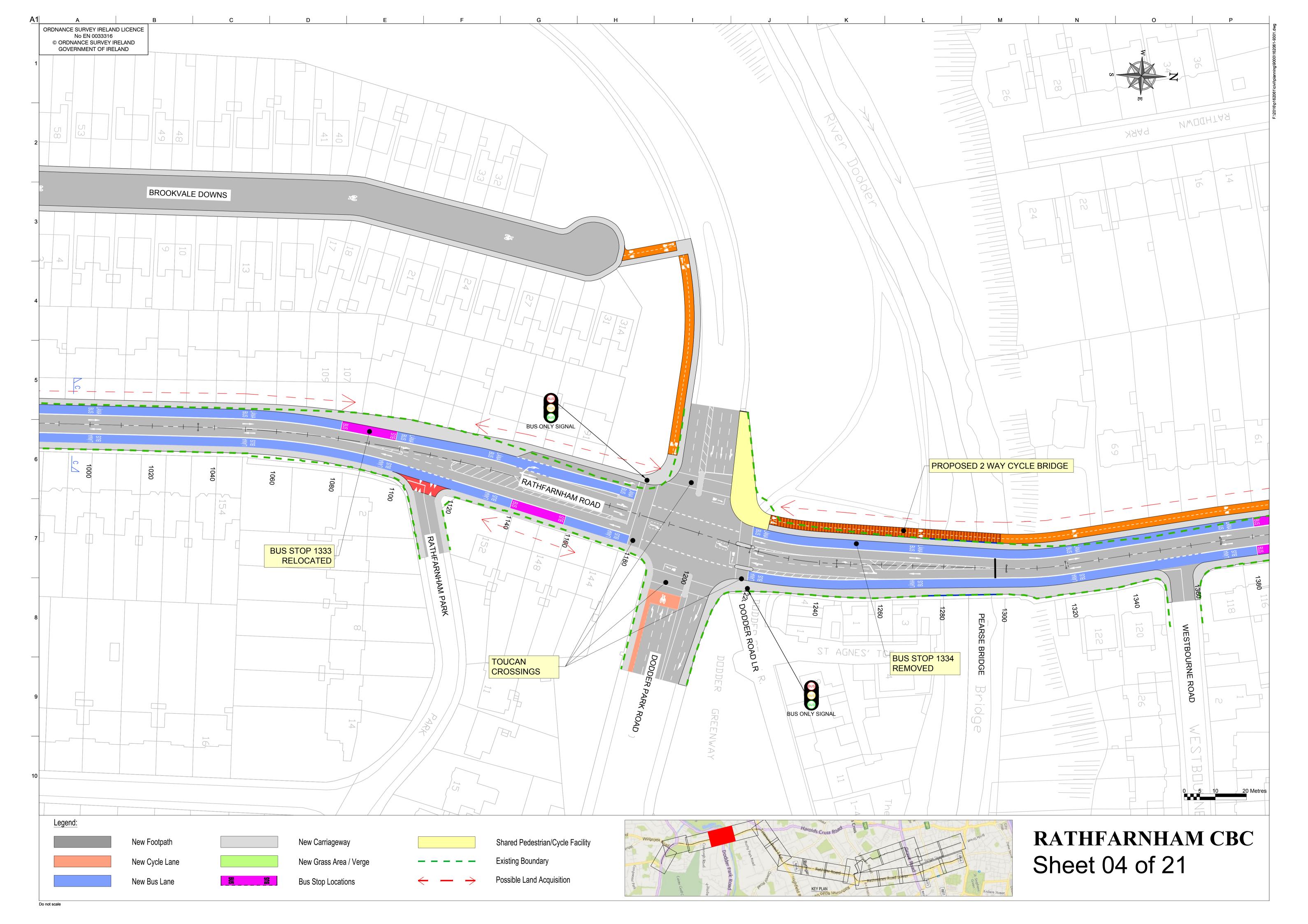
Assessment Criteria	Rationale
1. Capital Cost	Capital cost estimates consist of both the indicative infrastructure cost estimate and land acquisition costs The cycle route infrastructure cost examines the practicality and extent of works required to accommodate cycle route infrastructure along route options. This criterion evaluates the likely costs associated with land acquisition and associated boundary/accommodation works for each route option. The assessment takes consideration of: - The number of adjacent public/commercial/ residential/industrial properties, from which land acquisition would be required as well as the extent (area) of land acquisition likely to be necessary; and The costs associated with boundary/accommodation works.
2. Road Safety	For the purposes of comparing route options, the extent of segregation and the number of junctions along the route has been used as a proxy for road safety. The number of junctions is effectively a measure of the number of potential conflicts on the route and therefore a measure of the potential for a collision. The type of movement required by the cyclist at junctions on the route is also considered with routes where turning movements (either left or right) are required being assigned a lower ranking in terms of safety. The quality of cycle provision practically achievable on route options has been assessed. For comparison purposes, the highest level of practical cycle provision achievable on each route has been determined and compared between route options.
3. Coherence	This criterion considers whether a route option forms part of the GDA Cycle Network Plan, with routes where CBC and designated Cycle Routes overlap given a higher designation in terms of benefits arising where cycle infrastructure can be provided as part of the proposed scheme. In some instances, however it may be more appropriate to provide a parallel cycle track off the CBC route. Consideration is also given to cycle routes intersecting with the CBC route. The cycle route should also link the main origin and destination zones along the CBC route.
4. Directness	For the purposes of comparing route options, the number of junctions, length of the route and the number of detours & gaps from the CBC has been used as a proxy for directness.
5. Attractiveness	The cycling environment along the route should be pleasant and interesting. Monotony and lack of points of interest along the cycle route are unattractive to cyclists. Cycle routes should also be adequately lit so as not to deter evening and night time use.
6. Comfort	The quality of cycle provision practically achievable on route options has been assessed. For comparison purposes, the highest level of practical cycle provision achievable on each route has been determined and compared between route options.
7. Environmental	The provision of segregated cycle lanes has the potential to impact on the archaeological, architectural and cultural heritage environment. At this stage of the assessment process, a conservative approach has been adopted in assessing the potential for impact and this is further described below. The provision of segregated cycle lanes has the potential to impact on flora and fauna, the townscape/streetscape along the route and on the land use character through land-take, severance or reduction of viability which prevents or reduces it from being used for its intended use.

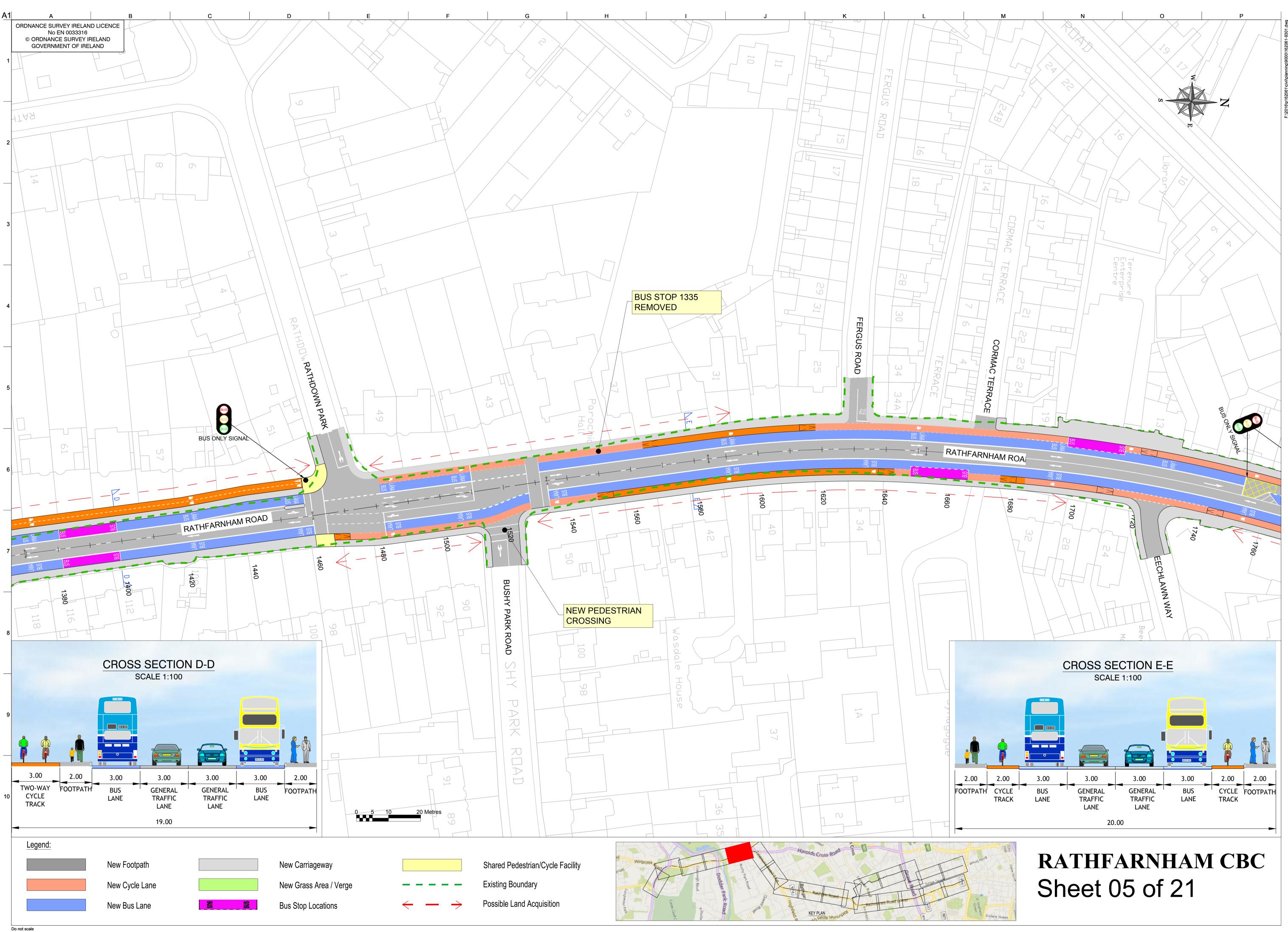


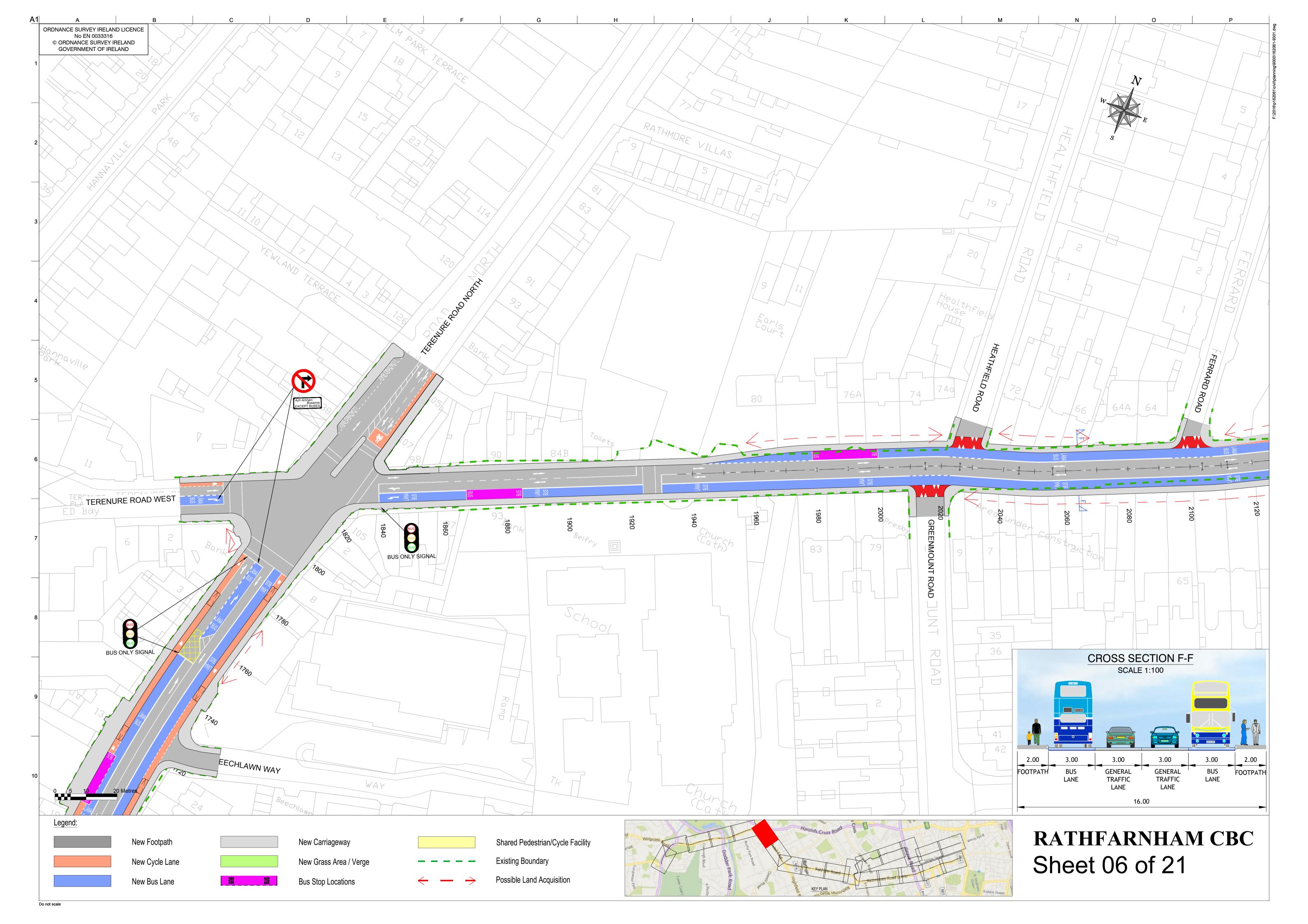


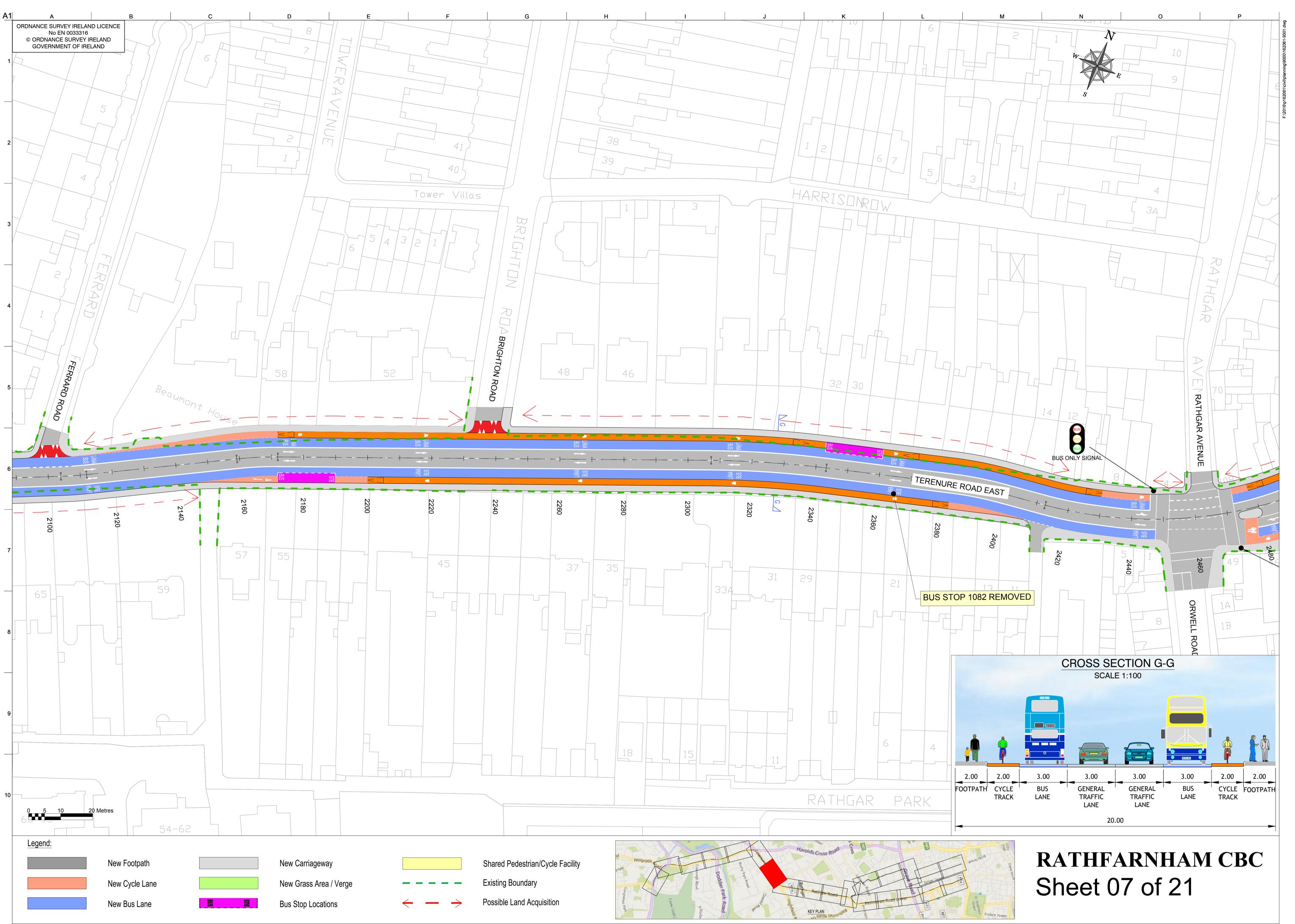


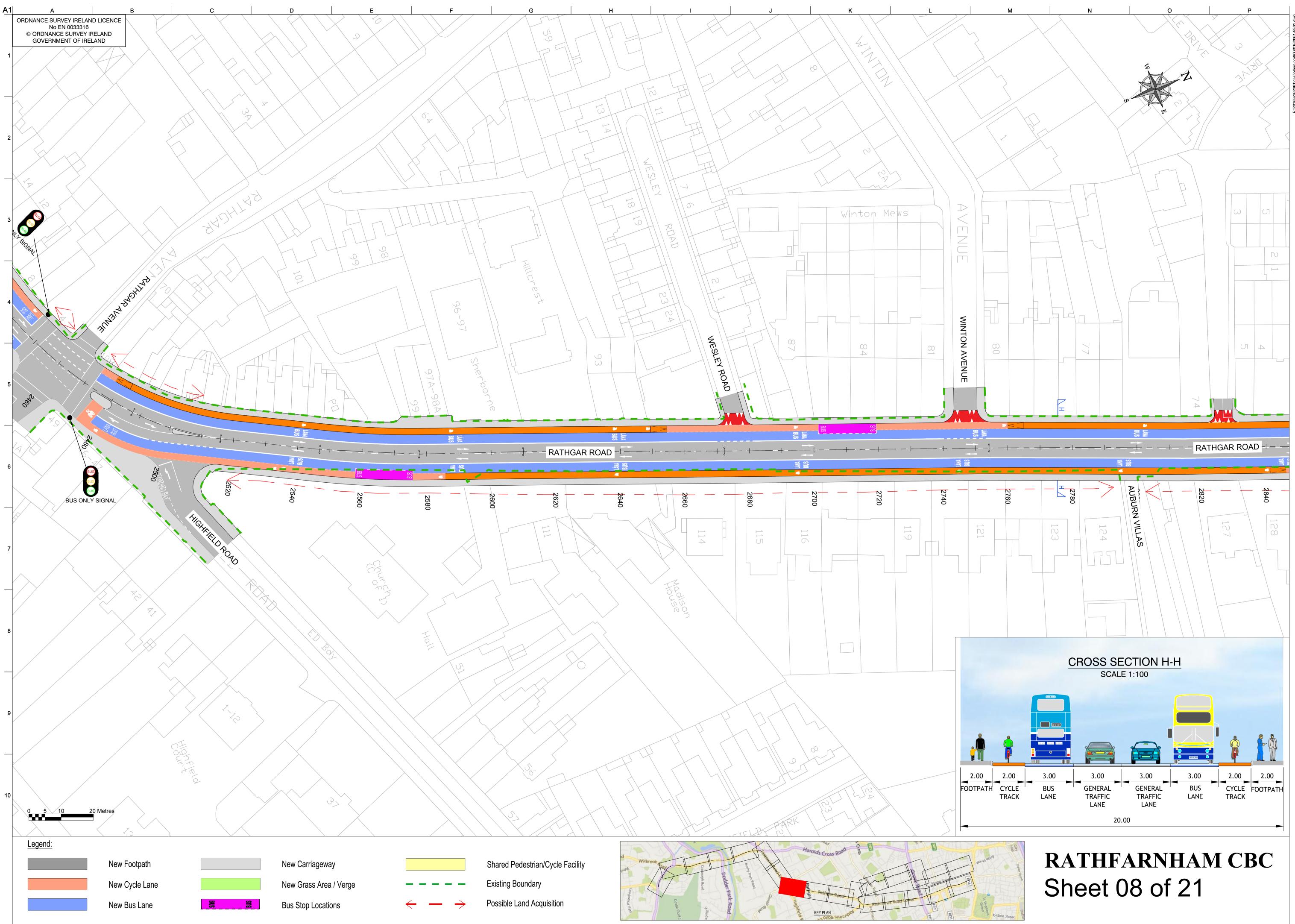
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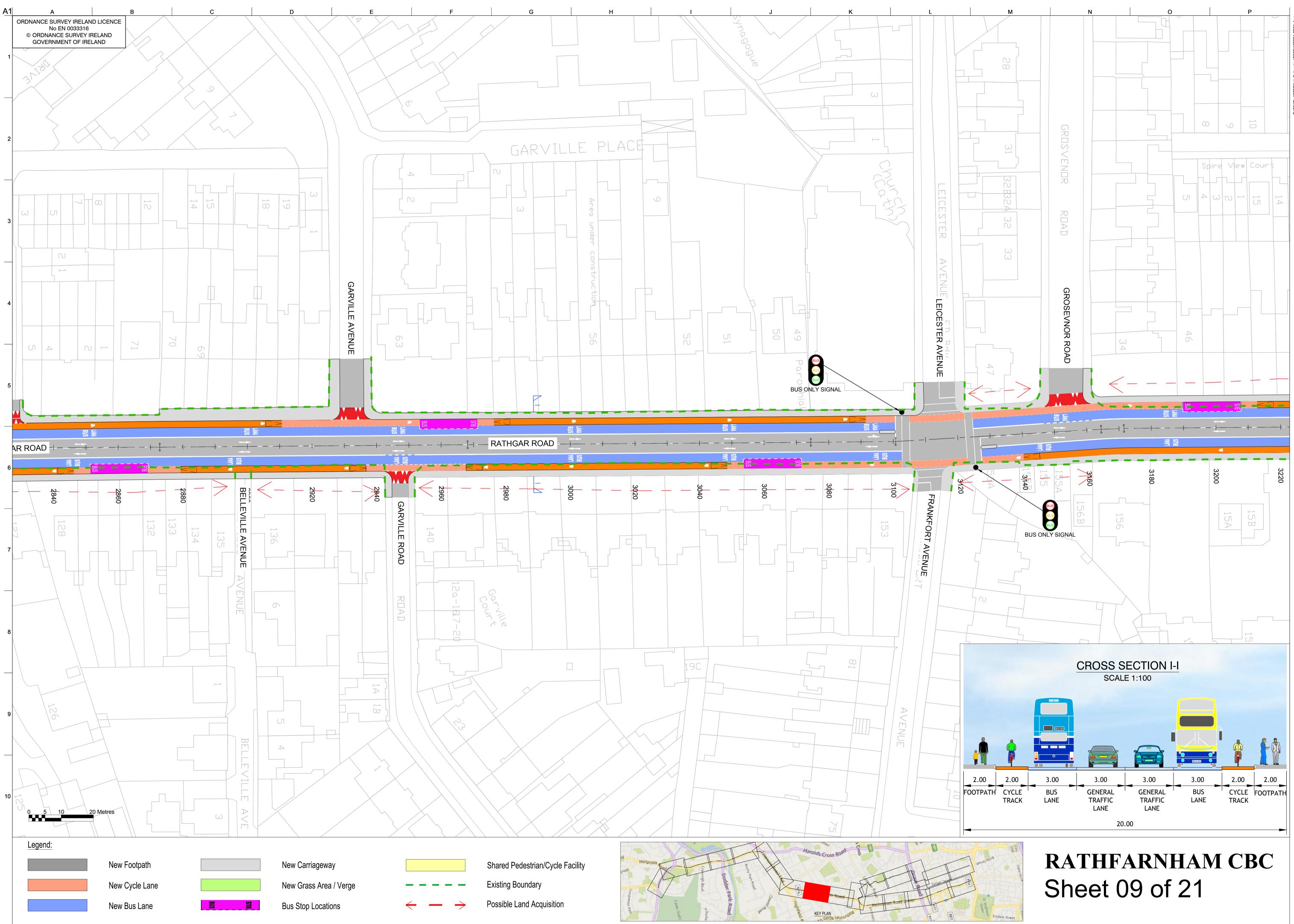


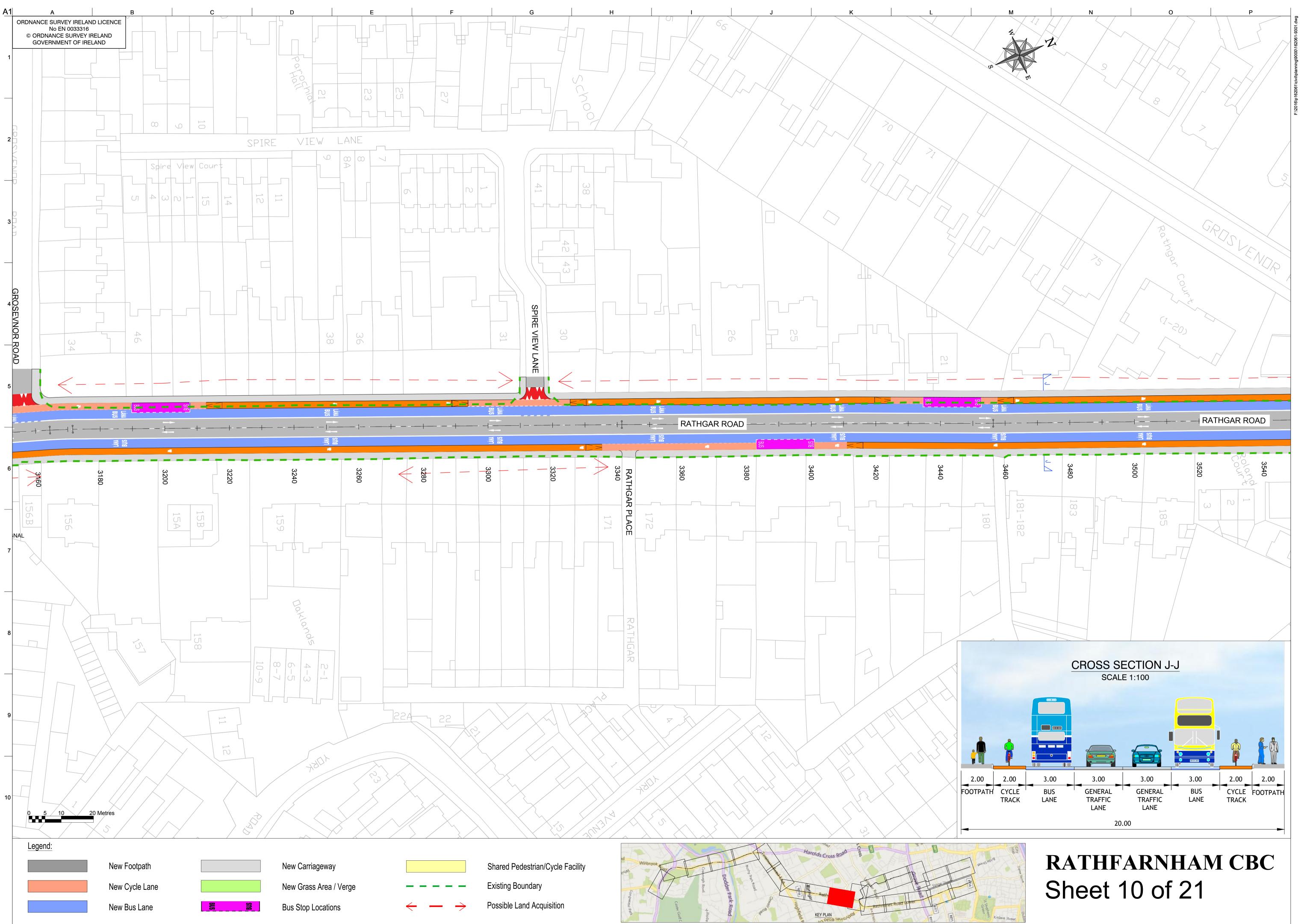


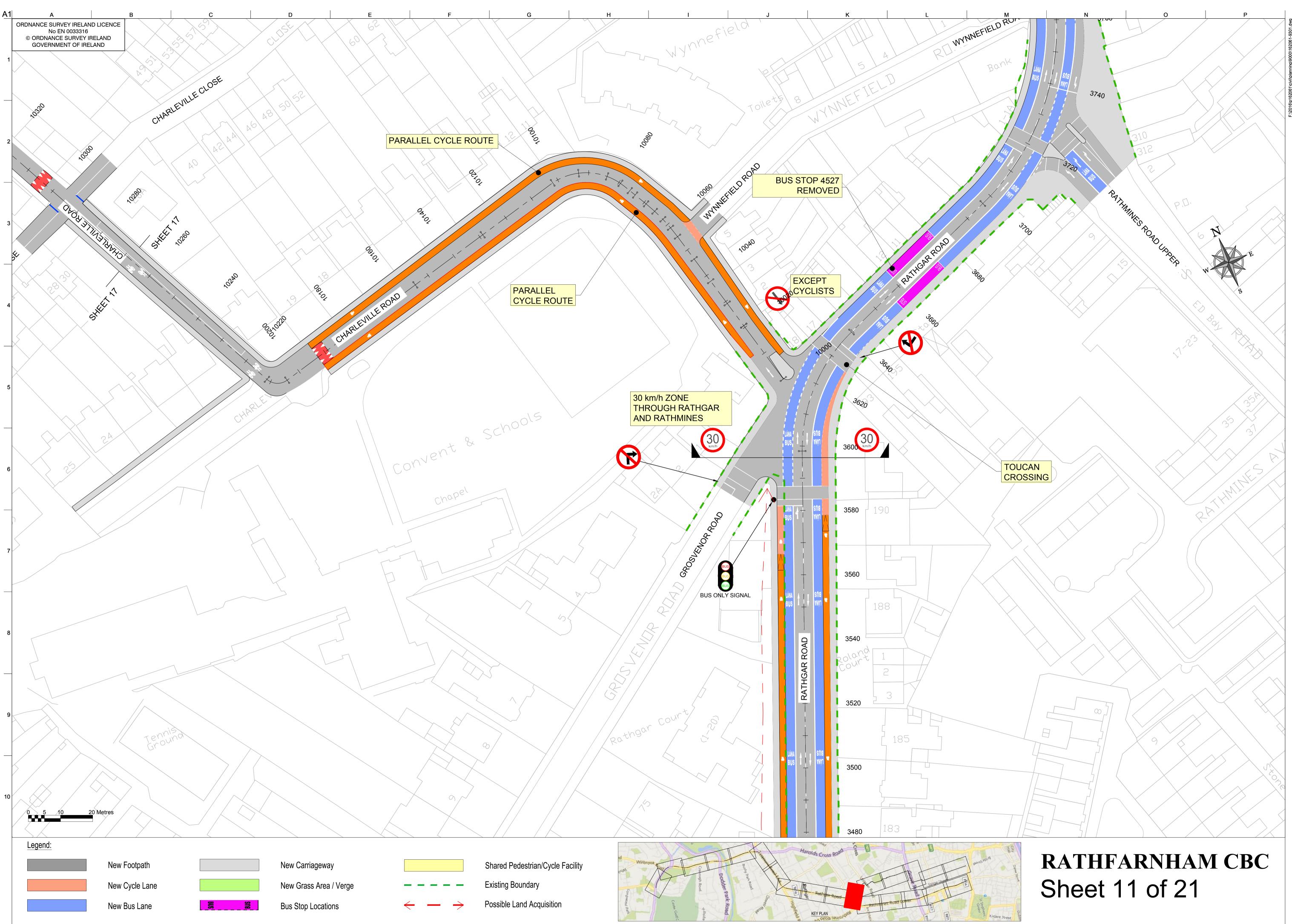


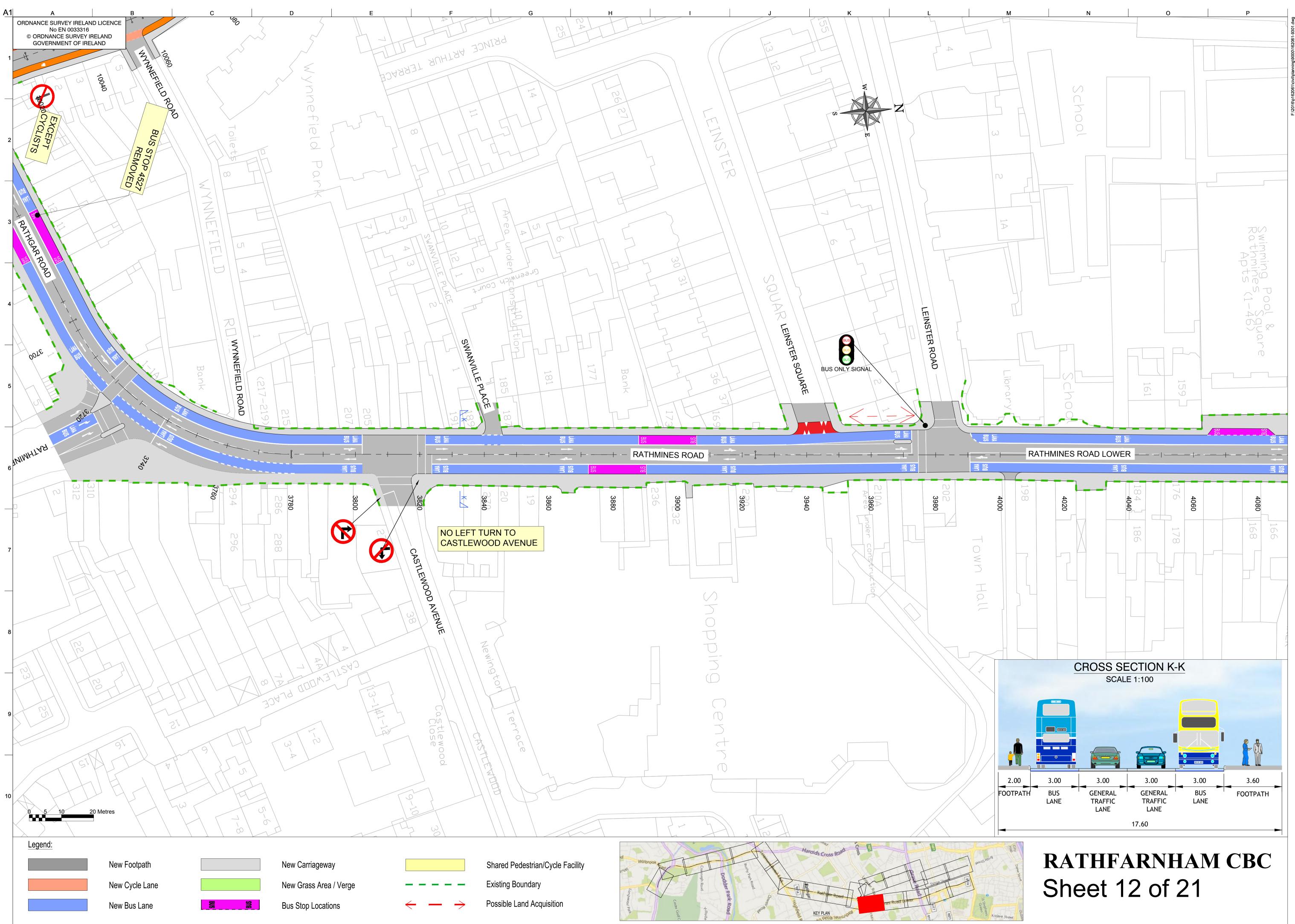


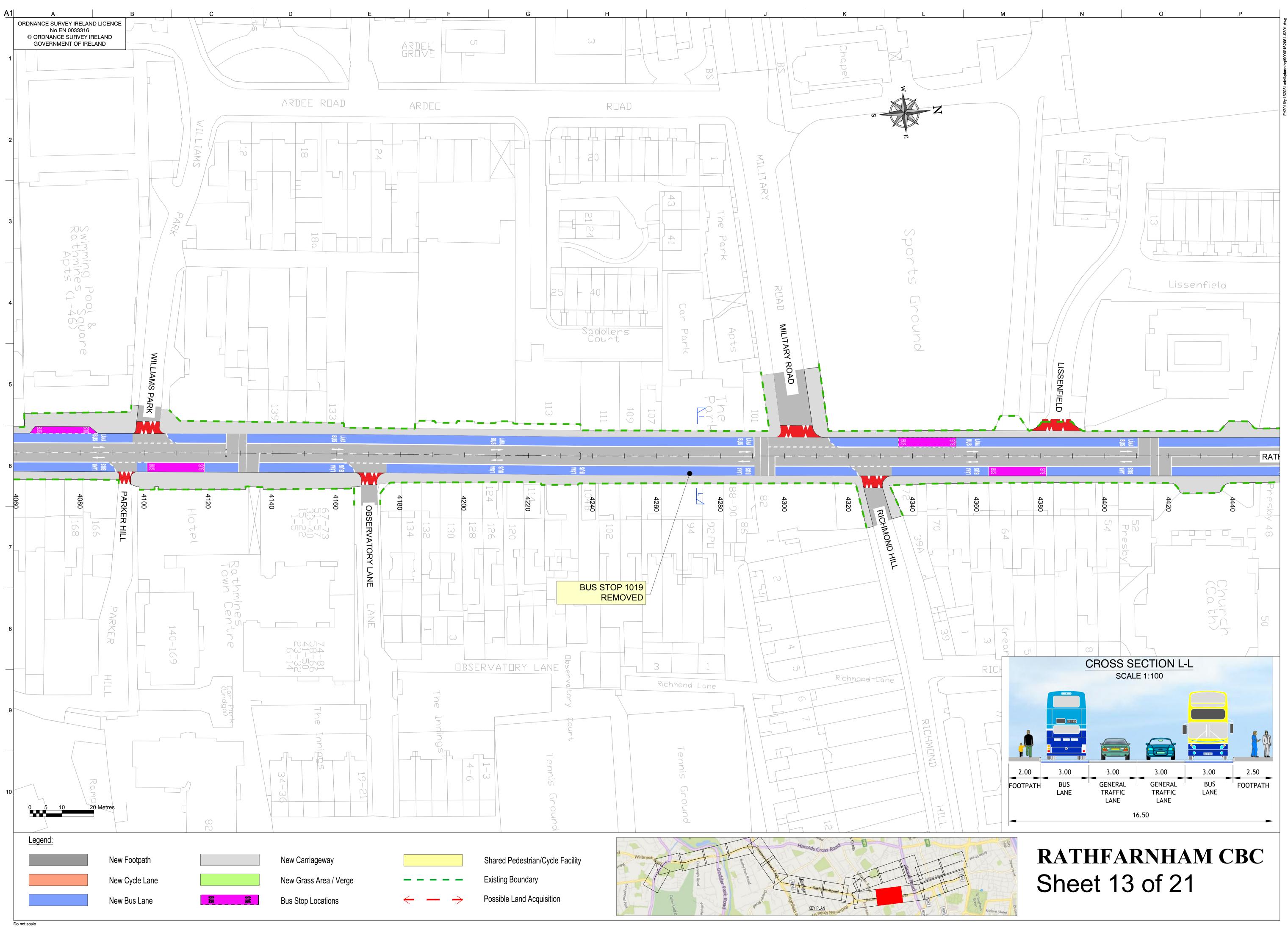


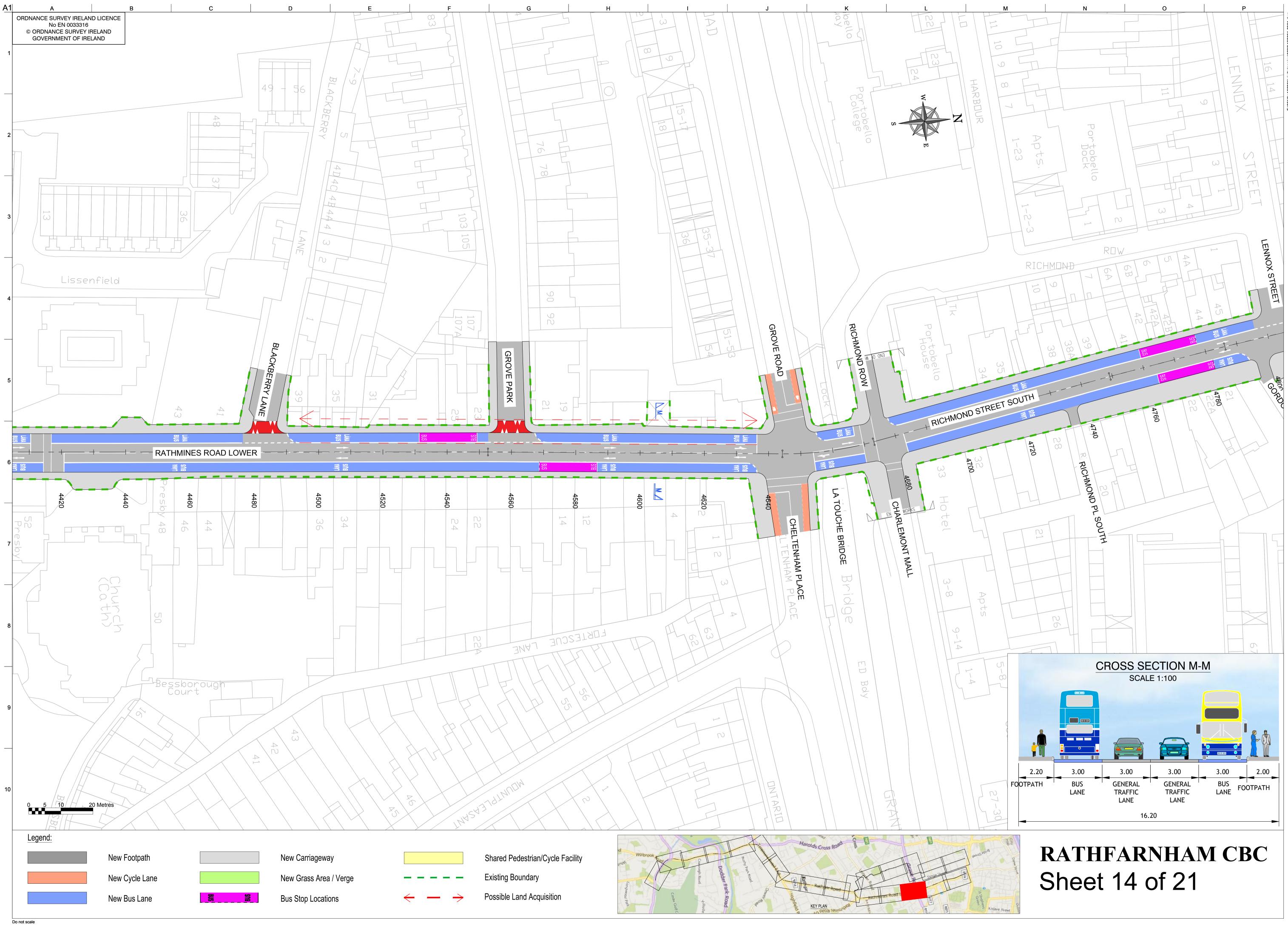


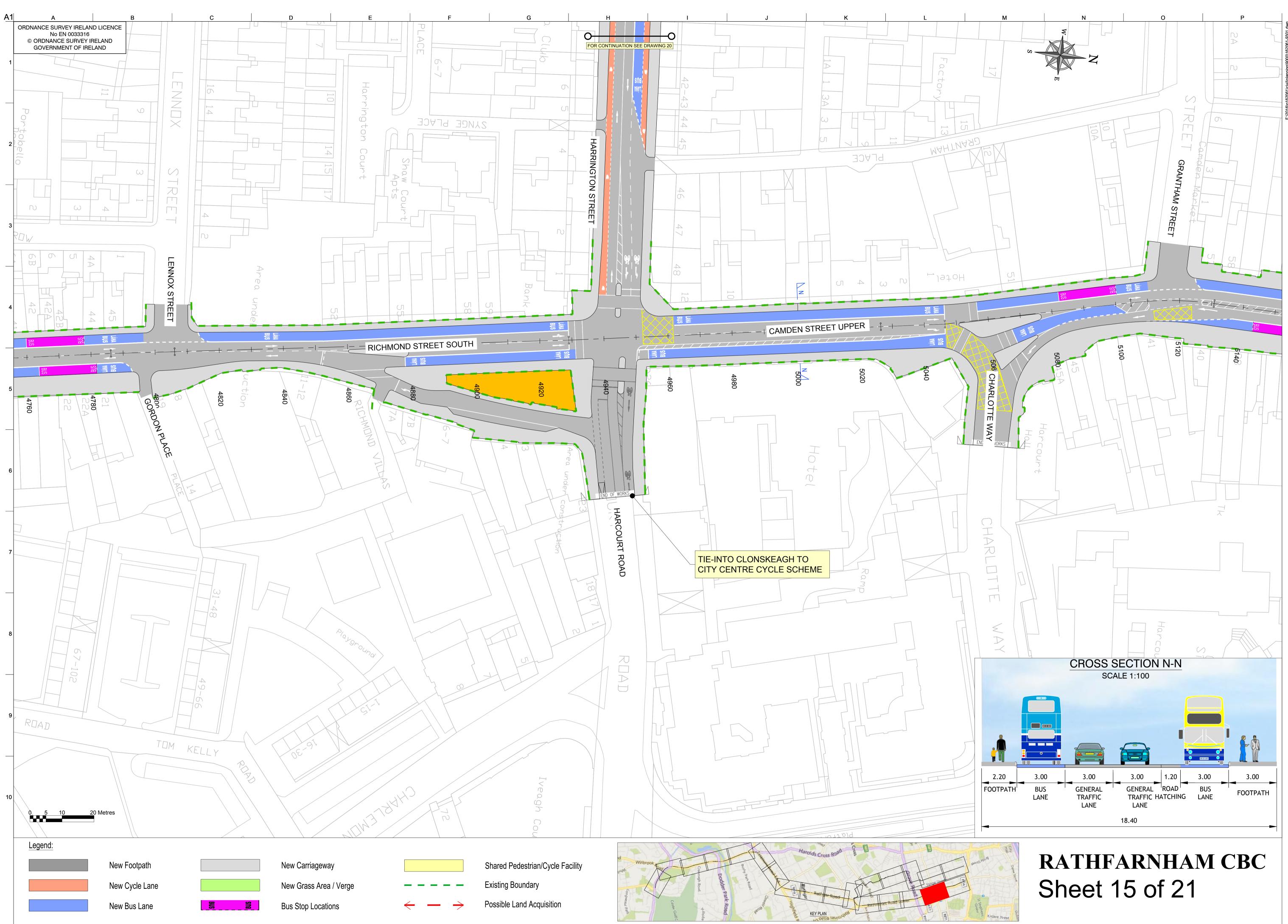


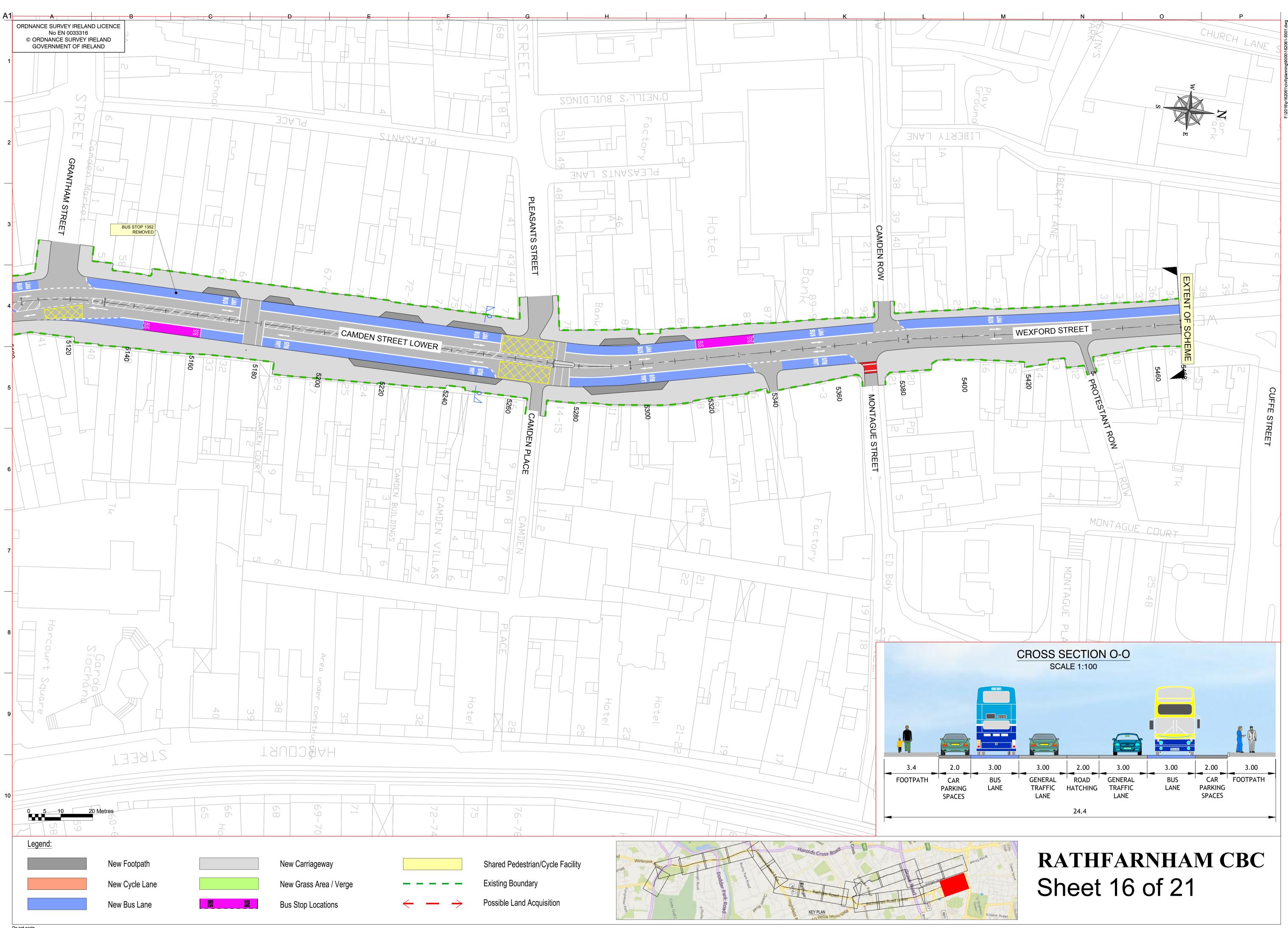


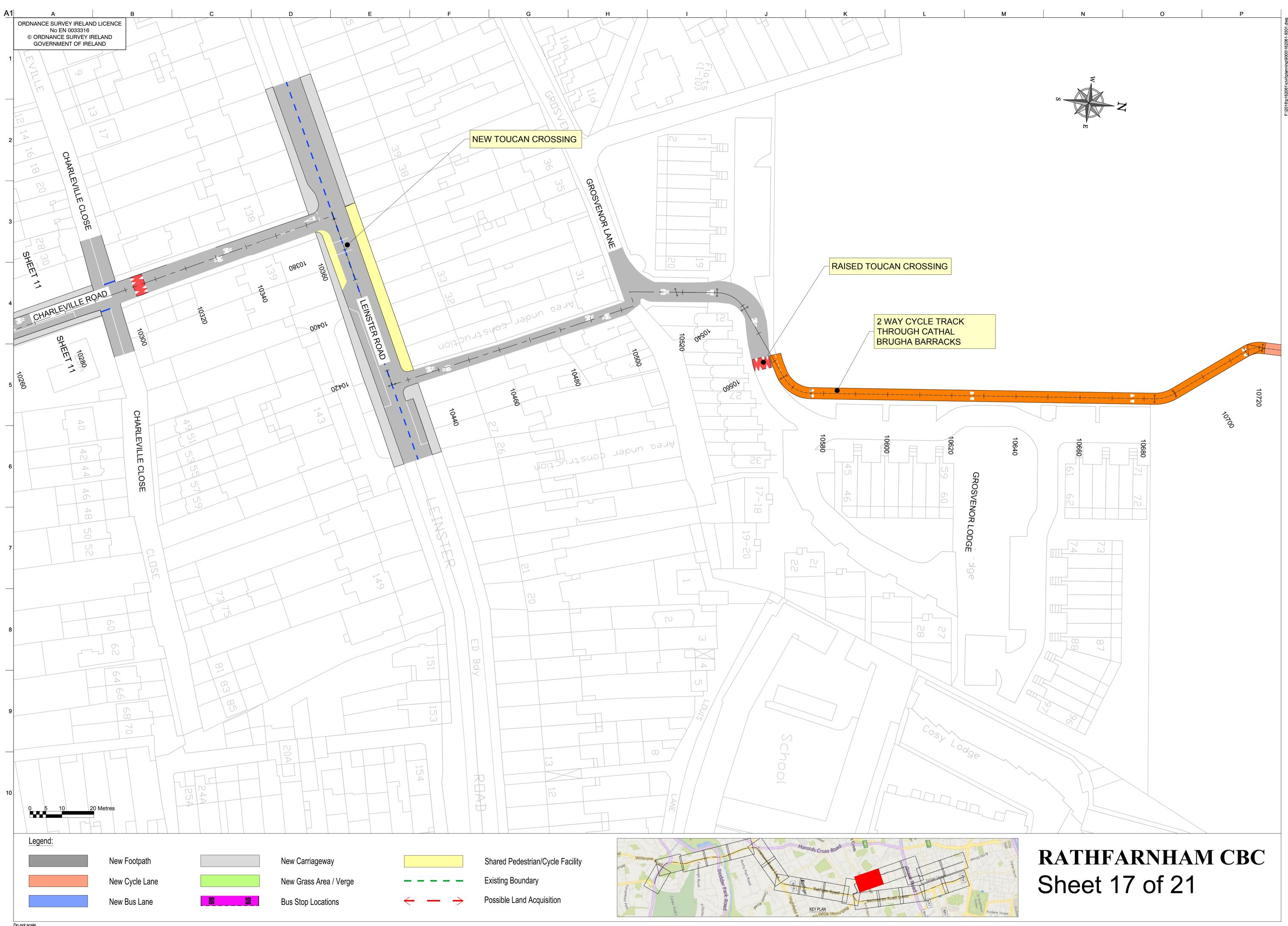


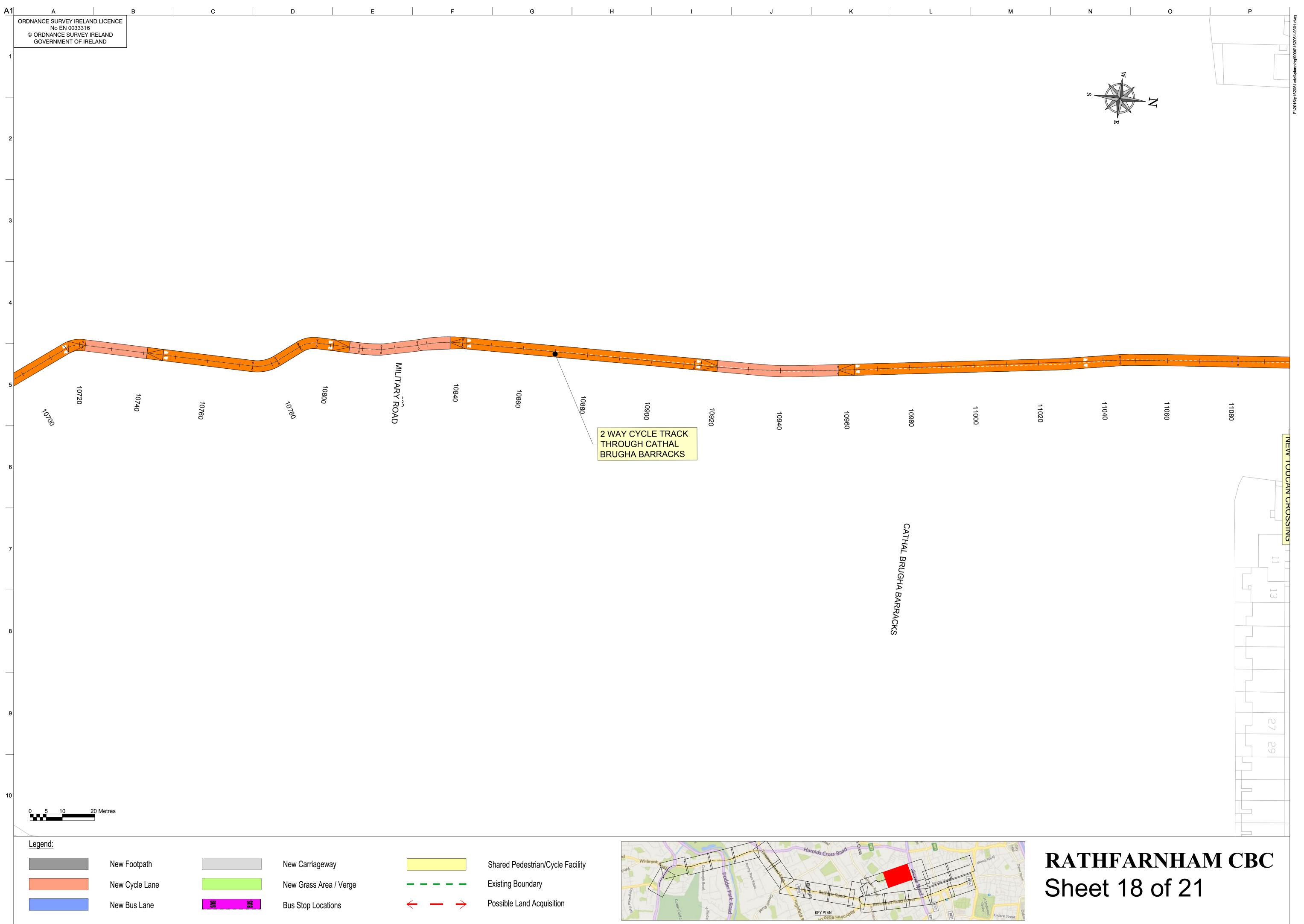


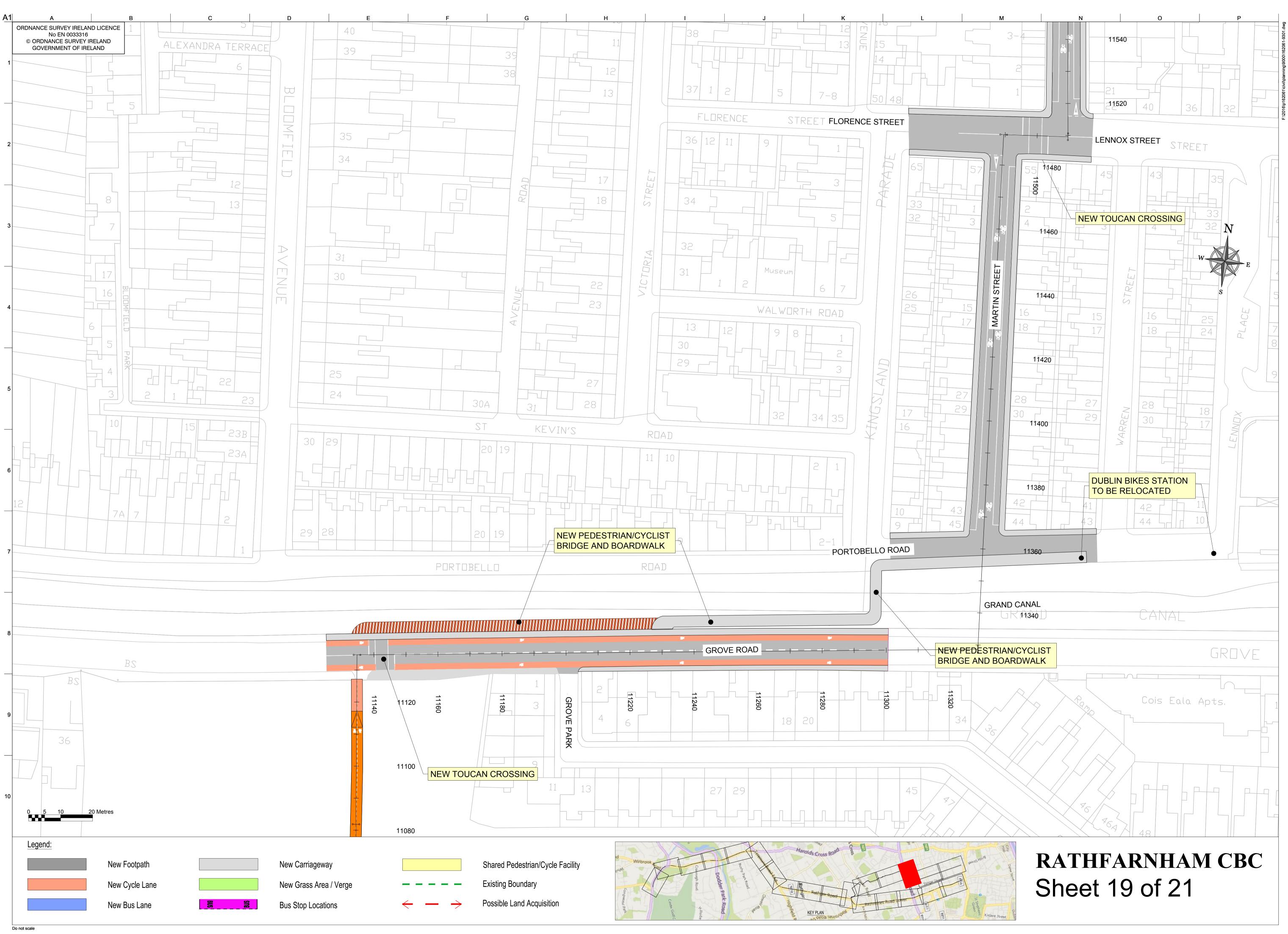


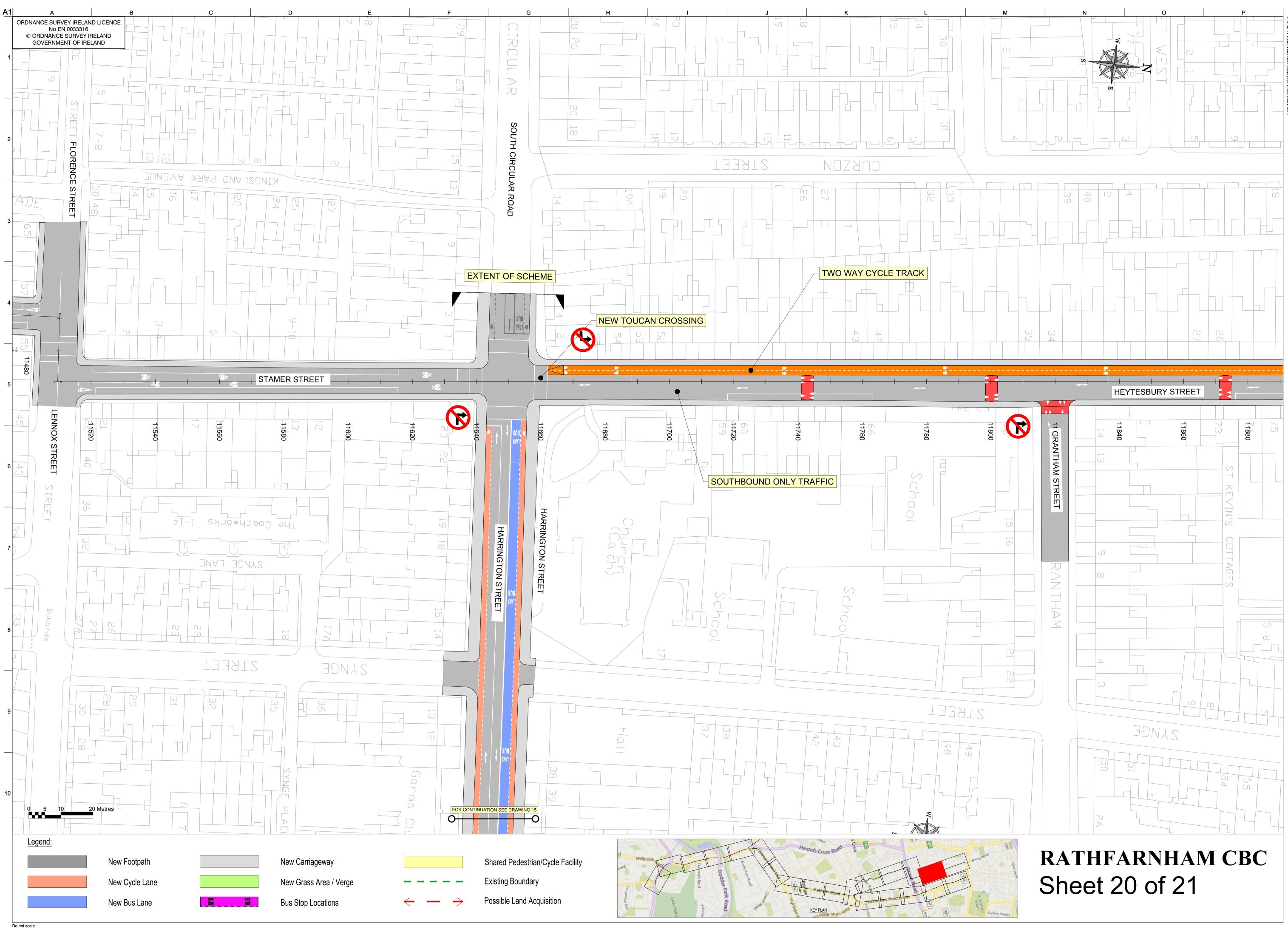


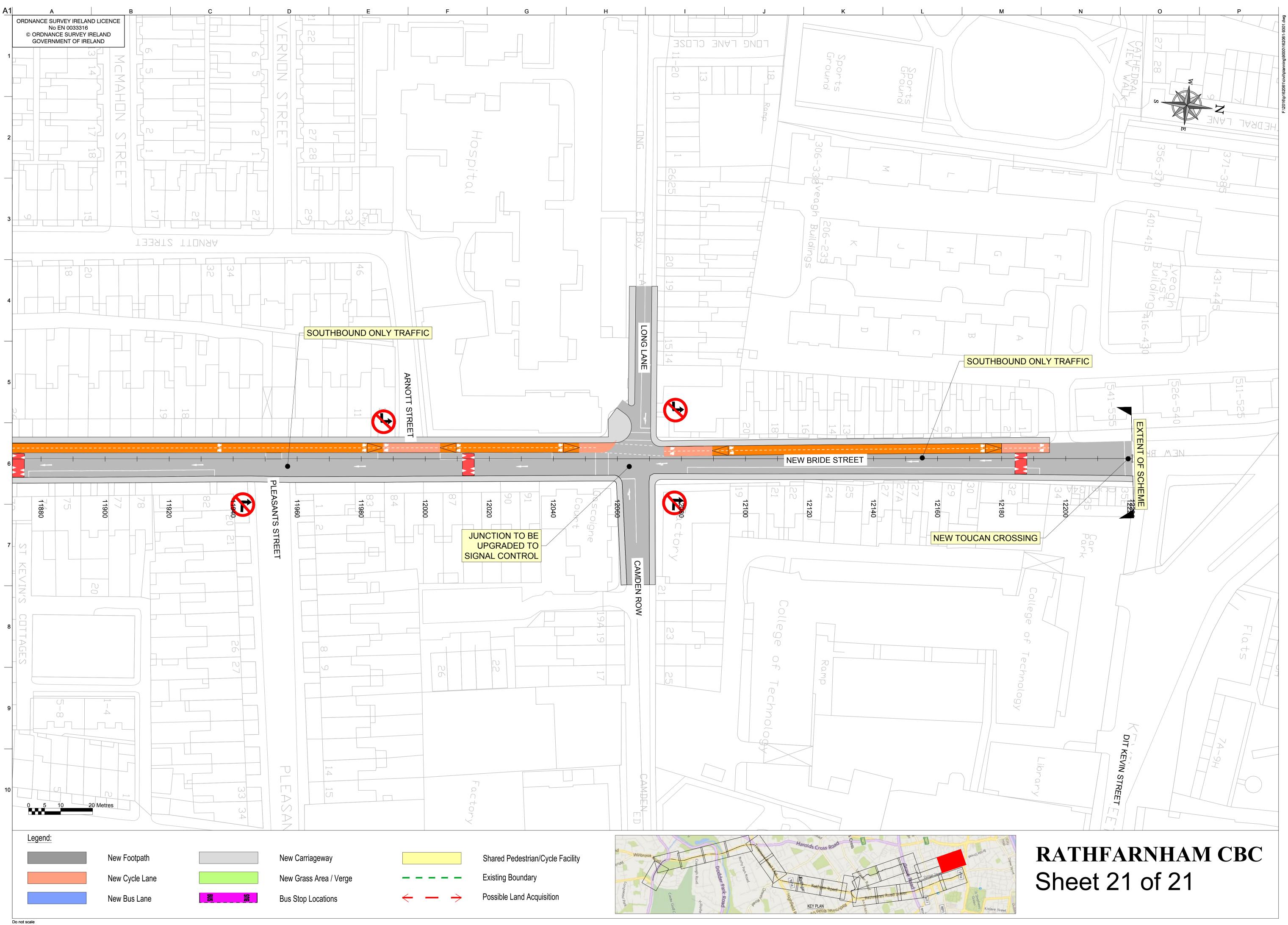












IAC Archaeology

ARCHITECTURAL HERITAGE OVERVIEW OF THE RATHFARNHAM TO RATHMINES CBC, DUBLIN

ON BEHALF OF: DBFL CONSULTING ENGINEERS

AUTHORS: FAITH BAILEY & DR KAREN DAMPSEY

FEBRUARY 2017

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 GENERAL

The following report details an architectural heritage overview undertaken in order to investigate the feasibility of developing a CBC from Rathfarnham to Rathmines, within Dublin City (Figure 1). This assessment has been carried out to ascertain the extent of recorded architectural heritage sites that exist along the proposed route and within a possible land take required to widen the road. The assessment was undertaken by Faith Bailey and Dr Karen Dempsey of Irish Archaeological Consultancy Ltd, on behalf of DBFL Consulting Engineers.

The architectural assessment primarily involved a detailed study of the Record of Protected Structures for County Dublin City along with the National Inventory of Architectural Heritage survey and available cartographic and documentary sources.

1.2 THE DEVELOPMENT

The proposed scheme would involve the construction of a CBC along the streets of Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road Lower. A provisional land take has been proposed, which is required to widen the existing streets in order to accommodate a bus lane. This provisional land take is illustrated in Figures 2 to 8.

1.3 METHODOLOGY

The primary document that was used to inform the assessment of the architectural heritage resource was the Dublin City Development Plan (2016-2022). This document contains a catalogue of all the Protected Structures within the city as well as Architectural Conservation Areas and policies and objectives relating to the architectural heritage of the City. Protected structures are subject to statutory protection under the Planning and Development Act (2000) and should be considered as key constraints when assessing the feasibility of the proposed scheme.

An historical overview of the area has also been provided, which draws on documentary sources, historic mapping, aerial photographs and the National Inventory of Architectural Heritage.

2 **RESULTS OF STUDY**

2.1 HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

Rathmines is a suburb south of the city of Dublin. It encompasses an area south of the Royal Canal along Rathmines and up along Rathgar Road as far as the village of the same name. Although it now appears fully developed and urban it was once a riverine landscape as the Dodder and the Swan Rivers and their tributaries crisscrossed the area. Owing to this it is likely that people settled here in the distant past to utilise resources provided by the rivers.

Rathmines, which was known as Cuallu was inhabited from the early medieval period (400-800 AD). The most common indicator of settlement during the early medieval period is the ringfort or *ráth*. These are a type of homestead comprising a central site enclosed by a number of circular banks and ditches (typically one). There are hundreds of early medieval enclosures or ringforts within County Dublin and whilst none have been identified within the vicinity of the proposed development area, the element of 'ráth' in the name Rathmines or in Gaelic, Ráth Maonais, which means 'Rath of Maonas') signifies a potential for the occurrence of such a place.

During the later medieval period, from the late 13th century, Rathmines was held by the De Meones family. It is believed that the area was enclosed, although evidence for this in not conclusive. Later, Rathmines was part of the large ecclesiastical parish of Cullenswood (derived from Cuallu) which was in turn part of the manor of St Sepulchre, a liberty of the Archbishop of Dublin. One of the most significant events in the historic past of this area was in 1649 when a battle took place during the Confederate Wars (Curtis 2011, 26).

The creation of the Royal Canal in the 1740s firmly delineated the suburb of Rathmines and provided a new transportation route into this area of the city. The provision of trams augmented the transportation routes from the city centre to Rathmines and beyond in the later 19th and early 20th centuries.

Rathmines would later become a Unionist stronghold and in following this tradition in 1847, an Act of Parliament created the Rathmines Township which was to uphold the independence and cultural values of its inhabitants (Curtis 2011, 57). Street names are reflective of this: Palmerston, Kensington, Cambridge and York Roads. In 1861, it was re-formed (with some opposition) as Rathgar and Rathmines Township and subsequently went on to include Harold's Cross, Ranelagh, Sandymount and Milltown. This township was created under the Towns Improvement Acts. From this point onwards, development surged in the area, led by Frederick Stokes and Terence Dolan, buoyed by an ever-increasing demand for residential accommodation as the upper middles classes moved from the declining city centre to Rathmines. Initially development was concentrated along the main arteries including Rathmines Road Lower, Highfield, Rathgar and Palmerston Road. However, as space became more limited the open areas were gradually filled in with more compact, high density

development for the lower middle classes in the late 19th century. The provision of houses for working class families remained very low.

The houses that formed the township of Rathmines were built speculatively by developers, either individually or part of a terrace. A number of different styles of houses exist in Rathmines from Georgian-era large houses to smaller mid-19th century Regency era villas often with their distinctive chimneys rising far above the rooftops.

The town houses are typically two-bay wide and three storeys over basement and faced with yellow or brown brick. Along some areas, the basement is rendered rather than comprising a brick face. The main entrance is reached via a flight of granite steps with columns flanking the formal entrance which is set within an arched opening with leaded fanlights framing the composition from above. Whilst these houses, for the most part, are relatively plain there is a great variance in the provision of doorways, fanlights and the surrounding ironworks such as boot-scapers and door knockers. The windows are six-over-six paned sliding sash windows. The roofs, are recessed below the upper limits of walling of the façade and are not visible from the ground. The houses are set back from the street and the front space occupied by a garden. These are enclosed with decorative railings of various types that are mounted on granite footings or plinth walls. The wall composition also varies from rubble masonry or a rendered finish to exposed brickwork that appears contemporary with the house. For the most part, the walls are capped with granite. Originally, the houses contained only pedestrian access to the front as mews buildings accommodated the carriages and services to the rear. Later vehicular access was provided at a number of the houses by breaking through the front walling and into the garden space (Curtis 2011, 57-78).

In Rathmines, there are a number of prominent buildings such as the Town Hall and its clock tower which was designed by Thomas Drew and finished c. 1899. It was in this building that the township had their council buildings. Rathmines library was one of the many constructed throughout Ireland as part of the Carnegie Foundation philanthropy. It was designed in the Baroque style and finished c. 1913. Modern construction such as the Kodak Buildings were constructed in the Art Deco style c. 1930 and add to the complex character of the historic area of Rathmines. Other earlier buildings of 19th century date frame the intersections of roadway such as the former Belfast Banking Company, later part of the Trustee Savings Bank on Wynnefield Road and Rathmines Road Lower or the later YMCA building at Grove Park and Rathmines Road Lower.

Rathgar Road had not been formally laid out until the early 19th century when it was known as 'New Road'. It is not depicted on Rocque's map of 1756. Surrounding roads such as Highfield and Rathgar Avenue were in existence. Rathgar Avenue was once the main thoroughfare, which passed the now demolished Rathgar Castle. As the township grew, more of the streets leading off the main route ways became developed, such as Frankfort Avenue c. 1843, Leicester Avenue c. 1845, Bellevue and Auburan c. 1865.

Rathgar Road contained a number of country style residences dating for the most part from the early 19th century onwards. The houses along this road are, for the most part, the large three storey townhouses with gardens to the front. However, there are a number of villa-style houses dating from c. 1830 such as Number 156 Rathgar Road. These are set in large plots, off the road. The buildings are single-storey over basement with large chimneys.

Moving towards Rathgar and along Terenure Road East the Georgian style houses become more infrequent and are replaced with Victorian redbrick buildings, largescale Edwardian houses and finally to post-war 1940s houses.

2.2 CITY DEVELOPMENT PLAN: PROTECTED STRUCTURES

2.2.1 Terenure Road East (Figure 2)

This section of the proposed scheme travels for c. 650m along Terenure Road from the junction of Rathfarnham Road to the junction with Rathgar Road. It is provisionally intended to widen the route way to the north. A total of 36 protected structures front onto the road to the north and 44 front onto the road from the south. These are described below and indicated on Figure 2.

RPS NUMBER	LOCATION	CLASSIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION/ FEATURES
RPS_8061	9 Terenure East	Bank	Baroque style purpose built bank early 20th century
RPS_8063	12 Terenure East	House and railings	Historic granite footings for railings
RPS_8065	14 Terenure East	House	Historic granite footings for railings
RPS_8067	16 Terenure East	House, including railings	Historic granite footings for railings
RPS_8069	18 Terenure East	House, including railings	Historic granite footings for railings
RPS_8070	19 Terenure East	House	11-29 consistent granite footings with historic railings. Vehicular access with stone setts marking area
RPS_8071	20 Terenure East	House, including railings	Historic granite footings, Potential Historic Stone Setts,
RPS_8073	22 Terenure Road East	House, including railings	Historic granite footings for railings
RPS_8075	24 Terenure Road East	House	Historic granite footings for railings
RPS_8077	26 Terenure Road East	House	Historic granite footings for railings
RPS_8079	28 Terenure Road East	House	Historic granite footings for railings
RPS_8081	30 Terenure Road East	House	Historic granite footings for railings
RPS_8085	36 Terenure Road East	House	Historic railings and granite footings. No vehicular access

2.2.1.1 Northern Side of Road

RPS_8087	38 Terenure Road East	House	Historic railings and granite footings. No
RPS_8091	44 Terenure Road East	House	vehicular access Historic footings with walling that is rendered.
RPS_8093	46 Terenure Road East	House	Historic footings with walling that is rendered.
RPS_8095	48 Terenure Road East	House	Mixed walling with historic and contemporary amalgamation. Historic railings to front with granite footings and vehicular access
RPS_8097	50 Terenure Road East	House	Partial rubble masonry walling but replacement modern redbrick pillars
RPS_8099	52 Terenure Road East	House	Surrounded by a wall contemporary with the houses completed with red brick and granite capping. Similar to the houses, yellow brick is incorporated as two diamond shaped patterns
RPS_8101	54 Terenure Road East	House	Surrounded by a wall contemporary with the houses completed with red brick and granite capping. Similar to the houses, yellow brick is incorporated as two diamond shaped patterns
RPS_8103	56 Terenure Road East	House	Modern curtilage
RPS_8105	58 Terenure Road East	House	Historic granite footings for railings
RPS_8108	62 Terenure Road East	Hildon Park	Appears to contain original walling in places but with modern stone setts / cobblelock.
RPS_8110	64 Terenure Road East	House	Historic railing and footings
RPS_8112	66 Terenure Road East	House	Historic railings with granite footings and red brick pillars with granite caps. All contemporary with house.
RPS_8114	68 Terenure Road East	House	Historic railings with granite footings and red brick pillars with granite caps. All contemporary with house.
RPS_8116	70 Terenure Road East	House	Historic railings with granite footings and red brick pillars with granite caps. All contemporary with house.
RPS_8117	72 Terenure Road East	House	Historic railings with granite footings and red brick pillars with granite caps. All contemporary with house.
RPS_8118	74 Terenure Road East	House	A mixture of contemporary and historic walling and railings with poss. Modern render.
RPS_8119	76 Terenure Road East	House	Likely to be original walling and railings which have been subject to some changes including the pebbledashing or other types of render.
RPS_8120	77 Terenure Road East	House	Historic railing and granite footings
RPS_8121	78 Terenure Road East	House	Likely to be original walling and railings which have been subject to some changes including the pebbledashing or other types of render.
RPS_8127	86 Terenure Road East	Shop	Footpath comprises some stone flags with granite kerbing and cast iron pedestals bollards.

RPS_8128	88 Terenure Road East	Shop	Footpath comprises some stone flags with granite kerbing and cast iron pedestals bollards.
RPS_8129	90 Terenure Road East	Shop	Footpath comprises some stone flags with granite kerbing and cast iron pedestals bollards.
RPS_8130	92 Terenure Road East	Shop, including	Footpath comprises some stone flags with granite kerbing and cast iron pedestals bollards.
		shopfront Shop,	Footpath comprises some stone flags with
RPS_8131	94 Terenure Road East	including shopfront	granite kerbing and cast iron pedestals bollards.
		Shop,	Footpath comprises some stone flags with
RPS_8132	96 Terenure Road East	including shopfront	granite kerbing and cast iron pedestals bollards.
RPS_8134	98 Terenure Road East	Shop	Footpath comprises some stone flags with granite kerbing and cast iron pedestals bollards.

2.2.1.2 Structures of merit that are not protected

LOCATION	CLASSIFICATION	DESCRIPTION
32 Terenure East House		Looks to be in keeping with flanking buildings. Historic railings and pillars
34 Terenure East	House	Uncertain, but looks to be in keeping with flanking buildings. Historic railings and pillars
40 Terenure East	House	Modern building but with historic railings and granite footings
64 A Terenure Road East	House	Identical to 64 with same curtilage

2.2.1.3 Southern Side of Road

RPS NUMBER	LOCATION	CLASSIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION/ FEATURES
RPS_8062	11 Terenure East	House	11-29 granite footings with historic railings. Vehicular access with stone setts marking area
RPS_8064	13 Terenure East	House	11-29 granite footings with historic railings. Vehicular access with stone setts marking area
RPS_8066	15 Terenure East	House	11-29 granite footings with historic railings. Vehicular access with stone setts marking area
RPS_8068	17 Terenure East	House	11-29 granite footings with historic railings. Vehicular access with stone setts marking area
RPS_8070	19 Terenure East	House	11-29 granite footings with historic railings. Vehicular access with stone setts marking area
RPS_8072	21 Terenure Road East	House	11-29 granite footings with historic railings. Vehicular access with stone setts marking area
RPS_8074	23 Terenure Road East	House	11-29 granite footings with historic railings. Vehicular access with stone setts marking area
RPS_8076	25 Terenure Road East	House	11-29 granite footings with historic railings. Vehicular access with stone setts marking area
RPS_8078	27 Terenure Road East	House	11-29 granite footings with historic railings. Vehicular access with stone setts marking area
RPS_8080	29 Terenure Road East	House	11-29 granite footings with historic railings. Vehicular access with stone setts marking area
RPS_8082	31 Terenure	House	Dunlewy House is larger than 11-29. Contains a

	Road East		surrounding brick wall contemp. with house with granite footings. Granite pillars with shaped panels flank vehicular access which is defined with stone setts. Contains an historic pair of gates.
RPS_8083	33 Terenure Road East	Hopeton House	Double vehicular entrance with historic granite wall footings and railings. Entrances are marked out by stone setts and are both flanked by brick pillars with granite capstones
RPS_8084	35 Terenure Road East	Clevedon House	Seems to contain brick walling contemporary with house. Vehicular access marked with stone setts and granite pillars which contain the house name 'Clevedon'
RPS_8086	37 Terenure Road East	House	Contains historic railings with granite footings. Modern vehicular access has altered access and walling
RPS_8088	39 Terenure Road East	House	Masonry walling, render obscures age
RPS_8089	41 Terenure Road East	House	Masonry walling, render obscures age
RPS_8090	43 Terenure Road East	House	Brick walling, likely contemporary with house. Stone pillars (possibly granite) Granite capstones. Narrow vehicular access.
RPS_8092	45 Terenure Road East	House	Brick walling, likely contemporary with house. Stone pillars (possibly granite) Granite capstones. Narrow vehicular access.
RPS_8094	47 Terenure Road East	House and offices	Brick walling, likely contemporary with house. Granite capstones.
RPS_8096	49 Terenure Road East	House	No vehicular access. Historic railings with granite footings
RPS_8098	51 Terenure Road East	House	Historic granite footings for railings. Vehicular access.
RPS_8100	53 Terenure Road East	House	No vehicular access. Historic railings with granite footings
RPS_8102	55 Terenure Road East	House	Historic granite footings for railings. Vehicular access.
RPS_8104	57 Terenure Road East	Victoria Lodge	Curtilage covered by vegetation. Possibly original masonry wall. Tarmac driveway
RPS_8106	59 Terenure Road East	House	Stratford House now known as Argus house. Neoclassical style pillars contemporary with house.
RPS_8107	61 Terenure Road East	House	Brick walling with granite capping and footings with stone pier flanking a two vehicular access routes. All contemporary with house.
RPS_8109	63 Terenure Road East	House	Modern interferences. Granite capping removed from brick walling that was contemporary with house. Now painted red, and concrete marks vehicle access.
RPS_8111	65 Terenure Road East	Villas: house	Cremorne Villas: historic curtilage, potential redbrick that was later rendered
RPS_8113	67 Terenure Road East	Villas: house	Cremorne Villas: historic curtilage, potential redbrick that was later rendered
RPS_8115	69 Terenure Road East	House	Lodge House to Cremorne Villas
RPS_8120	77 Terenure Road East	House	Historic railing and granite footings
RPS_8122	79 Terenure Road East	House	Historic railing and granite footings
RPS_8123	81 Terenure Road East	House	Historic railing and granite footings

RPS_8124	83 Terenure Road East	House	Historic railing and granite footings
RPS_8125	85 Terenure Road East	House	Former Gate Lodge to Greenmount Villas, granite footing and metal railing of uncertain date. Masonry has been rendered with pebbledashing
RPS_8126	St Joseph's Church	Catholic church	Masonry walling with railing contemporary with church
RPS_8133	97 Terenure Road East	Shop	Comprises flags with granite kerbing and cast iron pedestals bollards. The flags are of various dates they are interspersed with poured concrete as well as modern paving.
RPS_8135	99 Terenure Road East	Shop	Comprises flags with granite kerbing and cast iron pedestals bollards. The flags are of various dates they are interspersed with poured concrete as well as modern paving.
RPS_8136	101 Terenure Road East	Shop	Comprises flags with granite kerbing and cast iron pedestals bollards. The flags are of various dates they are interspersed with poured concrete as well as modern paving.
RPS_8137	103 Terenure Road East	Shop	Comprises flags with granite kerbing and cast iron pedestals bollards. The flags are of various dates they are interspersed with poured concrete as well as modern paving.
RPS_8138	105 Terenure Road East	Shop	Comprises flags with granite kerbing and cast iron pedestals bollards. The flags are of various dates they are interspersed with poured concrete as well as modern paving.

2.2.1.4 Structures of merit that are not protected

LOCATION	CLASS	DETAILS
	Lodge House to	Historic curtilage, potential redbrick that was later rendered
Road East	Cremore Villas	

2.2.2 Rathgar Road (Figure 3, 4 and 5)

This section of the proposed scheme travels for 1.3km along Rathgar Road from the junction of Terenure Road East to the junction with Rathmines Road Lower and Upper. It is provisionally intended to widen the route way to the west. A total of 58 protected structures front onto the road to the west and 65 onto the road from the east. These are described below and as the road is of significant length they are indicated over three figures (Figure 3, 4 and 5).

- Figure 3 covers the area from the intersection with Terenure Road East as far a 71 Rathgar Road on the west and 135 Rathgar Road east side.
- Figure 4 covers the area from 72 Rathgar Road on the west and 136 Rathgar Road east side as far as 34 Rathgar Road on the east and 158 Rathgar Road on the west side.
- Figure 5 covers the area from 34 Rathgar Road on the east and 185 Rathgar Road east side to the junction of Rathgar Road with Rathmines Road Lower.

2.2.2.1 Rathgar Road, western side (Figure 3)

RPS NUMBER	LOCATION	CLASSIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION/ FEATURES
RPS_7069	71 Rathgar Road	House	Front walling extends outwards further than other properties. This is a Regency era villa and perhaps its walling is original or at least in the original location. Granite capping looks relatively modern.
RPS_7070	76 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railing and granite footings
RPS_7071	77 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railing and granite footings
RPS_7072	78 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railing and granite footings
RPS_7073	79 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railing and granite footings
RPS_7074	80 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railing and granite footings
RPS_7075	81 Rathgar Road	House	Possibly modern walling but render obscures detail
RPS_7076	82 Rathgar Road	House	Possibly modern walling but render obscures detail
RPS_7077	83 Rathgar Road	House	Possibly modern walling but render obscures detail
RPS_7078	84 Rathgar Road	House	Possibly modern walling but render obscures detail
RPS_7079	85 Rathgar Road	House	Possibly modern walling but render obscures detail
RPS_7080	86 Rathgar Road	House	Possibly modern walling but render obscures detail
RPS_7081	87 Rathgar Road	House	Possibly modern walling but render obscures detail

2.2.2.2 Rathgar Road, eastern side (Figure 3)

RPS NUMBER	LOCATION	CLASSIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION/ FEATURES
RPS_7083	114 Rathgar Road	House	Historic walling and railings. Walls rendered in pebbledash now.
RPS_7084	116 Rathgar Road	House	Historic walling and railings
RPS_7085	117 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railings with granite footings
RPS_7086	118 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railings with granite footings
RPS_7087	119 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railings with granite footings
RPS_7088	120 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railings with granite footings
RPS_7089	121 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railings with granite footings
RPS_7090	122 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railings with granite footings
RPS_7091	123 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railings with granite footings

RPS_7092	124 Rathgar Road	House	Possibly 1940s brick entrance. Post war.
RPS_7093	125 Rathgar Road	House excluding main part of main avenue	Uncertain if historic in character
RPS_7094	127 Rathgar Road	House	Uncertain if historic in character
RPS_7095	128 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railings and granite footings. Carpark in front of house
RPS_7096	129 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railings and granite footings. Carpark in front of house
RPS_7097	130 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railings and granite footings. Vehicular access is broken through
RPS_7098	131 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railings and granite footings. Vehicular access is broken through
RPS_7099	132 Rathgar Road	House	Masonry walling encompassing front of 132-135. Large Baroque style pillars graduate in reducing size from outside to inside this stretch of house front. Vehicular access likely provided by removing one side of the pedestrian entrance and enlarging opening
RPS_7100	133 Rathgar Road	House	This may be modern replacement to look similar to historic
RPS_7101	134 Rathgar Road	House	Masonry walling encompassing front of 132-135. Large Baroque style pillars graduate in reducing size from outside to inside this stretch of house front. Vehicular access likely provided by removing one side of the pedestrian entrance and enlarging opening
RPS_7102	135 Rathgar Road	House	Masonry walling encompassing front of 132-135. Large Baroque style pillars graduate in reducing size from outside to inside this stretch of house front. Vehicular access likely provided by removing one side of the pedestrian entrance and enlarging opening

2.2.2.3 Structures of merit that are not protected

LOCATION	CLASSIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	
107-93	House	Not listed but of historic character with some historic shopfronts	
Rathgar road	nouse	Not listed but of historic character with some historic shopironts	
99-97	House	Not listed but of historic character with some historic shopfronts	
Rathgar Road	House	Not listed but of flistofic character with some flistofic shopiforts	
93-92	House	Not listed but of historic character with historic railings and granite	
Rathgar Road	House	footings	

2.2.2.4 Rathgar Road, western side (Figure 4)

RPS NUMBER	LOCATION	CLASSIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION/ FEATURES
RPS_7035	34 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railings and granite footings. This may be modern.
RPS_7036	35 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railings and granite footings.
RPS_7037	36 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railings and granite footings.
RPS_7038	38 Rathgar	House	Historic railings and granite footings.

	Road		
RPS_7039	39 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railings and granite footings.
RPS_7040	40 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railings and granite footings.
RPS_7041	41 Rathgar Road	House	Is interesting as the vehicular access that clearly has been broken through original walling is very narrow perhaps indicating it occurred at an early date. This coupled with the slim neoclassical pedestal type gate pillars that flank the property boundaries may demonstrate this.
RPS_7042	42 Rathgar Road	House	contains no vehicular access but appears to contains contemporary railings with a Georgian fleur motif
RPS_7043	43 Rathgar Road	House	contains no vehicular access but appears to contains contemporary railings with a Georgian fleur motif
RPS_7044	44 Rathgar Road	House	similar to below but in bad repair. It may retain more historic fabric but it has been rendered. It does not contain vehicular access
RPS_7045	45 Rathgar Road	House	Similar to 46, the granite footings remain but railings are gone and the space is now occupied by a relatively recent wall
RPS_7046	46 Rathgar Road	House	46 retains some historic walling especially visible at the base where there appears to be granite footing. These may have been the original footing railings which are now lost.
RPS_7047	47 Rathgar Road	House	47 is a significant marker building along the route. It is a large detached Victorian House that is the sole occupant of a large plot which is flanked by Rathgar Road to the east, Leicester Avenue to the south and Grosvenor Road to the north. It appears to contain original walling surrounding the entire plot.
RPS_7048	49 Rathgar Road	House	Masonry walling with contemporary railing and potential Regency era gateway
RPS_7049	50 Rathgar Road	House	Redbrick walling with contemporary railing and gate. No vehicular access
RPS_7050	51 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railing and granite footings. Stone setts mark vehicular access
RPS_7051	52 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railing and granite footings. Stone setts mark vehicular access
RPS_7052	53 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railing and granite footings. Stone setts mark vehicular access
RPS_7053	54 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railing and granite footings. Stone setts mark vehicular access
RPS_7054	55 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railing and granite footings. Slim granite pillars for historically added vehicular access.
RPS_7055	56 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railing and granite footings. Slim granite pillars for historically added vehicular access.
RPS_7056	57 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railing and granite footings. Slim granite pillars for historically added vehicular access.
RPS_7057	58 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railings and granite footings.
RPS_7058	59 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railing and granite footings. Slim granite pillars for historically added vehicular access. Front area cobbled likely modern
RPS 7059	60 Rathgar	House	Historic railing and granite footings. Slim granite pillars

	Road		for historically added vehicular access.
RPS_7060	62 Rathgar Road	House	Masonry walling. Render obscures walling. Side boundary walls are rubble construction. Render flaking from pillar which appear to be of redbrick. Granite capping visible along some of walling. Material of all not clear.
RPS_7061	63 Rathgar Road	House	Masonry walling. Render obscures walling. Side boundary walls are rubble construction. Render flaking from pillar which appear to be of redbrick. Granite capping visible along some of walling. Material of all not clear.
RPS_7062	64 Rathgar Road	House	Pillar between 65 and 64 is granite in modular block with a pedestal cap. The brick walling contains historic granite footings and caps
RPS_7063	65 Rathgar Road	House	Modern walling and likely modern railings in historic style. Modern cobblelock pathways
RPS_7064	66 Rathgar Road	House	Modern walling and likely modern railings in historic style. Modern cobblelock pathways
RPS_7065	67 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railings and contemporary brick wall to house.
RPS_7066	68 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railings and contemporary brick wall to house.
RPS_7067	69 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railings and contemporary brick wall to house.
RPS_7068	70 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railings and contemporary brick wall to house.
RPS_7069	71 Rathgar Road	House	Front walling extends outwards further than other properties. This is a regency era villa and perhaps its walling is original or at least in the original location. Granite capping look relatively modern.

2.2.2.5 Structures of merit that are not protected

LOCATION	CLASSIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION/ FEATURES
48 Rathgar Road	Church	Rathgar Road Church of the Three Patrons is not a protected structure

2.2.2.6 Rathgar Road eastern side (Figure 4).

RPS NUMBER	LOCATION	CLASSIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION/ FEATURES
RPS_7103	136 Rathgar Road	House	Rubble masonry walling with pillars and capping. Vehicular access. May have been rendered in the past.
RPS_7104	137 Rathgar Road	House	Rubble masonry walling with pillars and capping. Vehicular access. May have been rendered in the past.
RPS_7105	138 Rathgar Road	House	Rendered masonry walling with historic railing
RPS_7106	139 Rathgar Road	House	Rendered masonry walling with historic railing
RPS_7107	140 Rathgar Road	House	Modern walling but vehicular access likely in same position as it corresponds with carriageway arch
RPS_7108	141 Rathgar Road	House	Modern walling but vehicular access likely in same position as it corresponds with carriageway arch

RPS_7109	142 Rathgar Road	House	Masonry walling of uncertain date. House contains carriageway arch.
RPS_7110	143 Rathgar Road	House	Masonry walling of uncertain date but contains historic stone setts in narrow driveway. House contains carriageway arch.
RPS_7111	144 Rathgar Road	House	Masonry walling of uncertain date
RPS_7112	145 Rathgar Road	House	Masonry walling of uncertain date but house contains carriageway arch. Stone setts in drive.
RPS_7113	146 Rathgar Road	House	Masonry walling of uncertain date but house contains carriageway arch.
RPS_7114	147 Rathgar Road	House	Masonry walling of uncertain date but house contains carriageway arch.
RPS_7115	148 Rathgar Road	House	Masonry walling of uncertain date
RPS_7116	149 Rathgar Road	House	Masonry walling of uncertain date
RPS_7117	150 Rathgar Road	House	Redbrick walling contemporary with house. Modern cobblelock driveway.
RPS_7118	151 Rathgar Road	House	Walling similar to 148-151 which appear to have been rendered.
RPS_7119	152 Rathgar Road	House	Redbrick walling contemporary with house. No vehicular access.
RPS_7120	153 Rathgar Road	House	Redbrick walling contemporary with house. Rubble Masonry north boundary along Frankfort Avenue.
RPS_7121	158 Rathgar Road	House	Historic wall. It is probably contemporary with the house, a Regency era villa. Could have been previously rendered and/or augmented in height. Southernmost entrance likely new to accommodate the construction of new properties with the old garden who now use the original entrance
RPS_7122	159 Rathgar Road	House	Low masonry wall with moulded capping. The wall may have been reduced in size or was previously finished with railings. Modern carpark in front area (tarmac)
RPS_7123	160 Rathgar Road	House	Low masonry wall with moulded capping. The wall may have been reduced in size or was previously finished with railings. Modern carpark in front area (tarmac)
RPS_7124	161 Rathgar Road	House	Low masonry wall with moulded capping. The wall may have been reduced in size or was previously finished with railings. Modern carpark in front area (tarmac)
RPS_7125	162 Rathgar Road	House	Brick walling with granite capping surmounted by historic railing. Crazy paving driveway
RPS_7126	163 Rathgar Road	House	Heavy interference in front walling. Painted, truncated reduced and almost entirely removed. Modern tarmac driveway.
RPS_7127	164 Rathgar Road	House	Original walling potentially still present beneath modern re-facing of cut stone, surmounted with historic railing. Stone setts of uncertain date mark vehicular access.
RPS_7128	165 Rathgar Road	House	Historic walls, railing and potential stone setts marking vehicular access
RPS_7129	166 Rathgar Road	House	Historic walling with granite footing and capping and railing. Pedestrian access only. Historic gateway still present as are granite steps to pedestrian access.
RPS_7130	167 Rathgar Road	House	Possibly refaced historic walling. Historic railing

RPS_7131	168 Rathgar Road	House	Possibly refaced historic walling.
RPS_7132	169 Rathgar Road	House	Brick walling with historic railing
RPS_7133	170 Rathgar Road	House	Brick walling with historic railing
RPS_7134	171 Rathgar Road	House	Brick walling with historic railing

2.2.2.7 Structures of merit that are not protected

LOCATION	CLASSIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION/ FEATURES
156 Rathgar Road	House	Not listed but clearly of historic character. In the Regency style similar to 157, 158. Historic wall has been reduced in height and modern railing surmount it.
157 Rathgar road	House	Not listed but clearly of historic character. In the Regency style similar to 157, 158. Historic wall is intact as well as gateway. May have been rendered in the past.

2.2.2.8 Rathgar Road, western side (Figure 5)

RPS NUMBER	LOCATION	CLASSIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION/ FEATURES
RPS_7024	21 Rathgar Road	House	Brick walling with granite caps. Vehicular access as well as pedestrian gates. Unsure of vehicular access is fully contemporary
RPS_7025	22 Rathgar Road	House	Brick walling with granite caps. Vehicular access as well as pedestrian gates. Unsure of vehicular access is fully contemporary
RPS_7026	23 Rathgar Road	House	Brick walling with granite caps. Vehicular access as well as pedestrian gates. Unsure of vehicular access is fully contemporary
RPS_7027	24 Rathgar Road	House	Brick walling with granite caps. Vehicular access as well as pedestrian gates. Unsure of vehicular access is fully contemporary
RPS_7028	25 Rathgar Road	House	Brick walling with granite caps likely contemporary with house. Pillars flanking vehicular access are modern as are gates.
RPS_7029	26 Rathgar Road	House	Brick walling. Uncertain date. A number of joins indicate possible modern additions. Modern cobblelock driveway
RPS_7030	27 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railings and granite footings. Unsure if redbrick wall is contemporary with house. Looks modern
RPS_7031	28 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railings and granite footings. Modern cobblelock driveway
RPS_7032	29 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railings and granite footings.
RPS_7033	30 Rathgar Road	House	southern side is modern. Front facing curtilage is historic brick contemporary with house.
RPS_7034	31 Rathgar Road	House	Historic railings and granite footings. This may be modern.

2.2.2.9 Structures of merit that are not protected

LOCATION	CLASS	DETAILS
1-18 Rathgar Road	Historic premises	With commercial function, adjacent to 'Key District Area'

2.2.2.10 Rathgar Road, eastern side (Figure 5)

RPS NUMBER	LOCATION	CLASSIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION/ FEATURES
RPS_7135 172 Rathgar	House	Walling with modern render but underneath is possibly brick. Surmounted by historic railing.	
NF3_/133	Road	House	Vehicular access marked with cobbles.
	170 0 11		Walling with modern render but underneath is
RPS_7136	173 Rathgar	House	possibly brick. Surmounted by historic railing.
	Road		Vehicular access marked with cobbles.
	174 Rathgar		Walling with modern render but underneath is
RPS_7137	Road	House	possibly brick. Surmounted by historic railing.
	Noud		Vehicular access marked with cobbles.
	175 Rathgar		Brick walling contemporary with house surmounted by
RPS_7138	Road	House	historic railing. Vehicular access added and flanked
			with historic pillars that are not original to the house
556 7466	176 Rathgar		Brick walling contemporary with house surmounted by
RPS_7139	176 Rathgar Road	House	historic railing. Vehicular access added and flanked
	477.0.1		with historic pillars that are not original to the house
RPS_7140	177 Rathgar	House	Rubble walling of uncertain date. Render on 177-179
_	Road		potentially covers rubble masonry walling
DDC 7141	179 Rathgar		Masonry walling of uncertain date as obscured with
RPS_7141	Road	House	render. Little historic material remains but render
			potentially covers rubble masonry walling
DDC 7140	180 Rathgar		Masonry walling of uncertain date as obscured with render. Little historic material remains but render
RPS_7142	Road	House	potentially covers rubble masonry walling
	181 Rathgar		Lovely terrace of houses with historic granite footings
RPS_7143	Road	House	and railings. Pedestrian access only.
	182 Rathgar		Lovely terrace of houses with historic granite footings
RPS_7144	Road	House	and railings. Pedestrian access only.
	183 Rathgar		Lovely terrace of houses with historic granite footings
RPS_7145	Road	House	and railings. Pedestrian access only.
			Malakoff Villas, 184 Rathgar Road named after
RPS_7146	184 Rathgar	House	Crimean War. Beautiful historic home. Historic
	Road		footings and railings.
			Malakoff Villas, 185 Rathgar Road named after
RPS 7147	185 Rathgar	House	Crimean War. Beautiful historic home. Historic
_	Road		footings and railings with some modern additions

2.2.2.11 Structures of merit that are not protected

LOCATION	CLASSIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
178 Rathgar road	House	Appears historic but may be a modern construction in the historic style

2.2.3 Rathmines Road Lower (Figure 6 and 7)

This section of the proposed scheme travels for 910m along Rathmines Road Lower from the junction of Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road Lower to La Touche Bridge on the Royal Canal just before Portobello. It is provisionally intended to widen the route way to both the west and east. A total of 22 protected structures front onto the road to the west and 77 onto the road from the east. These are described below and as the road is significant in length they are indicated over three figures (Figure 6, 7 and 8).

- Figure 6 covers the area from the intersection with Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road Upper as far the junction with William's Park on the west and Parker Hill on the east side.
- Figure 7 covers the area from with William's Park on the west and Parker Hill on the east side as far as St Mary's College on the west and Richmond Hill on the east side.
- Figure 8 covers the area from St Mary's College on the west and Richmond Hill on the east side as far as La Touche Bridge over the Royal Canal.

RPS NUMBER	LOCATION	CLASSIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION/ FEATURES
RPS_7149	College	Rathmines College and Library	Historic granite steps. Vehicular access
RPS_7228	175 Rathmines Road Lower	Bank	Historic sandstone footings and railings. Contemporary with building
RPS_7230	177 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Historic granite footings and railings. No vehicular access
RPS_7232	179 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Historic granite footings and railings. No vehicular access
RPS_7234	181 Rathmines Road Lower	Three-storey over basement terraced house, including steps and railings	Historic granite footings and railings. No vehicular access
RPS_7236	183 Rathmines Road Lower	Three-storey over basement terraced house, including steps and railings	Historic granite footings and railings. No vehicular access
RPS_7238	185 Rathmines Road Lower	Three-storey over basement terraced house, including steps and railings	Modern shop to front
RPS_7245	211 Rathmines Road Lower	Business Premises	Former bank of Ireland. Abuts street
RPS_7246	221-223 Rathmines Road Lower	Bank	Comprises flags with granite kerbing and cast iron pedestals bollards. The flags are of various dates they are interspersed with poured concrete as well as modern paving.
RPS_4754	1 Leinster	House	This house does not front onto the PR but its curtilage

2.2.3.1 Rathmines Road Lower, western side (Figure 6)

	Square		abuts. Historic walling with render of uncertain date. Large pillar on north and south of Leinster Square mark the entrance into the 'estate'.
RPS_4780	37 Leinster Square	House	This house does not front onto the PR but its curtilage abuts. Historic walling with render of uncertain date. Large pillar on north and south of Leinster Square mark the entrance into the 'estate'.

2.2.3.2 Structures of merit that are not protected

LOCATION	CLASSIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION/ FEATURES
219-189		
Rathmines	Historic premises	with commercial function, adjacent to 'Key District Area'
Road Lower		
161-159		
Rathmines	Historic premises	with commercial function, adjacent to 'Key District Area'
Road Lower		

2.2.3.3 Rathmines Road Lower, eastern side (Figure 6)

RPS NUMBER	LOCATION	CLASSIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION/ FEATURES
RPS_7148	Former Town Hall	Purpose built town hall	Abuts street and steps lead from path into building
RPS_7223	166 Rathmines Road Lower	Business Premises	Historic railings with granite footings. Pedestrian access.
RPS_7224	168 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Possibly modern walling with railings. Pedestrian access
RPS_7225	170 Rathmines Road Lower	Business Premises	Scant remains of historic walling. Pedestrian access and inserted vehicular access.
RPS_7226	172 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Brick walling contemporary with house and historic railing with pedestrian access gate. Walling painted grey
RPS_7227	174 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Vehicular access added. Little remains of historic walling. Historic railings possibly from 1930/1940s
RPS_7229	176 Rathmines Road Lower	Business Premises	Abuts street. Shopfront relatively intact. Access to house from north side of shop via lane
RPS_7231	178 Rathmines Road Lower	House	House contains shop to front
RPS_7233	180 Rathmines Road Lower	Business Premises	House contains shop to front
RPS_7235	182 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Shopfront heavily interfered in modern time
RPS_7237	184 Rathmines Road Lower	Business Premises	House contains shop to front

RPS_7239	186 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Not visible
RPS_7240	188 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Abuts street. Shopfront relatively intact. Access to house from north side of shop via lane
RPS_7241	190 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Historic granite footings and railings. No vehicular access. Cover way access to north to provide overall access to rear property
RPS_7242	192 Rathmines Road Lower	Business Premises	Shopfront abuts road
RPS_7243	194 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Shopfront abuts road
RPS_7244	196 Rathmines Road Lower	Business Premises	Shopfront abuts road

2.2.3.4 Rathmines Road Lower, western side (Figure 7)

RPS NUMBER	LOCATION	CLASSIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION/ FEATURES
RPS_7205	103-105 (odd) Rathmines Road Lower	Historic building	Former Kelso Laundry buildings: façade only

2.2.3.5 Structures of merit that are not protected

LOCATION	CLASSIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION/ FEATURES
101 Rathmines Road Lower	Historic premises	Redbrick commercial premises
141-133 Rathmines Road Lower	Historic premises	Edwardian era premises constructed in brick with framed with

2.2.3.6 Rathmines Road Lower, eastern side (Figure 7)

RPS NUMBER	LOCATION	CLASSIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION/ FEATURES
RPS_8718	86 Rathmines Road Lower	Front facade	Ornamental front gate between Blackbird pub (82 Rathmines Lower) and Dominos pizza (84)
RPS_7197	88 Rathmines Road Lower	Business Premises	Little historic features remains
RPS_7198	90 Rathmines Road Lower	House and business premises	Little historic features remains
RPS_7199	92 Rathmines Road Lower	House and business premises	Little historic features remains

RPS_7200	94 Rathmines Road Lower	House and business premises	Little historic features remains
RPS_7201	96 Rathmines Road Lower	House and business premises	Little historic features remains
RPS_7202	98 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Historic walling and railings
RPS_7203	100 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Historic walling and railings
RPS_7204	102 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Historic walling and railings with lovely neoclassical tapered pillars flanking pedestrian entrance
RPS_7206	104 Rathmines Road Lower	House and business premises	Commercial premises of uncertain date situated to fore of historic homes. Historic material remains in boundaries
RPS_7207	106 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Commercial premises of uncertain date situated to fore of historic homes. Historic material remains in boundaries
RPS_7208	108 Rathmines Road Lower	House and business premises	Commercial premises of uncertain date situated to fore of historic homes. Historic material remains in boundaries
RPS_7209	110 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Commercial premises of uncertain date situated to fore of historic homes. Historic material remains in boundaries
RPS_7210	112 Rathmines Road Lower	Business Premises	Commercial premises of uncertain date situated to fore of historic homes. Historic material remains in boundaries
RPS_7211	114 Rathmines Road Lower	Business Premises	Commercial premises of uncertain date situated to fore of historic homes. Historic material remains in boundaries
RPS_7212	116 Rathmines Road Lower	House and business premises	Commercial premises of uncertain date situated to fore of historic homes. Historic material remains in boundaries
RPS_7213	118 Rathmines Road Lower	House and business premises	Commercial premises of uncertain date situated to fore of historic homes. Historic material remains in boundaries
RPS_7214	120 Rathmines Road Lower	House and business premises	Commercial premises of uncertain date situated to fore of historic homes. Historic material remains in boundaries
RPS_7215	122 Rathmines Road Lower	House and business premises	Commercial premises of uncertain date situated to fore of historic homes. Historic material remains in boundaries
RPS_7216	124 Rathmines Road Lower	Business Premises	Commercial premises of uncertain date situated to fore of historic homes. Historic material remains in boundaries
RPS_7217	126 Rathmines Road Lower	House and business premises	Not identifiable within mapping
RPS_7218	128 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Possesses modern walling
RPS_7219	130 Rathmines	House	Walling of historic character. In poor repair. Original pedestrian access retained with historic granite steps

	Road Lower		flanked by decorated pillars. All rendered.
	132		Walling of historic character. In poor repair. Original
RPS_7220	Rathmines	House	pedestrian access retained with historic granite steps
	Road Lower		flanked by decorated pillars. All rendered.
	134		Walling of historic character. In poor repair. Original
RPS_7221	Rathmines	House	pedestrian access retained with historic granite steps
	Road Lower		flanked by decorated pillars. All rendered.
	136		Walling of historic character. In poor repair. Original
RPS_7222	Rathmines	House	pedestrian access retained with historic granite steps
	Road Lower		flanked by decorated pillars. All rendered.

2.2.3.7 Rathmines Road Lower, western side (Figure 8)

RPS NUMBER	LOCATION	CLASSIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION/ FEATURES
RPS_8721	1-13 (odd) Rathmines Road Lower	Mixed use buildings	Single-storey building (at junction with Grove Road, Grand Cancal House, including flanking buildings with archways Abuts Street
RPS_7163	19-21 (odd) Rathmines Road Lower	Brick buildings and including boundary treatment	Railings and steps
RPS_7168	27-29 (odd) Rathmines Road Lower	Former Post Office	Abuts street with steps
RPS_7171	31 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Historic granite footings and railings. Pedestrian access only
RPS_7173	33 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Historic granite footings and railings. Pedestrian access only
RPS_7175	35 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Historic granite footings and railings. Pedestrian access only
RPS_7177	37 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Historic granite footings and railings. Pedestrian access only
RPS_7179	39 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Historic granite footings and railings. Pedestrian access only
RPS_7181	41-43 (odd) Rathmines Road Lower	Former Kodak building (at junction with Blackberry Lane)	Beautiful buildings in the Art Deco style. Completed c. 1930 and designed by Donnelly, Moore and Keating.

2.2.3.8 Structures of merit that are not protected

LOCATION	CLASSIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION/ FEATURES
25-23 Rathmines Road Lower	Historic premises	Redbrick commercial premises

RPS NUMBER	LOCATION	CLASSIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION/ FEATURES
RPS_7151	2 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Historic granite wall footings and railings
RPS_7153	4 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Historic granite wall footings and railings
RPS_7156	6 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Historic granite wall footings and railings
RPS_7157	8 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Historic granite wall footings and railings
RPS_7158	10 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Little remains of former railings and walling
RPS_7159	12 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Little remains of former railings and walling
RPS_7160	14 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Historic granite wall footings and railings
RPS_7161	16 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Railings of uncertain date but no granite footings
RPS_7162	18 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Railings of uncertain date. Evidence of granite footings
RPS_7164	20 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Historic railings and granite footings
RPS_7165	22 Rathmines Road Lower	House	No evidence of any historic material
RPS_7166	24 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Front walling and railings removed. Side boundary railings and footings of historic character remains
RPS_7167	26 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Front walling and railings removed. Side boundary railings and footings of historic character remains
RPS_7169	28 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Historic railings and granite footings
RPS_7170	30 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Front walling and railings removed. Side boundary railings and footings of historic character remains
RPS_7172	32 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Partial low masonry walling remains to front. Likely that historic walling and railings removed. Side boundary walling remains, character uncertain
RPS_7174	34 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Front walling and railings removed. Side boundary railings and footings of historic character remains
RPS_7176	36 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Brick walling of uncertain date, possibly contemporary with house. Historic railings.
RPS_7178	38 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Front walling and railings removed. Side boundary railings and footings of historic character remains
RPS_7180	40 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Front walling and railings removed. Side boundary railings and footings of historic character remains
RPS_7182	42 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Partial removal of front walling. Brick walling and historic railings remain around pedestrian access way
RPS_7183	44 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Laneway rear access between 42-44. Original brick walling and historic railings
RPS_7184	Church of Our Lady of Refuge	Church of Our Lady of Refuge	Curtilage defined by historic walling and railings c. 1880
RPS_7185	52 Rathmines	Presbytery	Curtilage defined by historic walling and railings

2.2.3.9 Rathmines Road Lower, eastern side (Figure 8)

	Road Lower		
RPS_7186	54 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Brick walling contemporary with house surmounted by historic railing. No vehicular access
RPS_7187	56 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Brick walling contemporary with house surmounted by historic railing. No vehicular access
RPS_7188	58 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Brick walling contemporary with house surmounted by historic railing. No vehicular access
RPS_7189	60 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Brick walling contemporary with house surmounted by historic railing. No vehicular access
RPS_7190	62 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Brick walling contemporary with house surmounted by historic railing. No vehicular access
RPS_7191	64 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Brick walling c contemporary with house surmounted by historic railing. No vehicular access
RPS_7192	66 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Brick walling contemporary with house surmounted by historic railing. No vehicular access
RPS_7193	68 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Brick walling contemporary with house surmounted by historic railing. No vehicular access
RPS_7194	70 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Brick walling contemporary with house surmounted by historic railing. No vehicular access
RPS_7195	72 Rathmines Road Lower	House	Shop abuts street

2.3 CITY DEVELOPMENT PLAN: CONSERVATION AREAS

None of the streets are located within an Architectural Conservation Area as designated within the City Development Plan. However, the development plan does contain the following objective:

CHCO2: To designate further Architectural Conservation Areas within the identified phase 1 priority areas (as set out in section 11.1.4 The Strategic Approach) of special historic and architectural interest. Phase 2 of the survey and review, based on the rationale set out in subsection 11.1.4 (bullet point 1), will include; areas adjacent to phase 1 priority areas; extension of the Thomas Street ACA; <u>Pembroke / Rathmines</u> Lower & Upper (IAC emphasis) / Belgrave Square; Stoneybatter/Oxmanstown/Arbour Hill; Ranelagh Village.

Whilst the plan does not define a proposed ACA boundary for 'Rathmines Upper/ Lower', it is possible that one or more of the streets containing the proposed scheme may be included within this ACA, when it is established in the future.

The northern tip of the proposed scheme is located within a Conservation Area that has been established along the path of the Grand Canal. Within these areas, it is the policy of Dublin City Council that:

CHC4 To protect the special interest and character of all Dublin's Conservation Ares (11.1.5.4). Development within or affecting all conservation areas will contribute positively to the character and distinctiveness; and take opportunities to protect and enhance the character and appearance of the area and its setting, wherever possible.

2.3.1 Paved Areas and Stone Kerbing and Setts

Dublin City Development Plan 2016-2022 reads as follows:

CHC15 To preserve, repair and retain in situ, where possible, historic elements of significance in the public realm including railings, milestones, city ward stones, street furniture, ironmongery, and any historic kerbing and setts identified in Appendices 7 and 8 of the Development Plan, and promote high standards for design, materials and workmanship in public realm improvements. Works involving such elements shall be carried out in accordance with the Department of Arts, Heritage and the Gaeltacht Advice Series: Paving, the conservation of the historic Ground Surfaces.

Stone Setts

Appendix 7 of the Dublin City Development Plan 2016-2022 is headed "Stone setts to be retained, restored or introduced" and lists a number of streets and bridges. The text along with this list reads:

Works pertaining to this schedule of streets pertaining to: paved areas; granite paving flags and kerbing; original coal-hole covers; traditional pattern manhole covers; and stone and cast-iron protective bollards; shall be retained in situ or restored and included in the City Council's implementation of the Historic Street Surfaces in Dublin: Conservation Study and Guidance Manual (2009).

None of the streets that form part of the proposed scheme are listed in Appendix 7.

Paved areas

Appendix 8 of the Dublin City Development Plan 2016-2022 lists locations where there are paved areas – listed in appendix 8.1 – and paved areas and streets with granite kerbing – listed in appendix 8.2. The text that accompanies this appendix reads:

Works pertaining to this schedule of streets pertaining to: paved areas and streets with granite kerbing, concrete flags or brick, and /or some other traditional features, such as coal-hole covers, and stone and cast-iron protective bollards, to be retained or restored and included in the City Council's implementation of the Historic Street Surfaces in Dublin: Conservation Study and Guidance Manual (2009).

Appendix 8.1: Paved areas and streets with granite paving slabs and kerbing, original coal-hole covers, traditional pattern manhole covers, and stone and cast iron protective bollards, to be retained or restored and included in the city council's programme for restoration:

None of the streets containing the proposed scheme are listed within this appendix.

Appendix 8.2: Paved areas and streets with granite kerbing, concrete flags or brick and/or some other traditional features such as coal-hole covers, manhole covers, and

stone and cast iron protective bollards, to be retained or restored and included in the city council's programme for restoration:

None of the streets containing the proposed scheme are listed within this appendix.

2.4 NATIONAL INVENTORY OF ARCHITECTURAL HERITAGE

The NIAH survey for the section of Dublin City that will contain the proposed scheme has yet to be published.

2.5 FIELD INSPECTION

The field inspection sought to assess the existing built heritage resource, the topography and any additional information relevant to the report. During the course of the field investigation the route of the proposed scheme and its immediate surrounding environs were inspected.

The proposed scheme would involve the construction of a CBC along the streets of Terenure Road East, Rathgar Road and Rathmines Road Lower. A provisional land take has been proposed, which is required to widen the existing streets in order to accommodate a bus lane.

Specific structures of that are recorded, along with unrecorded structures of architectural merit, are described in the above tables. However, the field inspection aided in an assessment of the overall built heritage environment and character of each street.

Terenure Road East contains a significant amount of protected structures, most of which are set back some distance from the street with garden boundary treatments that are contemporary to the houses. There are a number of mature trees within the gardens and as such the street possesses a sylvan quality that often does not survives within the suburbs of Dublin City. Whilst the existing road surface is modern, the street is flanked by footpaths that contain historic fabric such as granite kerbs and stone flags. Historic post boxes are also present, along with some modern structures, to the south and southwest of the street.

Rathgar Road is similar in form to Terenure Road East, mainly consisting of residential properties set back from the road with contemporary garden boundary treatments. The sylvan character continues with a number of mature trees located along the road. The street is flanked by footpaths that contain historic fabric such as granite kerbs and stone flags. Historic post boxes are also present. The northern part of the street contains less protected structures, with the street frontage dominated by shops. However, many of these shops are within historic structures that retain architectural merit. This is particularly the case on the northern side of the road. The buildings on the southern side of the road in this area are more recent in date.

Rathmines Road is generally narrower than the other streets and contains more modern development in the form of office and apartment blocks. However, sections of the street do retain the setback residential properties that are found along Terenure Road and Rathgar Road. Whilst it is clear the architectural character of the street has suffered due to the removal of many of these structures, those that remain are protected and some retain their original gardens and contemporary boundaries, whereas others now contain modern single storey shops that front directly onto the street. Much of the historic fabric within the footpaths has been replaced, although in many instances good quality granite kerbs have been used. The very northern part of the street contains some mature trees, but the environment is much more urban in character than Rathgar Road and Terenure Road.

3 SUMMARY

An architectural heritage overview has been carried out to assist in ascertaining how viable the development of the Rathfarnham to Rathmines CBC would be. This review has shown that there are multiple protected structures located along the three streets that are included in the proposed scheme. These are mainly characterised by terraced or semi-detached residential properties that are set back from the street with an associated front garden. A large majority of these structures retain their contemporary garden boundaries, which consist of masonry or brick walls surmounted by railings – all of which vary in height and extent.

The setback properties create a pleasant suburban environment characterised by wide streets and mature trees. This is apparent along Terenure Road East and Rathgar Road. However, it is not so apparent along Rathmines Road, which has been affected by modern development and is far more urban in character. This street possesses less protected structures are many of the historic buildings have been lost or affected by modern development. However, where these structures do exist, they represent important survivals, giving an indication of the street character prior to modern urbanisation.

The character of the built environment is also enhanced by the presence of historic street furniture, such as granite kerbs, stone flags, stone setts, bollards, lamp stands and pox boxes. These elements survive in better condition along Rathgar Road and Terenure Road East.

Whilst the proposed scheme will not pass through any ACAs, it is an objective of the Dublin City Development Plan to establish an ACA at 'Rathmines Upper/ Lower and Pembroke'. The extent of any ACA has not been defined in the plan, but may include one or more of the streets that the CBC would travel along.

Protected Structures are subject to statutory protection under the Planning and Development Act. As such, they should be seen as key constraints and avoided by any proposals to widen the road, which may have a direct impact on the structure. This includes the seven structures fronting onto the northern side of Terenure Road East, at the very western end of the proposed scheme. In addition, it is important that the setting of the protected structures, and attendant structures, be maintained as these are also offered protection under the Planning and Development Act. It may be possible to remove and then carefully rebuilt garden boundaries associated with the protected residential structures that are located within the footprint of the proposed scheme. However, this would require consultation with the Dublin City Conservation Officer in the first instance to discuss viability of same followed by a detailed impact assessment once the footprint of the scheme was decided. This may lead to additional mitigation, such as measured survey (required to record and enable rebuilt of boundaries).

Any such consultations should also take into consideration impacts on structures that possess architectural heritage merit but are not protected and the re-use of any historic street furniture that may be disturbed by the scheme. These elements would also need to be included within a detailed impact assessment once the footprint of the proposed scheme was decided.

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CARTOGRAPHIC SOURCES

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John Rocque's Map of County Dublin, 1760

Ordnance Survey maps of County Dublin, 1837, 1864, 1886 and 1909

ELECTRONIC SOURCES

www.archaeology.ie – DoAHRRGA website listing all SMR/NIAH sites with aerial photographs

www.osiemaps.ie – Ordnance Survey aerial photographs dating to 1995, 2000 & 2005

www.googleearth.com – Aerial photographs of the proposed development area

www.bingmaps.com - Aerial photographs of the proposed development area

APPENDIX 1 LEGISLATION PROTECTING THE ARCHITECTURAL RESOURCE

The main laws protecting the built heritage are the Architectural Heritage (National Inventory) and National Monuments (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1999 and the Local Government (Planning and Development) Acts 1963–1999, which has now been superseded by the Planning and Development Act, 2000. The Architectural Heritage Act requires the Minister to establish a survey to identify, record and assess the architectural heritage of the country. The background to this legislation derives from Article 2 of the 1985 Convention for the Protection of Architectural Heritage (Granada Convention). This states that:

For the purpose of precise identification of the monuments, groups of structures and sites to be protected, each member state will undertake to maintain inventories of that architectural heritage.

The National Inventory of Architectural Heritage (NIAH) was established in 1990 to fulfil Ireland's obligation under the Granada Convention, through the establishment and maintenance of a central record, documenting and evaluating the architecture of Ireland (NIAH Handbook 2005:2). As inclusion in the inventory does not provide statutory protection, the survey information is used in conjunction with the *Architectural Heritage Protection Guidelines for Planning Authorities* to advise local authorities on compilation of a Record of Protected Structures as required by the *Planning and Development Act, 2000*.

PROTECTION UNDER THE RECORD OF PROTECTED STRUCTURES AND COUNTY DEVELOPMENT PLAN

Structures of architectural, cultural, social, scientific, historical, technical or archaeological interest can be protected under the Planning and Development Act, 2000, where the conditions relating to the protection of the architectural heritage are set out in Part IV of the act. This act superseded the Local Government (Planning and Development) Act, 1999, and came into force on 1st January 2000.

The act provides for the inclusion of Protected Structures into the planning authorities' development plans and sets out statutory regulations regarding works affecting such structures. Under new legislation, no distinction is made between buildings formerly classified under development plans as List 1 and List 2. Such buildings are now all regarded as 'Protected Structures' and enjoy equal statutory protection. Under the act the entire structure is protected, including a structure's interior, exterior, attendant grounds and also any structures within the attendant grounds.

The act defines a Protected Structure as (a) a structure, or (b) a specified part of a structure which is included in a Record of Protected Structures (RPS), and, where that record so indicates, includes any specified feature which is in the attendant grounds of the structure and which would not otherwise be included in this definition.

Protection of the structure, or part thereof, includes conservation, preservation, and improvement compatible with maintaining its character and interest. Part IV of the act deals with architectural heritage, and Section 57 deals specifically with works affecting the character of Protected Structures or proposed Protected Structures and states that no works should materially affect the character of the structure or any element of the structure that contributes to its special architectural, historical, archaeological, artistic, cultural, scientific, social or technical interest. The act does not provide specific criteria for assigning a special interest to a structure. However, the National Inventory of Architectural Heritage (NIAH) offers guidelines to its field workers as to how to designate a building with a special interest, which are not mutually exclusive. This offers guidance by example rather than by definition:

ARCHAEOLOGICAL

It is to be noted that the NIAH is biased towards post-1700 structures. Structures that have archaeological features may be recorded, providing the archaeological features are incorporated within post-1700 elements. Industrial fabric is considered to have technical significance, and should only be attributed archaeological significance if the structure has pre-1700 features.

ARCHITECTURAL

A structure may be considered of special architectural interest under the following criteria:

- Good quality or well executed architectural design
- The work of a known and distinguished architect, engineer, designer, craftsman
- A structure that makes a positive contribution to a setting, such as a streetscape or rural setting
- Modest or vernacular structures may be considered to be of architectural interest, as they are part of the history of the built heritage of Ireland.
- Well-designed decorative features, externally and/or internally

HISTORICAL

A structure may be considered of special historical interest under the following criteria:

- A significant historical event associated with the structure
- An association with a significant historical figure
- Has a known interesting and/or unusual change of use, e.g. a former workhouse now in use as a hotel
- A memorial to a historical event.

TECHNICAL

A structure may be considered of special technical interest under the following criteria:

- Incorporates building materials of particular interest, i.e. the materials or the technology used for construction
- It is the work of a known or distinguished engineer
- Incorporates innovative engineering design, e.g. bridges, canals or mill weirs

- A structure which has an architectural interest may also merit a technical interest due to the structural techniques used in its construction, e.g. a curvilinear glasshouse, early use of concrete, cast-iron prefabrication.
- Mechanical fixtures relating to a structure may be considered of technical significance.

CULTURAL

A structure may be considered of special cultural interest under the following criteria:

- An association with a known fictitious character or event, e.g. Sandycove Martello Tower, which featured in Ulysses.
- Other structure that illustrate the development of society, such as early schoolhouses, swimming baths or printworks.

SCIENTIFIC

A structure may be considered of special scientific interest under the following criteria:

• A structure or place which is considered to be an extraordinary or pioneering scientific or technical achievement in the Irish context, e.g. Mizen Head Bridge, Birr Telescope.

Social

A structure may be considered of special social interest under the following criteria:

- A focal point of spiritual, political, national or other cultural sentiment to a group of people, e.g. a place of worship, a meeting point, assembly rooms.
- Developed or constructed by a community or organisation, e.g. the construction of the railways or the building of a church through the patronage of the local community
- Illustrates a particular lifestyle, philosophy, or social condition of the past, e.g. the hierarchical accommodation in a country house, philanthropic housing, and vernacular structures.

ARTISTIC

A structure may be considered of special artistic interest under the following criteria:

- Work of a skilled craftsman or artist, e.g. plasterwork, wrought-iron work, carved elements or details, stained glass, Stations of the Cross.
- Well-designed mass produced structures or elements may also be considered of artistic interest.

(From the NIAH Handbook 2003 & 2005 pages 15–20)

The Local Authority has the power to order conservation and restoration works to be undertaken by the owner of the protected structure if it considers the building to be in need of repair. Similarly, an owner or developer must make a written request to the Local Authority to carry out any works on a protected structure and its environs, which will be reviewed within three months of application. Failure to do so may result in prosecution.



